Foster, Lue, aug. 19/65. R.C. a. F. Headquarters, Ottawa, Ont. Referred to DG / File No \$ 2000 -4 Gentlemen, I have some information. I feel I should write you. On august Ird, at approximately 12:15 P.M. my son was riding his hierple, and while wheeling along, an object fell from the sky harely missing him. I am wondering if you waited require this object, or if this is of any interest to you. Thank ipel. yours truly. DATENIE P4 165 Mrs. George Knowllon. FILE 3 2000-4 REFERRED TO REG. No.

S 2000-4(DGI/IP 4)

Caundian Forces Hendquarters Ottom 4, Ont., Aug 65

Commanding Officer RCAF Station, St. Jean St. Jean, P.Q.

UFO Sighting and Collection

Reference: Englosed letter from Hrs. G. Enculton dated 19 Aug 65 to Mrs. G. Enculton dated Aug 65

- 1. We recently received a letter from Mrs. George Enculton of Foster, Quebec, stating that her son had nearly been struck by an object which fell from the sky; she asked if we would be interested in obtaining the object. We have enclosed a copy of the letter, and a copy of our reply.
- 2. We have no way of identifying the object without examining it, because it was not described in the letter, and in any event the government is interested in any UFO be it a meteorite, an elected part or a flying sauser. Would you please have someone wisit Mrs. G. Knowlton, pick up the object, and send it to GFHQ/AGDS/DGI/DIP/IP 4.
- 3. Please have your investigator ask the son the following questions about the event, along with any others that appear pertinent.
 - 1. Was there any sound before the object hit the ground?
 - 2. Here any aircraft or large birds flying in the area?
 - 3. Here any thunderstorms or high wind conditions in the area?
- 4. Thank you for your co-operation.

Oroup Captain

Deletical Doron fit .

Eng.

(DJ/meGnul) F/L/ee

DO OPIO CIRC GIRC CR FILE (

\$2000-4(DGI/IP 4)

MEMORANDUM

30 Sep 65

DCLog/DGM/DMM(A)

Attention: 1992-2 S/L J.K. Brown

UFO Sighting and Collection

- 1. The attached package contains the unidentified object which fell onto the Knowlton property at Foster, P.Q., on 3 Aug 65, at approximately 1215 KDT; and the attached photostats show all relevant correspondence with Mrs. Knowlton and the investigating agency.
- 2. Because the object is man-made and its markings are in English, it is no longer of direct interest to DGI. We are sending the object and related correspondence to your directorate on the assumption that it is the military agency most interested in air-oraft equipment.

J. C. W. HESELTINE

(B. H. B. Moffit) Group Captain DIP (2-3598)

Attach.

(D.MacCaul)F/L/ee 2-2668

DGI CRIG CIRC (IP 4 CR file) CR File

V2000-4(DST1/TECH)

Canadian Forces Headquarters Ottown 4, Ont., Nov 65

Mrs. George Knowlton, Foster, P.Q.

Dear Mrs. Knowlton:

The object which fell onto your property on 3 August 1965, has been identified as an oil breather cap from a Vauchall automobile. It is not known how this non-aircraft part could have fallen, unless it was mistakenly used as a substitute part on a light non-military aircraft. If this was the case, the oil breather cap could have loosened and fallen off.

As the cil breather cap may be of value as a souvenir to the finder, it is returned herewith.

In spite of the fact that the original carrier of the oil breather cap may never be known, we appreciate your interest and thank you for bringing the matter to our attention.

Sincerely,

L. GUY EON

(L. E. Kenyon)

Brigadier

for Chief of the Defence Staff

Enc. 1 Vauxhall Cil Breather Cap.

(DJH9acCaul)F/L/66 2-0647 3/1/65

DGI

CIRC

CR FILE &

Piopolin, 3 October 68

Department of National Derence Parliament Buildings, Ottawa

Dear Sir:

I am writing to tell you about the scene my chun end I witnessed.

About helf-past five on Thursday norming, September 30th, I (Bertrand Grenier) and Mr. John Maclean were on our way to work. We were about firteen miles from the American and Canadian custome, in Maine. We were driving along at a normal speed when I noticed a black speek above the top of the mountain: It was very small when I first ass it but it repidly became larger. I just had time to apply the brakes and set out of my car when I saw the famous "flying sauder". Its shops was really that of a saucer turn's upside down and its colcur very like aluminum. We did not hear any noise. It must be remembered, however, that the asucer went very little farther than the top of the mountain, and the road we were on is below that same mountain. It was flying at an emaining speed. When it got above the nomintain it stopped suitenly and abruptly, remaining in the mir. It stayed in that position for five or six seconds and then started off again just as rapidly in the same direction as we had seen it come from.

I am writing you this with the idea of helping you continue the study of flying sausers you have already begun and getting your opinion on this very strenge scene.

Hoping to receive your opinion,

(Sad.) Bertrand Grenier Piopolis Frontense Co.

M.B. Mr. Maclean's address:

Mr. John Maclean Woburn Frontense Co. P. Q. DRAFI

106179 16 Nov

Er. Bertrand Grenier, Piopolis, Frontenac Co., P.Q.

Dear Mr. Grenier:

Thank you for your letter concerning the sighting of an unidentified flying object on the 30th of September, 1965.

The information has been passed to Air Defence Command which is responsible for evaluating such sightings against air traffic known to be in the area and other serial phenomina taking place at the time. If Air Defence Command can identify the object or provide any explanation of the sighting they have been asked to inform you accordingly.

Thanks again for forwarding the report, your interest in this matter is greatly appreciated.

Yours truly,

(L.E. Kenyon)
Brigadier
for Chief of the Defence Staff

Ministère de la Défense Nationale Ottawa (Edifice du Parlement)

Monsieur!

Je vous écris ici pour vous faire part

Jeudi matin le trente (30) septembre vers

einq heures et demi, nous étions moi (Bertrand Grenier) et Monsieur

John Maclean en route pour notre ouvrage. Nous ations à environ quin
ze (15) milles des douanes américaines à canadiennes et dans le Maine.

Rous roullions à un train normal quand au dessus du Offite de la montagne

Nous roullions à un train normal quand au dessus du Offite de la montagne

Nous roullions à un train normal quand au dessus du Offite de la montagne

j'aperqu un point hoir. Ce point três minime l'orsque je l'aperqu devint

j'aperqu un point hoir. Ce point três minime l'orsque je l'aperqu devint

prapidement assez gros. Juste le temps de freiner et de dessendre de mon

suto, et là je vis la fameuse "soucoupe volante Kille avait vraiement

la forme d'un soucoupe renversée. Sa couleur ressemblait fortement à

l'eluminium. Nous endendions aucun bruit. Il faut tout de même se rap
peler que la soucoupe n'avanca guêre plus loin qu'au dessus de la monta
peler que la soucoupe n'avanca guêre plus loin qu'au dessus de la monta
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peler que la soucoupe d'avanca guêre plus loin qu'au dessus de la monta
l'alla fire d'avanca

voir yous aider à continuer l'étude déja commancée sur les soucoupes volantes, et afin d'avoir votre opinion sur cette scène si étrange.

Un qui espare recevoir votre opinion,

N.B. L'adresse & M. Maclean: RECEIVED

M. John Maclean,
Woburn,
Co. Frontenac, P.Q. 007 13 885

61 13 67

Bertrand Grenier.

Piopolis, Co. Prontenso, P.Q.

Z

"H" Division

65H-700-63-X

Halifax, N. S., March 19, 1965.

2000-4

Referred to O & Opp

File. No. O

Cha'd to TD

Reverend M.W. Burke-Gaffney, St. Mary's University, Robie Street, Halifax, N. S.

Dear Reverend Burke-Gaffney,

This is further to telephone conversation between Father James Murphy of your staff and Cst. Scott of this Force.

In compliance with existing instructions this will inform you concerning the sighting of an unknown object during the p.m. of March 18, 1965.

At approximately 9:20 p.m., Oxford Chief of Police Dixon and Cst. Coyle of our Springhill Detachment were driving north on Wighter No. 4 at Birchwood, N. S. They observed three very rapid flashes followed by bursts in the sky. The sky was clear at the time and the flashes were extremely bright. Colour of the oval-shaped object appeared light blue with tail of orange flames and was visible for three to five seconds. The object emitted no discernible sound and its sky position was west of Birchwood, N. S. There were no other unusual observations.

We are forwarding a copy of this communication to CANAIRHED OPS, R.C.A.F., "A" Building, Cartier Square, Ottawa, Ontario.

Yours truly,

(L.J.C. Watson), Supt., Officer in Charge, Criminal Investigation Branch.

CANAIRHED OPS, R.C.A.F., Ottawa, Ontario.

Re: Sighting Unknown Object

FORWARDED for your information and record

purposes.

Halifax, N.S. 19-3-65 In Charge, C.I.B.

National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada

RG 77, Vol. 310

4

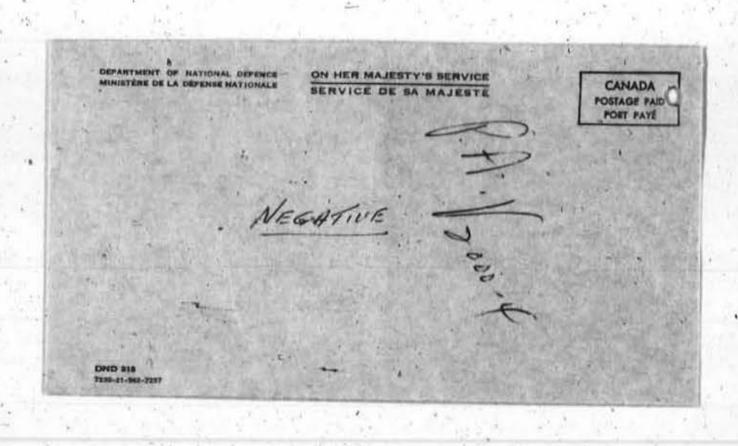
DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE SECURITY CLASSIFICATION L- VALLANIME AS MINUTE SHEET 2000-4 REFERENCE ATC Letter 5 Aug 65 REMARKS
(To be algood in full showing Appointment, Telephone Humber and Date) REFERRED TO Int S staff have handled UFO reporting admin problems in the past but have no analytical capability in regard to UFOs. It is suggested you have your IP 4 section which has a photo analyst and missile experts review the accompanying report and develop a reply to AOC, ATC. (DW Knox) Capt RCN D Int S Comments - yes al ladust minute N.F. D. intended . \$ 184.

KODAK SAFETY AFILM BO



National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada

RG 77, Vol. 310







DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE

ROYAL CANADIAN AIR FORCE

Chief of The Defence Staff Canadian Forces Headquarters Department of National Defence Ottawa 4 Ont

Unidentified Flying Objects

Referred to C F O C

File No 9 9000-4

Chg'd, to

The attached self-explanatory letter photograph and negative were forwarded to this headquarters by RCAF Station Downsview.

for ACC ATC

Att:

Passed for your info and any action dumed necessary.

De M Shaill in A/DGAF

12 aug

RCAF GH (REV. 8-87)

Our file tel 22-00-04(SATCO)



REPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE

RECEIVED FAL CANADIAN AIR FORCE 30 JUL 1965 MR TRANSPORT

Downsview Ont 27 Jul 65

Air Officer Commanding Air Transport Command RCAF Stn Trenton Trenton Ont

Attention: F/L Skuce RCC

Unidentified Flying Objects

- On the 13th of Jul the writer received a photograph of a supposed UFO from a Mr. Janetakes. On the photo received there definitely appeared to be some sort of object(see attached).
- On contacting Mr. Janetakes the writer managed to get some details, as for Appendix "A", plus the negative of the photograph in question. This was then taken to our photographic section and an enlargement made (see attached). Nothing appeared on the enlargement. However, Mr. Janetakes insists that he saw this object along with others in his party.
- This information is forwarded for what it is worth. Possibly CFHQ may be interested in checking this matter in further detail.

(RM Wright)F/L for CO RCAF Stn Downsview

Att

532 (REV. 8-87) 7830-21-801-8021

GENERAL INFORMATION

NAME: Mr. Michael Janetakes

ADDRESS: 4360 Bathurst Street

Toronto, Ontario

PHONE: MELROSE3-3882

TIME: Afternoon of 8 Jul 65

PLACE: Boyd Park, Woodbridge, Ontario

OBJECT: Round and shiny leaving short vapour like track, no sound, very high and travelling in an easterly

direction.

WITNESSES: Seen by above plus 3 or 4 other persons.

WEATHER: Clear with few scattered clouds, winds light.

CO MAN

| DEPART | MENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE | SECURITY CLASSIFICATION |
|-------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | MINUTE SHEET | 714 NUMBER 2000 - 4 TO SAME |
| REFERENCE | 1/1 | 23 AUG 65 |
| REFERRED TO | (To be signed in full showing | REMARKS Appointment, Telephone Number and Date) |
| 100 | Mr. Welly ou | the sicture and |
| Minute to | negative, an | ed arrived at |
| 01.6. | in the cante | ng conclusions: |
| | the mark we | which exists on |
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| | negative or p | rosetive during |
| | the sinting | le (He points out |
| | that air bubo | be marks usually |
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National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada

RG 77, Vol. 310

OPIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS

Suggested Statement by the Minister of Mational Defence

Abhamanlary Porhamanlary Calman

Stories of flying objects have existed throughout history and apparitions of strange objects in the sky have for centuries stirred popular emotion and at times caused crises and panics. Hany interpretations have been placed on these reported signtings, ranging from visitations from outer space to the existence of terrestrial spirits, visitations from outer space to the existence of terrestrial spirits, such as the "will of the wisp". Before astronomers had discovered the planets of our solar system, the visitations were attributed to the gods; in more recent times, the gods have been displaced by the beings from other planets.

while some writers have interpreted archaeological drawings and carvings as reflections of extraterrestrial visitations in prehistoric times, the earliest recorded account of a signting of an unidentified times, the earliest recorded account of a signting of an unidentified fiving object is probably that of the prophet Exekiel in the Old Testanger. In the first chapter of this book, a description is given of a matchine which landed near the Chebar River in the land of Chaldes and included therein are expressions similar to those often included in modern sinting reports, particularly with respect to bright and modern sinting reports, particularly with respect to bright and relating lights. Exacted could only describe his sighting in terms of the life he know on earth, and the war chariot and the plough represented the "advanced technology" of the time. Hence, wheels figure, very provingently in his account.

The forms of the unidentified flying objects which have been reported over the millenia have changed as civilization has developed on earth. The Greeks and the Romans saw horses drawing charlots across on earth. The Greeks and the Romans saw horses drawing charlots across the sky; the seafaring people of the middle ages saw full-rigged sailing the sky; the seafaring people of the middle ages saw full-rigged sailing the sky; the scheres and cylinders of space craft tend to be reported. Thus, the present sighting reports must be considered against this historical background.

until man learned to fly early in this present century, there were very few man-made objects in the sky to contribute to the aerial sightings. There were, of course, kites and a few balloons; but kites sightings. There were, of course, kites and a few balloons; but kites were tied to the ground and had little movement, while only the occaware tied to the ground and had little movement, while only the occaware tied to the ground and had little movement, while only the occaware that halloon was released. Thus, most of the sightless recorded in bishops must have been due to natural phenomena or inaccurate reporting. The development of high performance jet aircraft and the planing of many the development of high performance jet aircraft and the planing of many the satellites in orbit around the earth have added many new objects in the sky, which have shapes strange to the uninformed.

The sighting of strange objects tends to be seasonable and usually begins in the spring, dies away, only to develop a second peak during the period when large numbers of people ers on holiday and out of doors for period when large numbers of people ers on holiday and out of doors for period when large numbers of people ers on holiday and out of doors for period when large numbers of people ers on holiday and out of doors for a large percentage of the time. The degree to which the reports in a given season come to the notice of the general public depends entirely

.../2

- 2 -

on the play being given by the news media. Once there has been a certain amount of publicity, there are enough prankaters in North America to create the circumstances for a few well documented sightings by the use of hot air balloons, gas-filled balloons with flares dangling from them, etc., or even just good stories planted in the right quarters.

As a result of rather complete coverage of sightings by the various types of news media this year, a situation comparable to the early 1950's axists with respect to the general level of interest in the subject among the public today. In order to satisfy a concerned public in both Canada and the United States some fifteen years ago, scientific committees were set up under defence auspices in both countries to investigate the existing reports of unidentified flying objects. After several years of study, both committees were able to explain all but a very small percentage of the many thousands of mighting reports in tores of natural phenomena and man-made objects. Avong those which could not be explained were those whore the descriptions were too vague for careful analysis and there the reporter was of doubtful reliability. Of the relatively few sightimus of good reliability which remained unaccountable, the American committee concluded "that the evidence presented on Unidentified Flying Chjects shows no indication that these phenomena constitute a direct physical threat to national security" and reconsended "that the national security agencies take immediate steps to strip the Unidentified Flying Objects of the special status they have been given and the sura of mystery they have unfortunately acquired." Although it was, not so formally stated, the Canadian committee reached the same conclusions and chased to function about ten years ago. Since that time, such reports as were referred to the Department of Masional Defence have been studied by interested staffs, and, where warrunted, investigations have been made.

Abbut five years ago, in an attempt to further the study of optical effect in the upper atmosphere, such as fireballs (shooting stars), and to assist in the recovery of fullen meteorites for scientific study, the National Research Council established a scientific committee, on which the Department of Mational Defence is represented, to coordinate all Canadian activity. One of the prime contributions. of this consists has been the improvement of the reporting of fireballs on an organized basts. This is largely through the efforts of nembers of the Royal Astronomical Society of Canada and other interested amateur astronopers. However, the RGAF has cooperated in this endeavour through the collection of sighting reports nade by pilots on night manomivres, etc. This method of reporting has been augmented by similar systems operated through the Department of Transport and the Royal Canadian Mounted Police. Although the reports soming through defence channels are triverily for the use of the National Research Council Heteor Centre in maintaining records of fireballs, the individual measures are exemined routinely within the Department for any unusual reports. In this way, the Department of National Defines has maintained a partial record of unusual sightimes across the occupary.

There is no doubt that there are many things to be seen in the ely which can lead to reports of unidentifiable objects. Over the years the introduction of each new higher performance aircraft has tended to produce such reports until its existence has become commonplace. For example, in April 1952, there was a scare in Toronto when a dark cylindrical object was mighted over the city airport. The current RGAF HUSTANG fighters attempted to chase this object, but were quickly outdistanced. It was subsequently learned that the object was a British GAMBERRA jet aircraft on its way to the United States, flying at 40,000 ft. with a good tail wind. The U-2 aircraft was responsible for similar reports a few years ago. At might, even ordinary aircraft are often not recognized, particularly when the presence of other noise or a strong wind prevents the observer from hearing any sound in association with the sighting.

Balloons of Many types have in their turn been a cause of concern. In the early 1950's, very large, very high altitude balloons were released for scientific purposes and these were often seen after dark still shining in the sunlight. Here commonly, small neteorological balloons, carrying a trailing light for optical tracking, have been released at night and are often reported. As those are subject to the vagaries of the wind, their tracks may be strange and varied. Large ratellities, such as the two ECHO's, are fairly regularly reported, particularly during the summer months, traversing the sky in 5-10 minutes.

A seesingly more frightening type of man-produced serial phenomenon is that of lights reflected off low lying cloud. Occasionally such a cloud lying near an airport will act as the screen against which the rotating aircraft beacon will track at great speed. Unless the observer continues to watch, he may see only a single path. Similarly, the large modern shopping centre with its myring of lights can produce any variety of glows off cloud formations, with the shape of the glow being dependent on the clouds themselves. If such light sources include many flashing signs, it is possible that the observer will see flashing coloured lights against a background of yellow or white. Perhaps one of the more remarkable recent sightings, which was photographed, was that of a small flight of geese flying over a wall-lighted city at night. The reflection of the lights off the white bellies of the birds produced the effect of a strange deltashaped object, which was only recognizable to the careful observer.

There are, of course, a variety of well recognized natural phenomena which are strange to the average viewer. Among the meteorological effects are the many forms of halos which can be seen around the sun and moon and occasionally bright stars which may be complete or partial or fluctuating if there is marked cloud movement. This type of phenomenon formed a large percentage of the sightings reported fifteen years or so ago. In addition, terrestrial effects resulting from the luminencence of darsh was and the various forms of electrical discharge, such as hall lightning and St. Elmo's fire have been responsible for many reports.

In attempting to analyze reports of unidentified flying objects, the investigator is faced with the known unreliability of untrained observers. The police files are full of contradictory evidence of witnesses to much commonplace events as automobile accidents. It is not surprising to much commonplace events as automobile accidents. It is not surprising therefore to find doubtful information included in observations of zerial therefore to find doubtful information included in observations of zerial phenomena strange to the viewer. For this reason, the Department of phenomena strange to the viewer. For this reason, the Department of phenomena strange to the viewer, for this reason, the Department of analysis and inexplicable phenomena is a case that the great majority report as due to inaccurate reporting, recognizing that the great majority of all sighting reports can be readily explained as due to natural or manage and explained sightings that inexplicable sightings made occurrences and at the same time recognizing that inexplicable sightings made occurrences and at the same time recognizing that inexplicable sightings are other than natural phenomena. As a result, the earlier conclusion that was other than natural phenomena. As a result, the earlier conclusion that the unexplained sightings do not pose a threat to the security of Ganada is still considered to be completely valid.

J.C. Arnell, Dr./2-5947 APR 28 1965

UU

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PP RCCWC

DE RCCSC 33 08/16312

P R Ø816152

FM STN ST HUBERT

TO RCCWC/CANFORCEHED OPS

ZEN/CANAIRDEF

INFO ZEN/MR WARREN 30 52ND AVE LACHINE

BT

UNCLAS ATO400 8 DEC

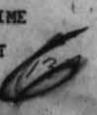
FIREBALL AND METEORITE OBSERVATION

- Ø72328Z
- CLEAR
- WEST MONTREAL
- CONTINUOUS
- N/A
- RED AND GREEN
- SMALLER THAN MOON
- OBSERVED SINCE 2210Z

PAGE 2 RCCSC 33 UNCLAS

- NIL
- WEST OF MONTREAL
- A WOMAN PAREN UNIDENTIFIED PAREN REPORTS A BALL WITH RED AND GREEN LIGHTS OVER WEST MONTREAL PD SHE SAID THAT THE BALL WAS EMITTING RED & GREEN PARTICLES AND WAS DIMINISHING IN SIZE SHE HAD THIS OBJECT UNDER OBSERVATION SINCE 1710 LOCAL

TIME



Ottawa 4, Ontario September, 1966 PERSONAL AND CONFIRMTIAL Mr. R.J. MacDonald, 56 Forster Crescent, Apt le OMEVILLE, Ontario. Dear Mr. MacDonald: with reference to your letter of September 14, 1966, and to my reply of September 20, 1966 concerning the release of UFO information to the public. The Department of Mational Defence maintains a system for recording reports of UFOs that may be received from various sources. Nost of these reports actually come from mambers of the general public. This Department is charged with the security of Canada and has, as a result, been interested in whether reported eightings represent a threat to this country. Accordingly, whenever werranted appropriate follow-up action is initiated to investigate the report. To date no evidence has been obtained that UFOs represent a threat to national security. In fact reports based on authentic sightings have been attributed to natural or man-made phenomenone There is no attempt on the part of the Department of Mational Defence to withhold UFC information from the public. The very fact that these reports originate from private citizens should dispel any doubts you may have on this matter. Similarily, any worthhile information emanating from the investigation of a report would be officially released. This far, however, there has been nothing worthy of mention. Any reports that may be of scientific value or that could involve mational security, are of interest to the Government. The general public are aware of this aspect and in the past they have been most cooperative through the submission of reports to the Canadian Forces, the RCMP, and local constabulary. I hope that this information will serve to satisfy any questions you may have concerning the stitude of the Department of Metional Defence with respect to UFOp. Yours sincerely, National Research Council of Canada/ RG 77, Vol. 310 Conseil national de recherches du Canada

MENCRANDUM

V 15h0-1 TD 6265 (DOps) September, 1966.

SA/A/MMD

MR. R.J. MACDONALD - INFORMATION ON UFOR

- l. Until recently the reporting of UFOs was not covered specifically and reports were processed in accordance with CFAO 71-1, Reporting of Fireball and Meteorite Observations. This CFAO is intended to provide the National Research Council Associate Committee on Meteorites with information received by DND. Earlier on this month VCDS approved a CFAO for the reporting of sightings that are obviously not Fireball or Meteorite observations. In other words, reports under the general heading of UFOs.
- The approved policy now stipulates that UFO Reports are to be kept on file in the Canadian Forces Operations Centre as background information for any queries that may be received by DND. Where reports indicate the need for follow-up action the Director of Operations initiates the appropriate steps. In the past some of these sightings have been investigated. The results of these investigations have not produced any information which would marrit a separate press release. For the most part investigated sightings can generally be stated as being attributable to man-made or natural phenomenon. As evidenced by some of the correspondence that has been received by DND, some members of the public do not sceept these findings.
- There is no intent to withhold information from the public. Rather, reports that are received are obtained in the first instance from the public and local news media have access to the same information that is received by DND. If at some time in the future the results of a UFO sighting should prove to be newsworthy this HQ will recommend an appropriate release.
- 4. Attached, as requested, is a recommended reply to Mr. MacDonald.

F.B. Galdwell Commodore Secretary Defence Staff

...

GA MacKenzie - W/C /mhd 2-5427

DISTRIBUTION

FILE OPS-4 6B

MEMORANDUM

7 2000-4 TD 6242 (DOps)

September, 1966.

VCDS

UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS REPORTS AND FOLLOW-UP ACTION

- 1. In his memorandum of even file dated 25 August, 1966, SECDS raises the matter of follow-up action on receipt of a UFO Report. There is no doubt that the situation, with respect to these reports, needs clarification and a system of reporting and recording should be established.
- 2. The purpose of establishing a system for reporting and Fecording these reports is twofold. Firstly, to make information available in this HQ for answers to queries from MND and the press. Secondly, to form the basis for any further action that may be deemed necessary, although the average report would simply be retained in anticipation of possible queries.
- 3. It is considered that no useful purpose would be served in organising an investigation by DND personnel in each instance. To properly determine the authenticity of each report would involve a detailed and time consuming investigation for which the service is not manned. However, in exceptional circumstances such a task could be undertaken on an AD HOC Basis. In these instances this HQ would arrange for the conduct of the investigation.
- 4. If you approve, DOps will be designated to recommend further action in exceptional circumstances. Also, attached is a Draft CFAO outlining the method to be employed in reporting UFOs.

ORIGINAL SIGNAL

N.H. Ross
Brigadier
Acting Deputy Chief Operations.

Att.

W/C MacKensie - mhd 2-5427

65

DISTRIBUTION

CIRC FILE OPS 4

National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada

RG 77, Vol. 310

Copy for V 2000-4 DGI Pena L 2000-4 (Sen/CTS) Canadian Forces Headquarters Ottawa 4, Ontario 24 May, 1966 Hot Springs Hahanni North West Territories Dear Mr. Kraus:

Your letter of 9 April, 1966, addressed to the Department of Transport, which reported your observations of "Tlying objects", has been passed to me for study.

The descriptions you give of your sightings suggest that you have been seeing the ECHO satellites, which are very large balloons. These reflect sunlight and can usually be seen for about ten minutes at a time as they move across the sky. If one knows exactly where to look for them, it is sometimes possible to see one of these satellites three times in a single evening-once low in the east shortly after dark, again about two hours later overhead, and a third time to the west after another two hours. As they do not appear in the same place each night, but gradually move westward and are seen a little later each night, they can be seen in any one place for a few months at a time and will then not be visible for several months.

I have had the times of your signtings, together with the direction of travel, checked by personnel at the Dominion Observatory and the National Research Council, who observe different satellites. They are certain that most of your observations were made on the ECHO II satellite, which would have travelled from W- NW to S-SE in the evening and from a southerly to a northerly direction in the morning during December and January, and then after several months when you could not see it, would have appeared again moving in the reverse direction by early April, as its orbit had rotated halfway around the earth. ECHO I does not come as far north as ECHO II and therefore would have appeared to you to move from east to west, or from west to east, as reported by you on several occasions.

On 12 January, 1966, it would appear that you saw them both together-one moving W-S and the other N-SW. I once saw two satellites cross in a similar fashion about six years ago, and you are the only other person I have ever heard of doing the same thing. In my case, one was an American satellite and the other was a Russian one.

Mr. O. Kraus

In your report you noted in two places that the moving object appeared to pause. I think that this cust have been either an optical illusion or in looking away and back again, you briefly confused the satellite with a bright star or perhaps the satellite passed in front of a bright star and you missed it on the other side for a short time.

I found your report interesting and I want to compliment you on the obvious care you took with your records. Hany reports which reach this department are too vague and inaccurate to be of any value. So that you will have a better idea of that you have been observing, I am enclosing brief descriptions of the two ECHO satellites. I might add that there are other satellites which are visible to the naked eye, but they are not nearly as bright as these two and are unlikely to be observed unless one knows exactly where and when to look.

I hope the above information will be of some interest and value to you.

Yours truly,

Original Signed by, J. C. ARNELL

Enel (1)

J.C. Arnell Scientific Deputy Chief of Technical Services for Chief of the Defence Staff

J.C. Arnell, Dr/2-5947/1mh

KODAKSASETVAEIEMED

AIR SERVICES SERVICES DE L'AIR



YOUR FILE VOTRE REF

IN REPLY QUOTE

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT MINISTÈRE DES TRANSPORTS

Recons RMD NC 75

CDS 1111 1966

Recons 11 1966

Will Its V 2000 - 4

Chyc, to C 1007

Chief of the Defence Staff, Canadian Forces Headquarters, Ottawa 4, Ontario.

Dear Sir:

The attached letter from Mr. G. Kraus of Hot Springs Nahanni, N.W.T., dated 9 April, 1966, concerning sightings of Unidentified Flying Objects is forwarded to you as the Department most likely to be concerned in these matters.

You will no doubt wish to reply to Mr. Kraus's letter, as we have indicated in our letter of acknowledgement, a copy of which is also attached.

Yours very truly,

I. G. Barrowman,

for Assistant Deputy Minister, Air.

Attchs. 2

RECORDS MANACTURES TO SERVE CTS BRANCH RECORDS MAY ALL 1966

File No &

CDS BRANCH REGISTRY Not Springs LOS ERMICH REGIS

Reformed to

MAY 11 1968

Pilo No

Chaid, to MAY 11 1968 I thought that you may be interested in flying objects, so I am inclosing a list of them the (may wife a boy) see Them everynight when it is clear, the have seen them a yes ago also but I never logged them I also took shotos of them but nothing could be seen on the film but last month I took about 10 ft, of film on a 16 MM. movie camera with telescope lens which may show something as it was lower and brighter also faster when I took the fictures aftered get the film developed I will send it to you if you want it (Ino charge) On the list you will set whose I marked where the object faired; this is for a just a short time and then it continues on again also we hear them on our radio when they are coming and fade out when going!

One night 3 of them of 5 min, apart and on night 2 of them 5 min about Mow that the days are longer we don't see the early ones no more. I log all of them that we see here, also, aircraft of every kind and this I did since 1956 when I Shoulast the Butte up to date I logged 2064 aircraft not counting flying objects, to Yours Truly Some As Ask SANCTON TO THE WAR Yus Frans A Course divise. Fot Springs Mahanne n. St. J. that we want ? De 1 1 200 The water the pa The state of the s They was proved a fresh in which I have where were marked to the property of the company of and the said of the said the said

National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada RG 77, Vol. 310

| | | | | | 1 | |
|--------|--------|------------------|----------|--------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Dec- | 1965 | Passed | P.S.T. | baml | Sing | |
| Dec | 7 th, | " | 625-PM | N.W. | S.E. | |
| " | 8 th | 1 | 545-P.M. | N.W. | S.E. | |
| . " | 10 th | "" | 630-PM. | N.W. | S.E. | |
| " | 11 th, | 11. | 745-PM. | N. | 5 | |
| " 11 x | 12 th, | " | 520-P.M. | N.W. | S.E. | y |
| " | 13 th | 11 | 445-PM. | N.W. | S,E, | |
| 11 | 19 th | , | 455-PM | N.W. | S.E. | v. |
| * 11 | 20 th | 11 | 8-PM. | N.W. | S.E. | |
| . " | 21 th | " | 815-PM | N, = . | S.W. | DAUGEO. |
| . 11 | 25 th | " | 510-PM | N. | S.E. | PAUSED OVERHEAD |
| 11 | 26 th. | 11 | 430-PM | N. | 5.E. | 0.H. |
| 11 | 27th | " | 550-P.M. | N. | S. | 0.H. |
| - 11 | 28 th | 111 | 515-PM. | N | S. | O.H. |
| " | 30 th | 11 | 555-P.M. | N. | 5. | |
| 11 | 31 th | " - | 520-PM. | N. | S, | |
| Jan. | 3 th. | " | 710-AM. | 5. | N. | ОН |
| 111 | 4 th | " " | 735-AM. | S. | N. | ОН |
| " | 7 th | " | 450-P.M. | N. | 5. | |
| " | 10 th | " | 455-P.M | N. | 5. | OH |
| 7) | 11-th | " | 420-PM. | N, | 5. | |
| 11 | 12 th. | 5-MIN, APART. | -520-PM. | . w. | E, | ОН |
| 11 | 12 th, | in ? | 525-PM | w. | E. | OH |
| 11 | 12 th | " 5 | 530-P.M. | N. | S.W. | OH. |
| 11 | 25 th, | " | 540-PM | w. | E. | VERY-FAST. |
| | 27 th | 11 | 520-PM. | w. · | E. | VERY-FAST. |
| mar, | 24 th | " | 1035-PM. | M.W. | N.E. | |
| " | 26 th | 1 | 920-PM. | E. | w. | O.H. |
| 9" | 26 th. | " " | 925-PM | 5. | N, | OH. |
| april. | 4 th | " | 920-PM. | 5.W. | N. | |
| year, | , Mro | Name of the last | | | THE REAL PROPERTY. | THE REAL PROPERTY. |

Mr. G. Kraus, Hot Springs Hahanni, North West Territories.

Dear Mr. Kraus:

This will soknowledge receipt of your letter dated 9 April, 1966, concerning sightings of Unidentified Flying Objects.

Since the Department of National Defence has the primary interest in reports of this nature, your letter has been forwarded to that Department for reply.

Yours very truly,

I. G. Barroman, : for Assistant Doputy Himistor, Air.

RDB sed

VVIIIIIII ICA21 CV - NUA116VZV060 UGI064 UU

PP RCCUC

DE RCUVC 4 25/15 Z

May 25 16 31 '66

1 25. 5402

FM RCC VANCOUVER

TO CANFORCEHED OPS

UNICLAS ATO149 25 MAY

TELECON F/L AMBERCROMDIE F/L BRODIE AND MY ATOIAM 24 MAY. UFO REPORT JUCEIVED FROM MECHANIC ON NIGHT CHIFT FOR CONSTRUCTION COMPANY WORKING HIGHWAY DETWEEN DLUE RIVER DC JV D. JASPER ALTA. HE HAS NOT DISCUSSED THIS SIGHTING WITH COURRERS OR FAMILY DECAUSE OF POSSIBLE RIDICULE. Plond Dearrell ADDRECS IS MR OLIVER CALVIN JONES, 385 COLUMBIA ST, VANCOUVER

PHONE 327-7771

Max 25 0 2 47 '66

MINNVV AVAORE I

TR RCCVC

TE RCWED 5 24/2325Z

R 242320Z

M REC VANCOUVER

TO CANFORCEHED OPS

世

INCLAS ATO 148 24 MAY

UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECT

A 221000Z APPROXIMATELY

A CLEAR

CON HIGHWAY BETWEEN BLUE RIVER BC AND JASPER ALTA

D AND E N/A

F GREY

G SIZE OF A CAR AND SHAPED LIKE A BOWL

H N/A

J WHINE ON LANDING BUT NO SOUND ON TAKE OFF

K N/A

L THREE PAD IMPRESSIONS ABOUT FOUR FEET SQUARE

nT



SCDCTS SCFOC METERS CENTRE NRC

Mu wife the same doft for in any the same defends in any the same defends in the same

National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada RG 77, Vol. 310

REPORT OF "UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECT"

| 1. | Mr. J. Chandler Scarboro, Ont. |
|-----|--|
| | (Full names of Person Reporting), (Full Address) |
| 2. | 755-4613 |
| 3 | (Telephone No) |
| 3. | REPORTED TO: F/L RM leggeAT: 2005 L HRS 8 Sep 66 (DATE): |
| 4. | OBJECT SEEN X SE |
| 5. | EXACTLY WHERE WERE YOU WHEN YOU SAW OBJECT? St. Clair and Pharmacy |
| 6. | WHAT DIRECTION FROM WHERE YOU WERE?West |
| 7. | WHAT WERE YOU DOING AT THE TIME OF SIGHTING? (Driving, Walking, etc. |
| 8. | WHAT DIRECTION WAS THE OBJECT MOVING? SoutherlyWHAT SPEED? Fast |
| 9. | RATE OF CLIMB? ntl RATE OF DESCEND? ntl |
| 10. | much longer than DESCRIBE APPROX.SIZE CONTROLL STRINGT SHAPE |
| 11. | DESCRIBE PECULIAR LIGHTS ETC. Bright reddish orange colour |
| 12. | ANY OTHER PECULIAR PROTRUSIONS, (Aeriels etc) Trailing smoke |
| 13. | WHAT WAS THE WEATHER LIKE?(CLOUDY?)(CLEAR etc) |
| 14. | HOW MANY OTHER PEOPLE SAW IT AT THE SAME TIME: Mother, same address |
| 15. | NAMES & ADDRESS OF OTHERS THAT YOU KNOW: |
| | LIST ANY OTHER INFORMATION SUBMITTED NOT ALREADY COVERED: |
| T E | Object some distance away. |
| | |

Original signed by:

(Signature of Person Receiving Report)

THIS FORM TO BE PASSED TO BATCO AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

REPORT OF "UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECT"

| 1. | Mr. Clayton Robinson 1575 Bayview ave. Toronto. Ont (Full names of Person Reporting) (Full Address) |
|------|---|
| 2. | Home - HU9-0947 (Telephone No) * |
| 3. | REPORTED TO: DATCO AT: 0314Z HRS 10 Sep 66 (DATE): |
| 4. | OBJECT SEEN BETWEEN 0300Z HRS AND 0314Z HRS ON 10 Sep 66 (DATE): |
| 5. | EXACTLY WHERE WERE YOU WHEN YOU SAW OBJECT? North zone - corner of Yonge St. |
| 6. | WHAT DIRECTION FROM WHERE YOU WERE? North East |
| 7. | WHAT WERE YOU DOING AT THE TIME OF SIGNTING? (Driving, Walking, etc. on duty in EMD Radio Room. |
| 8. | WHAT DIRECTION WAS THE OBJECT MOVING? OrbitingWHAT SPEED? |
| 9. | RATE OF CLIMB?RATE OF DESCENT? |
| 10. | DESCRIBE APROX.SIZE Large, bright star SHAPE Circular |
| 11. | DESCRIBE PECULIAR LIGHTS ETC. Changes colour |
| 12. | ANY OTHER PECULIAR PROTRUSIONS, (Aerials etc) No. WIGHT Clear WHAT WAS THE WEATHER LIKE? (CLOUDY?) (CLEAR etc) |
| 14. | HOW MANY OFFER PROPER SAW TO AT THE SAME TIME. Rumerous other calls at EMO |
| 15. | NAMES & ADDRESS OF OTHERS THAT YOU KNOW: Director. |
| 16. | LIST ANY OTHER INFORMATION SUBMITTED NOT ALREADY COVERED: |
| | From 0315Z until approx 0330Z the DATCO, using binoculars, sighted in the North-east quadrant what he describes as "a low, bright star orbiting left hand". The longer he watched the more he believed that it was changing colour from green to light blue to red. |
| En ! | Original signed by FS Daoust, DATCO |
| | (Signature of Person Receiving Report) |

THIS FORM TO BE PASSED TO BATCO AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

NON-METEORITIC SIGHTING

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL
UAR/REED



ICAO25NWBOO1VWAO26WVAO13 - UJUL 3U U2 Z3 66

PP RCCWC

DE RCWVC 12 30/00342

P 300030Z

FM RCC VANCOUVER

TO CANFORCEHED OPS

BT

UNCLAS ATO225 UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECT

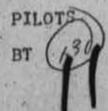
A 292330Z MR DAVIDSON 995 STEVESTON HIGHWAY 277-1650

- B HIGH THIN SCATTERED CIRRUS
- C RICHMOND
- D N/A
- E N/A
- F METALLIC GRAY
- G CIRCULAR
- H 30 TO 40 SECONDS
- J NIL

PAGE 2 RCWVC 12 UNCLAS

K, FLEW NORTH, STOPPED, FLEW SOUTH, THEN APPEARED TO GO STRAIGHT UP OUT OF SIGHT

L ALSO SEEM BY A MR GALLANT 981 SEACRAVE 227-2476, BOTH EX ROAF



- VV ICAOS 2V PEA OISEA OI 4V COA OI 4 2

PP RECIVE

DE RCEOC 8 02/01552

P R 020152Z

FM RCC HALIFAX

TO RECUE/CAMP ORCEHED

- MUFO ZENZOR RF CORMIER ST FRANCIS XAVIER UNIV ANTIGONISH NS

DGAF

SCJC75

METEOR CHATRE NRC

ATTN. DE MILLMAN

BT -

UNCLAS 000 S62

FOR CHAO FIREBALL AND METEORITE OBSERVATIONS

- A . 0201 05 GMT AUG
 - B. SCATTERED CLOUD VISIBILITY UNLIMITED
 - G. HMC DOCKYARD HALIFAX JETTY NR 3
 - D. FIRST SIGHTING OVERHEAD AND OBSERVED TO TRAVEL DIRECTION 030 DEGS THUE PULSATING RATHER THAN FLASHING
- E. DRIGHTNESS SIMILAR TO ORDINARY STAR BUT INCREASING IN INTENSITY AS, IN D
- F. SIMILAR COLOUR TO ORDINARY STAR

PAGE 2 RCEOG S UNCLAS

- G. MOVING LIGHT OF NO DISTINCT SHAPE.
- II. 35 SECONDS
- J. NONE
- K. OVERHEAD THENCE ALONG TRACK 030 TRUE TO APPROX 40 DEGREES ABOVE MORIZON
- L. OBSERVER TRAINED SEAMAN STATES SIGHTING DID NOT RESEMBLE ATROPART LIGHTS AND MOVED TOO FAST

11 92

NNNNVV PCA195 PWB081WPA056

UU

Aug 2 18 00 66

RR RCCWC

DE RCMPC 36 02/1539Z

R 021520Z

FM BASE OPS WINNIPEG

TO RCCUC/CANFORCEHED.

ZEN/CANTRAINCOM

BT

UNCLAS A0331

UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECT REPORT

A 0515Z 31 JULY 66

B WINNIPEG

C REPORTED BY WOL J MUNN CFB WINNIPEG

D WO1 MUNN REPORTED THAT HE AND THREE OTHER ADULTS OBSERVED AN OBJECT AT AN ALTITUDE OF A SATELLITE TRAVELLING FROM NORTH TO SOUTH PD APPEARS THREE SECONDS THE OBJECT WOULD CHANGE FROM A BRIGHT LUMINOUS GLOW TO DARKNESS PD WHEN FIRST OBSERVED IT WAS TRAVELLING AT A HIGH SPEED CMM THEN APPEARED TO SLOW DOWN CMM HOVER AND CHANGE

PAGE 2 RCWPC 36 UNCLAS

COURSE TO PROCEED EAST PD THE OBJECT THEN SPEEDED UP AND DISAPPEARED

FROM VIEW PD THREE OTHER PERSONS THEN OBSERVED IT THROUGH BINOCULARS

APPROX TEN MINUTES LATER ON A NNE HEADING PD NO SOUND AT ANY TIME

BT / 39

13

Deple by ser

.DST1 .

* RCEPVR 18 21/1900Z /CA 398

CT 111800Z .

FM STN SYDNEY

TO RCCWC/CANFORCEHED

INFO RCEOC/ST MARYS UNIVERSITY HALIFAX NS

BT

UNCLAS CES76 21 JUN

CFHQ FOR OPS CMM ST MARYS UNIVERSITY FOR REV MW BURKE GAFTNEY CMM

JUN CI LI

FIREBALL AND METEORITE OBSERVATIONS PD

A 162230Z JUN 66

B HIGH THIN CLOUD

C FOURTH STREET AND EAST AVENUE GLACE BAY NS

D CONTINUOUS FLAME AND BUZZING SOUND

E VERY BRIGHT CMM SIMILAR TO A FLARE

F RED TINTED FIREBALL WITH A FAINT WHITE TAIL TRAILING LIGHT GREY SMOKE

G OBJECT RECOVERED PD A ROUND HOLLOW OBJECT OPEN ON ONE END PD SEVEN

EIGHTH INCH DIAMETER CMM THREE QUARTERS OF AN INCH LONG

H OBSERVER ESTIMATES OBJECT IN SIGHT FOR ONE MINUTE BEFORE LANDING

J STEADY BUZZING SOUND WITH INCREASING INTENSITY AS OBJECT APPROACHED

PD ON STRIKING THE GROUND A NOISE SIMILAR TO A FIRE CRACKER WAS

HEARD PD OBJECT LANDED IN COURSE GRAVEL AND SHATTERED SEVERAL

SMALL ROCKS THROWING UP SMOKE AND WHAT LOOKED LIKE WHITE POWDER PD

OBJECT REMAIND INTACT EXCEPT FOR SMALL SHATTERED FRAGMENTS PD

OBJECT TOO HOT TO PICK UP BARE HANDED ON LANDING PD

K OBJECT APPEARED IN SKY FROM THE SOUTHWEST APPROXIMATELY 45 DEGREES

ABOVE THE HORIZEN AND LANDED 100 YARDS NORTH OF OBSERVER

L OBJECT APPEARED TO SLOW DOWN AS IT APPROACHED OBSERVED PD NO

AIRCRAFT WERE NOTICED IN THE AREA AND OBJECT APPEARED TO TRAVEL

IN A GERAIGHT LINE PD OBJECT CHECKED WITH RADIATION METER AND READ

PD OBJECT PACKAGED AND SHIPPED TO VCDS/DGI/DSTI

130

AR TO A FIRE CRACKER WAS
AND SHATTERED SEVERAL
LOOKED LIKE WHITE POWDER

- Our file ref. 55-01-04(SINTO)



DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE

ROYAL CANADIAN AIR FORCE

DST1-3

RCAF Station Sydney Sydney, N.S. 21 June 66

Canadian Forces Headquarters Ottawa 4, Ont.

> Attention VCDS/DGI/DSTI DR. R.S. EATON

Fireball and Meteorite Observations

1. Enclosed please find a copy of the Fireball and Meteorite observations message and the object that was seen landing out of the sky by Mrs. George Evely, 58 4th Street, Glace Ray, Nova Scotia on 16 June 66.

G. Zieglgansberger Flight Lieutenant for Commanding Officer

Encl.

15 NCA 01 50 PRO 11-801-8021

| DEPART | MENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE | PILENUMBER V2000-4 TD |
|-----------------------------|---|---|
| REFERE | | DATED |
| REPERRED TO | (To be algred in full showl | REMARKS ng Appointment, Telephone Number and Date) |
| | the oppered that the oppered to the fellowing of the Control of Illy which side has been a been able to a been an obtained to a been an obtained to a been an obtained to a been and an obtained to a been and an obtained to a been able on obtained to a been able of the obtained to a be able | which is mad by the way the year on the year on the whitely wists! Das bal it |
| | 5 Julub. | Yourstuly Llung Oeller. |
| DND/317 7830-21-862-7241 | 5 | |

MUGHARONAN

> V2000-4 (DSTI)

7 July 1966

DIS

GLAGE BAY FIRSTALL ISSUTIFICATION

1. A red tinted fireball with a faint white tail trailing light grey smoke landed in Glace Bay, N.S. on 16 Jun 66. The object was observed by Mrs. George Evely, 58 Fourth Street, Glace Bay: she picked up the object and reported the incident to RGAF Station, Sydney. The object has been identified as a probable obsolete Canadian Army flere- specifically, a cartridge illuminating, 1 inch, J Nk 3T. It might have come from a Militia store in Sydney.

2. ROAF Station, Sydney has been advised that any public release of this information will come from your directorate and Hrs. George Evely has not been informed. The local Glace Bay or Sydney radio station requested information of our findings before the object arrived and they were saked to contact your directorate at a later date.

Original Signed by L. GUY EON

> L.G. Non DSTI 2-5323

DMacCaul, S/L (2-06b7)me

15

> V 2000-4 (DSTI)

Ganadian Forces Seadquarters Ottewa 4, Ontario.

8 July 1966

Commending Officer ROAF Station Sydney Sydney, H.S.

Attentions F/L G. Hinglemaborger

INSTITUTED OF PALLER OFFICE AND PROBALL

References 55-01-04 (SIRTO) of 21 Jun 66

- 1. Your Fireball and Motocrite observation report and the associated object reached this office on 23 and 29 June respectively. They were passed to the Directorate of Aerospase Engineering for analysis. The object has been assessed as the inner liner of an obsolete Canadian Army flare specifically, the "cartridge illuminating, 1 inch, J Mk 32".
- 2. This information will be passed to the Directorate of Information Dervices and any public release will have to be made by them.
- 3. Thank you for your cooperation.

L. GUY EON

(L.S. Konyon)
Brighdier
for Chief of the Defence Staff.

ect DI/DSTI/CIRC/FILE

15

BT

UNCLAS 326AD-CO 00903 24 JULY 1966

- 1. CIRVIS REPORT
- 2. TWA 788
- 3. SIGHTING APPEARED TO BE 'A MISSILE REENTRY
- 4. TWA 788 HEADING 275 MAGNETIC. OBJECT APPEARED TO THE NORTH OF THE AIRCRAFT FROM 080 FROM THE A/C NOSE TO 120 FROM ITS TAIL. SIGHTING DURATION APPROXIMATELY GEP SECONDS.
- 5. AIR VISUAL SIGHTING WHILE AIRBORNE BY TWA 788 B707. HEADING 275 MAG. AT AN ESTIMATED GROUND SPEED 470

PAGE 2 RUHLKH 7 UNCLAS

35000 FT. TWA 788 ENROUTE HONOLULU TO OKINAWA.

- 6. SIGHTING AT NIGHT 24 JULY 1966 1605Z.
- 7. TWA788 AT 1605Z WAS AT 2530N 172W. OBJECT WAS OBSERVED NORTH OF THE A/C OSOFROM THEIR NOSE TO 120 FROM THEIR TAIL. DISTANCE UNKNOWN.

REMARKS BY DUTY CONTROLLER 326 AIR DIVISION

A COUNTROLLER 326 AIR DIVISION

FLASH

Ju 24 22 36 86

FLASH VV PCA106 SCA036 CSA030 ZZ RCCWC **** DE RCCSC 24/2219Z

Br

UNCLAS SVC .XX DSO THIS STA REQUESTS THIS MSG BE PASSED TO YOU

ZFHW IMI ZFH2

SCA041V DSA0270DA026 UU

ZZ RCCSC

ZOV RCCEA

'YV DOAO28ADAO32 QYA760

" " ZZ RCCEA

DE RUHLKH 1865 2052115

ZNR UUUU ZEL

2 2419292

FM 326 AIR DIV KUNIA FAC HA

TO RUHLKSP/PACAF CC HICKAM AFB HA

RUCSC/CINCSAC

RUWONLB/CINCNOR AD

RUEDHQA/CSAF

RUWSPG/COMWESTSEAFRON

RUHKH/COMHAWSEAFRON

RUHPD/COMASWFORPAC

RCCSLW/NNRHQ RCAF STA NORTH BAY ONTARIO CAN

RCCEA/1:-,-84\$31 '5 £77345 .9,543-) :-,

4:2,:/CANMARPAC CO FLEET MAIL OFFICE VICTORIA BC

RUABKM/ADCC OKIN

CANCORDENED FOR INF

A Shape

B Size compared to known object

C Coler

D No

E Formation if more than one object

FX Any discernible features or detais

G Tail or exhaust including si ze compared to object

H Sound- if heard describe

I Other pertinent or unusual features

2.

Description of course of object(s)

A What first called attention of observer

B Angle of elevation and azimuth of object(s) when first seen

C (Same as B on disappearance)

D Description of flight path and manesvours

E Manner of disappearance of object(s)

P Lenth of time in mikk sight

3.

Manner of observation

A Use one or combination of following items:

(1) ground visual

(11) ground electronic (type of radar)

(111) air electronic

B Statement as to optical aid used fftelescopes, binoculars etc.) and description thereof.

C If sighting made while airborne give type A/C ident. no. altitude, heading speed, home station

4.

TIME AND DATE OF SIGHTING

A Zulu date time group

B Light conditions - use following: night, day, dawn, dusk

5

LOCATION OF OBSERVER

Latitude Longitude, or GEOREF or ref, to known landmark

6

16 A



IDENTIFYING INFOR OF ALL OBSERVER(s)

- A Civilian name, age, mailing addr; occupation
- B Military name, grade, organization, duty and estimate of reliability

EXX

7

WEATHER AND WIND ALOFT CONDITIONS AT TIME AND PLACE OF SIGHTING

- A Observers account of weather conditions
- B Report from nearest Air Weather Service or US Weather Bureau Office if wind dir. and velocity in degrees and knots at surface and at 6,10,16,20,30,50, and 80 thousand feet if available
- C Ceiling
- D Vie
- E Amount of clud cover
- F Thunderstorms in areasnd quadrant in which located

R

Any other unusual activity or condition, meteorological astronomical or otherwise when might account for sinting

0

Interception or Identification action taken

10

Location of any air traffic in area at time of mining sighting

11

Position, title and comments of the preparing officer including his preliminary analysis of possible cause of sighting

12

Existence of any physical evidence such as materials and photographs

PCB112 GJA055

OCT 24 17 47 GE NUI REQUIRED NO UNCLASSIFIED REPLY OR REFERENCE PERMITTED

DOPS

RR RCCWC

DE RCCPGJ. 35 .24/1625Z

R 2416307

FM CANFORBASE TORONTO

TO CANFORCEHED

ST

0 PS 252

ATTN: DOPS

REFERENCE TELECOM 21 OCT W/C MMCKENZIE CFHQ, S/L BRENNAND, CFB TORONTO. FOLLOWING THIS DISCUSSION I MADE AN APPOINTMENT TO INTERVIEW MR MATCHETT ON 24 OCT. HOWEVER AT Ø3ØØZ. 23 OCT I RECEIVED A TELECOM FROM MR MATCHETT STATING THAT HE WAS WATCHING THE SAME U. F.O. I WENT TO THE CONTTROL TOWER AND TO GETHER WITH FAO SMYTH, THE BUTY AIR TRAFFIC, CONTROL OFFICER, SEARCHED THE SKY ATTEMPTING TO SEE THE OBJECT DESCRIBED BY MR MATCHETT. IT WAS A BEAUTIFUL MOONLIT NIGHT WITH EXCELLENT VISIBILITY. SINCE THIS SEARCH

PAGE 2 RCCPGJ 35 C O N F I D E N T I A L

PROVED FUTILE I DECIDED TO GO TO MR MATCHETTS HOME TO HAVE THE UFO POINTED OUT TO ME; I ARRIVED AT APPROXX #415Z. THE OBJECT IS OBVIOUSLY A STAR, ALTHOUGH IT IS MUCH BRIGHTER THAN THOSE NEARBY. I BELIEVE THE ONLY EXPLANATION FOR THE ERRATIC MOVEMENTS DESCRIBED BY MR MATCHETT MAY BE FOUND IN AFP 69, AEROMEDICAL HANDBOOK FOR AIRCREW, PARA 20:16 WHICH STATES: A PERSON WHO STARES AT A FIXED LIGHT IN AJOTHERWISE DARK ROOM WILL SOON EXPERIENCE THE ILLUSION THAT THE LIGHT HAS BEGUUN TO MOVE ERRATICALLY. THIS ILLUSION IS KNOWN AS AUTOKINETIC PHENOMENON. IF HE STARES AT THE LIGHT LONG ENOUGH, HE MAY BECOME PARTIALLY HYPNOTIZED BY IT, SO THAT IT TAKES UP ALL HIS ATTENTION, AND HE IS, ALMOST UNCONSCIOUS OF EVERYTHING ELSE. I CONTACTED G/C MURRAY, CO IAM, FOR HIS OPINION; HE SAID THAT THIS PHENOMENON COULD DEFINITELY BE THE REASON FOR ANY APPARENT MOVEMENT. THIS EXPLANATION WAS GENERALLY ACCEPTED BY MR MATCHE T. IT IS RECOMMENDED, THEREFORE, THAT THIS PARTICULAR UFO ED. ALSO MAR HATCHETT IS A CNR LABORER, NOT A BANK

Jun 2 22 49 66.

"AC" NO UNCLASSIFIED REPLY OR REFERENCE.

MNNNVV ICA355, NUA235 VUA107 KJA098

HH

PP RCCWC

DE RCWVKJ 28C 02/21302

P R Ø2212ØZ

FM CFB COMOX

TO RCCWC/CANFORCEHED

INFO RCCSC/CANDEFCOM

UT

PRIOR TY

Juno262491166

DEASP Seders

20Ps a

ar 0222587

A045 2 JUN

UNIDENTIFIED OBJECT INVESTIGATED BY COMOX EOD ON CALL FROM CAMPBELL RIVER RCMP DETACHMENT PD OBJECT LOCATED APPROX THREE MILES BEYOND ROONIE LAKE CHM WHICH IS APPROX SEVENTEEN MILES INLAND FROM KELSEY DAY PD CHARACTERISTICS OF OBJECT CHM FIVE PARACHUTES EACH APPROX FIFTEEN FEET DIAMETER ONE ORANGE REMAINDER WHITE PD THERE ARE TWO PACKAGES CHM ONE APPROX TWO BY TWO BY THREE FEET IN MANUFACTURED. WED HARNESS PD COMPONENTS COMPRISED OF A POROUS BLACK SUBSTANCE CHM OUTER SURFACE OF WHICH IS OXIDIZED AND PACKAGED IN BADLY BROKEN FIERE GLASS OR PLASTIC CASE PD OTHER PACKAGE CONSISTS OF ONE

18

I him four why

"AC" NO UNCLASSIFIED REPLY OR REFERENCE.

PAGE 2 RCUVKJ 28C

TRANSMITTER CMM ONE RECORDER CMM ONE COUNTER CMM ONE PRESSURE
SWITCH ONE GLASS CASE EIGHT CELL BATTERY CMM APPROX FIFTY PLASTIC
LOTTLES AND SUNDRY WIRING PD BATTERY MEASURES APPROX TWO FEET BY ONE
FOOT BY EIGHT INCHES PD BOTTLES EACH MEASURE APPROX SIX BY FOUR BY
ONE INCH PD THIS PACKAGE ENCLOSED IN STYROFOAM PACKING INSIDE BADLY
DECOMPOSED WATER PROOF CARD BOARD CASE PD THE TWO PACKAGES APPEAR
TO HAVE BEEN HELD TOGETHER BY THREE OR FOUR NYLON ROPE SLINGS INSIDE
NYLON WEB BASKET PD WHOLE OBJECT ATTACHED TO THIRTY INCH RELEASE GEAR
SHACKLE BY STAINLESS STEEL CABLES PD COMOX EOD HAS RECOVERED
ELECTRONIC BORYES CMM ONE PLASTIC BOTTLE CONTAINING CLEAR LIQUID
AND SMALL SAMPLE OF BOROUS BLACK SUBSTANCE PD RADIATION CHECK
CARRIED OUT PRIOR TO RECOVERY WITH MIL READINGS PD REQUEST DISPOSAL
ACTION AND ADVISE IF FURTHER INVESTIGATION REQUIRED

T /25

MESSAGE FORM 1.33300

PILE

3 400 CE

FOR COMMCENSMALS USE

| PR | PRIORITY | PRECEDENCE - INFO | DAYE - TIME GROUP | MESSAGE INSTRUCTIONS |
|------|--------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| FROM | CAMPORCEHRO | | | PREFIX |
| то | CFB CONCE BC | | | CONFIDENTIAL |
| INFO | CARUEFOOM | | | DESP-52 |

YOUR AGAS GREATON. THIS HO HOW ATTEMPTING TO RETABLISH PIWE INSPIRATELY AND ORIGIN OF OMECT WHICH IS NOT CONSIDERED TO HE EXPLOSIVE THEMSFORE FURTHER CONSUMERATION WILL BE THROUGH CPMQ OFF CENTRE

| CLASSIFIED YES NO LT COL MASON/EP BESP 2-6673 | PAGE | or | PAG | CL | ASSIF | IED YES | | 2.17 | | ER'S NAI | 1 | OFFICE | 1 | 2-6673 |
|---|------|----|-----|----|-------|---------|--|------|--|----------|---|--------|---|--------|
|---|------|----|-----|----|-------|---------|--|------|--|----------|---|--------|---|--------|



NUMBER

PRECEDENCE - ACTION PRECEDENCE - INFO MESSAGE INSTRUCTIONS PRIORITY DEFERRED FROM CANFORCEHED SEGURITY GLASSIFICATION TO CFB COMOX CONFD CANAIRLIFT MOV CEPE UPLANDS DRIGINATOR'S NUMBER OPS 910 6 JUN 66 INFO

DR ARNELL (BY HAND)

REF COMOX AOLS 2 JUN REGARDING UNIDENTIFIED OBJECT FOUND IN LOCAL AREA PD UNABLE TO ESTABLISH THE OWNERSHIP OF THE PACKAGES FROM THE DESCRIPTION PD REQUEST YOU ARRANGE SHIP-MENT OF PACKAGES TO PATRICIA BAY MOVEMENTS UNIT FOR AIRLIFT VIA RF5373 DEPARTING Ø722ØØZ TO EDMONTON AND SF11 ON 8 JUN TO TRENTON AND OTTAWA PD PACKAGES TO BE MARKED FOR DR ARNELL CARE OF CEPE UPLANDS PD IN EVENT NOT ABLE TO SHIP FROM PAT BAY SEND VIA SF1 ON 12 JUN TO EDMONTON AND SF11 ON 15 JUN TO OTTAWA PD FOR CEPE PLEASE HOLD' PACKAGE AND ADVISE OR ARNELL SCOCTS TELEPHONE 25947 OR S/L ALLATT OC/CFOC TELEPHONE 24535 OF ARRIVAL OF PACKAGES

REFERS TO MESSAGE OFFICE TEL PAGES PAGE D ALLAT CFOC 24535 CLASSIFIED YES NO UBE (AD GIBSON)F DND 905 7830-21-2 COPY 4

19.49

PCB026 GJA046 UU

PP RCCWC

DE RCCPGJ 29 08/1435Z

P 081412Z

FM CANFORBASE TORONTO

TO RCCWC/CANFORCEHED

INFO RCCBC/CANLIFTCOM

BT

UNCLAS OPS282 8 AUG

PRIORITY

DGAR

DSDCTS

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OS 1930 TORGE (DR Internal)

RECEIVED

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OS 1930 TORGE (DR Internal)

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AND 1966

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OS 1966

FOR CFOC ATTN OPS. DATCO RECEIVED NUMBEROUS CALLS CONCERNING SIGHTINS
OF UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS DURING PERIOD 0030 - 04402 8 AUG.
MR JOHN GERRARD 41 FERNWOOD PARK AVENUE, BLMY BEACH, IN WOODBINE.
EAST, CALLED IN A FAIRLY COMPREHENSIVE REPORT AT 03202. ZD TOWER
ASKED POLICE CONSTABLE, NO 55 DIVISION, OPP TO GO TO MR GERRARDS
HOUSE TO OBSERVE THE OBJECT. BESIDES GERRARD AND CLARK THREE OTHER
PERSONS WERE PRESENT. THE OBJECT WAS GENERALLY DESCRIBED BY THESE
OBSERVERS AS LARGER THAN ANY STAR, DUMBELL SHAPPED, TRAILED BY A
BALL OR HALO, ICE BLUE IN COLOR, AND SHINY. THERE WERE NO NOTICEABLE
C WE BEACH BALMY WA DUMBELL SHAPED

PAGE 2 RCCPGJ 29 UNCLAS

AERIALS OR PROTRUSIONS. IT ZIG ZAGGED ACROSS LAKE ONTARIO IN A GENERAL EAST-WEST DIRECTION, ALTHOUGH IT HOVERED AT TIMES. WHEN MOVING HORIZONTALLY ITS MOTION WAS RAPID; IT SOMETIMES CLIMBED AND DESCENDED EXTREMELY FAST. REPORTS DESCRIBED THE NEATHER AS CLEAR, DARK, STARLIT NIGHT WITH GOOD VISIBILITY. ZD WX: SKY HAZY, VIS 6 HAZY, NO STARS VISIBLE. BALMY BEACH IS 10-12 MILES SE OF ZD

BT

Zd= Deconsine

DAS. TAPE.

DGAF

SCISCIS

C.FOC,

METEOR CENTRE

NRC DE MILLMAN

VAIC 10 . 105 05

E REWTON 1 10/0008Z

P 090335Z

FM STN BEAVERLODGE

TO RCCUC/CANFORCEHED OPS

INFO RCWDAD/PROF RE FOLINGBEE UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA EDMONTON ALTA

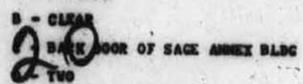
UNCLAS CES135 9 AUG

FIREBALL AND METEORITE COSERVATIONS PD AT APPROXIMATELY 1100 Z (0600 LOCAL) 7 AUG A CONSTABLE ALEXANDRE OF THE ECHP BEAVERLODGE STATING THAT HE HAD SEEN TWO BRIGHT OBJECTS TO THE NORTH EAST OF BEWERLODGE TOWN PD NOT HAVING SEEN SAME BEFORE HE WAS CURIOUS AND CALLED OPERATIONS HERE AT THE BASE PD LAC ARBUCKLE CHIE CHE OF THE FIGHTER CONTROL OPERATORS ON DUTY AT THE TIME CHN CHECKED THE MORTH EAST QUADRANT AND LINEWISE SAN TWO OBJECTS MACH LINK STARS CHIN ONE BEING BRIGHTER THAN THE OTHER PD LAC CINSON THE SECOND OPERATOR ON DUTY ALSO WITHESSED THE SAME

PAGE 2 ROWTON 1 UNCLAS

L'ENTINE PD AMOTHER WITNESS WAS COMMISSIONAIRE V RUSSEL CHN WHO CLAIMED THAT THE OBJECTS APPEARED TO BE MOVING IN A SOUTH EASTERLY DIRECTION PD AFTER WATCHING FOR SOME TIME CHM HE CLAIME TO HAVE OBSERVED THE OBJECTS MOVE UP VERTICALLY UNTIL JUST BARELY VISIBLE PD TWO OTHER OBSERVERS WITNESSED THE SAME OBJECTS PD THE 25HD DUTY FORECASTER CHM ON BEING INFORMED CHM FELT IT WAS PROBABLY THE MORNING STAR PD

A - 0711032



- E ONE BRIGHTER THAN A STAR THE OTHER SAME AS STAR
- F WHITE (STEADY WHITE)
- C PIM POINT IN RELATION TO HOOM (STAR LIKE)
- H 12202
- J NO SOUND
- K HORTH EAST OF BEAVERLOBCE TOWN NO FIREBALL
- L JUST ABOVE REDNESS OF SKY AT SUNRISE

M 49

6242

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE

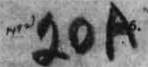
TEMPORARY DOCKET

PC DUST

| ROUTING | | | , g, | P.A. & B.F. ENTRIES | | | | REGISTRY ONLY | |
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| | | 1000年 | | | agree To be | 10.2 | 193 | | |

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Temporary Dockets are to deal WITH ONE CASE ONLY.
- T.D.'s NOT to be placed on main file UNLESS Central Registry informed by means of Form D.N.D. 710.
- T.D. No. together with main file number to be quoted on all correspondence originated.
- 4. T.D.'s not to be passed from one service to another.
- Action should be taken as soon as possible in order that main file may be kept up to date. If action cannot be taken within 48 working hrs., B.F. Docket.



IAIN FILE NUMBER

T.D.'s to be requisitioned, passed, B.F.'d. etc., in the same manner as main files by means of Form D.N.D. 710.

OND 702 (REV. 3-64)

REPORTING OF UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS

GENERAL

1. Reports of unidentified flying objects (UFOs) are frequently received at Canadian Forces bases from various sources. CFHQ is responsible for processing any action required on these reports. Accordingly, UFO reports shall be transmitted to CFHQ in accordance with para 2.

REPORTING

- 2. Unclassified priority messages shall be addressed to CANFORCEHED and the first words in the text shall be "FOR CFOC. UFO REPORT". All reports shall include as much of the following information as is obtainable, using the identifying letter indicated:
 - A Date and time of sighting (GMT).
 - B Condition of sky (clear, cloudy, haze, etc).
 - C Identification of observer.
 - D Location of observer at time of sighting.
 - E Identification of other persons also observing the UFO.
 - F Description of sighting (shape, colour, altitude, movement, number of UFOs, etc).
 - G Duration of observation.
 - H Any other relevant information.
- 3. Fireball and meteorite observations shall be reported in accordance with with CFAO 71-1

(C)

S 1605-71-6 V 2000-4 (DOPS)

Issued 7 Oct 66

Indexing
Unidentified Flying Objects
Reports & Returns

AL 40/66

MEMORAHEUM

W 2000-4 TD 6242 (DOpe)

VCDS

UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS REPORTS AND FOLLOW-UP ACTION

- 1. In his memorandum of even file dated 25 August, 1966, SECDS raises the matter of follow-up action on receipt of a UFO Report. There is no doubt that the situation, with respect to these reports, needs clarification and a system of reporting and recording should be established.
- 2. The purpose of establishing a system for reporting and fecording these reports is twofold. Firstly, "to make information available in this HQ for answers to quaries from HHD and the press. Secondly, to form the basis for any further action that may be deemed necessary, although the average report would simply be retained in anticipation of possible queries.
- 3" It is considered that mo useful purpose whild be served in organising an investigation by DND personnel in each instance. To properly determine the authenticity of each report would involve a detailed and time consuming investigation for which the service is not maked. However, in emosphishal diremstances such a task could be undertaken on an ND NOO Basis. In these instances this NO would arrange for the conduct of the investigation.
- 4. If you approve, DOpe will be disignated to Fecord incoming reports and to recommend further Metion in exceptional circumstances. Also, attached is a Draft CFAO outlining the method to be employed in reporting UFOs.

H.W. Rode
Brigadier
Acting Deputy Chief Operations.

Att.

W/C MacKensie - mhd

20A

DISTRIBUTION

CIRC FILE OPS

MEMORANDUM

V 2000-4 TD 6242 (DOps) 7 Sept 1966



UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS

1. Further to my memo hereunder, attached is an extract from the magazine Armed Forces Management on this subject. It is quite clear that a very large effort is required if reports of UFOs are to be investigated thoroughly. I am quite sure that this Directorate could not possibly do justice to this subject with anything like its present establishment. Furthermore, to be effective, an investigating team would have to include not only scientists, but also trained interrogators, i.e., people skilled in judging the veracity of so called witnesses.

I believe therefore, that the best we can do is to receive and file reports so that they can be made available to an investigating body if it should ever be decided to establish one.

Attach

H.H.A. Parker Colonel DOps

20A

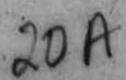
Extract from ARMED FORCES MANAGEMENT dated AUGUST 1966

"Scientists to Study UFOs

Swamp gases, sun spots or a man from Mars? UFOs (Unidentified Flying Objects) continue to pique the imagination.

Long accused of withholding information concerning UFOs, the Air Force is taking one more step to strengthen the scientific investigation of the reports it receives on unidentified flying objects. Funds have been requested from the FY *67 and FY *68 budgets for the award of contracts to selected scientists to help in Project Blue Book (Air Force program to investigate and evaluate UFO reports).

The decision to award the contracts was based on recommendations by the Air Force Scientific Advisory Board which reviewed Project Blue Book management. In its report, submitted to the Air Force in March, the committee suggested the program be expanded to include investigation by independent scientists. The committee also concluded that there has been no evidence that unidentified flying objects are a threat to national security, and complimented the Air Force on the organization of the project."



DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE

MINUTE SHEET

Referred to

REMARKS

To be signed in full showing Appointment, Telephone Number & Date

Minute 2 DCOps S2000-4 TD6242 (DOps)

- 1. Sec DS has raised the matter of follow-up action on receipt of UFO Reports. At present there is no published instruction for the proper reporting of UFOs and because of the interest invariably displayed by the press and sometimes by Parliament, the situation should be clarified.
- 2. The investigation that is recommended by SEC DS would have to be detailed to be useful. Every aspect of each report would have to be examined in time consuming manner if we are to pay other than lip-service to the requirement. In my opinion we are not manned for such an undertaking. Further, judging from the known results of the considerable US effort in this field little, if anything, would be gained.
- 3. There is no doubt that reports should be properly made to this HQ in each instance. This Directorate could keep a file on these incidents and undertake to recommend further DND action in exceptional circumstances. Normally, however, information would be retained in anticipation of any possible queries.
- 4. If you approve, attached for your signature is a memorandum to VCBS together with a draft CFAO for his approval.

20 A

H.H.A. Parker Colonel

DOps

2-4248

ILM BB

MEMORANDUM

NON: VCDS Secretariat

Dops

Well you please reiser and of you agree, supare a automin x VLOS as suggested .

20A

2-3104

MEMORANDUM

S 2000-4 (DSECDS(A)3)

25 August, 1966

SEC VCDS

6242

UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS FOLLOW-UP ACTION ON REPORTS

(n)

- 1. Periodically a sighting report is received by the CFOC which describes an incident that would be considered newsworthy if reported in the public press. Such an incident has led to questions in Parliament and reports asking statements from CFHQ. To date no system has been established for the follow-up of such reports before the embarrassing questions are asked. The number of such reports in the course of a year is unlikely to be more than a half dozen, if past experience is any guide.
- Although it has been the custom to refer all such matters to SCD/CTS, this is not the proper way of handling it. The only concern that DND has on such reported sightings is the possible threat to national security, which is an operational matter. It therefore appears logical that the Director of Operations should obtain additional information of reported UFO landings and sighted objects where descriptive details are present to warrant further investigation.
- This investigation could be carried out from the nearest CFB or detachment and would be intended primarily to establish the reliability of the observer(s) and to obtain any additional facts. Many reports are originally telephoned in so that little assessment is possible at the time. It would seem desirable to issue a CFAO outlining the procedure to be followed in such cases, and the basic information to be sought. Perhaps such an order could be combined with the present CFAO 71-1, Reporting of Fireball and Meteorite Observations (copy attached). However, as such an order must follow the operational practices of field units, it must be written by somebody fully cognizant of them. With respect to the information to be obtained, the following are examples:
 - a. Reliability of the Observer. This can usually be assessed from a short conversation during which a description of the sighting is being obtained.
 - b. Circumstances of the Sighting. Many sightings are made by persons driving automobiles at night and under similar circumstances where full attention cannot be given to the sighting. Fatigue, discomfort, etc., often affect the interpretation of what is seen.

20 A

.../2

not only as detailed a picture of what was seen as can be obtained by interrogation, but also peripheral information, such as how long the object was seen, how many persons saw it, its movements, meteorological conditions and any other potentially useful environmental information.

4. Accordingly, it is requested that a submission be prepared for VCDS's consideration, stating the basic organization for handling reports of this nature and outlining the follow-up administrative action that must be taken when deemed necessary.

Att.

F.B. Caldwell Commodore SECDS 2-6584

REPORTING OF FIREBALL AND METEORITE OBSERVATIONS

GENERAL

1. The National Research Council Associate Committee on Meteorites coordinates reports of sightings of falling meteors and periodically launches a publicity campaign to enlighten the Canadian public. All members of the Canadian Forces located in North America can assist this activity by reporting any such sightings.

DESCRIPTION

2. A fireball is a bright meteor with a luminosity which equals or exceeds that of the brightest planet. It is usually seen moving rapidly across the sky and sometimes a trail of glowing particles is left behind. The meteor may explode with a burst of light and a loud sound; this may happen several times during a single fall.

REPORTING

- 3. When a sufficient number of fireball observations are obtained over an area 100 miles or more, it becomes possible to combine the observations and predict the most probable area in which meteorites associated with the fireball may have reached the surface of the earth. Since freshly fallen meteorites are of considerably more interest than old falls, sightings should be reported as soon as possible.
- 4. Unclassified priority messages shall be addressed to CANFORCEHED with information copy to the addressee indicated in para 5. The first words in the text shall be "FOR CFOC. FIREBALL AND METEORITE OBSERVATIONS". All reports shall include as much of the following information as is relevant, using the identifying letter indicated:
 - A Date and time of sighting (GMT shall be used).
 - B Condition of sky (clear, cloudy, hase, etc.).
 - C Location of observer (either precise position on ground or geographical reference).
 - D Occurrence of bursts (number and approximate, positions along path).
- Luminosity (brightness compared to planets or moon and occurrence of shadows cast by nearby objects, if any).
- Colour (distinguish between colour of fireball and any persistent train or
 - G Form (size in relation to moon and shape).
 - H Duration (both of fireball in motion and persistent train or trail in the sky).
 - J Sounds (description of sound and time interval between sighting the fireball and hearing the sounds).
 - K Position in sky (positions of beginning and end of fireball path, both azimuth and elevation).
 - L Any other unusual observations.

AL 25/66

In addition to the report to Canadian Forces Headquarters an information copy shall be transmitted by routine precedence to the regional representative in the area of the sighting. The regional addresses are as follows:

Maritimes Dr. R.F. Cormier a sufficient of the state of th St. Francis Xavier University Antigonish, N.S. of agreemen straffding stoon to the part and especially with the second Foreguelocated in the , Quebec · arsittake Mr. Wm. A. Warren 30 52nd Avenue Lachine, P.Q. Ontario Royal Astronomical Society of Canada - smot his yet agore yilligat gulven 252 College Street it it in tanifying and ha a die skolmes year andien sill haland Toronto 2B, Ont. Table to firsten asoulf apped saveral tinges during a strate fait, burst of light and a Lore Meteor Centre National Research Council Ottawa 2, Ont. April (or the land; from the manifest and the second J. . When a suffici Manitoba Prof. E. Leith the miles or more, the west vanithese all the fetaleses as University of M University of Manitoba oldsdorg from odf measives set bedeser aldia attended by frytaliges od bloods. nors terraini arom Saskatchewan Mr. John V. Hodges AU - Clare of the sanda of I 1554 Elphinstone Street of the safeet hast he - alone went will daran at he Regina; Sask. I of wars adliantable trout I decit was the section of the COND SCHOOL Hede Alberta University of Alberta

white end that British Columbia Dr. W.F. Slawson University of British Columbia Vancouver, B.C.

Edmonton, Alta.

PUBLICATION

This order shall be reproduced yearly in unit orders. Commanding officers shall ensure that duty officers are provided with details of this order for ready reference to facilitate accurate reports after normal working hours.

testand were been the havel to english that the month of a 1605-71-1 (C) L 1605-00 (SCDCTS)

Issued 24 Jun 66 (Supersedes CFAO 71-1 issued 13 May 66)

figures no confidence actes

H. Duyer on those of tirebel to motion and persistent train or and Indexing Sounds (description of sound and time interval between all Meteorites and hearing the sounds). Reports & Returns

K Postion in sky (continue of beginning and out the belt ... roth . Inoitevente has atmenius

AL 25/66

Any other unusual phase estimat.

CANADIAN FORCES HEADQUARTERS ADMINISTRATIVE UNIT

1. CLEARANCE - CFHQ/AU

a. Owing to the large number of personnel being cleared through the CFHQ/AU at this time, it has become necessary to introduce staggered business hours, as follows:

Leave CFHQ

Joining CFHQ

1000-1200 (Daily except Mondays (Tues 1400-1530 when Mons are holidays)

0900-1200

1430-1530

AU 1000-105 (OR)

2. VEHICLE SEAT BELTS OR SAFETY HARNESS

- a. Every driver and passenger of a DND vehicle equipped with seat belts or safety harness shall properly adjust and fasten his seat belt or safety harness upon entering the vehicle and wear it while the vehicle is in motion.
- b. A vehicle so equipped will not move off until the driver has verified that each passenger for whom a seat belt or safety harness is provided has properly fastened the device.

AU 1006-2 (CFAO 36-6)

3. TERMINAL BENEFA'S ON RELEASE

a. The attention of all ranks is invited to the contents of CFAO 212-1 and, in particular, to paras 6 and 7 which explain the procedure and terms of reference used to determine the benefits payable under the CFSA on release. This CFAO summarizes the terminal benefits payable on release under the Canadian Forces Superannuation Act, the Defence Services Pension Continuation Act, the Pension Act, and the Deferred Pay Regulations.

AU 5585-1 (CFAO 212-1)

4. REPORTING DATES - 1967 PERFORMANCE EVALUATION REPORTS - OFFICERS

a. Reference CFAO 26-6. Annual Performance Evaluation Reports (CF 255) on It Col equivalent and above shall be forwarded direct to reach Canadian Forces Headquarters (Attn: DCSA) by 1 Aug 67.

AU 5225-2 (OR)

5. REPORTING DATES - 1967 PERFORMANCE EVALUATION REPORTS - OFFICERS

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a. Reference CFAO 26-6. Annual Performance Evaluation Reports (CF 255) on Major equivalent shall be forwarded direct to reach Canadian Forces Headquarters (Attn: Applicable DPC) by 1 Jul 67.

AU 5225-2 (OR)

NO NO 105 DATED OI JUN 67

THEFT

CFHQ/AU

PAGE 1

THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.

小子说: 2000年 2000年 2000年 2000年 2000年

REPORTING OF FIREBALL AND METEORITE OBSERVATIONS

GENERAL

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S. I PER MINIOUS RESIDENCE SERVICES

REPORTING

- o. When a sufficient number of fireball observations are obtained over an area 100 miles or more, it becomes possible to combine the observations and predict the most probable area in which meteorites associated with the fireball may have reached the surface of the earth. Since freshly fallen meteorites are of considerably more interest than old falls, sightings should be reported as soon as possible.
- d. Unclassified priority messages shall be addressed to CANFORCEMED with information copy to the addressee indicated in sub para e. The first words in the text shall be "FOR CFOC, FIREBALL AND METEORITE DESERVATIONS".

 'All reports shall include as much of the following information as is relevant, using the identifying letter indicated:
 - (1) Date and time of sighting (GMT shall be used).
 - (2) Condition of sky (clear, cloudy, haze, etc.,).
 - (3) Location of observer (either precise position on ground or geographical reference).
 - (4) Occurrence of bursts (number and approximate positions along path).
 - (5) Luminosity (brightness compared to planets or moon and occurrence of shadows cast by nearby objects, if any).
 - (6) Colour (distinguish between colour of fireball and any persistent train or trail after passage of fireball).
 - (7) Form (size in relation to moon and shape).
 - (8) Duration (both of fireball in motion and persistent train or trail in the sky).
 - (9) Sounds (description of sound and time interval between sighting the fireball and hearing the sounds).
 - (10) Position in sky (positions of beginning and end of fireball path, both azimuth and elevation).
 - (11) Any other unusual observations.
 - In addition to the report to Canadian Forces Headquarters an information copy shall be transmitted by routine precedence to the regional representative in the area of the sighting. The regional addresses are as follows:

RO NO 105 DATED O1 JUN 67

CFH-VAU

PAGE 2

6. REPORTING OF FIREBALL AND METEORITE OBSERVATIONS (Cont)

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British Columbia

Dr. R.F. Cormier
St Francis Xavier University
Ahtigonish, N.S.

Mr. Wm. a. Warren 30 52nd Avenue Lachine, P.Q.

Royal Astronomical Society of Canada 252 College Street Toronto 2B, Ont.

Michael Michael Committee of the other

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Meteor Centre National Research Council . Ottawa 2, Unt.

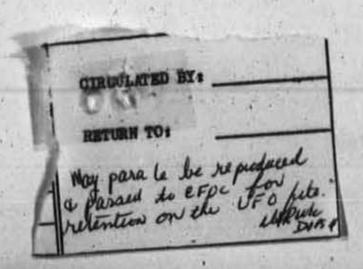
Prof E. Leith University of Manitoba Winnipeg, Man.

Mr. John V. Hodges 1554 Elphinstone Street Regina, Sask.

Prof. R.E. Folinspee University of Alberta Edmonton, Alta.

Dr. W.F. Slawson University of British Columbia Vancouver, B.C.

AU 1600-1 (CFAO 71-1) FOR THE ORDER OF THE PROPERTY OF THE ORDER OF TH



OPERATIONS

The McKee (Herestorate Information Services) has advesed that Mr fack MacBeth; United Bress International, Ottawa, will most probably be writing as senses of articles on UFOs. Mr MacBeth apparently has had an interview with the arnely on this subject to DIS are of the

opinion that the Minuter may make some inquies

- Mr JF authen, NRC, Space Research Yaculeties Branch,
- Derectorate Scientific Technical Intelligence no longer
- USAT, selected Uneverty of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado
- Avention Week + Space Technology, 30ct lole, Many OFOs are edentified as Plasmas.

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Reader's Digest

MARCH 1967

An article a day of enduring significance, in condensed permanent bookies form

Flying Saucers-Are They Real?

For years the U.S. Air Force has dismissed them as hoaxes, hallucinations. Now its own scientific consultant on unidentified flying objects declares that many of the sightings cannot be so easily explained

Condensed from THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

J. ALLEN HYNER

N August 25, 1966, an air force officer in charge of a missile crew in North Dakota suddenly found that his radio transmission was being interrupted by static, While he was trying to clear up the problem, other air force personnel reported seeing a UFO an unidentified flying object. It had a bright red light, and appeared to be alternately climbing and descending. Simultaneously, a radar crew on the ground picked

up the UFO at 100,000 feet. "When the UFO climbed, the static stopped," reported the base's director of operations. "The UFO began to swoop and dive. It then appeared to land 15 miles south of the area. Missile-site control sent a strike team (well-armed air Force guards) to check. When the team was about ten miles from the landing site, static disrupted radio contact with them. Five to eight minutes later, the UFO took off.

The Saturday Evening Post (December 17, Independence Square, Ph '66), O 1966 by The Curtis Pub. Co.,

Another UFO was visually sighted, and confirmed by radar. The first one passed beneath the second. Radar also confirmed this. The first made for altitude toward the north, and the second seemed to disappear with the glow of red."

This incident is typical of puzzling cases that I have studied during my 18 years as the U.S. Air Force's scientific consultant on the problem of UFO's. What makes the report especially arresting is the fact that another incident occurred near the base a few days earlier. A police officer saw, in broad daylight, "an object on its edge floating down a hill, wobbling from side to side about ten feet from the ground. When it reached the valley floor, it climbed to about 100 feet and moved toward a reservoir."

The object, about 30 feet in diameter, next appeared to flatten out, and a small dome became visible on top. It hovered over the water for a minute, then moved to a field, where it hovered at a height of about ten feet, some 250 feet from the witness. Then it tilted up and rapidly disappeared into the clouds. A fantastic story, yet I interviewed the officer and am satisfied that he is above reproach.

During the years that have been its consultant, the air force has argued that UFO's were hoaxes, hallucinations or misinterpretations of natural phenomena. For the most part I would agree. As a professional astronomer, I have had no trouble explaining the vast majority of the reported sightings.

But I cannot explain them all. Of the 15,000 cases that have come to my attention, several hundred are puzzling, and of these, some - perhaps one in 25 - are bewildering. These cases were reported by respected, intelligent people, many with technical training - astronomers, airport-tower operators, physicians, meteorologists, pilots, university professors. Fearing ridicule, they were frequently reluctant to report a sighting, and did so only out of a sense of duty and a tremendous desire to get a rational explanation for their irrational experience. With all loyalty to the air force, and with deep appreciation of its problems, I feel it my duty to discuss the UFO mystery frankly.

Project Blue Book. In 1948, when I first heard of UFO's, I thought they were sheer nonsense. I was then director of the astronomy observatory at Ohio State University, One day, several men from the technical center at Wright-Patterson Air Force Base in Dayton came to see me. With obvious embarrassment, they brought up the subject of "flying saucers" and asked me to serve as consultant.

Dr. J. Allen Hyner lought astronomy at Ohio State University for 21 years. From 1956 to 1960 he was associate director of the Smithsonian Astrophysical Observatory (in charge of the satellite optical tracking program) in Cambridge, Mass. He is now chairman of the department of astronomy and director of the new Lindheimer Astronomical Research Center at Northwestern University.

It den't seem that reviewing cases would take too much time, so I agreed. I assumed that there was a natural explanation for all the sightings. Yet during the next few years, a few of the cases referred to me made me wonder.

The air force has never really devoted enough money or attention to the problem to get to the bottom of these puzzling cases. Its UFO evaluation program, known as Project Blue Book, is housed in one room at Wright-Patterson. The staff, usually consisting of two officers and a sergeant, has had to try to decide, on the basis of sketchy statements, the causes of all UFO sightings reported to them. From 1947 through 1965, Project Blue Book reviewed 10,147 cases. Using the air force's criteria, it identified 9501, leaving more than 600 carried as "unidentified."

"We Firmly Believe." In 1952, I wrote a paper suggesting that the subject deserved much closer study, and the following year the air force did assemble a panel of top scientists under the direction of Howard P. Robertson, a distinguished physicist from Caltech. The panel discussed UFO's for four days, but was given only 15 reports for de-

tailed study.

The panel concluded that "the evidence showed no indication that these phenomena constitute a direct physical threat to the national security," and that "we firmly believe there is no residuum of cases

which are attributable to foreign artifacts capable of hostile acts, and that there is no evidence that the phenomena indicated a need for revision of current scientific concepts." The report became the main justification of the air force's position—that there is nothing to wor-

ry about.

In 1953, there occurred one of the most puzzling cases I have studied. During the night of August 5. a number of persons in Black Hawk, S. Dak., reported secing several strange objects in the sky. Unidentified blips showed up on the radarscope at nearby Ellsworth Air Force Base. An F-84 fighter was vectored into the area and reported seeing the UFO's. The pilot radioed that one-"brighter than the brightest star" - appeared to be over Piedmont, S. Dak., and was moving twice as fast as his jet. When he gave chase, the light "just disappeared." Five civilians on the ground who had watched the chase confirmed the pilot's report.

Later, a second F-84 was directed toward the UFO, which still showed on ground radar. The pilot reported seeing an object with a light of varying intensity. When he pursued it, his gunsight light flashed on, indicating that his plane's radar was picking up a target. The object then climbed very rapidly and sped off to the north.

Ellsworth AFB notified the spotters' control center in Bismarck, N. Dak., 220 miles north, where a sergeant went out on the roof. He saw a UFO. Then, it disappeared. I investigated this sighting myself and could find no explanation:

A Pattern? At first, I had assumed that UFO sightings were purely an American phenomenon, but as the years went by, reports kept coming in from around the world. Ultimately, 70 countries were on the list.

We had no scientifically incontrovertible evidence – properly authenticated movies or photographs, spectrograms of lights, "hardware" – on which to make a judgment. But could all of the responsible citizens who made reports be vic-

tims of hallucination?

From 1958 through 1963, UFO reports began to diminish, in quality as well as quantity. But since 1964 there has been a sharp rally in the number of puzzling sightings. The more impressive cases seem to fit a pattern. The UFO's had a bright red glow. They hovered a few feet off the ground, emitting a high-pitched whine. Animals were terrified, often before the UFO's became visible to people. When the objects at last began to disappear, they vanished in seconds.

Four Possibilities. In July 1965, I again wrote to the air force calling for a systematic study of the phenomenon. On April 5, 1966, I appeared before a hearing into UFO's conducted by the House Committee on Armed Services. The

give continued attention to the subject, and was assured by Air Secretary Harold Brown that it would.

It seems to me that there are four possible explanations for UFO's:

(1) They are nonsense, the result of hoaxes or hallucinations. This is the view of a number of my scientific colleagues. I think, however, that enough evidence has piled up to shift the burden of proof to them. If the UFO's are hallucinations, we need to learn how the minds of so many men can be so deluded over so many years.

(2) They are some kind of military weapon being tested in secret. This theory is easily disposed of. Secret devices are usually tested in very limited geographical areas. Why should any country test them

in scores of nations?

(3) They come from outer, space. I agree with the air force: there is no incontrovertible evidence that we have strange visitors. But it would be foolish to rule out

the possibility.

For the sake of argument, let me state the case in its most favorable light. Why should our sun be the only star to support intelligent life, when the number of stars is a , I followed by 20 zeros? It now seems that the formation of planetary systems is part of a star's normal evolutionary process. Suppose that only one star in ten is circled by a planetary system that has life: the number of life-supporting stars in

one uterse, then, could be a I followed by 19 zeros.

Some stars are many millions of years older than our sun, which means that life elsewhere may have evolved millions of years beyond our present state. Such life may have solved the problem of aging, which we are beginning to grapple with. If a life span reached 10,000 years, let us say, a space journey of 200 or 300 years would be relatively short. In that time it would be possible to get from some distant planetary systems to ours. A highly advanced civilization, such as the one I am postulating, would naturally keep an eye on the progress of life elsewhere in its galaxy.

This is still "science fiction," of course, but take the story a step further. Skeptics often ask why the "flying saucers" don't try to communicate with us. Why, should they? We wouldn't try to communicate with a new species of kangaroo we might find in Australia; we would just observe the animals.

(4) We are dealing with some natural phenomenon we cannot even conceive of as yet. In 1867, we knew nothing of nuclear energy -who can say what startling facts we will learn about our world in the next 100 years?

A Serious Quest. All these possibilities deserve serious consideration, and now, at long last, they will get it. Last October, the air force announced that a thorough investigation of UFO's would be conducted at the University of Colorado by a team of distinguished scientists, headed by Dr. Edward Condon, former director of the National Bureau of Standards. I would like to suggest two more steps:

First, all of the valuable data that we have accumulated - good reports from all over the world must be computerized so that we can rapidly compare new sightings with old, and trace patterns of UFO behavior.

Second, we need good photographs of UFO's. I realize that it is impractical to expect the service to set up a costly "flying saucer" surveillance system. When a UFO is spotted, the terrified witness usually calls the local police - who have missed dozens of opportunities to record the phenomena on film. I recommend that every police chief make sure that at least one of his squad cars carries a camera loaded with color film.

In all my years of association with the air force, I have never seen any evidence for the charge that there is deliberate cover-up of knowledge of space visitors to prevent the public from panicking. The fact is that the Pentagon has never believed that the UFO: could be anything novel, and it still doesn't. But now, after a delay of 19 years, the air force and American science are about to try for the first time, really, to discover what, if anything, we can believe about "flying saucers."

Bobby Hull-Golden Boy of Hockey

DAVID MACDONALD



He's the fastest, highest-paid player in the world's fastest game

Condensed from THE OTTAWA JOURNAL

YPICALLY of hockey-and of Bobby Hull-it happened in a flash. As the Chicago Black Hawks' står left winger took a pass at mid-ice, during a tense home game against the New York Rangers last March 12, 21,000 fans let out a familiar war cry: "Go, Bobby! Go!" Suddenly, he was · © 1967 by David MacDanald. The Ottawa Journal (January 28, 30, 31, '67), Journal Pub. Co. of Ottawa, Journal Bldg., Ottawa, Ont.

NON-METEORITIC SIGHTING

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL
UAR/REED

| TIME OF RECEIPT | FOR COMCENTRE USE | ONLY TIME OF DESPATCH |
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Releasing Officer's Signature

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INSTRUCTIONS

- PRECEDENCE—Indicates to COMCENTRE the relative order in which messages are to be transmitted.
 - (a) FOR ACTION ADDRESSES-Enter precedence assigned to all action addressees, i.e., DEFERRED, ROUTINE, PRIORITY, OPERATIONAL IMMEDIATE or EMERGENCY.
 - (b) FOR INFORMATION ADDRESSES-Enter precedence assigned to all information addressees-usually DEFERRED.
- 2. DATE-Enter first three letters of month followed by figures indicating the day of the month, e.g., OCT21.
- 3. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION—Enter security classification assigned to the message, i.e., UNCLASSIFIED, RESTRICTED, CONFIDENTIAL, SECRET, or TOP SECRET.
- FROM-Enter "address from" using authorized designation of originator's HQ, e.g., COMMR OTT; C DIV MTL; VCR S/DIV.
- TO—Enter all action addresses. Local abbreviations are not to be used if addressee is outside the Force.
- INFO-Enter all information addresses. In multiple address messages (same message to more than one addressee), addressees to be designated either ACTION or INFORMATION.
- 7. ORIGINATOR'S REFERENCE NUMBER—Enter originator's reference number. It will be transmitted as first word of text of mess sage.
- 8. TEXT—Text of message should be clear and concise. Authorized abbreviations are to be used wherever possible. If the attention of an individual, appointment or office is desired, this information must be included at the beginning of the text and not in the address.
- FILE NUMBER, BRANCH or SECTION, DRAFTER'S NAME, etc.—To be filled in by the originator to facilitate prompt handling of a reply or query regarding the message. This information is not transmitted.
- RELEASING OFFICER'S SIGNATURE—Signature of the individual authorizing the despatch of the message.
- 11. TIME RELEASED-Local time of signature.



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MESSAGE FORM

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INSTRUCTIONS

- PRECEDENCE—Indicates to COMCENTRE the relative order in which messages are to be transmitted.
 - (a) FOR ACTION ADDRESSES—Enter precedence assigned to all action addressees, i.e., DEFERRED, ROUTINE, PRIORITY, OPERATIONAL IMMEDIATE or EMERGENCY.
 - (b) FOR INFORMATION ADDRESSES-Enter precedence assigned to all information addressees-usually DEFERRED.
- 2. DATE-Enter first three letters of month followed by figures indicating the day of the month, e.g., OCT21.
- SECURITY CLASSIFICATION—Enter security classification assigned to the message, i.e., UNCLASSIFIED, RESTRICTED, CONFIDENTIAL, SECRET, or TOP SECRET.
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- RELEASING OFFICER'S SIGNATURE-Signature of the individual authorizing the despatch of the message.
- 11. TIME RELEASED-Local time of signature.

Copy for SECDS

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IN AMPLE TO MADE OUTES

1. 2000-1 (OTS)

Canadian rorces Meadquarters
Ottows 1, Onterio

23 August, 1966

Hr. R. Lexou 6h Milloide Avenue Pointe Chitre, Webed

Dear Mr. Laxorty.

Thank you for your letter of 23 dune, 1900, which was written in commotion with our correspondence with T. Anstea. Jour letter has been read with interest by a number of ther staff, an it is the first which we have received free one of the "Bard Gore" and gives a clear outline of the philosophy of this roup.

As has been pointed out to ir. Anstee, the Jepartment of Mational Defence is responsible for the courity of Goneda and has an a result only been interested in thether reported mightings of unidentified flying objects represent a threat to this country. We have had no evidence to date that they do and your letter states quite categorically that shay do not. Thus, our attitude to the subject would appear to be the correct one.

the Marth unvirgament, this is more a matter of belief than pract and analysis of facts. Here we must disusted with you. Our ensulation of the individual reports which have been sent into this Department over the vers and of the many books on the sub- fact news led up to the conclusion that, where the observations were accurately made, the phenomena men was of natural or many made origin. The scientific community appears to support our views.

Find to see that individuals are prepared to devote their time and energy to dearthing for the possibility of a new truth in a mass of reports which are often coloured by esotional distortion and a new-religious certainty of the existence of an extraterrestrial presence. Within the Department of Distional Defines to are extrated to be pragentiate and this makes as appear disinterested in views such as yours.

21A

.../2

We do not propose to take any further action with respect to your letter, but shall keep it in our files for future reference. If you are interested in pursuing your views on peace, I would suggest that you address yourself to the Department of External Affairs, Ottawa.

Yourn truly,
Original Staned by
(F. B. CALDWELL)
Caumodure

F.D. Caldwell
Connodore
for Chief of the Defence Staff

J.C. ARNELL, Dr/2-5947/1mh

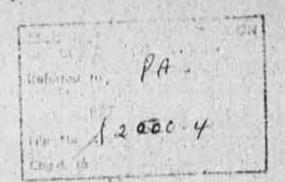
K. Lexow, 64 Hillside Avenue, Pointe Claire, Que.

19th September, 1966.

Department of National Defence, Canadian Forces Headquarters, Ottawa 4, Ont.

For Mr. F.B. Caldwell, Commodore, for Chief of Defence Staff.

Your Ref: L 2000-4 TD 6154P (CTS)



FLYING SAUCERS (UFO's)

Dear Sirs,

I thank you for your letter of 23rd August, 1966, and observe that you disagree with me as to existence of extraterrestrial beings in the Earth environment. However, I observe that apparently you do not disagree with the existence of extraterrestrial beings outside the Earth environment. Therefore, depending on our views, whether the extraterrestrial beings exist inside or outside the environment may rest only on a technicality. It is not really important where their existence is actually situated as long as their thoughts are reaching us and we are in a position to and are willing to pay sufficient attention to them.

As proposed I have today forwarded copy of my letter of 23rd June, 1966, to the Secretary of State for External Affairs, Ottawa.

Yours very truly,

K. Lexow.

E. Lewer. 64 Hillside Avenue. Pointe Claire, Que. Tel. Res: 695-9772. . Off: 849-4741. . local 274 (or 273)

19th September, 1966.

The Honograble Paul J.J. Martin, Q.C., M.P., Secretary of State for External Affaires, Parliament Buildings, Ottawa, Ont.

PEACE FOR OUR WORLD.

Sir.

I prepared a letter dated 23rd June, 1966, addressed to Department of National Defence, Ottawa, asking a Basic Question as follows (on page 11):

"If sufficient documentation can be produced "to prove that people of higher civilization "live on one or more planets outside our Earth within or beyond our solar system, will "people in the Canadian Government be willing "to accept it and will they be sufficient, "quantitative or qualitative speaking, without "fear and prejudice to instigate research on "the space people's mission, if any, here on "Earth, and will they be willing to implement its findings to reach all people on Earth "irrespective of the consequences as long as "it is founded in full trust that the hyman "race will be saved from complete annihilation?

The question has been brought forth in my serious studies of Flying Saucers (UFO's). *)

The Department of National Defence in their reply of 23rd August, 1966, proposed that I address myself to the Department of External Affaires in persuing my views on peace.

National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada

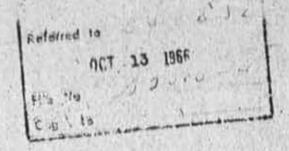
RG 77, Vol. 310

I now therefore ask you and your External Affaires Department to please place the above Basic Question under consideration in the light it deserves, . . I enclose copy of the above two letters with enclosures and request you, in due course, to kindly inform me how the content of this letter will be or has been dealt with. I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant, K. Lexow. May I refer you to the excellent publication of long standing called Flying Saucer Review which is subscribed to by many embassies and prominent people. Editorial office; Flying Saucer Review, 21 Cecil Court, Charing Cross Road, London, W.C. 2. England. Enclosures: RG 77, Vol. 310 National-Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE SECURITY CLASSIFICATION REFERENCE REMARKS
(To be eigned in full showing Appointment, Telephone Number and Deta) REFERRED TO 9 See 1)52 This subject in the part has been dealt with on an ad he bases by In Amell as Security a Deputy CTS. On transfer to Day Organization he has asked the Commond g DC q. 6 impular vito situation We in turn how recommended to VC)5 that I ops. be organized to deal with the occasional report againing pollins up mirestyation No action is required in this letter except to check the ple to see y we should advere External Again y up herowi preveren dealings with the Department Well gon please Haldwell. 9 su 9 s In mys

LEGAL DIV./A. Booth/D. M. Miller/dh

File
Diury
D.D.
Dept. National Defence
O/USSEA
O/SSEA



OTTAWA, October 11, 1966.

Dear Mr. Lexovs

I should like to acknowledge receipt of your letter of August 22, 1966, addressed to the Secretary of State for External Affairs. It has been read with interest and shall be kept on file for future reference.

Thank you for communicating your views to us.

Yours sincerely,
A. E. GOTLIEB

Under-Secretary of State for External Affairs.

Mr. K. Lexow, Esq., 64 Hillside Avenue, POINTE CLAIRE, Quebec. THE COMMISSIONER
ROYAL CANADIAN MOUNTED POLICE



TOUTE CORRESPONDANCE DOIT ÊTRE ADRESSÉE COMME SUIT: LE COMMISSAIRE GENDARMERIE ROYALE DU CANADA OTTAWA 7, CANADA

S-2000-4 (Int S-2) HEADQUARTERS - DIRECTION GENERALE

S-2000-4 (Int S-2) HEAT YOUR NO. S-2005-0050/124 (ACDS)

HQ-400-Q-5

OTTAWA 7, CANADA

YOUR NO.

OUR NO.

5-2005-0050/124 (AOD

February 8, 1967.

BY HAND

Directorate of Security, Canadian Forces Headquarters, 4054 "B" Building, Cartier Square, OTTAWA 4, Ontario.

Re: Unidentified Flying Objects - Reporting

Attached for your information are selfexplanatory copies of our Inuvik Detachment report dated 26 January, 1967.

2. The atmospheric conditions at the time of this sighting were as follows: sky, mostly clear with stars in view; moon, 50% full; temperature, minus 29°; trace of ice fog near ground level.

W.F.G. Perry, Insp., Assistant Officer in Charge, Criminal Investigation Branch.

encl.

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felper favorable

P2120-11 (D Secur 5)

Ganadian Porces Headquarters
Ottawn 4, Ontario

10 February, 1967

The Commissioner
Royal Samadian Hounted Police
Headquarters Bidg
Ottawn 7, Ontario

Attention: Criminal Investigation Branch

SECURITY - POLICE ACTIVITIES
REPORT OF UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS

Receipt of your HQ-400-Q-5 dated 8 February, 1967 is acknowledged.

The report in question has been forwarded to the Directorate of Operations, 3415 "A" Eldg, Cartier Square, who coordinate information on UFO sightings for the Department of National Defence.

Your cooperation in this matter is appreciated.

A.R. Ritchie
Colonel
Director of Security

DJ Currt.c.F/L,2-7870/15

22

- DOPS 4

UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECTS- REPORT

- I THE FOLLOWING UFO REPORT WAS RECEIVED. VIA TELEPHONE AT 302355Z FROM
 THE CHEIF CONTROLLER AT NORTHERN NORAD:
 - A TWO SIGHTINGS: 300700Z & 31000I HRS JAN
 - B N/A
 - C MRS LABONEE LOCAL 364JA MATHESON ONT
 - D 5 MI FROM MATHESON ONT
 - E N/A
 - F WHITE LIGHT, VERY BRIGHT, SIZE OF A TABLE & SIZE OF A BASEBALL. NO HEIGHT REPORTED. NO A/C IN VICINITY

G N/A

(JL ABERCROHHIE) P/L

23

CFAO 71-1 31 may 66

Fireball + meteorite abservations

Mater Serence TA School and Alv Services SAN THORES ON DRESIDENT TO THE METERS SHE TO THE SERVICE SAN THORES ON DRESIDENT TA SELECTION OF THE SERVICE SAN THORES ON THE SERVICE SAN THE SERVICE SAN

NRC

A TWO DESCRIPTIONS: STORY AS CAN AS

Wr E.W. Greenwood

Rm 3502 "A" BAN 3-0792

O 5 MI FROM HATTOMON ONT ,

A/H H

P. WHITE LICHT, WHIT BRIGHT, SIES OF A TABLE & SIES OF A BARBALL. NO HELDHY WEIGHT WEIGHT, BU A/O IN VICINITY

C TEVA

TAL CHEMOMETERS TO



REPORT OF "UNIDERTIFIED FLYING OBJECT"

| 1. | Miss Geraldine Sahay168 Wilson Ave Toronto. |
|-----|--|
| | (Full names of Person Reporting) (Full Address) |
| 2. | 463-3995 (Telephone No) |
| 3. | REPORTED TO: E/L Mary. DATODAT: 23942HRS_11 Jan 67 (DATE): |
| 40 | OBJECT SEEN BETWEEN 2330Z HRS AND _2345Z HRS ON _11 Jan 67 (DATE): |
| 5. | EXACTLY WHERE WERE YOU WHEN YOU SAW OBJECT? |
| | |
| 6. | WHAT DIRECTION FROM WHERE YOU WERE? |
| 7. | WHAT WERE YOU DOING AT THE TIME OF SIGHTING? (Driving, Walking, etc. |
| | |
| 8. | WHAT DIRECTION WAS THE OBJECT MOVING? SOUTH |
| 9. | RATE OF CLIMB? RATE OF DESCEND? |
| 10. | DESCRIBE APROX.SIZE Bright ster SHAPE Found |
| 11. | DESCRIBE PECULIAR LIGHTS ETC. Single bright flickering light |
| 12. | ANY OTHER PECULIAR PROTRUSIONS, (Aerisls etc) |
| 13. | WHAT WAS, THE WEATHER LIKE? (CLOUDY?) |
| 14. | HOW MANY OTHER PEOPLE SAW IT AT THE SAME TIME: DATCO |
| 15. | NAMES & ADDRESS OF OTHERS THAT YOU KNOW: |
| 16. | LIST ANY OTHER INFORMATION SUBMITTED NOT ALREADY COVERED: Appeared as a bright star moving north to south at a slow speed. Reporting Officer's personal opinion is that object was a lighted radiosonds. Southerly mothen was fairly steady and object moved erratically back and forth through a very |
| -2 | small are. |
| | G.R. Magy F/L DATCO |

THIS FORM TO BE PASSED TO BATCO AS SOON AS POSSIBLE.

(Signature of Person Receiving Report)

24

[PRIONING

NAMINA PCA417GJA151

PP RCCWE

DE RCCPON 107 12/21072

P 121630Z JAN 67

MI CAMPORDASE TORONTO

TO RECVE/CANFORCEMEN

RCGRC/CAMLIFTCON RCC

BT

WILLIAM .

TORONTO REPORTED, AN UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECT MOVING SOUTHWARD.

CEJECT ABOUT THE SIXE OF A BRIGHT STAR, ROUND, FLICKERING, MOVING
SLOWLY. WEATHER WAS CLEAR, NO MOON. 2D BUTY ATCO ALSO SAY

OBJECT AND THINKS IT COULD HAVE BEEN A LIGHTED RADIOSONDE.

NARRATIVE FOLLOWS

DELL'ABRETTE CO.

ITH

"NO UNCLASSIFIED FIERLY OF REFERENCE

JAN 12 23 14 267 DGAF

CFOC

METEOR CEN

MILLMAN DR

BI

14

National Research Council of Canada/ RG 77, Vol. 310 Conseil national de recherches du Canada

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VV PCA140SCB146CSB045

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PP RCCWC

DE RCCSC 1 17/0440Z

P R 170425Z JAN 67

FM CANFORBASE ST HUBERT

TO RECUC/CANFORCEHED OPS

RCCRC/CANLIFTCOM RCC

INFO ZEN/MR WILLIAM A WARREN 30 52ND AVE, LACHINE, QUE

BT

UNCLAS ATOSOO

A 16 JAN 0345Z

B HAZY

C OFF DECARIE BLVD NEAR YANHORNE MONTREAL NORTH

D NO BURSTS CONSTANT

E NOT AS BRIGHT AS MOON

F CONSTANT REDDISH ORANGE, PARTIAL TRAIL

G LONG AND NARROW SAME SIZE AS MOON

H TEN TO FIFTEEN MINUTES

J NIL

K ANGLE OF 40 DEGREES FROM HORIZON. EAST OF OBSERVER

L MOVED SOUTH AND BACK TO NORTH THEN BACK TO SOUTH.

AND DISAPPEARED. FADED OUT AND RECEIVED FROM JOHN
GILSENAN AGE 17 PLUS 3 OTHERS.

BI



SAICTS NRC

TV PCESUSCBAS LVA013

PP RECUE

BE ROOSLY 7 26/67142

P 2656452 JAN 61

THE 45HD HORTH BAY

TO CAMPORCEHED

BI

UHGLAS 415 2503

FOR CFOC. UPO REPORT

A 200319 Z

B GLEAR

C FLIGHT CREW OF AIR CANADA FLT 300

D VESTEDUND ON AIRWAY GI-FL 146 POSITION 65 MILES EAST OF HONTREAL

R UNIXABUM

F SEIGHTLY LIGHTED OBJECT TRAVELLING EAST BOUND ALTETUDE ESTEMATED

AS \$8,000 FEET - SPEED 1000 PLUS

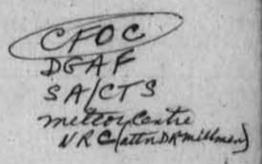
C UNKNOWN

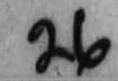
H HEL

1124

PRIORITY

JAN 26 07 46 67





T DIVISION Division 005. Referred 16 DOPS Halifax, N. S. 3 Feb 67 67H-700-21-X 12000-4 Ha No. Cha'd, to Senior Staff Officer Security. Maritime Command Hesdquarters. PHO. Hallfax, N. S. Re: Unidentified Flying Object -Sober Island, Hfx. Co., N.S. 30 Jan 67 Attached for your information is copy of Sheet Harbour Detachment report dated 30 Jan 67 concerning an unidentified flying object which was observed near Sober Island, Halifax Co., N. S. on the 30 Jan 67. (V. N. Seppala) Supt., In Charge, C.I.B. Encl. C.C. Rev. W. W. Burke-Gaffney, St. Mary's University Halifax, N. S. CANAIRHED, OPS ₩ C.C. BCAF "A" Building Cartier Square Ottawa, Ontario

RG 77, Vol. 310

National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada

JAN 31 . 17 01 W

PRICEITY

MCTEOR CENTRE NAC (ARTHO DR. MILLIA)

DGAF

SAICTS

UMMI.

OFHIDSPIDE: ICA272 NWA152VWA 082WVA 047 JAN 31 -11 22 167

PP RCCWC

DOPS 6 .

DE RCUVC 30 31/16212

P 311610Z JAN 67

FM VANCOUVER RCC

TO CANFORCE HED

BT

UNCLAS ATO33 FOR CFOC UFO REPORT

- (A) 31 JAN 1430Z (B) CLEAR. (C) MR. LLOYD WILLIAMS
- (D) HIS RESIDENCE ON THE MOUNT CURREY INDIAN RESERVE NEAR PEMBERTON BRITISH COLUMBIA.
- (E) MR. AND MRS. JOHN ANDREWS, MR. SMITH, AND SEVERAL OTHER MEMBERS OF THE RESERVE.
- (F) OBJECT WAS DISC-SHAPED APPEARED WITH LIGHTS SHOWING ON THE 24 JAN AT-APPROX 1500Z, HOWEVER NO LIGHTS EVIDENT ON THE 31 JAN SIGHTING. OBJECT HOVERED WITH A SWAYING MOVEMENT JUST OVER POWER LINES THEN FOLLOWED THE POWER LINES UP THE MOUNTAIN SIDE THEN DISSAPEARED STRAIGHT UP WHEN IT REACHED THE SUMMIT.
- -(G) ONE-HALF HOUR.
- (H) MRS . A BIKADI OF PEMBERTON FORWARDED THIS REPORT. SHE REPORTED THE SIGHTING ON THE 24 JAN' TO THE RCMP PEMBERTON. SHE STATED THAT THE RESIDENTS OF THE RESERVE WERE FAMILIAR WITH MELICOPTERS USED TO PATROL THE POWER LINES AND THAT THE OBJECT IN NO WAY-

RESEMBLED THE RELICOPTERS.

RG 77, Vol. 310

NNNNVV ICAZ62FEA199V BOAØ51 23 W

RR RCCWC

DE RCEPB 34 Ø1/1356Z;

R Ø1141ØZ MAR 67

FM CANFLTSCOL HFX

TO CANFORCEHED;

UNCLAS ADM617

FOR CFOC. UFO REPORT

REFERENCE CFAO 71-6

A 2310Z TO 0010Z 27 FEB 67

B CALM WINDS - CLOUDY AT HORIZON

C ABRM LS MILLS 52481-H

D SANDWICH BATTERY NBCD DIVISION CFB HALIFAX ON PURCELLS COVE ROAD NEAR HERRING COVE NORTH WEST OF DIVISION

E. COMMISSIONAIRE M. BERRY CIVILIAN A BAKER

ENT AS IT INCREASED IN INTENSITY BECAME ORANGE. ALTITUDE: - APPROX
2,000 FT. MOVEMENT - SLIGHTLY FLUCTUATING. APPEARED TO BE MOVING
SLOWLY AWAY UNTIL ALMOST DISAPPEARING. THEN REVERSED AND SLOWLY
APPROACHED US. NUMBER ONE.

H OTHER FACTORS. ON OCCASIONS LONG STREAKS OF LIGHT SHOT OFF THE

2. MESSAGE SENT ROUTINE DUE TO DELAY IN REPORTING

ET

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ICA100NWA113WWA040 WVA026

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PP RCCWC

DE RCWVE 19 24/04472

P 240440Z FEB 67

FM RCC VANCOUVER

TO CANFORCEHED

BT'

UNCLAS ATO62

FOR CFEC UFO REPORT

A 24 FEB 0407Z

B OVERCAST

D AT HOME LOOKING THROUGH TELESCOPE

E NA

F ONE OBJECT ABOUT THE SIZE OF A STAR AND A BRIGHT REDDY GREEN IN COLOUR . OBJECT WAS FIRST SIGHTED DIRECTLY WEST OF POINT NO POINT ABOUT 40 MILES OFF SHORE. IT MOVED VERY RAPIDLY SOUTHWARD AND DISAPPEARED BEYOND THE OLYMPIC PENNINSULA G APPROX IMATELY ONE HALF HOUR

PRIORITY

HNIL

124

C MR PACKHAM OF POINT NO POINT BC

DEAF 2 Centre

LAR 31 -

NON-METEORITIC SIGHTING

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL
UAR/REED

PCB2A1 PWASIA YOASIY U

PP RCCNC

DE RCWPYO 8 21/1751Z

P 211796Z FEB 67

FM CANRADS ON YORKTON

TO CAMPORCEHEB

SALCTS

SALCTS

CFOC

MEVER CEN MAC MAN

MEVER CEN MAC MAN

BT

UNCLAS CES 126

FOR CFOC UFO REPORT

A SIGHTED ON 19 FEB AT 9245Z

E SMY IN YORKTON AREA CLEAR

C OBSERVERS WERE MR IAN MAYES AND MISS B MCGIRE. MISS MCGIRE IS THE MAUGHTER OF SGT MCGIRE A POWER PLANT MECHANICAL SYSTEM TECH ON THIS STATION

D OBSERVERS WERE TRAVELLING EAST ON HIGHWAY 16. THEY STOPPED WHEN THEY SIGHTED THE OBJECT

E NIL

F SIGHTED OBJECT NEAR CROS CHANNEL 3 TV TOWER, 12 HILES WEST OF YORKTON. THE OBJECT APPEARED TO BE THREE OR FOUR HUMBRED YARDS IN THE AIR ABOUT 70 DEGREES TO THE LEFT OF THEIR CAR. IT WAS A BRIGHT WHITISH BLUE WITH ORANGE AND RED PLASHING OUT OF IT. IT MADE NO NOTICEABLE. NOISE, IT HOWERED FOR TWO OR THREE MINUTES THEN SHOT NORTH AT TERRIFIC SPEED FOR ABOUT HALF A HILE WHERE IT AGAIN

PAGE 2 RCHTYO 8 UNG. AS

HOVERED FOR SAX OR SEVEN MINUTES, THE OBSERVERS CONTINUED TO STN
YORKTON AS THE OBJECT REMAINED HOVERING, A LIGHT WAS SEEN TO THE
WEST OF THE SIN BY A COMMISSIONAIRE HR YOUNG WHEN HISS MCCIER
RETURNED HERE, BY THIS TIME THE OBJECT WAS FAIRING QUICLY TO THE
WEST

& APPROX 16 HINUTES

H MEL

BT

31

PRIORITY

FEB 19

NNNN VV ICA 027 NWA 024 VWA 019 UVA 009

4 3,16

PP RCCWC

DE RCWVC 3 19/07052

P 190700Z FEB 67

FM RCC VANCOUVER

TO CANFORCEHED

BT

UNCLAS ATO 53

FOR CFCO UFO REPORT

A 19 FEB 0530Z

B CLEAR

C MRS E SUTTON 16079 88TH AVE SURREY BC . PH581 7577.

D IN BACK YARD

E NIL

F ROUND RED OBJECT LARGER THAN FULLMOON MOVING FROM NORTHEAST TO SOUTHWEST SKIMMING TREES AND FLUTTERING FROM SIDE TO SIDE AND MAKING A TAPPING SOUND INTERMITTENTLY

G ONE AND ONE HALF MINUTES .

H DOGS BARKED

BT

DGAF SA/CTS EFOC Meteor Con/NRC 20.PSD

32

10 Aunit - 3-2359 =7

NNNNVV PCAO62RCB032

UU

PRIORITY

PP RCCWC

DE RCCRC 1 17/0116Z

P 170120Z FEB 67

FM CANLIFTCOM

TO CANFORCEHED

BT

UNCLAS RCC306

UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECT

162350Z MR DOUG FOGGO OF WOOLER ONT'S MILES NORTH WEST
OF TRENTON REPORTED A UFO NORTH WEST OF HIM. THE UFO
WAS ALSO SEEN BY MRS GILBERT AND ROI GILBERT OF TRENTON
AND F/L COON OF THE TOWER STAFF TRENTON BASE. A COMPOSITE
DISCRIPTION INDICATES THE OBJECT CHANGED COLOUR FROM BLUE
THROUGH RED AND GREEN WITH FLASHES OF BRILLIANT WHITE.
THE OBJECT OBSERVED THROUGH HIGH POWER BINOCULARS APPEARED
TO RESEMBLE A BALL WITH LOWER HALF GLOWING RED TO GREEN.
BRILLIANT FLASHES OF WHITE CAME FROM RIM AT WHICH TIME
THE OBJECT MOVED RAPIDLY. MOVEMENTS WERE ERRATIC BACK AND
FORTH IN HORIZONTAL PLANE AND RAPIDLY UP AND DOWN IN THE
VERTICAL PLANE. OBJECT WAS IN VIEW FOR ABOUT FORTY MINUTES
BEFORE DISAPPEARING INTO THE NORTH WEST

BT 19833

FEB 17 - 01 56 67

DEAF

WELLOULLE CENTER

O VVV

ICA12 QNWA101 VWA 092 WVA 032

W

PP RCCWC

DE RCWVC 22 10/06212

P 100620Z FEB 67

FM RCC VANCOUVER

TO CANFORCEHED

BT

UNCLAS ATO46

FOR CFCO UFO REPORTS

A 10 FEB 67 0300Z

B OVERCAST

C MISS GABARA 27463 NO 14 ROAD WHONNOCK BC . PHONE 462-9472

D AT ABOVE ADDRESS

E OTHER MEMBERS OF FAMILY

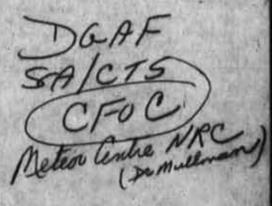
F FLASHING LIGHT OF VARYING INTENSITY LIGHTING UP SKY EAST OF OBSERVER. COLOR RED WITH BLUISH TINGE. SOURCE APPEARED TO HE BEHIND TREE TOPS

G OBSERVED FOR 20 MINUTES AND STILL VISIBLE AT TIME OF REPORT H NIL

RT

234

PRIORITY



National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada

RG 77, Vol. 310

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PRIORITY

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SA/ers

ETECK CEN

DR MILLMAN

ICA 09 3N WA 10 6VW A 05 OW VA 023

PP RCCWC

DE RCWVC 14 01/0722Z

P 010715Z FEB 67

FM RCC VANCOUVER

TO CANFORCEHED

BI

LNCLAS ATO37

FOR CFOC UFO REPORT

A. 01 FEB 0630Z

B. 9000 FT OVERCAST VIS 15 PLUS

C. MR GEORGE WRIGHT

D. HIS RESIDENCE 7609 COLDICUTT STREET, EAST BURNABY

E. MRS WRIGHT (WIFE)

F' EXTREMELY BRIGHT LIGHT LIKE A STAR MOVING AT UNUSALLY HIGH SPEED IN AN EAST WEST DIRECTION BELOW THE OVERCAST CEILING. ODJECT WAS FIRST SIGHTED DIRECTLY OVERHEAD AND IN AN INTERVAL OF ONE MINUTE WAS DISAPPEARING OVER THE HORIZON. NO SHAPE WAS DISCERNIBLE NEITHER WAS ANY PARTICULAR COLOUR OF THE LIGHT BECAUSE OF ITS INTENSITY.

G. OBSERVED FOR ONE MINUTE

H. OBSERVER IS WELL ACQUAINTED WITH SATELLITES. WAS UNABLE TO SEE ANY STARS DECAUSE OF CLOUD CEILING.

ACC ADVISED RCC THAT THERE WAS NO POSSIBILITY OF AN AURCRAFT THAT VICINITY AT THE TIME OF SIGHTING

124 ET

MESSAGE FORM

FILE V 2000-4 (DOPS)

NUMBER

| | ROUTINE . | ROUTING CAMED | 10 1530.2 MAR 67 | MERSAGE INSTRUCTIONS |
|------|-----------------|---------------|--|----------------------|
| FROM | GANFORCEMED | | | PREFIX |
| то | CANHODCOM | | NA CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF T | UNCLAS |
| | CANPORBASE HONT | | 4- | DOPS 459 |

POR: OPERATIONS

SUBJECT: UFOs

HEF: TELECON CAPT COTE AND N/C ROBERTSON 10 HAR 67

1. FOLLOWING IS A REPEAT OF MESSAGE RECEIVED FROM CAMPORBASE MONTREAL. QUOTE.

1. HR YLVA POIRIER, AS BELLEFEUILLE ST REPERTIGNY QUE TELEPHONED CFB MONTREAL TO REPORT THAT HE GUSERVED A LUMINOUS OBJECT IN THE SKY PROM HIS RESIDENCE

2. POL INFO OBTAINED FROM MR POLICIER IN SEQUENCE INDICATED AT CPAC 71-1

A. EVERY CLEAR RIGHT AT 0300 HOURS SINCE SEP 66

| PAGE | OF | PAGES | REFERS TO MESSAGE | | 9 | | | | OFFICE TEL. | | |
|--------------|----|-------|-------------------|----------|---|------|------|--------|-------------|--------------|--|
| | | | CLASSIFIED YES NO | | | | | | | | |
| ron orn's | R | DATE | 6 | OPERATOR | D | DATE | TIME | STOTEM | ROTARIS | HELEASING OF | PICER'S SIGNATURE |
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National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada RG 77, Vol. 310

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| то | 7-4 | 3-11 | GR | | | |
| | | | SECURITY CLASSIFICATION | | | |
| | | | GRIGINATOR'S NUMBER | | | |
| INFO | | | - Nomera | | | |
| INFO | | | | | | |
| | B. SKY VERY CIRAR | | | | | |
| | C. REPERTIONY, QUE | | | | | |
| | D. NO EXPLOSIONS OR BURSTS | the second of the | | | | |
| * | E. BRIGHT LIGHT COMING FROM MORTHEAST (ST SULPIGE) TO MORTHMEST | | | | | |
| | | MORTHEAST (ST SULPICE) T | O MORTHWEST | | | |
| | (STE PAUL LERRITE) | | | | | |
| | F. COLOR CRANGE | | | | | |
| 100 | G. ROUND. APPEARS TO PLY IN | SPACE HOWING SLOWLY AND | | | | |
| | - SAME AREA | STAGE MATER STOREL VED | REMAINING IN | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 500 | H. OBJECT SEEN APPROX 0300 H | OURS AND CESSERVED SCHETTE | 05 POR | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | |
| | THIRTY MINUTES | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | J. MOISEIRSS | | | | | |
| AGE (| | DRAFTER'S NAME OFFICE | TEL. V | | | |
| | J. MOISEIRSS REFERS TO MESSAGE CLASSIFIED YES NO | DRAFTER'S NAME OFFICE | TEL. | | | |
| PAGE (| J. MOISEIRSS REFERS TO MESSAGE OF PAGES | | TEL. | | | |

| JAN. | | MESS | AGE FORM | PILE | |
|-------|--|----------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|----|
| Ug | IMCEN/SIGNALS USE | O | | NUMBER | Vi |
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| | p | A # | | GR BECURITY CLASSIFICATION | |
| 9 | | Thursday and the | | | |
| | ALLOUIS TO THE STATE OF | S. Chelland | | DRIGINATOR'S NUMBER | |
| 11.10 | West States of Mary | stated and sorted of | distribution | | |
| FO | | | | | - |
| | K. VERY HIGH | APPROX 10,000 P | THE T | | |
| 1118 | 3. HR POIRIE | R AVAL FOR IMPO | REQUIRED BY EXPE | RTS ON THE SUBJECT | |
| 11 | UNGBOTE. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | 2. MAY SUBJECT | NATTER BE INVEST | IGATED AND YOUR | REPORT FORWARDED TO | |
| 4.4 | | | | | |
| | CPHQ/DOPS. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | CPHQ/DOPS. 3. NR. ST. GERN | AIN ADM OFFICER | CFB HONTHBAL NES | SAGE CRIGINATOR. | |
| | 3. HR. ST. GERM | | CPB MONTHBAL MES D PROM THIS CPYI | | |
| | 3. HR. ST. GERM | | CPB HONTREAL MES D PROM THIS CPYI | | |
| | 3. HR. ST. GERM | | CPB HONTHBAL MES D PROM THIS CPYI | | |
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| - | 3. MR. ST. GERM PULL PARTICULAR OF PAGES | TO MESSAGE | DRAFTER'S HAME | OFFICE SEL. | 7 |
| A G E | OF PAGES CLASS | TO MESSAGE | DRAFTER'S HAME | OFFICE SEL. | |

AVS054 IN RECVE DE ROCKA 19 09/1630 Z R ODODLOZ MAR 67 TH CANYORBASE MONTREAL menter Contra NRC TO RCCVC/CANFORCEHED DIFO ZEN/MR WILLIAM A WARREN 30 32ND AVE. LACHINE BT DPS 4 INCLAS PA74S FOR CFOR FIRE BALL AND METEORITE OBSERVATION > 1. PR YLVA POIRIER, 48 BELLEFEUILLE ST REPENTIONY QUE TELEPHONED OFB MONTREAL TO REPORT THAT HE OBSERVED A LUMINOUS OBJECT IN THE SIG FROM HIS RESIDENCE 2. FOL INFO OBTAINED FROM MR POIRIER IM SEQUENCE INDICATED AT CFAO 71-1 A. EVERY CLEAR NIGHT AT 0300 HOURS SINCE EP 66 B. SKY VERY CLEAR C. REPENTIONY, QUE D. NO EXPLOSIONS OR BURSTS E. BRIGHT LIGHT'COMING FROM NORTHEAST (ST SULPICE) TO NORTHWEST STE PAUL LERMITE F. COLOR ORANGE G. ROUND). APPEARS TO PLY IN SPACE MOVING SLOWLY AND REMAINING IN SAME AREA PAGE 2 RCCEA 19 UNCLAS M. COLIECT SEEN APPROX 0500 HOURS AND OBSERVED SOMETIMES FOR THERTY MINUTES J. NOISELESS K. VERY HICH APPROX 10,000 FEET, HE REUINED BY EXPERTS ON THE SUBJECT RG 77, Vol. 310 National Research Council of Canada/

Conseil national de recherches du Canada

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE



MINISTÈRE DE LA DÉFENSE NATIONALE

FMC 1011-1 OPS

Headquarters Mobile Command St Hubert, Que

Referred to...

Chg'd. to

VCDS BRANCH REGISTRY

APR 18 1901

File No V 2000-4

Chief of the Defence Staff Canadian Forces Headquarters Department of National Defence Ottawa 4, Ont

Attention: D OPS

Unidentified Flying Object

References: A. CFAOs 71-1 and 71-6 .

B. CFHQ Message DOPS 459 dated 10 Mar 67

1. As instructed in Reference B, attached as Annex A is a report by an officer of this headquarters who interviewed Mr. Poirier.

2. This report is, in the main, self explanatory. Regretably it does not shed much light on these phenomana.

3. A copy of the report, and your message at Reference B is being sent to Mr. Warren, as required by CFAO 71-1.

Croc of the state of the state

R. Rowley
Major General
Acting Commander

36



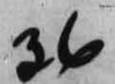
MEMORANDUM

Subject: Interview concerning UFO seen by:

Mr Sylva Poirier 48 Bellefeuille St Repentigny, P.Q.

Interview made by: ZD 4390 Capt M. Cote
SO Ops
HQ FMC, CFB St Hubert, Que.

- 1. Following a message from CFHQ (Unclas DOP 459 dated 101627Z Mar 67) and being detailed by the A/COS O&T (Col Poulin) we hereby submit a report concerning the interview we have had with Mr Sylva Poirier on the 3rd of April 67.
- 2. Mr Sylva Poirier a retired gentleman since 1957, had been employed during ho years by the Imperial Oil Company of Canada (Montreal). Although he is 65 years of age he looks very alert, and seems to have a good physical and mental health condition. Mr Poirier did not give us the impression of a lunatic or an impressionable man. During the past years Mr Poirier had developed a particular interest in astronomy. He showed us some books on astronomy and was at the time studying old books on astronomy making comparisons with new editions of books on the same subject and also collects articles published in newspapers or magazines on related subjects. (Astronomy, meteors, UTO otc). We have also met Mrs Poirier who is a very charming lady and they both seemed very happy. Presently they are planning to sell their home in Repentigny in order to move in Montreal. Both have relatives in Montreal, and Repentigny is very remote from the centre of the city. We believe that Mr Poirier's statement should be considered to its just value coming from a person perfectly sound, and very dependable.
- During the month of August 1966 at approximately 3 o'clock AM, Mr Poirier was awakened by his dog and went in his kitchen and through a large window he saw a luminous object at approximately 10,000 feet altitude at an angle of 40° to 45°. The object had a circular form, the shape and the size of a volleyball and he could also see legs or aerials undermeath, (like the 1st American satelitte which "landed" on the moon a few years ago). The object remained at this altitude without moving for approximately 30 minutes then rotated and moved West towards St Paul 1'Ermite and finally disappeared in the Northwest direction. The color of the object was bright and luminous, changeable from yellow to orange yellow with bluish reflects. During his observation Mr Poirier went outside of his house to hear if there were any sounds, but the object was silent. Mr Poirier stated also that this object was seen during clear nights only and at the regular time of 3 o'clock in the morning from mid August 66 till the end of February 67, since then the object was not seen anymore.



4. After several observations Mr Poirier stated that the object's general direction, (seen from the rear of his house) was coming from East to West and disappearing in the Northwest direction. Mr Poirier did not report the incident to anybody besides Mr Rene St Germain from CFB Montreal.

- 5. Attached to this memorandum are:
 - a. Maps of 1:50,000 showing the location of Mr Poirier's residence. (Amex A)
 - + b. Article from the Gazette of Montreal dated 6 Apr 67 stating "Bright UFO seen in Ontario and Dorval Airport. (Annex B)

M. Cote Captain SO OPS HQ FMC 582

A.F. Avant Group Captain





Mar 1 05 20 67

VV ICA108NUA093VUA036 UVA027

UU

PP RCCUC

DE RCWVC 20 01/0422Z

P 010420Z MAR 67

FM BCC VANCOUVER

TO CANFORCEMED

B

UNCLAS ATO 66 FOR CFCO UFO REPORT

- A 01 MAR 0300Z
- B SEVEN THOUSAND BROKEN VIS CLEAR
- C ROBERT KENWOOD (12) 34 85 WEST 32ND AVE VANCOUVER BC . PH 266-2298
- D AT ABOVE ADDRESS
- E BOTH PARENTS AND A SISTER
- F OVAL SHAPE, WHITE, ALTITUDE UNKNOWN, NONDIRECTIONAL MOVEMENT.
- G SEVEN MINUTES DURATION
- H OBSERVED BELOW CLOUD AND APPEARED TO ROTATE AT TIMES AND SHOWED RED RINGS WHEN ROTATING. IT WAS OBSERVED WITH AND WITHOUT BINOCULARS

, III

.37



PE PCC

ICA113NWA105 VWA052VVV WMAP31 UU

PRIORITY

PP RECVC

DE RCWVC 23 01/0546Z

P 010545Z MAR 67

FM RCC VANCOHVER

TO, CANFORCEHED

BT

UNCLAS ATO 67 FOR CFCO UFO REPORT

A 01 MAR 0415Z

B CLEAR HIGH BROKEN CLOUD CONDITION

C MRS SINCLAIR, DAVIS BAY, BC (3 MILES SE OF SECHELT) 2

D DAVIS BAY BC

E MR SINCLAIR AND RCMP CONSTABLE BRYAN OF SECHELT DETACHMENT

F CIRCULAR, YELLOWISH GREEN CENTRE WITH RED CORONA · ALTITUDE UNKNOWN · NIL MOVEMENT · ONE OBJECT

G 10 MINUTES DURATION

H CONST BYRON PHONED REPORT. HE OBSERVED THE OBJECT FOR ABOUT MINUTES BEFORE IT FADED. HE COULD NOT DETERMINE COLOUR. HE WAS ALERTED BY PHONE AND INTERVIEWED THE OTHER OBSERVERS. IT

WAS OBSERVED IN A WESTERLY DIRECTION FROM DAVIS BAY

BT

38

七二

SALCTS
CFOC.
METEUR CON
NRC-ATTN
DR MILLMAN

FACE 2 RCMPYO 9 UNCLAS

MOVING BUT COMPARISON WITH A HOUSE CHIMNEY SHOWED THAT THE OBJECT WAS MOVING SLOWLY SOUTH TO NORTH. THE OBSERVER REPORTED THAT THE STARS WERE VISIBLE BUT VERY DIM COMPARED TO THE OBJECT. SHAFTS OF LIGHT SEEMED TO EMANATE FROM THE OBJECT AT IRREGULAR INTERVALS. NO SOUND

II S/SGT DAMBER DESCRIBED THE OBJECT AS VERY BRIGHT, WHITISH, STATIONARY, AND LOW ON THE WESTERN HORIZON

TINGE. IT WAS LOW ON THE HORIZON TO THE WITH A RED
ANGLE OF INCLINATION OF 20 DECREES. IN RELATION TO A MEARBY
CHIMNEY, THE OBJECT WAS MOVING SLOWLY SOUTH TO NORTH

0 1 02052 TO 02452, 40 MINUTES

II A FEW MINUTES

11 02052 TO 02252, 20 HINUTES

NIL

W CONST. III



MENNVV PCA269 PWA314 UU

PP RCCWC

DE RCWPYO 9 93/1759Z

P 651700Z MAR 67

FM CANRADSON YORKTON

TO CAMFORCEHED

BT

UNCLAS CES 13

FOR CFOC UFO REPORT

03 MAR 67 0205Z

B SKY CLEAR, STARS VISIBLE

C I MR JV BIRT AND FAMILY, 15 LINCOLN AVE YORKTON

II RCMP STAFF SCT JS BARBER AND RCMP TECHNICIAN MR WE SEDWICK

III CONST WW GOODHAND RCMP

D I TRAVELLING WEST ON BROADWAY AND AT HOME AT '13 LINCOLN AVE II TRAVELLING WEST ON BROADWAY

III VIEWED FROM RCMP RADIO ROOM IN FEDERAL BUILDING 3RD AVE YORKTON

ENIL

FI THE OBJECT OBSERVED BY HR BIRT, HIS WIFE, AND FAMILY WAS VERY BRIGHT CHANGING FROM RED TO ORANGE TO WHITE AND BACK AGAIN THE OBJECT WAS LOW ON THE HORIZON TO THE WEST. IT APPEAR D'TO BE ROUND IN SHAPE. AT FIRST THE OBJECT DID NOT APPEAR TO BE

DGAF SS TO SALLEMAN

ICA 444 NWA 265 VWA 166 WVA109 Oah 22 . 23 MAR 24

RR RCCWC

DE RCWVC 73 23/2228Z

R 232230Z MAR 67

FM RCC VANCOUVER

TO CANFORCEHED

BT

UNCLAS ATOSO

FOR CFOC UFO REPORT

A 190400Z

B CLOUDY

C MR ERIC NOTTINGHAM, 5835 17A AVE LADNER BC, 943-3624

D 5835 17A AVE LADNER BC

E HIS BROTHER

F LIKE A LARGE PARACHUTE, ORANGE, ESTIMATED 5000 FT, DRUFTING SOUTH

TO NORTH THEN EASTWARD, ONE . APPEARED TO HAVE DRIPPING FLAMES,

LIKE A STICK WITH BURNING TAR DRIPPING FROM IT

G ABOUT 45 MINUTES"

HNIL

BT

TIT ING

Mar 24 81 15 187

O.P.I. DOPS

National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada RG 77, Vol. 310

DND JU.A.R./N

FILE NO.41-50

NON-METEORITIC SIGHTING

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL

UAR/REED

ICA371 NWA213VWA130 KJA075

O.P.I. CFOC

PP RCCWC

18 36 67 MAR 31

DE RCWVKJ 47 31/17282

P 311705Z MAR 67

FM CANFORBASE COMOX

TO CANFORCEHED

BT

UNCLAS INT 207

FOR CFOC. UFO REPORT

THREE SIGHTINGS.

A. 3104307(2) 3106307(1)

B. CLEAR, NO MOON.

C. MRS LANG, CAMPPELL RIVER (1)

MRS BROWN, DEMMAN ISLAND(2)

MRS JOHNSON, DENMAN ISLAND(3)

D. UNKNOWN

E. THREE OTHER PERSONS WITH MRS JOHNSON

F. OBLONG IN SHAPE, WITH RED, GREEN AND WHITE LIGHTS SHOWING. (1)

BRIGHT RED OBJECT(2)

PINK, RED AND ORANGE OBJECT HEADING SOUTH EAST(3)

G. 45 HINUTS (1) WAS WITHIN 100 FT WHEN FIRST SPOTTED OTHER UNKNOWN

H. IT. WAS A PARTICULARLY BLACK NIGHT WITH NO CLODS, NO MOON.

AERODROMETRAFFIC DURING THIS PERIOD INCLUDED CF101 DEPARTURES

C G WA, AS MINUTES

PAGE 2 BCWVKJ 47 UNCLAS

AND RECOVERIES, CF100 DEPARTURE AND RECOVERY, ONE AIRLINE RECOVERY AND DEPARTURE AND ONE ALBATROSS RECOVERY. THE UNUSALLY EXCELLENT VISIBITY WITH NO ILLUMINATION AND NO CLOUDS SET THE SCENE FOR OPTICAL ILLUSIONS CREATED BY ANY PASSING AIRLINE. CFB COMOX IS DIRECTLY UNDER AMBER ONE AND LOW LEVEL AND HIGH LEVEL AIRWAYS

National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada

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MEMORANDUM

2000-4 (D Ops) 10 March, 1967.

Place on UFO Files

REPORTS - UFOS - FIREBALLS - METEORITES

References: A. CFAO 71-1 Reporting of Fireball and Meteorite Observations
B. CFAO 71-6 Reporting of Unidentified Flying Objects

- 1. CFHQ/CFCC is the action addressee for reference "B" above and in the case of "A", the report is forwarded to Mr. Greenwood, Director Scientific Co-ordination.
- 2. UFO reports are generally filed and maintained by CFHQ/CFOC without any scientific evaluation being made. Several attempts have been made by D OPS staff to locate an interested governmental agency that would be interested in such reports, however, these attempts have not proved successful. In brief, it would be safe to state that no government agency is interested in UFO reports.
- The USAF has selected the University of Colorado, Boulder, Colorado to conduct independent investigations into UFO reports, analyze phenomena associated with UFO sightings, and double check the Air Force on its investigation methods. Under a research agreement negotiated by the Air Force Office of Scientific Research, Colorado University expects to call on the services of more than 100 scientists around the country. The project is headed by Dr. Edward O. Condon, physics professor. He will be assisted by Dr. S.W. Cook, chairman of the Colorado University psychology department, and Dr. F.E. Roach, astrophysicist with the U.S. Environmental Science Services Administration. Major General E.B. LeBailly, U.S. Air Force Director of information staff handles all reports from intelligent and technically well-qualified individuals, whose integrity cannot be doubted. Dr. Condon and his associates expect to concentrate on about 100 sightings and will submit a report to the Air Force in 1968.
- A. Mr. J. MacBeth, United Press International, Ottawa will most probably be writing a series of articles on UFOs in the near future, and as such, DND may be requested to provide information. One of the most stimulating and scientific appreciation on UFOs may be found in the Aviation Week and Space Technology, 3 October 1966 issue, titled "Many UFOs are identified as Plasmas".
- 5. The Director of Information Services has indicated that he will approach the CDS on the subject matter in order to obtain his views on a possible means to effectively action UFO reports made to DND.

AIA

D.F. Bobertson, W/C

On your radar, would you have localized a mysterious object (definitely for us), that was going in the sky on day and date mentioned above.

My wife and I were coming back from La Sarre and when arriving at Macamic, exactly at twenty five minutes to eight in the evening, I saw in the sky at about 400 feet altitude a brilliant object which was round and which was throwing in the back a green fire, followed by a red fire. My wife and I looked at that object and immediately questioned each other. That object looked bigger than an ordinary airplaine but was round and was very brilliant as though it was white $\frac{h \cdot h}{h \cdot h}$ heat and was throwing green fire as the reflection of arc welding but of green colour which ended in red. Before disappearing, that strange object projected a lot of green fire at its tail. Contrary to a falling star this object was travelling horizontally.

If you have not seen anything on your radar at the time and place mentioned, to not look ridiculous with this affair, I would ask you to ignore all details.

TASCHERMAU, ABITIBI Taschereau le 6 avril. 1967,

La Royal Rir Force Val d'Or, Abitibi, P.Q.

date: Le 5 avril. 1967

Jour: Mercredi soir,

heure: 7.35-Meure du soir,

Lieu: Sur le chemin de Macamic, Abitibi

Messieurs,

Sur votre radar, auriez-vous localisé un objet mistérieux (pour nous certainement), qui se promenait dans le ciel au jour et date mentionnés plus haut.

Ma femme et moi nous revenions de LeSarre et en arrivant a Macamic, exactement a 8 heures moins vinght-cinq du soir je vis dans le ciel a quelques 400 pieds d'altitude un objet tres brillant fait en rond lequel jetait en arrière un feu vert, suivi d'un feu rouge Ma femme et moi avons regardé cette objet et immédiatement nous nous sommes intéroger mutuellement. Cette objet paraissait plus gros du'un avion ordinaire cependant fait en rond et était tres brillant tout comme si elle était chauffé à blanc et crachait du feu vert (comme le reflet d'une soudure électrique cependant de couleur vert qui se terminait en rouge. Avant de disparetre, cette chose étrange a projeté beaucoup de feu vert a sa queue. Contraîrement à une étoile filance, cette objet voyagait monrisontale.

Si vous n'avez rien vu dans votre radar a l'haure et a l'endroit mentionnés, afin de ne pas paraître ridicule avec cette affaire, je vous prie d'ignorer ces détails, et je demeure,

Votre tout dévoué,

Taschereau, A bitibi, P.Q.

Ce qui m'a frappé le plus c'est que cette objet ronde crachait du feu vert suivi de rouge,

RG'77, Vol. 310

ROYAL CANADIAN MOUNTED POLICE

MESSAGE FORM

A Principal Company

T-329

| SERIAL NUMBER PREFIX | | |
|--|--|--|
| Precedence for Information Addresses | Date 67 | Security Classification Unclassified |
| | | |
| N D/OPS | | |
| IME OF SITEING - 3 APR 67 OF SKY - SKY CLEAR F OBSERVER - FORTUNE COVE, OF BURSTS - NO BURSTS - BRIGHT LIGHT STAR THEN LUE AND REDISH IN COLOUR W UT FOUR FT. IN DIAMETER, R APPROXIMATELY 2 MINUTES. ONE N SKY - DESCRIBED AS VERY D OUT OF SIGHT WITH CURVAT | DIM AND BRI | N OR TRAIL. |
| A CONTRACTOR OF TAXABLE PARTIES | A.P. Harrison TI | |
| E NICE IL | THE FOLLOWING UPO SITEING WE COVE, P.E.I. ME OF SITEING - 3 APR 67 OF SKY - SKY CLEAR OF BURSTS - NO BURSTS - BRIGHT LIGHT STAR THEN LUE AND REDISH IN COLOUR WAT TOWN FOUR PT. IN DIAMETER, IN APPROXIMATELY 2 MINUTES. ONE WE SKY - DESCRIBED AS VERY OUT OF SIGHT WITH CURVANI UNUSUAL OBSERVATIONS - NOR | THE FOLLOWING UPO SITEING WAS OBSERVED BY SITEING TO SITE OF SUBSERVED BY SERVED BY STAR THEN DIM AND BRICUE AND REDISH IN COLOUR WITH NO TRAIL OF SIGHT LIGHT STAR THEN DIM AND BRICUE AND REDISH IN COLOUR WITH NO TRAIL OF SIGHT WITH SITE ONE OF SIGHT WITH CURVATURE OF EART OF SIGHT WITH CURVATURE OF EART OF SIGHT WITH CURVATURE OF EART OF SIGHT WITH CURVATURE OF S |

INSTRUCTIONS

- PRECEDENCE Indicates to COMCENTRE the relative order in which messages are to be transmitted.
 - (a) FOR ACTION ADDRESSES Enter precedence assigned to all action addressees, i.e., DEFERRED, ROUTINE, PRIORITY, OPERATIONAL IMMEDIATE or EMERGENCY.
 - (b) FOR INFORMATION ADDRESSES Enter precedence assigned to all information addressees usually DEFERRED.
- 2. DATE Enter first three letters of month followed by figures indicating the day of the month, e.g., OCT21.
- SECURITY CLASSIFICATION Enter security classification assigned to the message, i.e., UNCLASSIFIED, RESTRICTED, CONFIDENTIAL, SECRET, or TOP SECRET.
- FROM Enter "address from" using authorized designation of originator's HQ, e.g., COMMR OTT; C DIV MTL; VCR S/DIV.
- TO Enter all action addresses. Local abbreviations are not to be used if addressee is outside the Force.
- INFO Enter all information addresses. In multiple address messages (same message to more than one addressee), addressees to be designated either ACTION or INFORMATION.
- 7. ORIGINATOR'S REFERENCE NUMBER Enter originator's reference number. It will be transmitted as first word of text of message.
- 8. TEXT Text of message should be clear and concise. Authorized abbreviations are to be used wherever possible. If the attention of an individual, appointment or office is desired, this information must be included at the beginning of the text and not in the address.
- FILE NUMBER, BRANCH or SECTION, DRAFTER'S NAME, etc. To be filled in by the
 originator to facilitate prompt handling of a reply or query regarding the message. This information is not transmitted.
- RELEASING OFFICER'S SIGNATURE Signature of the individual authorizing the despatch of the message.
- 11. TIME RELEASED Local time of signature.

AT 0745 & RECEIVED A TELEPHINE CALL

(LONG DISTANCE) FROM APERSON WHO REFUSED

TO REVEAL MIS NAME BUT CLAIMED HE

REPRESENTED A CROUPS OF PROPIE WHO

SAW A UFO "TAKE AN AIRPLANE" THE

FOLLOWING IS THE ONLY INFORMATION THE

PERSON WOULD GIVE AND IS THE PRECISE

WAY A HE DICTATED THE INFORMA-

- A) I SAW A UFO ATTACK AN AIRPLANE
 IN 1962 IN NEW YORK STATE, USA.
- B) WE WERE THREATENED AND HAD TO KEEP
- SOUERNMENTS ARE HIDING SOMETHING

 OR INFORMATION PERTAINING TO THE

 UFO SITUATION FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

 AND FROM ITS OWN PEUPLE.
- THE MESSAGE TO ALL OTHER FREE
 NATIONS, AS MANY AS POSSIBLE.

dispersion claimed the was a patriotic distingtion of the last hours of though he has had had then with the reads.

44

POASSE PVASSS JZAGIS

PP ROCUC

DE RCVPJZ 6 11/1638Z

P 102100Z APR 67

FM CANFORBASE HOOSE JAV

TO CANFORCEHED

BT

UNCLAS ATOSS

FOR CFOC UFO REPORT.

A 8438Z TO 8458Z 21 FEB.

B HAZY AT TIMES BUT CLEAR AT TIME OF SIGHTING.

C MRS DARLENE CROSSON PO BOX NUMBER 9 LINERICK SASK

D IN FRONT OF HER FARM HOUSE WHICH FACES SOUTH.

E MR ARTHUR SINCLAIR, LIMERICK SASK.

F DETAILS SKINPY EXCEPT THAT THE OBJECT WAS

SPHERICAL, YELLOW BODIED, HAD A SERIES OF GREEN

LIGHTS AT THE TOP WITH A RED LIGHT ABOVE THE GREEN LIGHTS.

G SAME OR SIMILAR OBJECT OBSERVED BY SURROUNDING

FARM NEIGHBOURS ON DIFERENT NIGHTS.

H WORDS TAKEN FROM MRS CROSSONS REPORT QUOTE

IT CAME IN FROM THE SOUTH-EAST AT INCREDIBLE SPEED,

FROM A PINPOINT OF LIGHT TO A BRILLIANT LIGHT SINILAR

IN INTENSITY TO THE HEADLIGHTS OF A CAR AT 1/4 HILE.

C WA SPEED, FROM

ř

PIRST THOUGHTS WERE THAT OF A JET CRASHING AND I
DIDNT KNOW WHETHER TO TAKE THE CHILDREN FROM THE HOUSE
OR NOT. IT CAME STRAIGHT TOWARD THE HOUSE. IT STOPPED DUTO A
THELIA MILE FROM THE HOUSE DIRECTLY UNDER A POWER LINE
THE LIGHTS IN THE HOUSE DIRECTLY UNDER A POWER LINE
FREEZE CUTS IN AND STAYED DIM AS LONG AS THE OBJECT WAS
STATIONED UNDER THE POWER LINE, APPROX IS MINUTES. THE OBJECT
DEPARTED AT THE SAME SPEED, DISAPPEARED, REAPPEARED IN THE
SAME SPOT AS BEFORE, MADE A LARGE ARC AND
DISAPPEARED INTO THE EAST UNQUOTE.
BT

National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada

RG 77, Vol. 310

PRIORITY Physics

DOVE PEARTO SCALAGNANDIS 21 UM '61 DOTO

DE RCCSNF 16 10/1934Z

R 101900Z APR 67

FM CANRADSON FALCONBRIDGE

TO RCCWC/CANFORCEHED OPS

INFO RCCPGJ/ROYAL ASTRONOMICAL SOCIETY OF CANADA 252 COLLEGE

ST TORONTO 2B ONT

RCCVC/METEOR CENTRE NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL OTTAWA 2 ONT

BT

UNCLAS CESSIT

A 080420Z

B CLEAR

C SOUTH OF CHIEF LAKE NEAR LONG LAKE NEAR SUDBURY

D NOT MOVING

E THREE TIMES AS BRIGHT AS THE STARS

F RED BLUE WHITE AND GREEN

G THREE TIMES AS BIG AS THE STARS

H TWO HOURS

J NIL

K 45 DEGREES ABOVE HORIZON

L NIL

27

46

MARIO 23 43'67

CAGO 7 NVAQ3 7VVA GO OVVA Q57

W

PP RCCWC

BE RCWIC 46 20/03572

P 200046E APR 67

FH RCC VARCOUVER

TO CAMPORCEHED

BT.

UNCLAS ATO117

FOR CFOC UPO REPORT

A 200305Z

B CLOUBY

C MES, HOFFAT

B 616 REDFERN, RICHOND, BC

E DANNY MOFFAT (SON)

F LONG AND SLENDER, LIKE A CONE, WITH A FLASHING LIGHT ON THE

BOTTOM. OBJECT HOVED FROM WEST TO EAST AS IT ASCENDED, THEN

DISPERKED IN THE CLOUDS.

6 APPROX 20 MINUTES.

H VANCOUVER ACC HAD HEGATIVE REPORTED AIR TRAFFIC. NO HOISE

ASSOCIATED WITH OBJECT

-

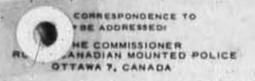
180

47

APR 20 0 4 2 3 67

[O.P.I.] CFOC

PRIORITY





TOUTE CORRESPONDANCE DOLT ÊTRE ADRESSEE COMME SUITI LE COMMISSAIRE GENDARMERIE ROYALE DU CANADA OTTAWA 7, CANADA

S-2000-4 (Int S-2) HEADQUARTERS - DIRECTION GÉNÉRALE

YOUR NO.

S-2005-0050/124 (ACDS)

OUR NO. NOTRE NO HQ-400-Q-5

May 11, 1967

OTTAWA 7, CANAD RECEIVED Heterred to.

BY HAND

Directorate of Security, Canadian Forces Headquarters, 4054 "B" Building, Cartier Square, OTTAWA 4, Ontario.

> Re: Unidentified Flying Objects -Reporting

Attached for your information are self-explanatory copies of our Fort McMurray Detachment report dated 20 APR 67.

Encl:

cer in Charge, Criminal Investigation Branch.

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEFENCE

Canadian Forces Headquarters Ottawn 4, Ontario

, 2 Hay, 1967.

204 Church Street Oshawa, Ontario

Dear Mr Goldings

Your report of an unusual observation on April 5th between 7 and 8 P.M. EST and request for information regarding jet traffic in the Oshawa area has been investigated. The following report is forwarded for your information.

Unfortunately, Cehawa is just beyond the low-level coverage of air traffic control radar at Trenton and Toronto. Therefore, we are desirable to definitely determine whether there were jet aircraft at 1000 feet, or lower, in your area at the time. However, it is most unlikely that jet aircraft would operate over a city at such low altitude without prior permission and without submitting a low-flying report. No low-flying has been reported and no jet aircraft were aircorne within one hour of the time reported.

It is important to note, however, that the Meteor Centre has received a number of sightings of a bright fireball on April 5th, between 7 and 8 P.M. EST from your area. Scientists of the Centre are very interested in such reports because they are anxious to determine the type of object, or objects, and predicting possible impact point, or points. Even though you may feel that your observation was not a meteorite or fireball it is requested that you submit a full report. The Centre can compare your report with others and gain invaluable information or what type of object was involved, the number of objects, the flight path and impact point, if any. For your convenience a reporting form is enclosed. Please complete and send to:

National Research Council Ottawa 7, Ontario.

If the Meteor Centre finds your observation is unrelated to the fireball sightings, your report will be forwarded to this office for further investigation.

Yours sincerely,

Squadron Leader for Chief of the Defence Staff

Sept AO Cadieux/2-4535/lv Orig Circ File KODAK SAFETYAFILM BE

DEPARTMENT OF NATIONAL DEPENCE



MINISTÈRE DE LA DÉFENSE NATIONALE

1350-1(Protocol)

Canadian Forces Base Trenton, Astra, Ontario.

25 April, 1967.

Master D.W. Golding, 20h Church Street, Oshawa, Ontario.

Dear Master Golding:

We are in receipt of your well written letter of 22 Epril, 1967, and am writing to reiterate the information passed on to you in my former correspondence.

Again, there are no jets based here at Canadian Forces Base Trenton and, again, we do not keep track of CIVILIAN airline schedules. If you wish to continue into this matter, address further correspondence to:

> Department of Transport, Air Traffic Control Centre, Toronto International Airport, Malton, Ontario. Attention: Senior Controller

> > Yours truly,

P.S. Hargreaves Flying Officer

for Base Commander Canadian Forces Base Trenton Mr. Donald W. Golding, 204 Church St., Oshawa, Omtario, May 2 not. 1967 Mr. X. R. Scobie, Canada. Department of National, Ottawa 4 Ontario, Canada.

Dear Mr. Scobie,

I am writing in regards
to this letter, which I enclose here.

Now for two years I have been
studying U.F.O., & I have obtained
data from the U.S. A. F on the subject.

Now on april 5th, of last month,
thee U.F.O. where sighted in the
Oshawa Toronto area! How ever
officials said at Toronto International
air port that they had spotted
a meteorite! The fact is these
three sightings were not, meteorites!

So the question came into mind
was the objects jets. How ever

to a fact that jets have been landing and takeing off at Trenton! This reply from the flying officer of base commander, is nothing but. a white wash job I beleave. an R.C. A.F. jet aixcraft in the Oshawa on the evening of april 5th/67 between 7.00 018.00 pm. EST? Now that all I want to know. I w got to check out these things, befor they can be listed as unidentified. Donald W. Golding

Ottawa 4, Ontario

Mr. D.W. Golding 204 Church St. Oshawa, Ontario

Dear Mr. Golding:

I have referred your letter of 2 May, 1967, concerning your study of Unidentified Flying Objects to the Director of Operations in the Branch of the Vice Chief of the Defence Staff who will reply directly to you.

Yours sincerely

Original Signed

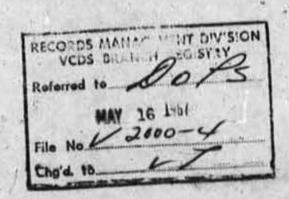
K.R. Scobie Director General, Civilian Personnel

K.R. Scobie/10-5-67/sac/2-5311

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MR. Donald W. Golding, 204 Church st. Oshawa Ontario, May 12th. 1967.

MR. K.R. Scobie, Department of National Defence Ottawa 4 Ontario.



Dear Mr. Scobie,

I recived your reply , to my letter of May 2nd / 67 today. Thank you for your reply. I have not heard from vice chief of defence staff, as yet. How ever I will likely in a day or to.

YOUR ,S SINCERELY ,

MI Donald W. Golding

MR. Donald W. Golding.

Report to Department of National Defence INVESTIGATION OF AERIAL PHENOMENA

FACT & FINDING OF THE COBEL CASE:

MAY (9th 1967)

THIS REPORT PRIST APPEARD IN THE OSHAWA TIMES ON APRIL 6th! 967.

Carol A. Cobel of Oshawa Ontario, was out playing.

While playining in the neighborhood around 7.00/8.00 pm.

Roddy sighted a rocket shaped object. The object had red, green, and white flashing light,s. The Oshawa Times at that time was told by Toronto International Air Porto officials that the object was an meteorite. How ever thats when our investigation started.

Facts & Findings

The object that Roddy saw was flying 20ft, above the hydro poles, west bound, Roddy thought that the object was going to crash in to a small factory on the other side of the street. How ever the object went up over the building to an ALT. of 500 to 800 feet. The object had red, green, and white fla shing lights and a blue tax flame.

Checking with Canadian Forces Base TRENTON, I was told by FLYING OFFICER of BASE COMMANDER P.S. Hargreaves, that they had NO jets based their. We then check, t with the Canadian

Department of Transport air traffic control center, at Toronto International Air port, that said that there was no civil or military air craft in the oshawa aera, at 1000 ft. alt. at that time on aprial 5th; of 1967.



The Object ROddy Cobel sighted Appil 5th/67 was not,

- (A) An turbo jet.
- (B) An Prop driven air craft.
 - (C 0) An Meteorite.
- (D) An balloon .
- (E) An Satellite .
- (F) An Star or planet .
- (G) An ihallucination .
- (H O'An Missile or rocket .
- (I) An Cloud .
- (J) Mirage .
- (K) An Inversion .

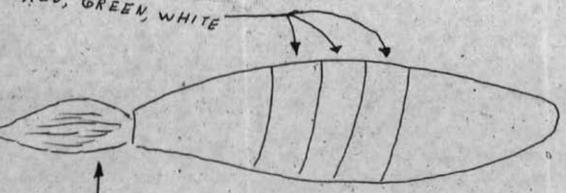
The Object Roddy Cobel sighted the evening of April 5th /67, is one type of U.F.O. listed in a special report, sent to me. From the Office of secretary HQ. U.S.A.F. Washington DC. by Lt. Colonel George P. Freeman Jr. on April 19th, 67.

YOUR,S SINCERELY,

Mr. Donald W. Golding

MR. DONALD W. GOLDING

COLOURD FLASHING LIGHTS
RED, GREEN, WHITE



LENTH OF OBJECT 20ft.

OBJECT MADE SOUND LIKE AJET

BLUE TAIL FLAME



MININY ICA 017NVB005VWA 014VVA 010

UU Am 30 09 12 12

PP RCCWC

BE RCWVC 3 30/07352

BE P 3007302 APR 67

FM RCC VANCOUVER

TO CANFORCHED

BT

UNCLAS ATO128

FOR CFOC UFO REPORT

A 300430Z

B CLEAR WITH SOME SCATTERED CLOUD.

C MES MURIEL PARRY 7065 BELCARRA BRIVE, BURNABY BC

FR DONALD JAMES MATTRICK 7050 CURTISS DR. BURNABY BC

MR WARD LINEGER SWITE 21, 2625 MEMLOCK ST. BURNABY BC

D AT RESIDENCES SPECIFIÉD IN C.

E FAMILIES AND HEIGHBORS OF THE INDIVIDUALS AND IN C.

F GVAL SHAPED, REDDISH GRANGE FIRE-LIKE APPEARENCE, THE OBJECT

APPEARED FROM THE HORTH BOWN INDIAN ARM MOUNT SEYMORE AREA

OVER BURNARY HOUNTAIN THEN WESTERLY TOWARDS THE SEA ISLAND

AIRPORT, IT HOVERED NOMENTARILY OVER BURRARD INLEY BURNARY

MOUNTAIN AREA AND DISCHARGED SMALLER OBJECTS OF LIKE COLORING

WHICH BURNED OUT WITHIN A SHORT PERIOD OF TIME, IN EACH REPORT

THE OBJECT SEEMED TO BE TRAVELING AT A RIGH SPEED, WHEN IT

Plu file under open OFO Suporti WARWA

0. P. I. C. FOC

50

DISAPPEARED IT DID NOT SEEN TO BURN OUT BUT RATHER,

THE INTENSITY OF THE LIGHT WAS CONSTANT AND THE OBJECT

DIMINISHED IN SIZE UNTIL IT WAS NO LONGER VISIBLE. THERE WAS NO

SOUND HEARD IN ANY OF THE REPORTS, NONE OF THE REPORTEES WERE

ASER TO ESTIMATE THE ALTITUDE OF THE UPO HOWEVER HR MATTRICK

STATED THAT IT WAS ABOUT THE SIZE OF A FIFTY CENT PIECE BUT HE

COULD NOT ISTIMATE ITS DISTANCE FROM HIM.

G APPROXIMATELY FIFTHEN MINUTES IN ALL CASES.

H ROMP BURNABY RECEIVED SEVERAL SINILAR REPORTS. SEVERAL ROMP

FOLICE CARS IN THE BURNABY AREA DID NOT SEE THE OBJECT. THEY

ATTRIBUTE THE REPORTS TO REFLECTION OF LIGHTS FROM AN OIL

REFINERY IN THE AREA OFF OF A LOW CLOUD.

DND / U, A. R./N

FILE NO.51 - 60

NON-METEORITIC SIGHTING

NATIONAL RESEARCH COUNCIL

UAR/REED

PRIORITY

NURSHAVY PCHISE CPAO12

PP RCCVC

DE RCCPC 2 29/0400Z

R 2903592

FM OPP DHO PERTH ONT

TO CANFORCEHED

BT

UNICLAS RE TELEPHONE CONVERSATION WITH 705 COMMISON REI U.F.O.S.

IN PERTH AREA.

I HAVE NAMES AND ADDRESSES AND STATEMENTS FROM VITNESSES

CONCERNED.

DUE TO CIRCUMSTANCES AT THIS END I CANNOT SEND YOU A WRITTEN REPORT, BUT IF ONE OF YOUR PEOPLE CAME DOWN I COULD GIVE HIM A VERBAL ONE. PROV CONST J A RYCKMAN 2256 OFF DIO PERTH

BT

51

National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada RG 77, Vol. 310

V 2000-4 (DOpa)

/ May, 1967.

/ UFO File

UFO REPORT OPP CONSTABLE J.A. RYCKMAN 2256

Reference: A. Telegram from OPP DHQ Perth, Ont 290359 Apr.

1. Attached as Annexes A to D are reports, as required by CFAO 71-6, of four seperate UFO sitings.

2. The four reports were given verbally to the undersigned as Constable Ryckman stated that he would be subject to ridicule if the reports were sent through official OPP channels.

> W. Bain S/L D Ope 4-2 2-2900

5/

ANNEX A TO V 2000-4 (DOps) DATED: - May, 1967.

WITNESS ONE

- a. 20 April between 2000 and 2030 hrs.
- b. Sky clear very still night.
- c. Ken Fournier OPP Const. Perth, Ont.
- d. On the roof of his house in the town of Perth.
- e. NIL at this location.
- f. Two objects with a flashing red light on each. Light was so bright as to obscure the object. Hoved in a SE direction at a slow speed and was twice as high as the trees. The objects were silent.
- g. Two or three minutes.
- h. Witness reports two, three and four possibly refer to the same objects.

ANNEX B TO V 2000-4 (DOps) DATED: WMay, 1967.

WITNESS TWO

- a. 20 April 2030 hrs (approximately)
- ba Clear
- c. Ivan Van Dusen serious in this case.
- d. In his auto west of Rideau Ferry 7 or 8 miles SE of Witness One.
- e. A female
- f. Two objects slow moving like a helicopter. Lights moved up and down as though objects floated. Auto followed lights at normal 40 = 50 MPH speeds until CPR Teletype tower reached (1 = 2 miles). When at tower both objects hovered over the tower one remaining still while the other revolved around the first at a slightly lower altitude but still above the tower. At this time there were no lights and no sound from the objects. Objects described as having a dome or top light similar to an OPP car top light. Below this light was a larger dome of a size large enough to be a cockpit. This larger dome seemed to be illuminated from the interior. Below this dome was discernable the top of a still larger dome. Sides and bottom were not seen.
- g. Hovered over tower for 3 4 minutes. On departure objects seperated and disappeared at high speed making a wind-rushing noise or possibly that of a jet engine.

ANNEX C TO V2000-4 (DOps) DATED: / May, 1967.

WITNESS THREE

- a. 20 April 2040 hrs
- b. Clear night
- c. Clark Lavender age 16
 Everet Lavender age 16
 Debie Lavender age 12
 Mrs Lavender
 Mrs Essex Clements age 62
- d. Inside house looking out north window and from ontop of house. House is located on the west side of Port Elmsley, near Perth on #43 highway.
- e. Two objects each of which had a fast-flashing bright red light. The objects made no noise but moved very slowly 50° above the ground. The objects passed over the house in a northerly direction and continued on to a pair of pine trees some 200 yds away where they hovered. One object took up a position lower than the other then the pair descended toward the ground. Once near the ground the objects flashed away at high speed.

ANNEX D TO V2000-4 (DOps) DATED: 4 May, 1967.

WITNESS FOUR

- a. 20 April 2045
- b. Clear

MOX.

- c. John Ryckman OPP Perth, Ont. Orlan Johnson OPP Perth, Ont.
- d = g. In OPP cruiser driving SE on highway 43 from Perth to Elmsley. Both were responding to a call from Witness Three. Lights viewed in the Army communications area, 2 = 3 miles from Port Elmsley. Flashing lights appeared to be among the many towers and were both moving up and down slowly. When cruiser approached the lights moved away to the NE at 50 = 60 MPH. At the end of a 2 minute observation the lights disappeared at high speed.

DAK SAFETY AFILM BE



NNNAVV PCA242 SNAOO2

UU

Mm 15 08 21 161 DOPS

PP RCCUC

DE RCCPSN 1 15/06342

P 150630Z APR 67

FM CANFORBASE CLINTON

TO RCCRC/CANLIFTCOM RCC

RCCWC/CANFORCEHED

BT

UNCLAS D1

UPO SIGHTING PD AT APPROXIMATELY 0430Z MR GORD MALONEY OF GEORGE
STREET SEAFORTH AND MR ANDY CALDER OF RR2 SEAFORTH WERE TRAVELLING
FROM SEAFORTH TO CLINTON ON A GRAVEL ROAD ONE AND ONE QUARTER MILES
NORTH OF HIGHWAY NUMBER 8 PD DRIVING WEST, THEY HAD PROCEEDED
APPROXIMATELY 3 3/4 MILES WHEN A CRESCENT SHAPED OBJECT, YELLOWISH
ORANGE IN COLOR, CAME AT THEM VERY RAPIDLY PD THEY STOPPED THE CAR
AND WERE ABOUT TO TURN AROUND WHEN THE UFO ALSO STOPPED PD THE UFO
THEN MADE A SEMI-CIRCLE AROUND THE CAR AND RETREATED PD WHEN THEY
DECIDED TO FOLLOW THE UFO SPED AWAY RAPIDLY AND ITS SHAPE BECAME
MORE LIKE A CRESCENT MOON PRESUMABLY BECAUSE IT WAS FLYING AT AN
ANGLE. THEY COULD PERCEIVE A WHITISH GLOW FROM THE TOP OF IT AT
ALL TIMES. THEY STOPPED THE CAR AGAIN AND THE UFO ALSO STOPPED
AND CAME BACK TOWARDS THE CAR DECREASING ITS ALTITUDE AT THE SAME
TIME.PE THIS CHAIN OF EVENTS OCCURRED TWICE PD THE THIRD TIME

PAGE 2 RCCPSN 1 UNCLAS

IT KEPT RETREATING AT A STEADY PACE IN FRONT OF THE CAR REGARDLESS
OF THE SPEED THE CAR WAS TRAVELLING. JUST BEFORE ENTERING THE
TOWN OF CLINTON THE OBJECT DISAPPEARED.

C PAGE 1 LINE 20 WA TIME. THIS

BT



APR 13 06 35 67

NNNNVV ICA145NWA125VWA071 WVA030

UU O. P.I. cFoc

PP RCCWC

DE RCWVC 20 13/0604Z

P 130600Z APR 67

FM RCC VANCOUVER

TO CANFORCEHED

BT

UNCLAS ATO 109 FOR CFOC UFO REPORT

- A 130435Z
- B CLEAR IN AREA WITH SOME CLOUDS TO NORTHWEST
- C MISS DALE NORMAN(21) PHONE 298 5169
- D 7252 CURTIS STREET BURNABY
- E MR AND MRS NORMAN. MR M DEMARS(24)
- ALT APPROX 2000FT. SEEN CLEARLY AS IT TRAVELLED IN NORTHWESTERN DIRECTION IN HORIZONTAL PLANE AT VERY FAST RATE EMITTING SPARKS AT INTERVALS
- G THREE MINUTES
- H PICTURES TAKEN OF OBJECT. RESULTS NOT KNOWN YET. OBJECT DISAPPEARED IN THE FORM OF LIGHTS TURNING OFF, BUT THE CLEAR OUTLINE OF A DISC SHAPED OBJECT WAS SEEN ASCENDING INTO THE CLOUDS IN THE NORTHWEST.

DT



MINNVV ICAO25NWA034 VWA027 WVA010

P RECUC

DE ROVVC 35 14/0006Z

P 140005Z APR 67

FM RCC VANCOUVER

TO CANFORCEHED

BT

UNCLAS ATOILI

FOR CFOC UFO REPORT

A 130345Z

B CLEAR

C MR FR WITHERS, 6620 DUNEDIN, BURNABY, 299-2924

D HOME

E MRS WITHERS

F APPEARED LIKA A METEOR OR SATELLITE FALLING APART. SOUTH TO

NORTH. FALLING PARTS RED

G 5 - 10 MINUTES

H OBSERVER STATES NOT A STAR OR AIRCRAFT

BT

1854

. .

UU

APR 14 00 56 67

0. P. I. 08

Mrs. 14 17.0 : 67

National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada RG 77, Vol. 310

NNN 1 81-254N WA 117V WA 077 WVA 039

UU

PP RCCWC

DE RC WVC 23 06/1552Z

P 0615502 APR 67

FM RCC VANCOUVER

TO CANFORCEHED

BT

UNCLAS ATO102

FOR CFOC UPO REPORT

A 060600Z

B CLEAR

C MR COIFFORD SMITH 1148 THURLOW, VANCOUVER PHONE 6851531

D UBC CAMPUS

E N/A

F FIRST APPEARED TO BE A STAR THAT MOVED FROM WEST TO EAST IN A

ZIG ZAG LINE. VERY HIGH WITH COLOUR CHANGE TO FLASHING RED

AND WHITE

G ONE MIN

H NIL

BT 142

C WA MR CLIFFOR

AM 6 30.01 CFOC

MORITY

NMINVV PCA428 SCB417 CSA186

PP RCCWC

DE RCCSC 152 04/2224Z

P R 042215Z APR 67

FM CANFORBASE ST HUBERT

TO RCCWC/CANFORCEHED OPS

RCCRC/CANLIFTCOM RCC

INFO ZEN/MR WILLIAM A WARREN 30 52ND AVE LACHINE PQ

BB 14 23 45 67

0, P.T.

BT

UNCLAS ATOSOS

A. 4 APR 1845

B-CLEAR

C GRANBY

D NA

E N/A

F SILVERY

G OVAL IN SHAPE

H NA

J NA

K NA

L OBSERVER REPORTED SIZE ONE HALF 45 GALLON OIL DRUM
OBJECT DISAPPEARED BETWEEN ST CESAIRE AND FARMHAM INTO WOODED AREA

SOUTH SIDE OF AUTO ROUTE. RECEIVED FROM MR FANNING

BT

56

National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada

RG 77, Vol. 310

NA PCA328A393 YOAO10 UU

PP RCCWC

DE NOWPYO 3 05/1701Z
P 051700Z APR 67
FM CANRADSQN-YORKTON
TO CANFORCEHED



O.P. Octoc

BT

UNCLAS CES 148

FOR CFOC. UFO REPORT.

A 0450Z 4 APR 67

B CLEAR SKY, STARS VISIBLE

C MRS FANDREY AND SON, EBENEZER SASK

D ESSO STATION AT EBENEZER SASK, FKCG3327

E NIL

THE SINGLE OBJECT WAS SIGHTED TO THE NORTH EAST AND WAS OBSERVED.
THROUGH BINOCULARS. IT CHANGED ITS COLOUR FROM ORANGE TO RED AND
FLAMES APPEARED TO BE COMING FROM ONE END. THE OBJECT HOVERED LOW TO
THE NE. IT WAS MOVING UP AND DOWN AND WAS DIFFICULT TO KEEP IN THE
FIELD OF VIEW OF THE DINOCULARS. THERE APPEARED TO BE TWO SHINING
AERIALS ON THE OBJECT. A RELATIVE OF THE OBSERVER SAID HIS TV
RECEPTION WAS DISTURBED AT THIS TIME. THE OBSERVERS TV SET WAS NOT
AFFECTED. THE OBJECT MOVED OFF TOWARD THE NORTH AND WAS OBSCURED BY
THE TREE LINE. IT IS DESCRIBED AS BEING SHAPED LIKE AN OLD ARMOURED

PAGE 2 RCWPYO 3 UNCLAS

SHIELD.

TOTAL DUBTION OF OBSERVATION 10 MINUTES

H NIL

BT

National Research Council of Canada/ RG 77, Vol. 310 Conseil national de recherches du Canada NNNNVY ICA 022NWB001 VWA 022WVA 010 APR JU U 7 5 U '67

RR RCCWC

DE RCWVE 3 03/060 8Z

R 030550Z APR 67

FM RCC VANCOUVER

TO CANFORCEHED

H

UNCLAS ATO98

FOR CFOC UFO REPORT

A 030510Z

B CLEAR

C MRS ROGERS, 1272 CONNAUGHT DR IVE. VANCOUVER. RE8-9566

D AT HOME LOOKING OUT IN A NORTHEAST DIRECTION .

E MR ROGERS AND FIVE CHILDREN, THE OLDEST 17 YEAR OLD MALE-

F ROUND OBJECT WITH RED AND WHITE LIGHTS, SEEN THROUGH TELESCOPE
ALTITUDE UNKNOWN - MOVEMENT ALTERNATED BETWEEN BURSTS OF SPEED AND
HOVERING - ABOUT THE SIZE OF A MEDIUM SIZED STAR

0.P.I.

G ABOUT 8 - 10 MINS.

H LAST OBSERVED HEAD ING SOUTH AT VERY HIGH RATE OF SPEED AND

DISAPPEARED OVER TREES AND HOUSES

BT

58

CFUC

OO RECEVE

DE RECPGJ 01 04/0146Z

0 P 040135Z

TH CFB TORONTO

TO RECUE/GANFORCIMED

INFO RECRE/CANLEFTCOM REC

BT

UNCLAS DIS

UEO SIGHTING REPORTED TO CONTROL TOWER. TWO ORANGE OBJECTS

SIGHTED AT OAOLOOZ HOVING EAST. COMPLETE INFO TO FOLLOW

National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada

RG 77, Vol. 310



NNNNVVVV PCA404GJA136

UU

MAY 4 21 . 4 3 '67

PP RCCMC

DE RCCPGJ 79 04/1933Z

P 041500Z MAY 67

FM CANFORBASE TORONTO

TO RCCRC/CNLIFTCOM RCC

RCCWC/CANFORCEHED

BT

UNCLAS ATC16

UFO SIGHTING. FURTHER OUR DIS 040135Z. AT 040105Z

MR F TOGSON, 179 VODSELL AVE DOWNSVIEW, REPORTED 2 ROUND OBJECTS, SIZE OF A FOOTBALL, MOVING EAST AT JET SPEED EMITTING SPARKS FROM BOTTOM. OTHER MEMBERS OF FAMILY SAW SAME OBJECTS. WEATHER ESTIMATED

4000 FT BROKEN VIS BETTER THAN 15 MILES

BT

advantable of

59

National Research Council of Canada/ Conseil national de recherches du Canada RG 77, Vol. 310

V 2000-4 (D Ops)

Canadian Forces Headquarters Ottawa 4, Ontario.

6 June, 1967.

Mr. F. Togson, 179 Vodsell Ave., Downsview, Ont.

Dear Mr. Togson:

Your sighting report of Unidentified Flying Objects has been passed to this office for evaluation.

Your interest in reporting this matter is appreciated, and if further information is required, an officer of the Canadian Forces will be in touch with you. Thank you for your co-operation.

Yours truly,

Agaby

D.F. Robertson Wing Commander for Director of Operations

S/L JA Horrison/2-4535/md

Distribution Circ File Orig

AVV ICAG41 PEAG390EBG41COAG25

UU

PP RCCWC

DE RCEOC 23 15/12002

P R 151200Z MAY 67

FM RCC HALIFAX

TO RCCWC/CANFORCEHED

INFO ZEN/CANMARCOM

BT

UNCLAS RCCOOS

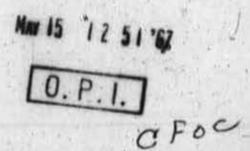
FOR CFOC

UFO REPORTS

A 1511157 MAY

- B HIGH CIRRUS, VIS 15-20 MILES, WIND WEST 15-20K
- C CHESTER TURNBULL, EMPLOYEE GRINDSTONE, MI, MARINE RADIO STATION (TEL 986-2740)
- D AT GRINDSTONE MARINE RADIO STATION 4725N 6152W
- E FIRST SIGHTED BY ROBERT SHAW, HOVEVER SEVERAL
 - SUBSEQUENT REPORTS RECEIVED FROM CITIZENS OF GRINDSTONE AREA
- F WHITE OR BLAZ COLOURED CONICAL SHAPED OBJECT AT 30000 FEET ABOUT 4 - 5 MILES WEST OF GRINSTONE
- G APPEARS TO BE STATIONARY

H NIL





V 2000-4 (DOps)

Canadian Forces Headquarters
Ottawa 4, Ontario

June, 1967.

Mr. Chester Turnbull Grindstone Marine Radio Station Grindstone, Maine, U.S.A.

Dear Mr. Turnbull:

Your sighting report of an Unidentified Flying Object has been passed to this office for evaluation.

Your interest in reporting this matter is appreciated, and if further information is required, an officer of the Canadian Forces will be in touch with you. Thank you for your co-operation.

Yours truly,

D.F. Robertson

O.F. Robertson
Wing Commander
for Director of Operations

S/L JA Morrison/2-4535/1v

Distribution Circ File Orig

MBC/9150-4

Army

New Brunswick Area St Anne's Point Barracks Fredericton NB

29 Apr 57

GSO 2 Intelligence HQ Wastern Command HALIFAX NS

US Army Radlosonde Equipment Recovered in New Brunswick, Canada

> 1. A Radiosonde device was recovered at Minto, NB by Mr James HABINEAU. Enclosed for your information are two copies of a letter which has been forwarded to the CO, US Army Signal Corps Laboratories, Fort Monmouth, N.J.

> > Security Intelligence Officer New Brunswick Area

JK/4461-13

1

Army

HQ New Brunswick Area St Anne's Point Barracks Fredericton NB

29 Apr 57

Commanding Officer
US Army Signal Corps Laboratories
Fort Monmouth
NEW JERSEY, U.S.A.

US Army Radiosonde Equipment Recovered in New Brunswick, Canada

A burst rubber balloon parachute, and a piece of radiosonde mechanism weighing 21 lbs were found on 2h April 1957 by a Mr James BABINEAU, RR #1, Minto (66° 01' East, 46° 05' North) Sheffield County, New Brunswick, Canada.

The mechanism consists of US Army Signal Corps Hodulator Radiosonde MD 210/AMT-4A Serial No 3963 and Transmitter Radiosonde T-304A/AMT-4A Serial No 9360 G. There were no instructions of any bind visible on this equipment indicating where the balloon has been launched or whether it was intended that it be abandoned or returned to a particular station by a finder.

This equipment is being forwarded today by parcel post to the US Army Signal Corps Laboratories at Fort Monsouth, N.J.

JK/hh61-13/s

(JRB Jones) Brigadier Commander New Brunswick Area Que secunty officer

HEADQUARTERS
SIGNAL CORPS CENTER
FORT MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

OFFICE OF THE COMMANDING GENERAL

27 MAR 1956

Brigadier J. R. B. Jones Commander, New Brunswick Area St Anne's Point Barracks Fredericton, N. B. Canada

Dear Brigadier Jones:

This is in reference to your letter of 12 March 1956, advising that Mr. Clifford Hill of King's County, New Brunswick, had found the U. S. Army Signal Corps Radiosonde equipment described by you.

I greatly appreciate your efforts in effecting return of this equipment to this installation, and I am writing to Mr. Hill personally thanking him for his courtesy in the matter.

Sincerely yours,

VICTOR A. CONRAD
Major General, USA

Commanding

27 MAR 1956

Brigadier J. R. B. Jones Commander, New Brunswick Area St Anne's Point Barracks Fredericton, N. B. Canada

Dear Brigadier Jones:

This is in reference to your letter of 12 March 1956, advising that Mr. Clifford Hill of King's County, New Brunswick, had found the U. S. Army Signal Corps Radiosonde equipment described by you.

I greatly appreciate your efforts in effecting return of this equipment to this installation, and I am writing to Mr. Hill personally thanking him for his courtesy in the matter.

Sincerely yours,

Wajor General, USA Gommanding

名

NBC/9150-4

HQ New Brunswick Area St Anne's Point Barracks Fredericton NB

13 Mar 56

GSO 2 Intelligence HQ Eastern Command Halifax, NS

US Army Radiosonde Equipment Recovered in New Brunswick, Canada

With further reference to our message G-6015 dated 5 Mar 56 and your message G-1072 dated 9 Mar 56 concerning the Radiosonde device recovered near Hampton Village, NB, enclosed for your information are two copies of a letter which has been forwarded to the CO, US Army Signal Corps Laboratories, Fort Monmouth, N.J.

GRP/4461 Lcl 13/ky

(GR Parry) Capt
NB Area Intelligence Officer

HQ New Brunswick Area, St Anne's Point Barracks, Fredericton, N.B., Canada.

12 March 1956

Commanding Officer, U.S. Army Signal Corps Laboratories, Fort Hormouth, New Jersey, U.S.A.

W.S. Army Radiosonde Equipment Recovered in New Brunswick, Canada

and a piece of radiosonde mechanism weighing 2% lbs.
were found on 2 March 1956 by a Mr. Clifford Hill,
R.R. 1, Hampton Station, about 5 miles North-East of
Hampton Villago, (660 50' East, 450 35' North) King's
County, New Brunswick, Canada.

The mechanism consists of U.S. Army Signal Corps Modulator Radiosonde MD 210/AMT 4B Serial No. 29986 and Transmitter Radiosonde T 435/AMT 4B Serial No. 28637. There were no instructions of any kind visible on this equipment indicating where the balloon had been launched or whether it was intended that it be abundoned or returned to a particular station by a finder.

parcel post to the U.S. Army Signal Corps Laboratories at Fort Mormouth, N.J.

GRP/4461 Local 13/ky

W.J.R.B. Jones) Brigadier,

Commander, New Brungwick Area.

INT

IN

MAR 09 18 46 256

HFØ15

RR RAEFC

DE RAEFH 99/09

R Ø91845Z

FM EASCOM

TO RAEFC/ BRUNAREA

GRNC

BT

UNCLAS G 1872 REURTEL G 6815 DATED 5 MAR 56 PD
SUBJECT US ARMY SIGNAL CORPS RADIOSONDE AND BALLOON PD
FINDER MAY DESPATCH EQUIPMENT COLLECT TO SIGNALS
CORPS ENGINEERING LABORATORIES CMM FORT MONMOUTH CMM NEW
JERSEY PD SUGGEST THAT YOU INCLUDE DETAILS OF LOCATION
AND DATE FOUND

BT

CFM 1072 6015 5 56

99/18352 MAR RAEFH



MESSAGE FORM

NUMBER

| PRECEDENCE — ACTION ROUTINE | PRECEDENCE — INFO DEFERRED | BATE - TIME GROW | P MESSAGE INSTRUCTION | ONS |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|
| FROM BRUNARES | | | PREFIX | GR |
| O EASCOM | | | SECURITY CLASSIFICA UNCLASS | TION |
| NFO | | | G-SOLS | SER |
| | | | SPECIAL INSTRUCTION | 45 |
| FOR GSO 2 INT | . A BURST BALLOON | AND SMALL PAR | ACHUTE WERE FOU | NO CIN |
| 2 MAR 56 BY M | R CLIFFORD HILL, | RR 1 HAMPTON 8 | STATION 5 MILES | ne of |
| HAMPTON VILLAG | GE KINGS CO NB. | ATTACHED MECHA | NISM WEIGHING T | NO AND |
| | OUNDS CONSISTS OF | | | ror |
| • | 0 210/AMT 4B SERI | | | |
| | 435/AMT 4B SERIAL PARENT. PLEASE F | | | |
| RETURN ARE AP | PARENT. PLEASE F | ONWAND INSTRUC | TIONS FOR DISTO | DAM • |
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| | REFERS TO MESSAGE | DRAFTER'S NAME | OFFICE | TEL. No. |
| Page 1 of 1 page | CLASSIFIED YES AND | DRAFTER'S NAME Capt GR Par | ry Int Offic | e 13 |

学

Harrytu 2.85 an Int. Offen. Trucketter (Hadrosomole: Is forwarding the evelous apparetin my Shits wer found outy a me Clifford Hell, R.R. H. 1 Harry ton Star about 5 miles NE of Hangton Village. 3 It was found 2 mar 54. The Brown Rayt 8PL (NB) HUSSMAS





No.ECC 9150-4 (Int)

Department of National Defence Army

18 December 195 2

HALIFAX, N S



Headquarters New Brunswick Area FREDERICTON, NEW BRUNSWICK

Unidentified Objects in the Sky Project Second Story

In the past two years considerable press and popular magazine space has been devoted to reports and investigations on so-called "flying saucers". To date no conclusive evidence has been obtained which fully explains all these objects, real or otherwise, which have been observed and reported on.

To ensure that all reports on unidentified objects in the air received through Government channels may be fairly assessed, a standard reporting form has been drawn up by an inter-service committee which is being distributed to Service Commands, the Department of Transport and various Dominion astrophysical observatories. Enclosed is a small supply of these forms, together with a number of guides to assist investigating officers.

It is not the intention that Commands carry out full scale investigations of all reports of flying objects, or to solicit such reports. On the other hand, if reports are received, this form, filled in, will facilitate their handling.

4 All reports forwarded will be addressed to HQ Eastern Command, Attn: GSO 2 (Int).

Should me pro this ?.

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H.Q. 4954-A-239

Colonel Cof S Eastern Command

GAFA 249
750M-11-51 (5309)

CONFIDENTIAL

PROJECT SECOND STOREY

Part I - Information for guidance in reporting on unknown flying objects.

In collecting data on unknown flying objects, accuracy of observation and record is of prime importance. The observer should report carefully and precisely what he sees and hears with a minimum of private personal interpretation. Accurate numerical data to the best of the observer's ability are most desirable. Confirmation of the observation by others is also desirable, particularly if other observers are located some distance away so that they may have a slightly different view of the object.

The sighting report is for the purpose of obtaining specific information regarding a particular sighting. Most of the questions are straightforward and call for an obvious answer. Some questions, however, may require a certain amount of explanation so that the required information may be forthcoming. It should be noted that the information obtained will not be made public.

The following headings refer to numbered questions on the Project Second Storey Sighting Report Form.

- A. (3) Occupation and Previous Relevant Experience
 Note: State if the observer has had any previous experience, for example,
 as an observer in the Air Force or as an amateur astronomer, or as an
 employee at a Government Weather Station.
- B. (7) Date and Local Time
 The exact date and time, whether Local, Standard, or Daylight Saving Time
 of a sighting should be specified. Where possible the accuracy of the
 time piece should be determined.
- B. (8) Position of observer as accurately as possible
 The exact position of the observer during the sighting should be noted as
 accurately as possible, with particular reference to nearby objects
 such as buildings, trees, etc. Where possible the exact latitude and
 longitude of the point of observation should be given. If this is not
 known the point should be indicated on a convenient map.
- B. (9) General description of sighting
 In answer to this question it is hoped to obtain a general description of
 what the observer actually saw and the circumstances under which he observed it.
- B. (12) Position in which first seen
 The position of the object seen may be described conveniently by hearing and elevation. By bearing it is meant the direction from the observer towards the object in terms of the cardinal points of the compass, or if possible, more accurately in the terms of degrees East or West of true North. It is useful to give the direction from the observer to the object in relation to the roads or concession lines. The level horizon is taken as zero degrees, the point directly overhead as 90 degrees.
- B. (13) Position in which last seen

 Note: See remarks under B. (12). This description should be as full
 and complete as possible. If there was any change in shape during the course
 of the observation, such change in shape should be indicated. The average
 man's left hand, with arm fully stretched out gives the following
 measurements:

(a) Between the first and second knuckles

(b) Across the knuckles

(c) With fingers extended, from point of index finger to point of little finger

(d) With fingers extended from tip of thumb

(d) With fingers extended from tip of thumb to tip of little finger 190

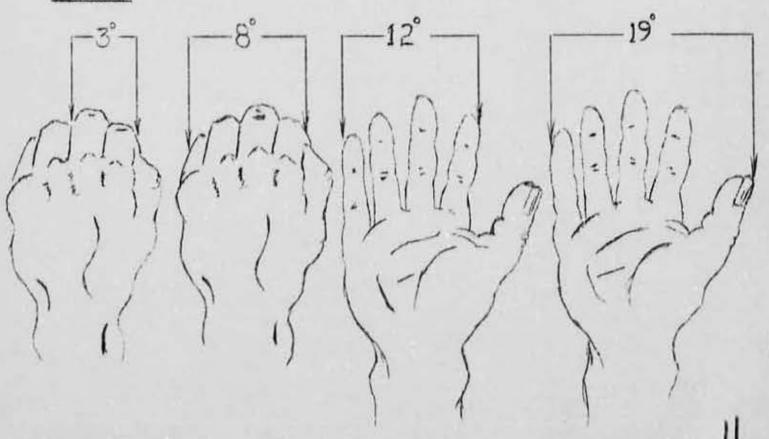
Note: See Fig. (1) at foot of page 2.

Because of the distance from the observer, the three dimensional form cannot generally be determined. However, the object will have an apparent shape in two dimensions, circular, oval, rectangular, triangular, etc. The two dimensional shape of the outline should be reported, not as an assumed three dimensional form.

- B.(16) Detailed description of apparent brightness
 It is realized that a description of apparent brightness is extremely difficult. However, if the object is seen at night or after sundown it might be compared to the brightness of the moon, planets, or stars.
- B.(17) Detailed description of colour In describing colour the simplest terms possible should be used such as red, green, white, etc.
- B.(18) Apparent size (angle subtended)
 The same technique for determining the apparent size of the object could be used as under B. (12) for determining its elevation. For information purposes the full moon substends an angle of approximately ½ degree which is the angle subtended by a ¼ inch object held at arm's length. Since it is quite impossible to form even a rudimentary estimate of the size in feet or inches unless the distance is known, the size should be stipulated only in terms of the angle subtended by the object as seen by the observer.
- B.(24) Other contributory evidence (photographic, electronic, etc.)
 An effort should be made to uncover any evidence of a photographic, electronic, magnetic or radioactive nature which might have some association with the sighting. No unusual happenings at the time or place of sighting should be overlooked.
- B.(25) Any other details
 Under this heading a sketch of the path, would be extremely helpful. This need only be a line drawing showing the position and orientation of the object in relation to visible land marks. If the observer should happen to be close enough to the object to form an opinion as to its shape and construction, a sketch to an approximate scale would be extremely valuable.
- O. (27) Date and place of interrogation

 An interview which takes place at the point from which the observer saw the object is the most valuable, since position bearings, elevation, etc., may be established more accurately in this way. It should be specified if the interview was conducted at the observation point.

Fig. (1)



PROJECT SECOND STOREY

Part II - Descriptions of Normal Phenomena which might cause reports of unidentified aerial objects.

Balloons
Ceiling Balloons and unlighted Pilot Balloons are used in daytime. These balloons are about two feet in diameter. Red or White colours are employed.

At night, pilot balloons carry either a paper lantern lighted by a candle or a small battery-powered electric light. These are not likely to be visible to any great height by the naked eye, but a balloon with a slow leak might carry a light across the sky for a considerable distance at a relatively low level.

Radiosonde balloons are about five or six feet in diameter, coloured white, and carry a small box at the end of a cord about twenty feet below the balloon. Sometimes a radar reflector is also tied to the balloon; this is a reflector of many faces and it is possible that some unusual reflections of light may occur from this attachment. Radiosonde balloons normally ascend to about 60,000 feet.

Skyhook Balloons are used occasionally for special high-altitude observations which takes them up to 100,000 feet. These balloons are about 75 feet in diameter and an instrument box tied beneath. Because of their size, there is a good possibility that such balloons are the basis of some reports of unusual aerial objects.

In the daytime with blue skies, good visibility and bright sunshine, balloons may be seen at considerable heights once they are located by the eye. The balloons stand out against the blue of the sky as sharp pin points of light.

Aircraft seen in this country should conform to the well known silhouettes, but, in view of developments in neighbouring countries, triangular (delta wing) and tailless types, possibly flying at great heights, may be seen. Also due to distances and aircraft attitudes in flight, the true plan forms may not be observed. A change in shape during the observation may well indicate the existence of these circumstances.

Effects of Screens, Glass, Etc.

Common objects when viewed through screens may be distorted out of all recognizable shapes; often single objects may appear as several. As commercial sheet glass (window panes) may contain defects causing similar optical phenomena, observers should be wary of such conditions.

Nacreous or Mother of Pearl Clouds
These rare clouds are most likely to be seen just before sunrise or just
after sunset when illuminated by sunshine from below the horizon. They
may also appear in daytime. The clouds occur at heights of 15 to 20
miles and have iridescent colours which resemble the colours seen in mother
of pearl. It is possible that a small detached mother of pearl cloud might
give the appearance of a hovering object high in the sky.

Noctilucent or night-luminous clouds are seen only at night made visible by reflected light from the sun when the sun is about 10° to 18° below the horizon and visibility conditions are very good. They usually appear about an hour after sunset, low on the horizon. Their colour may be white or they may be a shade of colour such as bluish-white, golden, or reddish-orange, but they do not display the brilliant iridescent colours that are characteristics of mother of pearl clouds. Noctilucent clouds occur about 50 miles high in the atmosphere, as determined by simultaneous photography from different points on the earth's surface. Their speeds have been calculated to be as high as 400 miles per hour, but because of their great height they appear to move slowly.

Clouds Reflections
Reflections of light from cloud banks are also a possible source of
reports of illuminated objects in the sky at night. The source of
light may be any kind of a searchlight, such as ceiling projectors,
defence units, aircraft landing-lights, etc. Usually the beam of the
light is visible from the source up to illuminated spot, so this condition
is not likely to deceive a careful observer.

Optical Phenomena

Rainbows are common optical phenomena caused by a refraction and reflection of light from the sun by water drops in the atmosphere. A small portion only of a rainbow may be seen at times which might give the appearance of a small object in the sky. However, because rainbows are fairly common occurrence, they are unlikely to deceive anyone.

Optical phenomena caused by reflections of light from ice crystals suspended in the atmosphere may result in the appearance of unusual lighting effects in the sky. The halo around the sun or moon is the most common of this class of phenomena. The halo is usually seen as a ring of 22° radius around the sun or moon, but under some conditions it is possible for only part of the ring to be formed. Sundogs or mock-suns may appear at an angle of 22° either to the right or left of the sun - these appear as bright spots of light in the sky. Mock-suns sometimes are seen at angles of 46° or 90° from the sun. The possibility of halo phenomena should always be considered when any bright spot is seen in the sky - such spots will remain relatively fixed in position. Halo phenomena are most commonly caused by the sun because of the large amount of light available from this source, but the complete halo ring is frequently seen around the moon at night and it is possible that under unusual conditions other halo phenomena may also be seen at night.

A meteor, or shooting star, always pursues a nearly straight (or great circle) path across the sky. Faint meteors last about half a second, brighter ones rarely more than two or three seconds. Bright meteors may burst and shower sparks or may leave a faint luminescence in their wake that is sometime visible for several minutes. Bright meteors may appear of almost any colour and in exceptional cases produce detonations and rumbling sounds. When coming head on a meteor seems to have almost no motion across the sky but when moving perpendicular to the line of sight its apparent velocity is rapid.

Stars and Planets can generally be recognized without difficulty but on certain occasions appear with unusual brilliance thus exciting comment. In any case they never move rapidly but have a slow general motion from the east to the west part of the sky, except for the stars in the north where the motion is counter-clockwise about the pole star. Venus at its greatest brilliance can appear in the sunlit-sky as a faint white dot visible to the naked eye. It either precedes or follows the sun on these occasions.

The aurora, or northern light, produces various luminous forms of numerous pastel shades. In most parts of Canada northern lights may appear in any part of the sky though they are seen most frequently in the north. Although sharp rays may appear as part of the display most of the illumination is of a very diffuse type and is subject to rapid motion and change of intensity reminding one of the great flickering flames or searchlight playing over clouds. Sometimes small, restricted auroral glows remain almost stationary in one place for some period of time. In general their outlines are diffuse.

PROJECT SECOND STOREY

Sighting Report

(A Separate form is to be used for each observer).

| A. | Details of observer. |
|----|---|
| | 1. Name of observer: |
| | Surname: |
| | 2. Address of observer: |
| | Number Street City |
| | Province |
| | 3. Occupation and previous relevant experience: |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | 4. Age Group: |
| | 5. Has observer seen "flying objects" before, and if so, briefly, when, where, and circumstances: |
| | |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | 6. Was observer wearing glasses? |
| | |
| В. | Details of Observation |
| | 7. Date and local time: |
| | *************************************** |
| | 8. Position of observer as accurately as possible: |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | 9. General description of sighting: |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |

| 10. Number of objects: | |
|--|---|
| 11.Length of time observed | |
| 12.Position in which first seen: | |
| Bearing: | |
| | |
| Elevation | |
| *************************************** | |
| | |
| 13. Position in which last seen: | |
| Bearing | |
| | |
| | |
| Elevation | |
| | |
| 14. General description of any changes in the direction of motion. | |
| | |
| ••••• | |
| 15. Detailed description of apparent shape: | |
| | |
| | • |
| *************************************** | ٠ |
| *************************************** | ٠ |
| 16. Detailed description of apparent brightness: | |
| *************************************** | • |
| *************************************** | |
| *************************************** | |
| | ٠ |
| 17. Detailed description of colour. | |
| | ٠ |
| *************************************** | |
| *************************************** | • |
| 18. Apparent size (e.g. angle subtended) | |
| *************************************** | • |
| | • |
| | |

| 19. | Description of exhaust or vapour trails, if any. |
|-----|---|
| | |
| | |
| | •••••• |
| 20. | Description of noise, if any: |
| | |
| | • |
| 21. | Weather conditions: |
| | (a) Clouds |
| | (b) Visibility |
| | (c) Precipitation: |
| | (d) General remarks: |
| | *************************************** |
| 22. | Was the object flying above, below or in and out of cloud? |
| | |
| 23. | Did anyone else see the object? If so, names and addresses: |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | ••••• |
| 24. | Is there other contributory evidence: (Photographic, or electronic, etc.) |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 25. | Any other details: (including sketch if possible) |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | |

| C. | Details | of Interrogator |
|----|---------|--|
| | 26. | Interrogator: |
| | | Surname: |
| | | Initials |
| | | Position held: |
| | 27. | Date and place of interrogation: |
| | | *************************************** |
| | | *************************************** |
| | | *************************************** |
| | | *************************************** |
| | 28. | Interrogator's opinion of the reliability of the observer. |
| | | *************************************** |
| | | *************************************** |
| | | *************************************** |
| | | *************************************** |
| | | *************************************** |
| | | *************************************** |
| | | *************************************** |
| | | *************************************** |

(Signature of Interrogator)



MEMORANDUM

Paclos feed Dec 14/59
Your FILE No.
Votre dossier

OUR FILE No. 22-12-33 (TRB) Notre donier

Notre dossier

DATE September 15, 1969

FROM TRB

SUBJECT

PROJECT *MAGNET*

(1) RECORDS

(2) FOR FILE

Dr. P. M. Millman, National Research Council, has advised me that the documents reporting the results of the occord Story studies in project 'Magnet' be declassified. Those reading this file will see that project 'Magnet' is a part of this file.

2. Since the question of flying saucers is still attracting public attention and since this file covers documents relating to the studies behind project 'Magnet' and, indeed, records such of the discussion in the Department of Transport surrounding project 'Magnet' which is confidential in nature, it is recommended that this file be down classified at least to the confidential level. At no time should it be made available to the public.

Those wishing to obtain a copy of project 'Magnet' can do so provided they represent an organization, describe the purposes of the organization and set forth the basis of their need for a copy to Dr. Millman of National Research Council. They may see the project 'Magnet' report upon making an appointment at the Meteor Centre, phone 3-9318.

4. A copy of the project 'Magnet' report on this file is the original and should not be destroyed until such time as this subject has "cooled off".

N. J. Bleon

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PROJECT MAGNET REPORT

During the past five years there has been accumulating in the files of the United States Air Force, Royal Canadian Air Force, Department of Transport, and various other agencies, an impressive number of reports on sightings of unidentified flying objects popularly known as "Flying Saucers". These files contain reports by creditable people on things which they have seen in the sky, tracked by radar, or photographed. They are reports made in good faith by normal, honest people, and there is little if any reason to doubt their veracity. Many sightings undoubtedly are due to unusual views of common objects or phenomenae, and are quite normal, but there are many sightings which cannot be explained so easily.

Project Magnet was authorized in December, 1950, by Commander C. P. Edwards, then Deputy Minister of Transport for Air Services, for the purpose of making as detailed a study of the saucer phenomenae as could be made within the framework of existing establishments. The Broadcast and Measurements Section of the Telecommunications Division were given the directive to go shead with this work with whatever assistance could be obtained informally from outside sources such as Defence Research Board and National Research Council.

It is perfectly natural in the human thinking mechanism to try and fit observations into an established pattern. It is only when observations stubbornly refuse to be so fitted that we become disturbed. When this happens we may, and usually do, take one of three courses. First, we may deny completely the validity of the observations; or second, we may pass the whole subject off as something of no consequence; or third, we may accept the discrepancies as real and go to work on them. In the matter of Saucer Sightings all three of these reactions have been strikingly apparent. The first two approaches are obviously negative and from which a definite conclusion can never be reached. It is the third approach, acceptance of the data and subsequent research that is dealt with in this report.

The basic data with which we have to work consist
largely of sightings reported as they are observed throughout
Canada in a purely random manner. Many of the reports are from
the extensive field organization of the Department of Transport
whose job it is to watch the sky and whose observers are trained
in precisely this sort of observation. Also, there are in
operation a number of instrumental arrangements such as the
ionospheric observatories from which useful data have been
obtained. However, we must not expect too much from these
field stations because of the very sporadic nature of the sightings. As the analysis progresses and we know more about what

to look for we may be able to obtain and make much better use of field data. Up to the present we have been prevented from using conventional laboratory methods owing to the complete lack of any sort of specimens with which to experiment, and our prospects of obtaining any in the immediate future are not very good. Consequently, a large part of the analysis in these early stages will have to be based on deductive reasoning, at least until we are able to work out a procedure more in line with conventional experimental methods.

The starting point of the investigation is essentially the interview with an observer. A questionnaire form and an instructional guide for the interrogater were worked out by the Project Second Storey Committee, which is a Committee sponsored by the Defence Research Board to collect, catalogue and correlate data on sightings of unidentified flying objects. This questionnaire and guide are included as Appendix I, and are intended to get the maximum useful information from the observer and present it in a manner in which it can be used to advantage. This form has been used so far as possible in connection with the sightings investigated by the Department of Transport.

A weighting factor is assigned to each sighting according to a system intended to minimize the personal equation. This weighting system is described in Appendix II. The weighting

factor may be considered as the probability that the report contains the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, so far as the observer and interrogater are aware. It has nothing to do with the nature of the object claimed to be seen. It is in a sense analagous to the order of precision with which a measurement may be made, and for the purpose of this analysis this is precisely the manner in which it is used.

Sightings may be grouped according to certain salient features, and the combined weight of all pertinent observations with respect to these features may be determined by applying Peter's formula, which is a standard mathematical technique for determining probable error.

$$r_0 = \frac{.8453}{n \sqrt{n-1}} (v_1 + v_2 + v_3 + ... v_n)$$

where ro is the probable error of the mean, n is the number of observations and v is the probable error of each observation, that is, unity minus the weighting factor. This method has the advantage of being simple and easy to use and enables a number of mediocre observations to be combined effectively into the equivalent of one good one.

The next step is to sort out the observations according to some pattern. The particular pattern is not so important as the fact that it should take account of all contingencies

however improbable they may appear at first sight. In other words, there must be a compartment somewhere in the scheme of things into which each sighting may be placed, comfortably, and with nothing left over. Furthermore, it must be possible to arrive at each appropriate compartment by a sequence of logical reasoning taking account of all the facts presented. If this can be done, then the probability for the real existence of the contents of any compartment will be the single or combined weighting factor pertinent to that single or group of sightings. The charts shown in Appendix III were evolved as a means for sorting out the various sightings and provide the pattern which was used in the analysis of those sightings reported to and analysed by the Department of Transport.

Most sightings fit readily into one of the classifications shown, which are of two general types; those about which
we know something and those about which we know very little.
When the sightings can be classified as something we know about,
we need not concern ourselves too much with them, but when they
fit into classifications which we don't understand we are back
to our original position of whether to deny the evidence, dismiss
it as of no consequence, or to accept it and go to work on it.
The process of sorting out observations according to these charts
and fitting them into compartments can hardly by considered an

end in itself. Rather, it is a convenience to clarify thinking and direct activity along profitable channels. It shows at once which aspects are of significance and which may be bypassed. Merely placing a sighting under a certain heading does not explain it; it only indicates where we may start looking for an explanation.

Appendix IV contains summaries of the 1952 sightings as investigated by the Department of Transport. Considerably more data exists in the files of other agencies, and more is being collected as the investigations proceed. While it is not intended to make any reference to an analysis of the records of other agencies, it may be said that the Department of Transport sightings are quite representative of the sightings reported throughout the world. The following is a table of the breakdown of the 25 proper sightings reported during 1952.

| NATURE OF SIGHTING | NUMBER | WEIGHT |
|--|--------|--------|
| Probably meteor | 4 | 91% |
| Probably aircraft | 1 | 69% |
| Probably balloons | 1 | 74% |
| Probably marker light | 4 | 54% |
| Bright speak at night, not star or planet. | 3 | 75% |
| Bright speck daylight, not star or planet. | | 68% |
| Luminous ring | 1 | 68% |
| Shiny cone | 4 | 53% |
| Circular or elliptical body, shiny day | 5 | 88% |

With reference to the above table, of the four cases identified as probably meteors, their weight works out at 91%, which is the probability that the observers actually did see meteors which appeared as they described them. Considering the circular or elliptical bodies together, their weight works out at 91% for the ten sightings, from which we may conclude that SOMETHING answering this description was actually observed.

Similarly we may consider each of the other groups of sightings, taking account of the probability that the observations are reliable.

It is not intended to describe here in detail the intricate and tedious processes by which the sightings are evaluated, beyond the fact that the pattern set forth in the charts in Appendix III is followed. The cardinal rule is that a sighting must fit completely under one or more of the chart headings, with nothing left over and without postulating any additions, deletions, or changes in the facts as reported. Should there be no suitable heading, then obviously the charts must be expanded to provide one, in fact this was the evolution of these charts. Where a sighting may be fitted under more than one heading an arbitrary division of the probability of finding it under each applicable heading is assigned. The sum of such

probability figures must of course be unity, and the probability for the real existence under any particular heading is the product of this probability figure and the reliability or weighting factor for the sighting concerned.

It is apparent that the judgement of the people doing the evaluating is bound to enter the picture and may produce substantial numerical differences with reference to sightings listed under certain headings. However, since many headings are automatically eliminated by the nature of the facts available, the discrepancies are confined to the probability figures for the distribution under the remaining headings which are considered eligible, and we end up with definite classifications for the sightings with SOME probability figure for the reality of each group. This has the effect of forcing those who are doing the evaluating to face the reported facts squarely, pay meticulous attention to them, and place each sighting honestly under the only headings where it will fit.

In working through the analysis of the proper sightings listed, we find that the majority of them appear to be of some material body. Of these, seven are classed as probably normal objects, and eleven are classed as strange objects. Of the remainder, four have a substantial probability of being material, strange, objects, with three having a substantial probability of being immaterial, electrical, phenomenae. Of the eleven strange objects the probability definitely favours the alien

vehicle class, with the secret missile included with a much lower probability.

The next step is to follow this line of reasoning as far as possible so as to deduce what we can from the observed data. Vehicles or missiles can be of only two general kinds, terrestrial and extra-terrestrial, and in either case the analysis enquires into the source and technology. If the vehicles originate outside the iron curtain we may assume that the matter is in good hands, but if they originate inside the iron curtain it could be a matter of grave concern to us.

In the matter of technology, the points of interest are; - the energy source; means of support, propulsion and manipulation; structure; and biology. So far as energy is concerned we know about mechanical energy and chemical energy, and a little about energy of fission, and we can appreciate the possibility of direct conversion of mass to energy. Beyond this we have no knowledge, and unless we are prepared to postulate a completely unknown source of energy of which we do not know even the rudiments, we must conclude that the vehicles use one of the four listed energy sources. Unless something we do not understand can be done with gravitation, mechanical energy has little use beyond driving model aircraft. We use chemical energy to quite an extent, but we realize its limitations, so if the energy demands of the vehicles exceed what we consider to be the reason-

able capabilities of chemical fuels, we are forced to the conclusion that such vehicles must get their energy from either fission or mass conversion.

With reference to the means for support, propulsion and manipulation, unless we are prepared to postulate something else quite beyond our knowledge, there are only the two groups of possibilities, namely the known means and the speculative means. Of the known means there is only physical support through the use of buoyancy or airfoils, the reaction of rockets and jets, and centrifugal force, which is what holds the moon in position. Of the speculative means we know only of the possibility of gravity waves, field interaction and radiation pressure.

If the observed behaviour of the vehicles is such as to be beyond the limitations which we know apply to the known means of support, then we are forced to the conclusion that one of the speculative means must have been developed to do the job.

From a study of the sighting reports (Appendix IV), it can be deduced that the vehicles have the following significant characteristics. They are a hundred feet or more in diameter; they can travel at speeds of several thousand miles per hour; they can reach altitudes well above those which would support conventional aircraft or balloons; and ample power and force seem to be available for all required manoeuvres. Taking these factors into account, it is difficult to reconcile this performance

with the capabilities of our technology, and unless the technology of some terrestrial nation is much more advanced than is generally known, we are forced to the conclusion that the vehicles are probably extra-terrestrial, in spite of our prejudices to the contrary.

It has been suggested that the sightings might be due to some sort of optical phenomenon which gives the appearance of the objects reported, and this aspect was thoroughly investigated. Charts are shown in Appendix III showing the various optical considerations. Enticing as this theory is. there are some serious objections to its actual application, in the form of some rather definite and quite immutable optical laws. These are the geometrical laws dealing with optics generally and which we have never yet found cause to doubt, plus the wide discrepancies in the order of magnetude of the light values which must be involved in any sightings so far studied. Furthermore, introducing an optical system might explain an image in terms of an object, but the object still requires explaining. A particular effort was made to find an optical explanation for the sightings listed in this report, but in no case could one be worked out. It was not possible to find so much as a partial optical explanation for even one sighting. Consequently, it was felt that optical theories generally should not be taken too seriously until such time as at least one sighting can be satisfactorily explained in such a manner.

It appears then, that we are faced with a substantial probability of the real existence of extra-terrestrial vehicles, regardless of whether or not they fit into our scheme of things. Such vehicles of necessity must use a technology considerably in advance of what we have. It is therefore submitted that the next step in this investigation should be a substantial effort towards the acquisition of as much as possible of this technology, which would without doubt be of great value to us.

NO 73 Smin

W. B. Smith, Engineer-in-Charge, Project Nagnet.

PROJECT SECOND STORKY

Part I - Information for guidance in reporting on unknown flying objects.

In collecting data on unknown flying objects, accuracy of observation and record is of prime importance. The observer should report carefully and precisely what he sees and hears with a minimum of private personal interpretation. Accurate numerical data to the best of the observer's ability are most desirable. Confirmation of the observation by others is also desirable, particularly if other observers are located some distance away so that they may have a slightly different view of the object.

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 of a sighting should be specified. There possible the accuracy of the
 time piece should be determined.
- B. (8) Position of observer as accurately as possible. The exact position of the observer during the sighting should be noted as accurately as possible, with particular reference to nearby objects such as buildings, trees, etc. Where possible the exact latitude and longitude of the point of observation should be given. If this is not known the point should be indicated on a convenient map.
- B. (9) General description of sighting
 In enswer to this question it is hoped to obtain a general description of
 what the observer actually saw and the circumstances under which he observed it.
- B. (12) Position in which first seen
 The position of the object seen may be described conveniently by hearing
 and elevation. By bearing it is meant the direction from the observer
 towards the object in terms of the cardinal points of the compass, or if poswikle, more accurately in the terms of degrees that or Vest of true North.
 It is useful to give the direction from the observer to the object in relation
 to the roads or concession lines. The level horizon is taken as zero
 aggrees, the point directly overhead as 90 degrees.
- B. (13) Position in which lest seen

 Note: See remarks under B. (12). This description should be as full and
 complete as possible. If there was any change in shape during the course
 of the observation, such change in shape should be indicated. The average
 ments.

| (a) | Between the first and second knuckles | 30 |
|-------|---|-----|
| (b) | Across the knuckles | 80 |
| (c) | With fingers extended, from point of | |
| | index finger to point of little finger | 120 |
| (d) | With fingers extended from tip of thumb | |
| 75.00 | to tip of litthe finger | 190 |

Note: See Fig. (1) at foot of page 2.

Because of the distance from the observer, the three dimensional form cannot generally be determined. However, the object will have an apparent shape in two dimensions, circular, oval, rectangular, triangular, etc. The two dimensional shape of the outline should be reported, not as an assumed three dimensional form.

B. (16) Detailed description of apparent brightness
It is realized that a description of apparent brightness is extremely difficult. However, if the object is seen at night or after sundown it might be compared to the brightness of the moon, planets or stars.

B. (17) Detailed description of colour In describing colour the simplest terms possible should be used such as red, green, white, etc.

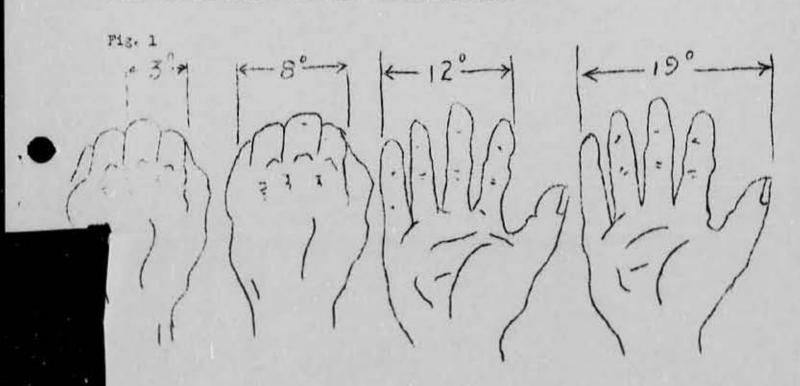
B. (18) Apparent size (angle subtended)
The same technique for determining the apparent size of the object could be used as under B. (12) for determining its elevation. For information purposes the full moon subtends an angle of approximately & degree which is the angle subtended by a & inch object held at arm's length. Since it is quite impossible to form even a rudimentary estimate of the size in feet or inches unless the distance is known, the size should be stipulated only in terms of the angle subtended by the object as seen by the observer.

B. (24) Other contributory evidence (photographic, electronic, etc. An effort should be made to uncover any evidence of a photographic, electronic, magnetic or radioactive nature which might have some association with the sighting. No unusual happenings at the time or place of sighting should be overlooked.

B. (25) Any other details
Under this heading a sketch of the path would be extremely helpful. This need only be a line drawing showing the position and orientation of the object in relation to visible land marks. If the observer should happen to be close enough to the object to form an opinion as to its shape and construction, a sketch to an approximate scale would be extremely valuable.

C. (27) Date and place of interrogation

An interview which takes place at the point from which the observer saw the object is the most valuable, since position bearings, elevation, etc., may be established more accurately in this way. It should be specified if the interview was conducted at the observation point.



PROJECT SECOND STOREY

Part II - Descriptions of Normal Phenomena which might cause reports of unidentified aerial objects.

Balloons
Ceiling Balloons and unlighted Pilot Balloons are used in daytime. These
balloons are about two feet in diameter. Red or White colours are
employed.

At night, pilot bellooms carry either a paper lantern lighted by a candle or a small bettery-powered electric light. These are not likely to be visible to any great height by the maked eye, but a belloom with a slow leak might carry a light across the sky for a considerable distance at a relatively low level.

Radiosonde balloons are about five or six feet in diameter, coloured white, and carry a small box at the end of a cord about twenty feet below the balloon. Sometimes a radar reflector is also tied to the balloon; this is a reflector of many faces and it is possible that some unusual reflections of light may occur from this attachment. Radiosonde balloons normally ascend to about 60,000 feet.

Skyhook Balloons are used occasionally for special high-altitude observations which takes them up to 100,000 feet. These balloons are about 75 feet in diameter and an instrument box tied beneath. Because of their size, there is a good possibility that such balloons are the basis of some reports of unusual aerial objects.

In the daytime with blue skies, good visibility and bright sunshine, belloons may be seen at considerable heights once they are located by the eye. The balloons stand out against the blue of the sky as sharppin points of light.

Aircraft seen in this country should conform to the well known silhouettes but, in view of developments in neighbouring countries, triangular (delta wing) and tailless types, possibly flying at great heights, may be seen. Also due to distances and aircraft attitudes in flight, the true plan forms may not be observed. A change in shape during the observation may well indicate the existence of these circumstances.

Effects of Screens, Glass, Etc.

Common objects when viewed through screens may be distorted out of all recognizable shapes; often single objects may appear as several. As commercial sheet glass (window panes) may contain defects causing similar optical phenomena, observers should be wary of such conditions.

Nacreous or Mother of Pearl Clouds
These rare clouds are most likely to be seen just before sunrise or just after sunset when illuminated by sunshine from below the horizon. They may also appear in daytime. The clouds occur at heights of 15 to 20 miles and have iridescent colours which resemble the colours seen in mother of pearl. It is possible that a small detached mother of pearl cloud might give the appearance of a hovering object high in the sky.

Noctilucent clouds

Noctilucent or night-luminous clouds are seen only at night made visible by reflected light from the sun when the sun is about 10° to 18° below the horizon and visibility conditions are very good. They usually appear about an hour after sunset, low on the horizon. Their colour may be white or they may be a shade of colour such as bluish-white, golden, or reddish-orange, but they do not display the brillient iridescent colours that are characteristics of mother of pearl clouds. Noctilucent clouds occur about 50 miles high in the atmosphere, as determined by simultaneous photography from different points on the earth's surface. Their speeds have been calculated to be as high as 400 miles per hour, but because of their great height they appear to move slowly.

APPENDIX II

WEIGHTING FACTORS FOR ANALYSIS OF SIGHTING REPORTS

In the analysis of sighting reports it is fairly obvious that different reports will have widely different values from the viewpoint of reliability, confirmation and lucidity. A formula has been devised giving approximately the same significance to each of these factors and derived from numerical values assigned to the answers given to the various questions on the Project Second Storey sighting report form.

The formula is as follows: - weight equals the cube root of the product of the reliability, confirmation and lucidity factors each expressed as decimals.

To facilitate obtaining numerical values for each of the factors, a scheme has been worked out for assigning points to each question such that for each factor the maximum possible score would be 100%. An equalizing scheme has been included so as to reduce to a minimum the opinion or judgment of the person assigning the score. It is expected that in this manner reasonably consistent scores will be obtained from which the various factors may be determined and a fair overall weighting factor calculated.

It should be noted that the cube root feature of the weighting factor minimizes the effect of any one particular aspect of the report and allows better assessment on the overall report.

Clouds Reflections

Reflections of light from cloud banks are also a possible source of reports of illuminated objects in the sky at night. The source of light may be any kind of a searchlight, such as ceiling projectors, defence units, eigeraft landing-lights, etc. Usually a beam of the light is visible from the source up to illuminated spot, so this condition is not likely to deseive a careful observer.

Optical Phenomena

Reinbows are common optical phenomena caused by a refraction and reflection of light from the sun by water drops in the atmosphere. A small portion only of a rainbow may be seen at times which might give the appearance of a small object in the sky. However, because rainbows are fairly common occurrence, they are unlikely to deserve anyone.

Optical phenomena caused by reflections of light from ice crystals suspended in the atmosphere may result in the appearance of unusual lighting effects in the sky. The halo around the sun or moon is the most common of this class of phenomena. The halo is usually seen as a ring of 22° radius around the sun or moon, but under some conditions it is possible for only part of the ring to be formed. Sundogs or mock-suns may appear at an angle of 22° either to the right or left of the sun - these appear as bright spots of light in the sky. Mock-suns sometimes are seen at angles of 46° or 90° from the sun. The possibility of halo phenomena should always be considered when any bright spot is seen in the sky - such spots will remain relatively fixed in position. Halo phenomena are most commonly caused by the sun because of the large amount of light available from this source, but the complete halo ring is frequently seen around the moon at night and it is possible that under unusual conditions ether halo phenomena may also be seen at night.

Met eors

A meteor, or shooting star, always pursues a nearly streight (or great circle) path across the sky. Faint meteors last about helf a second, brighter ones rarely more than two or three seconds. Bright meteors may burst and shower sparks or may leave a faint luminescence in their wake that is sometime visible for several minutes. Bright meteors may appear of almost any colour and in exceptional cases produce detonations and rumbling sounds. When coming head on a meteor seems to have almost no motion across the sky but when moving perpendicular to the line of sight its apparent velocity if rapid.

Stars and Planets

Stors and planets can generally be recognized without difficulty but on certain occasions appear with unusual brilliance thus exciting comment. In any case they never move rapidly but have a slow general motion from the east to the west part of the sky, except for the stars in the north where the motion is counter-clockwise about the pole star. Venus at its greatest brilliance can appear in the sunlit-sky as a faint white dot visible to the naked eye. It either precedes or follows the sun on these occasions.

The Aurora

The surora, or northern light, produces various luminous forms of numerous pastel shades. In most parts of Canada northern lights may appear in any part of the sky though they are seen most frequently in the north. Although sharp rays may appear as part of the display most of the illumination is of a very diffuse type and is subject to rapid motion and change of intensity reminding one of the great flickering flames or searchlight playing over clouds. Sometimes small, restricted auroral glows remain almost stationary in one place for some period of time. In general outlines are diffuse

PROJECT SECOND STOREY

Sighting Report

(A Separate form is to be used for each observer).

| A. | Det | tails of observer. | | | |
|----|------|---|---|---------------------------------------|--------------|
| | 1. | . Name of observer: | | | |
| | | Surname: | | Triffin | ls |
| | | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| | 2, | . Address of observe | rı | | |
| | | Number | Street | | Oity |
| | | Province | •••••• | | |
| | 3. | Occupation and pre- | vious relevant ex | operience: | |
| | | ••••• | | | |
| | | *************************************** | • | | |
| | 4. | Age Group: | | | |
| | 5. | Has observer seen when, where, and ci | flying objects" roumstances: | before, and if | so, briefly, |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | *************************************** | ••••• | | |
| | 6. | Was observer wearing | g glasses? | | |
| | | | ••••• | | |
| В. | Deta | ails of Observation | | | |
| | 7. | Date and local time | 1 | | |
| | | *************************************** | | | |
| | 8. | Position of observe | r as accurately | as possible: | |
| | | | | | |
| | | *************************************** | | | |
| | 9. | General description | of sighting: | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

| 10. | Number of objects: |
|-----|--|
| 11. | Length of time observed |
| 12. | Position in which first seen: |
| | Bearing: |
| | *************************************** |
| | Mevation: |
| | |
| | |
| 13. | Position in which last seen: |
| | Bearing |
| | *************************************** |
| | Zlevation |
| | *************************************** |
| 14. | General description of any changes in the direction of motion. |
| | |
| | |
| 15. | Detailed description of apparent shape: |
| | |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 16. | Detailed description of apparent brightness: |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | |
| 17. | Detailed description of colour. |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 18. | Apparent size (e.g. angle subtended) |

| 19. | Description of exhaust or vapour trails, if any. |
|-----|---|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 20. | Description of noise, if any: |
| | *************************************** |
| | •••••• |
| 21. | Weather conditions: (a) Clouds |
| | (b) Visibility |
| | |
| | (c) Precipitation |
| | (d) General remarks: |
| | |
| 22. | Was the object flying above, below or in and out of cloud? |
| | |
| 23. | Did anyone else see the object? If so, names and addresses: |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| 24. | Is there other contributory evidence: (Photographic, or electronic, etc.) |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 25. | Any other details: (including sketch if possible) |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | |

| of Interrogator |
|--|
| Interrogator: |
| Surname: |
| Initials |
| Position held: |
| Date and place of interrogation: |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| Interrogator's opinion of the reliability of the observer. |
| ••••••• |
| |
| ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• |
| |
| |
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| |

(Signature of Interrogator)

. In the following paragraphs reference is to the Project Second Storey sighting report form, Appendix I.
RELIABILITY:

Under Reliability the following maximum points have been assigned.

Question 3 - 15 points

Question 6 - 5 points

" 4-5 "

" 27 - 20 "

5-5 "

" 28 - 50 "

In assigning points for Question 3 a trained observer in sky work should rate between 10 and 15, a trained observer in other fields should rate between 5 and 10 and an untrained observer should rate between 0 and 5. With reference to age, Question 4, if the observer is over 21 but under 65 years a maximum of 5 points; 13 to 21, 4 points; 15 to 18, 3 points; 12 to 15, 2 points; 9 to 12, 1 point; less than 9, 0 points. Over 65 but under 70 years, 4 points, 70 to 75, 3 points; 75 to 80, 2 points, 80 to 85, 1 point; over 85, 0 points.

Question number 5, no flying objects seen previously of if so such objects were completely recognized, 5 points; unidentified objects seen occasionally 2-4 points; unidentified objects frequently seen 0-2.

Question number 6, no glasses, 5 points; glasses normally worn and worn at the time of sighting, 4 points, bi-focal glasses normally worn and used at the time of sighting,

3 points; two kinds of glasses normally worn with wrong kind on at time of sighting. 2 points; glasses normally worn but not used at time of sighting. 0 to 1 point.

CONFIRMATION:

In the confirmation factor answers to Questions 21, 23 and 24 are essentially confirmatory. A fixed score of 50% is accorded because of the fact that the sighting was reported by this one observer. If the weather conditions covered by Question 21 are confirmed completely or partially by official weather reports a score of up to 10 points may be allowed. If the sighting was also witnessed by other people a score of up to 30 points may be allowed, distributed as follows: 2 other witnesses unknown to each other and geographically separated, 25 to 30 points; one other witness as above 20 to 25 points; more than one witness at the same place and time, 15 to 20 points; witnesses eleswhere with some factors, such as direction, time, etc. in doubt, 10 to 15 points; other witnesses of doubtful confirmation 5 to 10 points; vague or no confirmation, 0 to 5 points. Up to 10 points should be allowed for confirmation by other means as in Question 24.

LUCIDITY:

The lucidity factor should be considered as completely independent of reliability or confirmation and should deal only with the value of the information given, assuming that it is completely reliable and entirely confirmed. In assigning scores

to the various questions extreme care should be used to avoid influencing the score by any prejudice regarding reliability or confirmation as these two factors are taken care of adequately in the overall formula for obtaining the weighting factor.

Question 8 - if the position of the observer can be plotted as a pencil point on a map, scale one mile to one inch, 5 points should be allowed; if the position can be established within one city block or a square 500' on the side, 4 points should be allowed; within a square 2000' on the side, 3 points should be allowed; within one square mile, 2 points should be allowed; within city or township limits, one point should be allowed; general area only, zero points.

If a specific description of the sighting is given 5 to 10 points may be allowed. If a good analogy is given 6 to 8 points may be allowed. A poor analogy given 4 to 6 points may be allowed. A vague description 2 to 4 points may be allowed. Where the number of objects seen is specifically stated, 2 points may be given to be reduced towards zero if there is any doubt.

In Question 11, the length of time during which the sighting was observed and the degree of accuracy which appears to be indicated should be used to determine a score from 5 down to zero.

In Questions 12 and 13, if the bearing and elevation can be established within plus or minus 50, 5 points each should be allowed for bearing and elevation. If the determination is

between 5° and 10°, 4 points should be allowed; if between 10° and 20°, 3 points should be allowed; if between 20° and 45°, 2 points should be allowed; if general directions only are given, one point, if no or unsatisfactory information is given, zero points. If a statement is given regarding the change in course, 2 points should be accorded; if the statement is vague only 1 point; or if information is not given, zero.

Under Question 15, if a definite shape was apparent and described specifically, 5 points; if the shape was poorly described, 4 points; if the shape was indefinite, 3 points; if it was a blur or spot of light, 2 points; any vague description, 1 point; no information, zero.

With respect to colour, if the description is such that the colour can be identified on a spectrum chart 5 points may be allowed; if it is compared with some common light source 4 points may be allowed; if it is referred to an equivalent temperature three points may be allowed; if a general description only is given 2 points; an indefinite statement 1 point; no information, zero.

With respect to size, if the angle subtended was determined at the time of the sighting and can be specified within 10% 8 to 10 points may be allowed; if the angle was determined after the sighting and it is estimated to be within 10%, 6 to 8 points; if the angle is referred to the angle

subtended by the sun or full moon, 4 to 6 points; if the angle is referred to the angle subtended by a familiar object at a stated distance, 2 to 4 points; vague description only, zero to 2.

If exhaust or vapour trails are indicated or statement as to their absence 2 points may be allowed; if there is any degree of doubt the score should be reduced towards zero.

Answers concerning noise should be given 3 points if they are specific and reduced towards zero if they are not specific.

Under weather conditions the total possible score of 5 should be scaled in proportion to the number of statements confirmed by official weather report.

Question 22, if a specific statement was made concerning the position of the object with reference to clouds 2 points may be allowed; scaled down towards zero if there is any doubt.

Under Question 25, if details are consistently described, 20 to 25 points; if details are loosely described 15 to 20 points, if they are vaguely described, 10 to 15 points; if details are absent and general description only is given, 5 to 10 points, and if a vague general description only is given, zero to 5 points.

Under Quastion 27, if the interview took place at the site of the sighting at a similar time and day and within a week, 20 points may be accorded; if the interview was at the site

at a similar time of day and later than a week, 15 to 20 points; if at the site at a different time of day, 15 points, if not at the site but within a week, 10 to 15 points; not at the site and/or later than a week, zero to 10 points.

Under Question 28, is the interrogator's opinion of the reliability of the observer, Answers to questions 3, 4, 5, 6, and 27 should go a long way towards establishing the reliability of the observer and the score obtained from the answers to these five questions should form the guide for the score to be assigned to Question 28. If, however, the interpogator's opinion appears to indicate a substantial deviation from the total so obtained the score for Question 28 should be adjusted accordingly. The maximum score possible is 50 and under normal circumstances should be about the same as the total score for questions 3, 4, 5, 6, and 27.

APPENDIX IV

Summary of Sightings Reported to and Analysed by Department of Transport During 1952.

by the Department of Transport during 1952. A few other sightings were reported but were obviously of conventional objects
and are omitted from this analysis. These summery reports are
much abbreviated but contain the salient features. The names
of the observers have been omitted since many of them were
reluctant to have their names used and consented to give the
information requested only on the distinct understanding that
their names would not be quoted. The names, however, do appear
on the sighting report forms or other official documents.

No evaluations of the individual sightings are included in these summaries, although in some cases the nature of the observed object is fairly obvious. In other cases the evaluations required much research and lengthy calculations, in trying to make them fit the verious theories so far advanced. Most of these efforts were quite unsuccessful because the data lies outside conventional patterns.

The weighting factors shown have been worked out from the original data along the lines of Appendix II, and where more more than one observer was involved, the respective weighting

APPENDIX III

SAUCER SIGHTING ANALYSIS CHARTS

Chart I General nature of sightings

Chart II Origin of vehicles

Chart III Technology of vehicles

Chart IV Nature of vehicles

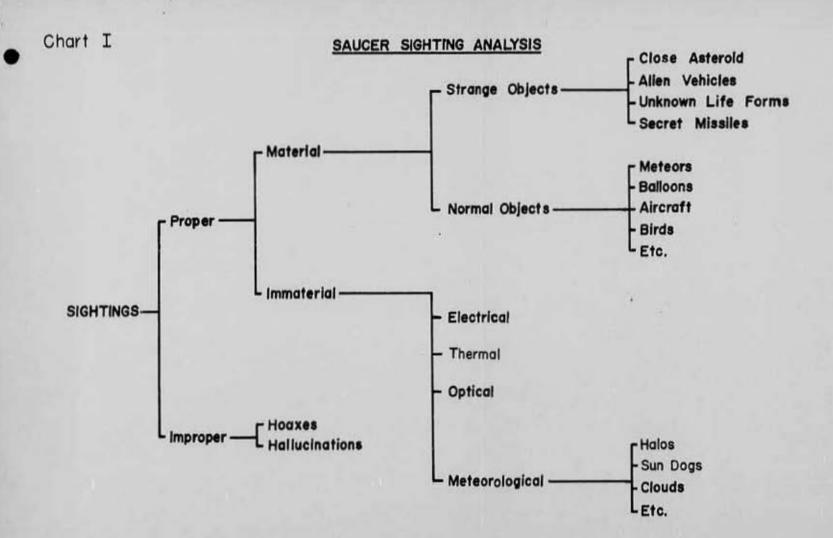
Chart V Optical and Radar considerations

Chart VI Observations and physical laws

Chart VII ... Electrical and thermal phenomenae

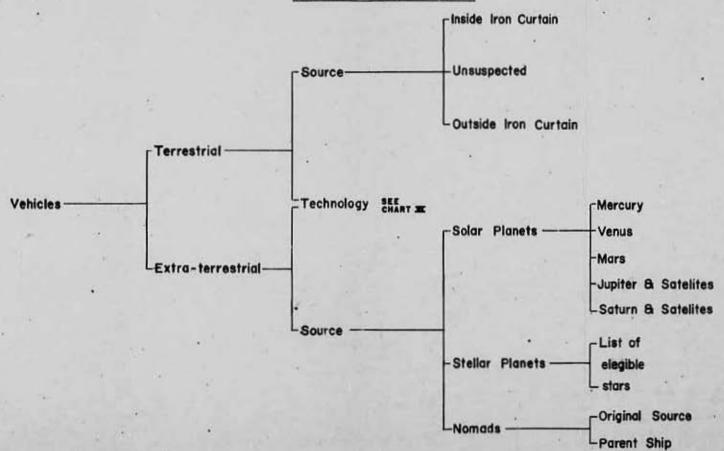
Chart VIII ... Life forms

Chart IX Astronomical bodies



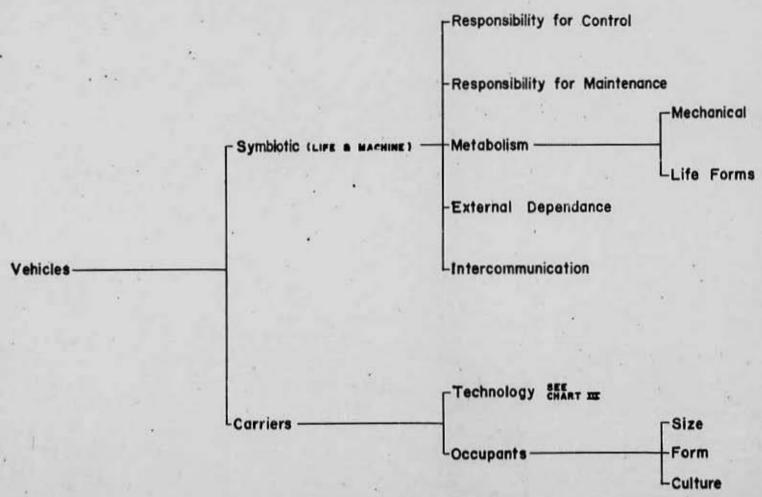


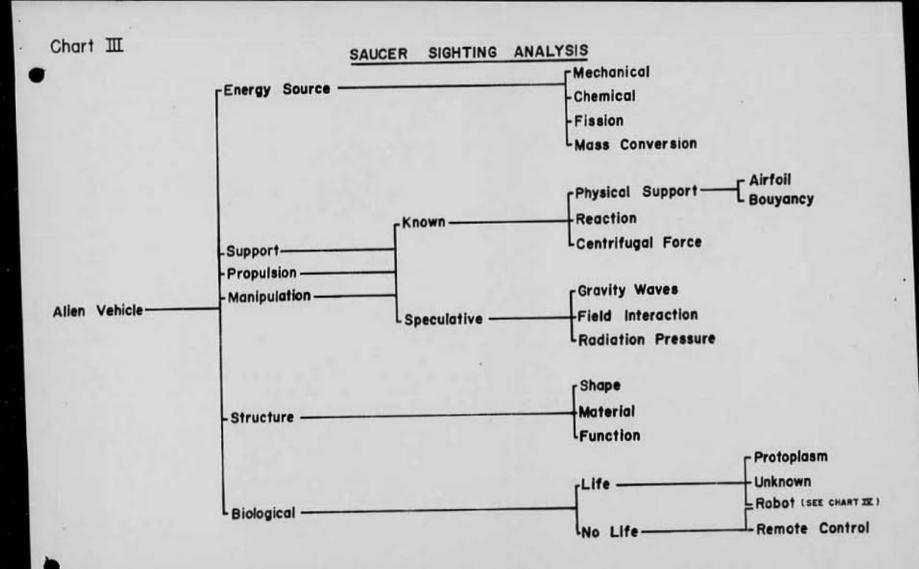


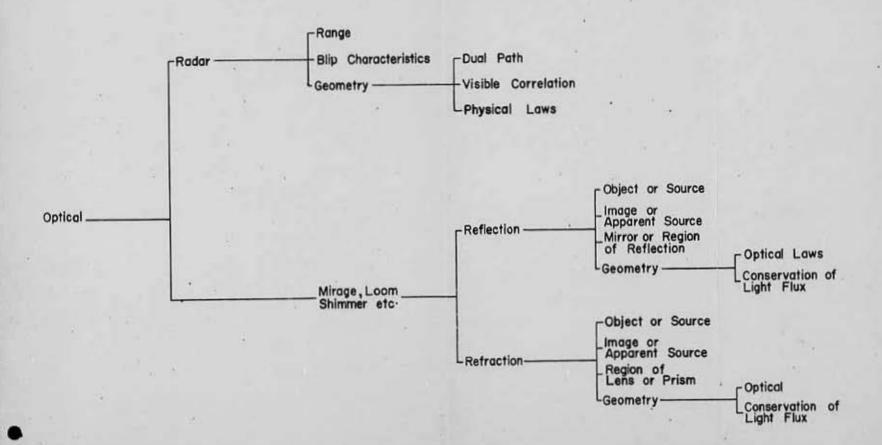




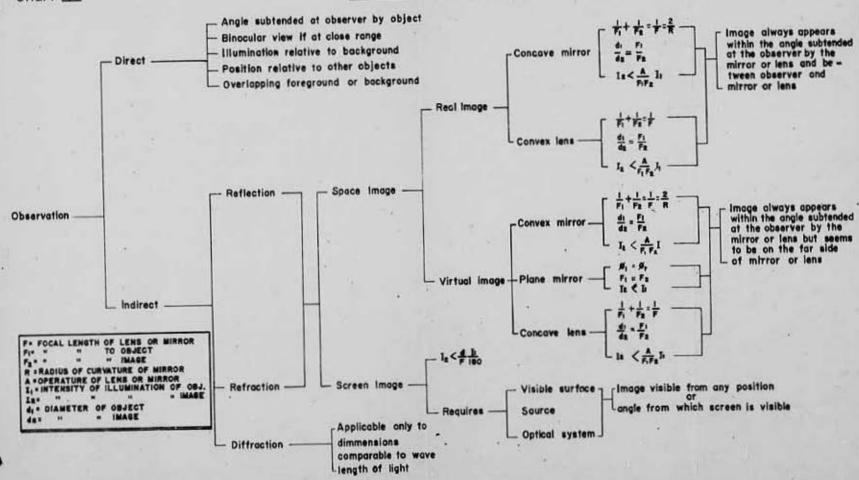
SAUCER SIGHTING ANALYSIS



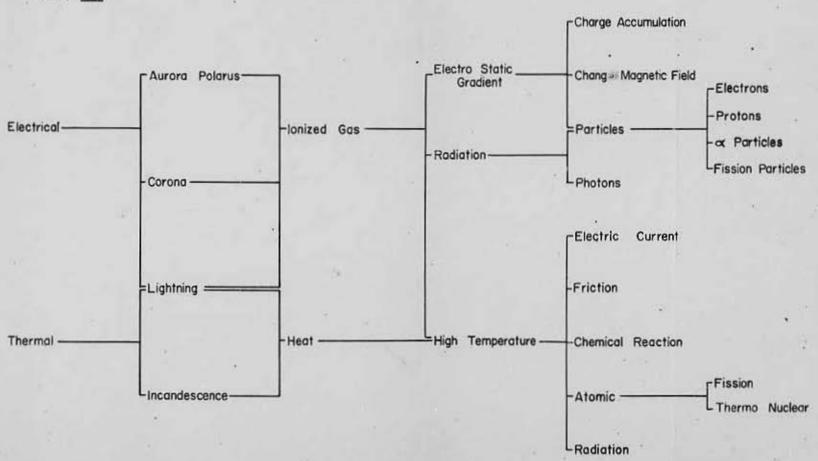




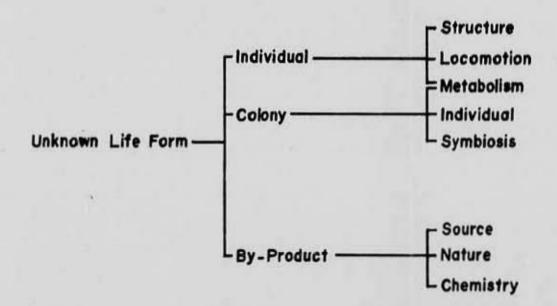
SAUCER SIGHTING ANALYSIS



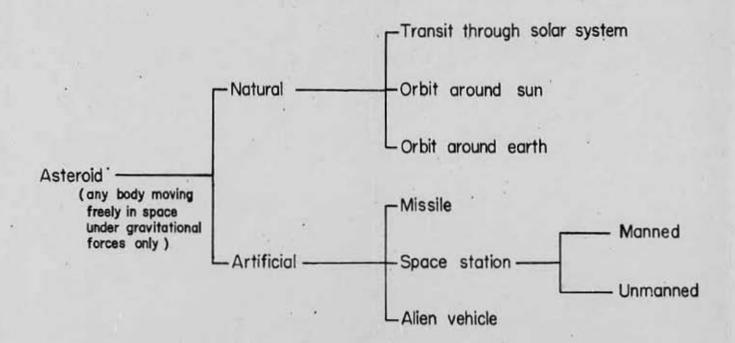
SAUCER SIGHTING ANALYSIS



SAUCER SIGHTING ANALYSIS



SAUCER SIGHTING ANALYSIS



factors were combined according to Peter's Forumla. These weighting factors are essentially the probability that the reports are reliable in themselves.

CASE 1. OTTAWA, MAY 1st, 1952, Weight 90%

At approximately 9.30 PM E.D.T. on May 1st a roundiah. bright light streaked across Ottawa's southern horizon. It was seen by 6 people located in Ottawa and Aylmer who were interviewed immediately after the sighting. The light was visible about 12 seconds and went out abruptly at the end of its travel. Triangulations from data supplied by the observers fixed the termination of the path about over the Shirley Bay rifle range. with the start of the path somewhere near Uplands Airport. The altitude was computed at about 12,000 feet, and its speed at about 3,600 miles per hour. The path was estimated to be curved with the center of curvature near down town Ottawa. Triangulation computations estimated the diameter of the illuminated area as about 400 feet. The color of the light was predominately white, and it was very steady and the entire area appeared to be uniformly illuminated. The light suddenly went out at the end of its travel and nothing further was seen. There were no sounds reported.

Just preceding the above sighting two other observers noticed an orange ellipse in the south east sky from Ottawa, which appeared to hover for some time, after which it suddenly

vanished. The closest estimate of time in this case places the sighting as occupying a half hour between 8.45 and 9.15 E.D.T. The planet Mars was in the sky at the time but at a somewhat different bearing and elevation claimed for the object. No special note was taken of the planet.

At approximately 9.15 PM E.D.T. a light was seen by a single observer in Smiths Falls moving rapidly from east to west across the south west sky. The general description of this light was similar to that seen from the Ottawa area, except that it appeared to subtend a smaller angle.

CASE II, KARS, ONTARIO, MAY 24, 1952, Weight 61%

Within a few minutes of 9.26 PM, E.D.T. a farmer near Kars noticed a dull red round object moving from west to north in the sky. It was in view about a minute and then vanished beyond the horizon. It appeared to be about two thirds the diameter of the full moon, but not as bright as that body. No sounds were heard.

CASE III, HALIFAX, N.S., MAY 26, 1952, Weight 81%

At about 10.35 PM, A.S.T., a brilliant blue light streaked from south to northeast across the Halifax sky, leaving a trail behind it. This was seen by observers in Spryfield, Bass River and River John by four separate people. Triangulation fixes the path as starting a little to the east of Halifax and

terminating about over Tatamagouche. The duration of the sighting was about 2 seconds. The observer at River John claimed to have heard a hissing sound.

CASE IV, WENDOVER, ONTARIO, JUNE 6, 1952, Weight 64%

Five people in a car approaching Wendover at about 3.30 AM, E.D.T., noticed an crange red object moving from west north west to west, about 5° above the horizon, which was in view about a minute and then dropped below the horizon. The car was moving at the time.

CASE V. CALGARY, ALBERTA, JUNE 5, 1952, Weight 62%

A meteorological assistant was taking a Pibal observation at 11.47 AM, M.S.T., when a silvery ellipse, aspect ratio
8:1, crossed the field of vision of the theodolite. It was in
view for 3 seconds. With reference to the height of the pibal
balloon at the time the object was estimated to be higher than
50,000 feet. The object appeared to have a sharp outline and to
shine from reflected sunlight.

CASE VI, HALIFAX, N.S., JUNE 15, 1952, Weight 75%

On June 15 at 8.32 AM, A.S.T., a meteorological assistant on reserve army manoeuvers noticed what seemed to be a large silver disc in the sky south east of Halifax. It moved southwest for about 30 seconds at an estimated altitude of 5,000 to 8,000 feet and then ascended vertically and in 2 to 5 seconds merged in altocumulus clouds at 11,000 to 12,000 feet. If the altitude estimates are correct, from the bearing and elevation data

obtained from this observer, the diameter of the disc works out at about 100 feet. A large standard aircraft was also in the sky at the time and the object seemed to move much more rapidly than the plane. The object's speed was estimated to be at least 800 miles per hour.

CASE VII, OTTAWA, ONTARIO, JUNE 20, 1952, Weight S6%

Five people saw a brilliant object travel rapidly from south to north across the eastern sky from Ottawa at 9.48 PM, E.D.T. The sighting lasted about 4 seconds, and consisted of a brilliant irregularly shaped head followed by a short luminous tail. Triangulation placed the path between 50 and 100 miles east of Ottawa, and from south to north.

CASE VIII, PECKSFORDS ISLAND, NFLD., JUNE 27, 1952, Weight 71%

Two lightkeepers at the Peckfords Island lighthouse noticed at 12.35 AM Nfld. time a reddish light slightly above the horizon travelling slowly from south to north east. Both light-keepers ascertained that there was no boat or other object associated with the light.

CASE IX, VANCOUVER, B.C., JULY 3, 1952, Weight 39%

A single observer noticed at 11.55 PM, P.D.T., a bright round amber light move from the south in a northwesterly direction, until it was about due west when it turned and headed southwest. The object was in view about 1 minute.

CASE X, OTTAWA, ONTARIO, JULY 8, 1952, Weight 69%

A commissionaire on duty at an army depot saw a bright light about one quarter the size of the full moon, light orange in color, which travelled from the south towards the north, turned and travelled south again. It was in view about 1 minute. The time was about 10.15 PM, E.D.T.

CASE XI, PELLS CORNERS, ONTARIO, JULY 17, 1952, Weight 66%

CASE XII. HALIFAX, N.S., JULY 18, 1952, Weight 68%

On July 17 at about 10.50 PM, E.D.T., an observer in a car on Highway 15 near Bells Corners noticed a bright flash in the south east sky which consisted of a bright cream coloured object which travelled towards the south, broke into pieces and left a white trail which persisted for about 15 seconds.

At approximately midnight A.S.T. on July 18, an exairforce officer noticed a gold coloured bright ring about some
central object which travelled rapidly from the north west towards
the east and disappeared below the horizon. The angle subtended
was about one quarter size of the full moon, and was visible about
8 or 9 seconds. There was no sound reported and no trails.
CASE XIII, OTTAWA, ONTARIO, JULY 20, 1952, Weight 74%

At approximately 11.42 AM, E.D.T. a tear drop shaped object was seen by a single observer for about 4 seconds as it flew into a cloud. The object was described as very shiny bright

and about one eighth size of the full moon. The course covered an arc of about 50° at an elevation of about 30° to 40°, and appeared to be curving towards its left.

CASE XIV. OTTAWA, ONTARIO, JULY 25, 1952, Weight 74%

At about 8.00 AM, E.D.T., seven bright objects were seen in V formation in the west and travelling south. They appeared bright, bluish and self luminous, round and about one half size of the moon. Again at about 11.45 AM, E.D.T., two more similar objects were seen north and travelling south east.

CASE XV, CARAQUET, N.B., JULY 30, 1952, Weight 53%

Between 6 and 7 PM, A.S.T., July 30, the lightkeeper at Caraquet observed a brilliantly shiny cone shaped object about 450 above the horizon, travelling from south to east.

CASE XVI. NOOTKA, B.C., JULY 30, 1952, Weight 58%

On July 30, 1952, at 1.37 AM, P.S.T. the lightkeeper at Nootka Station observed a luminous object travelling northwest by north. It was in view between 3 and 4 seconds and passed almost overhead. There was no sound or vapour trail.

CASE XVII. MACDONALD, MANITOBA, AUGUST 27, 1952, Weight 73%

A disc shaped object with shadows on it as if it had an irregular surface was seen by two meteorological officers at 4.45 AM, C.S.T. at MacDonald Airport. It was well below the altocumulus clouds at 5,000 feet, and subtended an angle of about 3° and was

about 30° above the horizon, and apparently right over the airport. The object made two turns about the field and when struck by the light from the rotating beacon made off toward the northeast and was out of sight within a second. There was no sound whatsoever. The object glinted like shiny aluminum when the beacon light struck it.

CASE XVIII. ALERT, N.W.T., NOVEMBER 25, 1952, Weight 55%

A meteorological observer at Alert, N.W.T., observed a lighted area in the sky which persisted for about 2 seconds, at 5.32 AM, G.M.T. The sky was overcast with a ceiling of about 2,000 feet. Lightning is practically unknown at these latitudes and there are no beacons within several hundred miles of Alert. CASE XIX, REGINA, SASK., DECEMBER 1, 1952, Weight 68%

A number of school children on their way home observed two bright star-like objects overhead with cloudlike tails travelling from north to south at 11.45 AM, M.S.T. The motion was slow and regular with the two objects alternating in the lead. A meteorologist employed by the Department of Transport, interviewed one of the children by telephone and was able to estimate the height of the objects as the same as the cirrus clouds present at the time. The meteorologist checked with the airport control tower and found that a single conventional aircraft was the only one in the vicinity.

CASE XX, PRINCE RUPERT, B.C., DECEMBER 3, 1952, Weight 68%

The Chief Officer of a Canadian Government Steamship at berth in Prince Rupert at 8.00 AM, P.S.T., on December 3 observed a small bright object travelling east from a position north of the observer. It was about the same brightness as a major planet and subtended about the same angle as Jupiter at its nearest approach to the Earth. It was in view about 6 seconds. There was no sound and no trail.

CASE XXI, OTTAWA, ONTARIO, DECEMBER 16, 1952, Weight 68%

A bright disc shaped object subtending an angle of about 4' was observed at 5.14 PM, E.S.T., travelling very fast from north to south west. It was in view for 32 seconds. The outline was sharp, and the major axis of the projected ellipse was always parallel to the horizon. The colour was similar to the planet Venus, but became slightly more reddish as it approached the horizon. There was no noise and no trail.

CASE XXII, WHITE RIVER, ONTARIO, DECEMBER 17, 1952

A railway yard employee observed a bright green flash in the south south west direction at 4.45 AM, E.S.T. There was no trail or sound.

CASE XXIII, REGINA, SASK., DECEMBER 27, 1952, Weight 74%

From 7.34 PM, M.S.T., to 7.42 PM, M.S.T., the airport control tower officer watched a round luminous object sustending an angle about one third that of the full moon, travel downwards and disappear beyond the horizon. I t travelled a vertical angle of 5°

in 12 minutes. Object was viewed through 7x50 field glasses and a red flashing light on top and a green flashing light on the bottom were observed. Through the glasses the object appeared about the size of the full moon. There was no sound or trail.

CASE XXIV, REGINA, SASK., DECEMBER 31, 1952, Weight 78%

The Meteorological officer and Air Traffic controller at the Regina Airport observed a luminous circular object subtending about 8', travelling downwards to disappear beyond the horizon at 3.10 AM, M.S.T. It travelled the first 5 degrees of its downward arc in 4 minutes and the last 5 degrees in three minutes. There was no additional detail visible through the field glasses.

CASE XXV, REGINA, SASK., DECEMBER 31, 1952, Weight 76%

Approximately 20 minutes after CASE XXIV at 3.30 AM,
M.S.T., the same observers saw another somewhat similar object
descending towards the horizon covering an arc of about 15 degrees
in 3 or 4 minutes. This object seemed to fluctuate in brilliancy
with about a 5 second period, appearing larger when brighter. The
colour of the objects seen in CASES XXIII, XXIV, AND XXV was
similar to that of a harvest moon, and about the same intensity.
The objects definitely were not associated with the only aircraft
aloft at the times of the sightings.

PROJECT SECOND STOREY

Sighting Report

| A. | Details of observer. |
|----|---|
| | 1. Name of observer: |
| | Surname: Youngway Initials . 9.3 |
| | 2. Address of observer: |
| | Number Street Prince Rupat & |
| | Province |
| | 3. Occupation and previous relevant experience: |
| | Clerk |
| | *************************************** |
| | 4. Age Group: |
| | 5. Has observer seen "flying objects" before, and if so, briefly, when, where, and circumstances: |
| | The |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | 6. Was observer wearing glasses? |
| | 74 |
| | Details of Observation |
| | 7. Date and local time: Securities 3rd -8:AM |
| | 8. Position of observer as accurately as possible: |
| | the City of Prince Rupert Blo. |
| | *************************************** |
| | 9. General description of sighting: |
| | Housentally est to me cost |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |

| 10. | Number of objects: |
|-----|--|
| 11. | Length of time observed Aspertimetally . /min : |
| | Position in which first seen: |
| | Bearing: 270° |
| | *************************************** |
| | Mevation: Atout 13° |
| | |
| 13. | Position in which last seen: |
| | Bearing90° |
| | *************************************** |
| | Mevation |
| | *************************************** |
| - | |
| 14. | General description of any changes in the direction of motion. |
| | Straight line |
| | *************************************** |
| 15. | Detailed description of apparent shape: |
| | Kaund aliget |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 16. | |
| | An to law duce light |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 17. | |
| 17. | Detailed description of colour. Culite |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| *** | |
| 18. | Apparent size (e.g. angle subtended) |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | |

| 19. | Description of exhaust or vapour trails, if any. |
|-----|---|
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 20. | Description of noise, if any: |
| | none. |
| | *************************************** |
| 21. | Weather conditions: (a) Oloudslaw anewast |
| | (b) Visibility Restricted 5 miles |
| | (c) Precipitation |
| | (d) General remarks: Auch |
| | *************************************** |
| 22. | Was the object flying above, below or in and out of cloud? |
| | Through thin overcast |
| 23. | Did anyone else see the object? If so, names and addresses: |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | |
| | |
| 24. | Is there other contributory evidence: (Photographic, or electronic, etc.) |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 25. | Any other details: (including sketch if possible) |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |

| - | 0. | Details | of | Interrogator | |
|---|----|---------|------|--------------|--|
| • | | 100 | -110 | | |

| 26. | Interrogator: |
|-----|--|
| | Surname: Simpson |
| | InitialsJ.A. |
| | Position held: O.I.C. Tonesphere Station |
| 27. | Date and place of interrogation: |
| | tobonary 2 1952 |
| | Parrie Ropert B.C. |
| | |
| | |
| 28. | Interrogator's opinion of the reliability of the observer. |
| | Misi youngoon is a very officient clock- |
| | accountant and helde a responsibly outer |
| | It is believed her report will be goods accounted. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

Sighting Report

(A Separate form is to be used for each observer).

| Œ. | Details of coserver. |
|----|---|
| | 1. Name of observer: Surname: RAMSEY Initials F. B. |
| | Surname: |
| | 2. Address of observer: |
| | 925 Borden St. Prince Ruper Number Street City |
| | Province |
| | 3. Occupation and previous relevant experience: |
| | Draftsman - 5 years land |
| | SUNYEYING |
| | 4. Age Group: 26 Y/5. |
| | 5. Has observer seen "flying objects" before, and if so, briefly, when, where, and circumstances: |
| | No. |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | 6. Was observer wearing glasses? |
| | |
| | Details of Observation |
| | 7. Date and local time: |
| | 7. Date and local time: Dec. 3, 1952 -8:00 AM. |
| | 8. Position of observer as accurately as possible: |
| | 4th. ST. & 3rd ave. Prince Rupert |
| | *************************************** |
| | 9. General description of sighting: |
| | A spherical glowing object. |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |

В.

| 10 | Number of objects: ONE |
|-----|--|
| | |
| 11. | Length of time observed3. to f. seconds: |
| 12. | Position in which first seen: |
| | Bearing: 270° |
| | Elevation: 30° |
| | |
| | •••••••••••• |
| 13. | Position in which last seen: |
| | Bearing20.0 |
| | *************************************** |
| | Elevation25° |
| | |
| | |
| 14. | General description of any changes in the direction of motion. |
| | Level flight |
| | |
| 15. | Detailed description of apparent shape: |
| | Secretical. |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 16. | Detailed description of apparent brightness: |
| | ······y |
| | Cesting a glow |
| | •••••• |
| | *************************************** |
| 17. | Detailed description of colour. |
| | White |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 18. | Apparent size (e.g. angle subtended) |
| | 30' ± |
| | 30 = |
| | |

| 19. | Description of exhaust or vapour trails, if any. |
|-----|---|
| | Vapour trail - (bright) |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| 20. | Description of noise, if any: |
| | No noise |
| | *************************************** |
| 21. | Weather conditions: Overcost |
| | (b) Visibility. 3mi variable |
| | |
| | (c) Precipitation |
| | (d) General remarks: |
| | |
| 22. | Was the object flying above, below or in and out of cloud? |
| | In and out |
| 23. | Did anyone else see the object? If so, names and addresses: |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 24. | Is there other contributory evidence: |
| | (Photographic, or electronic, etc.) |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 25. | Any other details: (including sketch if possible) |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | |
| | |

C. Details of Interrogator

| 26. | Interrogator: |
|-----|--|
| | Surname: S.L. m. f. Sp.n. |
| | Initials |
| | Position held: P.I. C. Torrasphere St. T. T.com. |
| 27. | Date and place of interrogations |
| | telemany 2td 1953 |
| | Paral Rupert BC |
| | |
| | ••••• |
| 28. | Interrogator's opinion of the reliability of the observer. |
| | Mr. Kamsey to my spinion in a very |
| | rehable observed having considerable expensive |
| | an surveyor of lande etc. |
| | |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | |

John A Simpson.
(Signature of Interrogator)

PROJECT SECOND STOREY

Sighting Report

| 1. | Name of observer: |
|-----|--|
| | Surname: Clocone |
| 2. | Address of observer: |
| | 535A Tatlow Street . Prince Rupert, 3.C. Number Street City |
| | Province |
| 3. | Occupation and previous relevant experience: |
| | T. Eaton Co. Order Office Manager |
| | *************************************** |
| 4. | Age Group: 26 Years |
| 5. | Has observer seen "flying objects" before, and if so, briefly, when, where, and circumstunces: |
| | No |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| 6. | Was observer wearing glasses? |
| | No |
| Det | ails of Observation |
| 7. | Date and local time: |
| | Date and local time: Date |
| 8, | Position of observer as accurately as possible: At the West corner of the junction of Fulton Street and Third Ave. West |
| | •••••••••••••••• |
| 9. | General description of sighting: While observing an incoming plane. four small shining objects were noted. First thought was high flying seagulls. I decided to watch the anticswhich are interestingthen realized by the unusual flight directions that they were not seagulls. |
| | 3. 4. 5. Bete |

| 10. | Number of objects: |
|-----|---|
| 11. | Length of time observed Very nearly four or five minutes |
| 12. | Position in which first seen: |
| | Bearing: Due North |
| | *************************************** |
| | Mevation: 65 to 70 degrees |
| | |
| 13. | Position in which last seen: |
| | Bearing Due North |
| | |
| | Elevation 70 to 75degrees |
| | *************************************** |
| 14. | General description of any changes in the direction of motion. |
| | Flying due north moving slowing then abruptly changing directi |
| 15. | so that they wer moving in a southeasterly direction for a short distance. Moving at right angle back to original position. Detailed description of apparent shape: |
| | Definitely round with the top portion brighter than the lower |
| | portionbutch .bud .tue. ahading .of .being .ip. ahadow |
| | |
| | |
| 16. | Detailed description of apparent brightness: |
| | .Brightness at top had the whiteness of white bond paper. It |
| | .did.not.acem.to.benulsating.brightnessrather a consistent .white. Lower nortion as stated above seemed to be either shadow .or.colour of shaded portion |
| 17. | Detailed description of colour. |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 18. | Apparent size (e.g. angle subtended) |
| | .About the size of a ball point pen held at arms length |
| | ••••••••••••••••• |
| | *************************************** |

| 19. | Description of exhaust or vapour trails, if any. |
|-----|---|
| | None noted |
| | *************************************** |
| | |
| 20. | Description of noise, if any: |
| | None noted |
| | *************************************** |
| 21. | Weather conditions: (a) GloudsN41, |
| | (b) Visibility.491JALted |
| | (c) Precipitation |
| | (d) General remarks. Conditions perfect for observation |
| | *************************************** |
| 22. | Was the object flying above, below or in and out of cloud? |
| | |
| 23. | Did anyone else see the object? If so, names and addresses: |
| | Yes |
| | |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| 24. | Is there other contributory evidence: (Photographic, or electronic, etc.) |
| | None known |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 25. | Any other details: (including sketch if possible) |
| | As stated previously. I thought they were seagulls which I have watched many times, but due to the sudden, definite changes in direction; I realize that the turns made were impossible for a |
| | seagull to make. The relative speed was very slow; in fact barely noticable at first glance. |
| | |

O. Details of Interrogator

| 26. | Interrogator: |
|-----|---|
| | Surname: Simpson |
| | InitialsJ. A. |
| | Position held: . O. A. C Lonespherie . Station |
| 27. | Date and place of interrogation: |
| | + Abovery 210 1953 |
| | Porma Ropert B. |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| 28. | Interrogator's opinion of the reliability of the observer. |
| | |
| | Mr. become appears to be a very rebable |
| | . person being the office manager of the T. |
| | Mr. beene appeare to be a new rebable person being the office manager of the T. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

John A Simpson. (Signature of Interrogator)

PROJECT SECOND STOREY

Sighting Report

| A. | Details of observer. |
|----|---|
| | 1. Name of observer: Surname: tergusor |
| | 2. Address of observer: 1630 8th Rive Fast Prince Rupeil Number British Columbia Province |
| | 3. Occupation and previous relevant experience: |
| | 4. Age Group:4.2. |
| | 5. Has observer seen "flying objects" before, and if so, briefly, when, where, and circumstances: |
| | 6. Was observer wearing glasses? |
| | Details of Observation |
| | 7. Date and local time: 1/52 |
| | 8. Position of observer as accurately as possible: |
| | 9. General description of sightings Liptical moving object retheeting 17. The sun |
| | *************************************** |
| | |

| | -8- | 2. |
|-----|--|--------|
| 10. | Number of objects:5 | |
| 11. | Length of time observed 15 of 30 Second | /5 |
| 12. | Position in which first seen: | |
| | Bearing: 180° | |
| | | |
| | Mevation: 75.01.80° | |
| | | |
| 13. | Position in which last seen: | |
| | Bearing360° | |
| | Elevation 75 or 80° | |
| | Elevation | |
| | *************************************** | |
| 14. | General description of any changes in the direction of mot | ion. |
| | Stragght Flight | |
| 10 | ************************************** | |
| 10. | Detailed description of apparent shape: | Squeer |
| | | |
| | *************************************** | |
| 22 | | |
| 16. | Detailed description of apparent brightness: Cohor of abuninium & Shore bi | ightly |
| | When sun hit it | |
| | *************************************** | |
| 17 | Detailed description of colour, | |
| 17. | Themen un | |
| | | |
| | *************************************** | |
| 18. | Apparent size (e.g. angle subtended) | |
| | /g | |
| | *************************************** | |
| | | |

| 19. | Description of exhaust or vapour trails, if any. |
|-----|---|
| | None |
| | *************************************** |
| | |
| 20. | Description of noise, if any: |
| | None |
| | *************************************** |
| 21. | Weather conditions: (a) Olouds |
| | (b) Visibility Other 1771 |
| | (c) Precipitation |
| | (d) General remarks: |
| | *************************************** |
| 22. | Was the object flying above, below or in and out of cloud? |
| | |
| 23. | Did anyone else see the object? If so, names and addresses: |
| | *************************************** |
| | ••••••• |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| 24. | Is there other contributory evidence: (Photographic, or electronic, etc.) |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 25. | Any other details: (including sketch if possible) |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |

O. Details of Interrogator

| 26. | Interrogator: |
|-----|--|
| | Surname: Simpson |
| | Initials |
| | Position held: O.I.C. Tonospherie Station |
| 27. | Date and place of interrogation: |
| | tohnung 21° 1953 Pamei Rupert B.C. |
| | |
| | |
| 28. | Interrogator's opinion of the reliability of the observer. |
| | Ino tergoson is apparently quite some of what he saw, being somewhat influenced by |
| | neur paper report le |
| | |
| | |
| | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• |
| | ······ |
| | |

John A Sampson.
(Signature of Interrogator)

Sighting Report

| A | . Details of observer. |
|---------|---|
| | 1. Name of observer: |
| | Surname: PARAET.T. |
| | 2. Address of observer: |
| | Number Street PRINCE Street. |
| | Number Street City |
| | Province |
| | 3. Occupation and previous relevant experience: |
| | PROPRIETER RADIO + ELECTRICAL SALES. |
| | SARVAGA |
| | 4. Age Oroup: |
| | 5. Has observer seen "flying objects" before, and if so, briefly, |
| | when, where, and circumstances: |
| | |
| | ••••••• |
| | 6. Was observer wearing glasses? |
| | |
| В | |
| | 7. Date and local time: |
| | 8. Position of observer as accurately as possible: |
| | FROM MIBRIDE ST. TO 2ND Stat (DRINNE) Then |
| | PARKAD. ON THIRD : AND WOTCHEN CATACT . DISAPPEAR . |
| | sighted object in sky white priving from me Bride steet to. |
| | 274 PND. Object. spreared to be moving VAS. NO. T. SYRE. |
| | on in Instrance the car and then object we defently moving |
| | diamound |
| | |
| | PARTED TO |
| | |
| | |
| 1 | SAD AVE |
| 1 | N SKY |
| - | OBSECT AMPERACED IN SKY |
| | |
| NV. 104 | |
| | |

| | 19. Description of exhaust or vapour trails, if any. |
|------|---|
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | 20. Description of noise, if any: |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | 21. Weather conditions: (a) Glouds |
| | (b) Visibility KNAMITER: |
| | (c) Precipitation |
| | (d) General remarks: |
| | *************************************** |
| | 22. Was the object flying above, below or in and out of cloud? |
| | NO CLOUPS: -NO MOON |
| | 23. Did anyone else see the object? If so, names and addresses: |
| | N/K |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | 24. Is there other contributory evidence: (Photographic, or electronic, etc.) |
| | |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | 25. Any other details: (including sketch if possible) |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• |
| | |
| | e o v * s t |
| | |
| | |
| 0856 | |
| | |
| | |
| | BLD65 |
| | 311 216 |
| | |

| as poodered or recovered | 0. | Details | of | Interrogator |
|--------------------------|----|---------|----|--------------|
|--------------------------|----|---------|----|--------------|

| 26. | Interrogator: |
|-----|--|
| | Surname: Simpson |
| | Initials |
| | Position held: O.I.C. Tonosphere STATION |
| 27. | Date and place of interrogation: |
| | Parner Ropert, B.C. |
| | |
| | |
| 28. | Interrogator's opinion of the reliability of the observer. |
| | observer, and doesn't oppear to be brased by |
| | previour newspaper accounts de |
| | |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | •••••• |
| | •••••• |

Signature of Interrogator)



DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT

INTRA-DEPARTMENTAL CORRESPONDENCE 302 Blowey-Henry Bldg.,

EDMONTON. Alberta. 14 March

YOUR FILE SECRET 22-12-19(CAW) SUBJECT

"Project Second Story"

OUR FILE

SECRET

2089

Director of Air Services, Department of Transport, O t t a w a, Ontario.

Att'n: Supt. Airways.

NOV 18 1953 Transport Dept

1. Please refer to your letter dated February 21, 1953 on the above. As requested we are enclosing herewith Siting Reports submitted by H.R. Press, Airport Maintenance Foreman, Fort St. John covering sitings by Mr. F.W. McLeod and Mr. L. Wagner.

Encla.

PROJECT SECOND STOREY

Sighting Report

| • | Det | alls of observer. |
|---|------|--|
| | 1. | Name of observer: |
| | | Surname:NcLeod |
| | 2. | Address of observer: |
| | | c/o Department of Transport, Fort St. John, B.C. Number Street City |
| | | Province |
| | 3. | Occupation and previous relevant experience: |
| | | Equipment Operator, previously an Airport Attendant Grade 1 |
| | | Employed by the Department of Transport in airport maintenance |
| | 4. | Age Group:30 |
| | | Has observer seen "flying objects" before, and if so, briefly, when, where, and circumstances: |
| | | No. |
| | | *************************************** |
| | | •••••• |
| | 6. | Was observer wearing glasses? |
| | | .No |
| | Deta | nils of Observation |
| | 7. | Date and local time: .February 7, 1953 at about 0700 hours M.S.T. |
| | | CONTACTOR OF THE PROPERTY PARTY PARTY |
| | 8. | Position of observer as accurately as possible: Observer was standing in the kitchen of his residence on the Fort St. John B.O. Airport looking out of the South and West windows. There are other low |
| | | buildings in the area. |
| | 9. | General description of sighting: A really bright light travelling from East to West. This caught my attention when I happened to look out of the window while eating my breakfast. |
| | | *************************************** |
| | | *************************************** |

| 10. | Number of objects: |
|-----|--|
| 11. | Length of time observedA. few seconds |
| 12. | Position in which first seen: |
| | Bearing:South.West.of.wy.home.and.ebout.a.balf.wile.distance |
| | |
| | Elevation:300 |
| | |
| 13. | Position in which last seen: |
| | Bearing Straight South of my house, I thought 600 yds away. |
| | Elevation70° |
| | *************************************** |
| 14. | General description of any changes in the direction of motion. |
| | There was no change in the direction of motion. |
| 4 | |
| 15. | Detailed description of apparent shape: |
| | |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 16. | Detailed description of apparent brightness: |
| | Appeared like a bright planet, e.g. the planet venus |
| | *************************************** |
| | ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• |
| 17 | Detailed description of colour. |
| 17. | White in colour |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 18. | Apparent size (e.g. angle subtended) |
| | Observer reports the size about 3' x 2' and subtended |
| | angle of about 1° |
| | |

| 19 | . Description of exhaust or vapour trails, if any. |
|-----|--|
| | None |
| | |
| | |
| 200 | |
| 20 | Description of noise, if any: |
| | None, however the observer was inside a house. |
| | *************************************** |
| 21. | Weather conditions: (a) CloudsNil |
| | (b) Visibility Good for that time of day |
| | (c) Precipitation N11 |
| | 요즘 얼마나 뭐 하는 것이 없는 것은 것이 되었다면 하지만 하는 것이 되었다면 하는데 없어 없어요? |
| | (d) General remarks: . Pawn was just breaking |
| | |
| 22. | Was the object flying above, below or in and out of cloud? |
| | No clouds |
| 23. | Did anyone else see the object? If so, names and addresses: |
| | Yes., .Mrs F.W McLeod, .Department .of .TransportFort .St John . |
| | andWrLWegner, .G.F.A. Fort.St. John, B.Q |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 24. | (Photographic, or electronic, etc.) |
| | No. |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 25. | Any other details: (including sketch if possible) |
| | ************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |

| .0. | Details | of | Interrogator |
|-----|---------|----|--------------|
| | Decerto | O. | THEATTONGOOT |

| 26. | Interrogator: |
|-----|--|
| | Surname: PRESS |
| | Initials H.R. |
| | Position held: Airport Maintenance Foreman |
| 27. | Date and place of interrogation: |
| | March 11 1953 at the home of the observer on the Fort St. John |
| | Airport. |
| | |
| | |
| 28. | Interrogator's opinion of the reliability of the observer. |
| | I consider this man sincere and reliable in his |
| | report of his observation. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | |

Sprin

(Signature of Interrogator)

Sighting Report

| • | Det | ails of observer. |
|---|-----|---|
| | 1. | Name of observer: |
| | | Surname:V4GNERInitials |
| | 3. | Address of observer: |
| | | |
| | | Province |
| | 3. | Occupation and previous relevant experience: |
| | | Caretaker at the C.P.A. Staff House |
| | | |
| | 4. | Age Group: 40 to 50 years |
| | 5. | Has observer seen "flying objects" before, and if so, briefly, when, where, and circumstances: |
| | | No. |
| | | *************************************** |
| | | *************************************** |
| | 6. | Was observer wearing glasses? |
| | | No. |
| | Det | ails of Observation |
| | 7. | Date and local time: |
| | | Fabruary, 7, 1955, at 0700, hours, M.S.T |
| | 8. | Position of observer as accurately as possible: Observer was standing on public road running Fast & West through the Fort St. John Airport, B.C. at about the middle of the building area. Visibility unobstructed to East and West and low buildings (15) at |
| | 9. | General description of sighting: |
| | | A bright light which resembled a house window. |
| | | *************************************** |
| | | *************************************** |
| | | *************************************** |

| 10. | Number of objects:One |
|-----|--|
| 11. | Length of time observedOne minute |
| 12. | Position in which first seen: |
| | Bearing: Straight East |
| | •••••••••• |
| | Mevation: |
| | |
| 13. | Position in which last seen: |
| | Bearing East by North East |
| | |
| | Elevation |
| | |
| 14. | General description of any changes in the direction of motion. |
| | From steady motion to wavy motion |
| | |
| 15. | Detailed description of apparent shape: |
| | Not possible to give due to darkness |
| | |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| 16. | Detailed description of apparent brightness: Just like a house window with the blinds up and electric |
| | lights.on. |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 17. | Detailed description of colour. |
| | White |
| | |
| 30 | |
| 10. | Apparent size (e.g. angle subtended) The size of a house windowpossibly 20 |
| | ************************************** |
| | *************************************** |

| 19 | . Description of exhaust or vapour trails, if any. |
|-----|---|
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | |
| | |
| 20. | Description of noise, if any: |
| | Noise beard after object passed was a sound like |
| | a whistle similar to wind in trees |
| 21. | Weather conditions: (a) Clouds |
| | (b) Visibility Just breaking day |
| | (c) Precipitation. Nil |
| | |
| | (d) General remarks: |
| | |
| 22. | Was the object flying above, below or in and out of cloud? |
| | |
| 23. | Did anyone else see the object? If so, names and addresses: |
| | Vr. F.W. Woleod. o/o.Department. of Transport. Fort. St. John. B.C., |
| | |
| | |
| 24. | Is there other contributory evidence: (Photographic, or electronic, etc.) |
| | No |
| | |
| | |
| 25. | Any other details: (including sketch if possible) |
| | *************************************** |
| | |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | |

C. Details of Interrogator

| 26. | Interrogator: |
|-----|--|
| | Surname: PRESS |
| | Initials |
| | Position held:Airport Maintenance Foreman |
| 27. | Date and place of interrogation: |
| | March 11th 1953 in the office of the Airport Maintenance |
| | Foreman at Fort St. John, B.C. |
| | |
| | |
| 28. | Interrogator's opinion of the reliability of the observer. |
| | Mr. Wagner is a sober industrious men used to seeing |
| | aircraft in the sir daily and is considered to be a |
| | reliable observer. |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | •••••• |
| | |

(Signature of Interrogator)

THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF

| | individual patients | |
|---|---------------------|-----|
| | te contract | |
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| | and tool | |
| And the state of the | o carrier has mind | 192 |
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| ********************************* | | |
| ******************** | | |
| policements and the special large marries and may | Title memberated | 400 |
| ***** | | |
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| ************************* | | |

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AND THE RESERVE

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INTRA-DEPARTMENTAL CORRESPONDENCE

210 2

TORONTO 5, Ont., March 11, 1953

SUBJECT

Project Second Storey

05964-27

3-C IET FILE SEC 22-12-29 12-12-29 NOV 18 1953

CONFIDENTIAL

G.C.W. Browne, Esq., Controller of Transport, OTTAWA

2090

1. Attached hereto is a copy of a letter from Mr. W.R. Fryers, dated February 25, 1953, and the completed sighting report forms for each of the sightings reported during the latter part of December.

Attach.

Andrew Thomson (Controller)



AVIATION FORECAST OFFICE P.O. BOX 297. REGINA, SASK. 3 3

Feb. 25th, 1953.

DATE

SUBJECT

Project Second Storey

OUR FILE

CONFIDENTIAL

0

Controller, Meteorological Division, Dept. of Transport, 315 Bloor St. W., Toronto 5, Ont.

- 1. As requested in your letter of January 21st, 1953, paragraph 2.4, we have completed regular Sighting Report Forms for each of the sightings reported during the past month by Mssrs. R.J. Mowbray and E.A. Hauk. These are attached.
- 2. These were prepared in joint session with Mr. Mowbray and Mr. Hauk in the Control Tower room. No new information developed, and no significant differences in the observations.

(Sgd.) W.R. Fryers

W.R. Fryers, Officer-in-charge.

Sighting Report

| . Details o | f observer. |
|--|---|
| 1. Name | of observer: |
| Surn | ame: M.D.W.B.R.A.Y Initials R |
| The second secon | ss of observer: |
| Numb | A.R.P.O.R.T., % CONTROL TOWER, REGIND, |
| 2.5 5 3 | S.A.S.K |
| 3. Occup | eation and previous relevant experience: |
| | R.CORT. T.B.AFE.C. CONT.ROLLER, REG.IN.A. |
| SOL | WIGHTOR, ROAF, ABOUT BY FARS - OVERSEAS 2 YRS. |
| 4. Age | Group: 3.0.2 |
| | bserver seen "flying objects" before, and if so, briefly, where, and circumstances: |
| | Na |
| | |
| | |
| 6. Was o | bserver wearing glasses? |
| | .No |
| · Details of | * Observation |
| 7. Date | and local time: D.E.C. 27. 1152 - 1934 - 1972 MATA |
| | tion of observer as accurately as possible: .T.R.AFFIGGON.TROL |
| | WY |
| | estern to the region. |
| | tour. n. to be region |
| | |

| 10. Number of objects | |
|--|-------------------|
| 11.Length of time observed. About A | minutes |
| 12.Position in which first seen: | |
| BearingW.5.W | |
| | |
| | |
| 13. Position in which last seen: | |
| BearingW.S.W. | |
| 2 | |
| Elevation | |
| | |
| 14. General description of any changes in t | |
| Descended direct | |
| *************************************** | |
| 15. Detailed description of apparent shape: | |
| Circular | |
| *************************************** | |
| •••••• | |
| 16. Detailed description of apparent bright | ness: |
| Bright and the | 672000 PAR. 1 |
| *************************************** | ······ |
| ••••••• | |
| 17. Detailed description of colour. | continue |
| asuber of traffec. | .Callettongan |
| *************************************** | ······ |
| 18. Apparent size (e.g. angle subtended) | 01 |
| 18. Apparent size (e.g. angle subtended) About width of Bluck at assus to 7. X 50) appeared was | tead in orderary. |
| (7, ×50) appeared near | ly moon stil! |
| , , | The deal. |
| app 10' angle si | - provident |

| 19. | Description of exhaust or vapour trails, if any. |
|-----|---|
| | home abserved |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| 20. | Description of noise, if any: |
| | Name observed: |
| | |
| 21. | Weather conditions: |
| | (a) Clouds |
| | (b) Visibility. Over 15 miles |
| | (c) Precipitation: |
| | (c) Precipitation: |
| | (d) General remarks: Moon full of to |
| | the |
| 22. | Was the object flying above, below or in and out of cloud? |
| | Clear of cloud: |
| 23. | Did anyone else see the object? If so, names and addresses: |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| 24. | Is there other contributory evidence: |
| | (Photographic, or electronic, etc.) |
| | Honl |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 25. | Any other details: (including sketch if possible) |
| | With binoculars, flashing colored. |
| | lights visible - red at 1 tops, green |
| | att bottom similar to new upstion |
| | lighte appeared distinct from balance |
| | of Jab pest! which remained ambercalar |
| | |

| - c. Details of Interrogator | - c | | Deta | ils | of | Int | err | oga | tor | • |
|------------------------------|-----|--|------|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|
|------------------------------|-----|--|------|-----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|---|

| 26. | Interrogator: |
|-----|---|
| | Surname: # P. Jugero., |
| | Initials |
| | Position held Office . m. sharge |
| 27. | Date and place of interrogations Jan. 1. 1.9.53. and All. 25. 1253. |
| | lat. Constrol Tower, aufort |
| | |
| 28. | Interrogator's opinion of the reliability of the observer. |
| | Dery reliable |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | |
| | |

(Signature of Interrogator)

Sighting Report

| A . | Det | ails of observer. |
|-----|-------|--|
| | 1. | Name of observer: |
| | | Surname, MOWBRAYInitials. R |
| | 2. | Address of observer: |
| | | AIRPORT, Ya CONT ROL TOWER, REGINA |
| | | Province |
| | 3. | Occupation and previous relevant experience: |
| | | BIRPART TRAFFIG CONTROLLER, REGINA |
| | 4. | CONTRALLER - ASST. CONTROLLER FOR 4 VICE. NAVIGATOR, RCAF, ABOUT 3 YEARS - OVERSEAS, 2 YR. |
| | 5. | Has observer seen "flying objects" before, and if so, briefly, when, where, and circumstances: |
| | | .D. F.G. 2.7, 1953. A.S. A.S. A.S. A.S. A.S. A.S. A.S. A. |
| | | |
| | 6. | Was observer wearing glasses? |
| 3. | Detai | lls of Observation |
| | 7 | Date and local time: |
| | 8. | Position of observer as accurately as possible: .T.R.A.E.F.I.CCONT.RO.L |
| | 9. | General description of sighting: Appleased as a large light low in the western has inorgan moving. |
| | | |
| | | |

| C. | Details | of | Interrogator |
|----|---------|----|--------------|
| | | | |

| Interrogator: |
|--|
| Surname:F.R.X.F.R.S., |
| Initials |
| Position held: OfficeR-IN GRAPELY OFFICE |
| Date and place of interrogation: |
| |
| F.E.B. 25 TH 19.53 |
| A.T. GOMET. RO. H. TOWER, REGUNA |
| |
| Interrogator's opinion of the reliability of the observer. |
| Very seliáble |
| |
| ••••••• |
| |
| *************************************** |
| *************************************** |
| ••••• |
| *************************************** |
| *************************************** |
| |

W.R. Tyers.
(Signature of Interrogator)

| 10. Number of objects: |
|--|
| 11. Length of time observed. Aeven minutes |
| 12.Position in which first seen: |
| Bearing: W. N. W. |
| Elevation8. |
| *************************************** |
| |
| 13. Position in which last seen: |
| Bearing |
| |
| Elevation |
| |
| 14. General description of any changes in the direction of motion. |
| Straight to horizon |
| |
| 15. Detailed description of apparent shape: |
| |
| •••••• |
| *************************************** |
| 16. Detailed description of apparent brightness: |
| |
| •••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• |
| 17. Detailed description of colour. |
| ambes of treffic caution light |
| ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••• |
| 78 Apparent stra (a.g. spale subtended) |
| 18. Apparent size (e.g. angle subtended) |
| As in oculars nearly wason sign |

| 19. | Description of exhaust or vapour trails, if any. |
|-----|---|
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 20. | Description of noise, if any: |
| | *************************************** |
| 21. | Weather conditions: |
| | (a) Clouds Mande |
| | |
| | (b) Visibility. O.V. 15. miles |
| | (c) Precipitation: |
| | (d) General remarks: . Moonlight might |
| | (d) General remarks: Moonlight. might |
| 22. | Was the object flying above, below or in and out of cloud? |
| | Clear of cloud: |
| 23. | Did anyone else see the object? If so, names and addresses: |
| | F.A. H.A. U.K., 23.53. M. K.A.Y. ST. y. REGINA. |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 24. | Is there other contributory evidence: (Photographic, or electronic, etc.) |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | |
| 25. | Any other details: (including sketch if possible) |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | |

Sighting Report

| n. Door | 25 02 00001701 |
|------------|--|
| 1. N | ame of observer: |
| | Surname. MOW BR. AyInitialsR |
| 2. A | ddress of observer: |
| | AIRPORT, % CONTROL TOWER, REGINA |
| | 5.A.S.K |
| 3. 0 | ccupation and previous relevant experience: |
| | ALREART T. RAFFIG. CONT. ROLLER, P.E.G.INA |
| 1 | CPNTRALLER Y ASST. CONTROLLER FOR 4 KRS. NAVIGATOR, RCAF., ABOOT 3 YEARS, - OVERSEAS, 2 YRS |
| 4. | age Group: 30 |
| 5. H | as observer seen "flying objects" before, and if so, briefly, hen, where, and circumstances: |
| | IN. ATTACHED SIGHTING REPORT |
| | P.G. 31, 1952 A.T. 9310 . MST. A.S. DESCRIBE IN ATTRICHED "SIGHTING REPORT" as observer wearing glasses? |
| | <i>N</i> .o |
| B. Details | s of Observation |
| 7. 1 | Date and local time: |
| | Position of observer as accurately as possible: |
| | TAWER AIRPORT REGINA F.A.SKNG |
| | 5.H2 |
| 9. (| General description of sighting: Appeared as a large light low in wentern sky morning attendity down to hostigen |
| | The state of the s |
| | ••••••••••••••••••••••• |
| | *************************************** |

| 10. Number of objects |
|--|
| 11. Langth of time observed About. I minutes intermitted of servetion account traffic in circuit on field. 12. Position in which first seen: |
| 12.Position in which first seen: |
| Bearing. W.S.W. |
| Elevation8-10° |
| *************************************** |
| *************************************** |
| 13. Position in which last seen: |
| BearingW.S.W. |
| |
| Elevation |
| |
| |
| 14. General description of any changes in the direction of motion. |
| Straight to Lorigan |
| |
| 15. Detailed description of apparent shape: |
| Carcalan |
| *************************************** |
| *************************************** |
| 16. Detailed description of apparent brightness: |
| ······································ |
| ••••••••••• |
| *************************************** |
| 17. Detailed description of colour. |
| Amber of traffic centron light. |
| *************************************** |
| 18. Apparent size (e.g. angle subtended) |
| A Bout width of lead in ordinary |
| lead pencil st. asma length |
| AND CONTRACTION AND |

| 19. | Description of exhaust or vapour trails, if any. |
|-----|---|
| | Nane abserved |
| | |
| | |
| 20 | |
| 20. | Description of noise, if any: |
| | XI.O.W G.O.W G |
| | *************************************** |
| 21. | Weather conditions: |
| | (a) CloudsClean |
| | (b) Visibility. Over 15 miles |
| | (c) Precipitation: At.O.V. |
| | |
| | (d) General remarks: Moonlight |
| | |
| 22. | Was the object flying above, below or in and out of cloud? |
| 2.0 | Clear of chared |
| | |
| 23. | Did anyone else see the object? If so, names and addresses: |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | |
| al. | T- 1 |
| 24. | Is there other contributory evidence: (Photographic, or electronic, etc.) |
| | |
| | • |
| | |
| 25. | Any other details: (including sketch if possible) |
| | None |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

| ·c. | Details | of | Interrogator |
|-----|---------|----|--------------|
| | | | |

| 26. | Interrogator: |
|-----|--|
| | Surname: F.R. Y.E.R.S. |
| | InitialsW.R. |
| | Position held: Office: in Charge. Aviation Posecost office, Regima. Date and place of interrogation: |
| 27. | Date and place of interrogation: |
| | Feb. 25 12 1953 |
| | at Control Lower Regina |
| | |
| 28. | Interrogator's opinion of the reliability of the observer. |
| | Voley reliable |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |

W.R. Tryers (Signature of Interregator)

Sighting Report

| A . | Details of observer. |
|-----|---|
| | 1. Name of observer: |
| | Surname, H.A. U.KInitials. F. A |
| | 2. Address of observer: |
| | 2353 MCKAY ST., REGINA |
| | SASK. Province |
| | 3. Occupation and previous relevant experience: |
| | ASS. METEOROLOGICAL ASSISTANT GR. IL. |
| | WERTHER DASERVER FOR NERRLY S. YR. |
| | 4. Age Group: 3.0. /a |
| | 5. Has observer seen "flying objects" before, and if so, briefly, when, where, and circumstances: |
| | N.o |
| | |
| | •••••••••• |
| | 6. Was observer wearing glasses? |
| | N.p |
| В. | Details of Observation |
| | 7. Date and local time:D.F.C21., 19.5.7 |
| | 8. Position of observer as accurately as possible:GANT.RIHT.NWER, REGIMB. AIR.CO.KT |
| | |
| | |
| | 9. General description of sighting: Affected as a large light. for |
| | to havigar |
| | |
| | |

| 10. Number of objects:QNE |
|--|
| 11.Length of time observed?-3MINUTE.S |
| 12.Position in which first seen: |
| Bearing W.N. W. |
| Elevation#. |
| • |
| • |
| *************************************** |
| 13. Position in which last seen: |
| Bearing WNW slightly worth of original bearing |
| *************************************** |
| Elevation |
| |
| 14. General description of any changes in the direction of motion. |
| straight to horizon at 60° angle. |
| approx. |
| |
| 15. Detailed description of apparent shape: |
| |
| 15. Detailed description of apparent shape: |
| 15. Detailed description of apparent shape: Concular 16. Detailed description of apparent brightness: Bright as a winning and to a |
| 15. Detailed description of apparent shape: 16. Detailed description of apparent brightness: 17. Detailed description of colour. |
| 15. Detailed description of apparent shape: Concular 16. Detailed description of apparent brightness: Bright as a winning and to a |
| 15. Detailed description of apparent shape: Concular. 16. Detailed description of apparent brightness: Bright are a mining and a series. 17. Detailed description of colour. Analysis a similar to caution traffic |
| 16. Detailed description of apparent brightness: Bright as a wining and to a continuous length. 17. Detailed description of colour. Auber similar to caution traffic length. |
| 16. Detailed description of apparent brightness: Bright as a money 17. Detailed description of colour. Angle similar to caution traffic light. |
| 15. Detailed description of apparent shape: 16. Detailed description of apparent brightness: Bright an a mining sunto 17. Detailed description of colour. Ander similar to caution traffic light. 18. Apparent size (e.g. angle subtended) Bout withing lead in ordinary Cauthorith withing lead in ordinary. |
| 16. Detailed description of apparent brightness: Bright as a money 17. Detailed description of colour. Angle similar to caution traffic light. |

| 19. | Description of exhaust or vapour trails, if any. |
|-----|--|
| | |
| | |
| | |
| 20. | Description of noise, if any: |
| | *************************************** |
| 21. | Weather conditions: |
| | (a) CloudsMarch |
| | (b) Visibility. Aver 15 miles |
| | (c) Precipitation Rome |
| | (d) General remarks |
| | - MODOL WIN SSW. |
| 22. | Was the object flying above, below or in and out of cloud?Clear.of.cloud: |
| 23. | Did anyone else see the object? If so, names and addresses:R.J. Maw.BRAY, COMTROLLTOWER, AIRPORT, REGINA |
| | |
| | • |
| | *************************************** |
| 24. | Is there other contributory evidence: (Photographic, or electronic, etc.) |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| ea. | *************************************** |
| 25. | Any other details: (including sketch if possible) |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

| c. | Details | of | Interrogator |
|----|---------|----|--------------|
| | | | |

| 26. | Interrogator: |
|-----|--|
| | surname: #. F.R.Y. E.R.S. |
| | InitialsWR |
| | Position held OFFICER - IN-CHARGE |
| 27. | Date and place of interrogation: |
| | 25 1953 at Control |
| | Fourth. Bldg Regrisa |
| | |
| 28. | Interrogator's opinion of the reliability of the observer. |
| | Very seliable. |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | |

(Signature of Interrogator)
W.R. Duyer

Sighting Report

| A. | Details of observer. |
|----|---|
| | 1. Name of observer: |
| | SurnameH.A.V.K.,Initials |
| | 2. Address of observer: 2353 MCKAY ST. REGINA |
| | Number Street ST. REGINA, Number Street City Province |
| | 3. Occupation and previous relevant experience: |
| | INET.FOROLOGERAL ASST. G.R. H. |
| | WEATHER OBSERVER FOR NEARLY BYR |
| | 4. Age Group: |
| | 5. Has observer seen "flying objects" before, and if so, briefly, when, where, and circumstances: |
| | SAME NIGHT., A.S. REPORTER O.H |
| | REGOMP.RYLN.ASIRHTIN.ABE.PORT |
| | |
| | 6. Was observer wearing glasses? |
| | |
| В. | Details of Observation |
| | 7. Date and local time: |
| | 8. Position of observer as accurately as possible: |
| | |
| | |
| | 9. General description of sighting: |
| | harizon, fluctuating In brilliance |
| | ······ |

| 10. Number of objects: 8. NL |
|--|
| 11. Length of time observed 3 4 Minutes |
| 12. Position in which first seen: |
| Bearing: WSW |
| |
| Elevation |
| *************************************** |
| *************************************** |
| 13. Position in which last seen: |
| |
| Bearing. Nearly due west. |
| |
| Elevation |
| |
| |
| 14. General description of any changes in the direction of motion. |
| Al Aight. to hosigon at 60 angte. |
| approx. |
| 15. Detailed description of apparent shape: |
| Circular |
| *************************************** |
| *************************************** |
| |
| 16. Detailed description of apparent brightness: |
| 16. Detailed description of apparent brightness: Bright as runing mount but fading. almost completely at 5 second interval |
| |
| *************************************** |
| 17. Detailed description of colour. |
| 17. Detailed description of colour. Aucher Almilan to Cauttain traffic Light |
| -light |
| *************************************** |
| 18. Apparent size (e.g. angle subtended) |
| lead kencil hold at arms len bit. |
| 18. Apparent size (e.g. angle subtended) About width of lead in ardinary lead pencil held at arms length. In binoculars (7. x 5.0) appleased |
| nearly moon sije. |
| and the same of th |

| 19. | Description of exhaust or vapour trails, if any. |
|-----|--|
| | Hour observed: |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 20 | Decembertain of males 46 anns |
| 20. | Description of noise, if any: |
| - 4 | FIBALE. O. O. HAWIEL |
| | *************************************** |
| 21. | Weather conditions: |
| | (a) Clouds |
| | (b) Visibility. Over 15 miles |
| | (c) Precipitation |
| | |
| | (d) General remarks: Moonlight |
| | |
| 22. | Was the object flying above, below or in and out of cloud? |
| | Clear of cloud |
| 23. | Did anyone, else see the object? If so, names and addresses: |
| | |
| | Regin |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| 24. | Is there other contributory evidence: |
| | (Photographic, or electronic, etc.) |
| | |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| 25. | Any other details: (including sketch if possible) |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |

195

| C. | Details | of | Interrogator |
|----|---------|----|--------------|
| | | | |

| 26. | Interrogator: |
|-----|--|
| | Surname: #F. F.R.Y.E.R.S. |
| | InitialsW.R. |
| | Position held, OFFICE R-IN-CHARGE |
| 27. | |
| | |
| | Det 25, 1953 at Contral. Tower Bldg., Regima. |
| | Howev. Blag., Regima. |
| | *************************************** |
| 28. | observer. |
| | Very seliable |
| | •••••• |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | ••••• |
| | *************************************** |
| | *************************************** |
| | |

W.K. Ouyers (Signature of Interpogator)

WBS/CB

194

OTTAWA, Ontario. March 4, 1953.

Unidentified Aerial Objects

22-12-29

SECRET

Thank you for your letters of February 25 1953, advising of the sightings of unidentified aerial objects near Shile, Hanitoba, on February 4, and at Fort St. John, B.C., on February 7 and 15.

It would be appreciated if you could have one of your officers interview the observers and complete Sighting Report Forms and return them to this office as soon as possible. If you require further copies of the Sighting Report Form please let us know and we will send you a further supply.

Your co-operation in reporting promptly these various sightings is much appreciated by this office.

Original Signed by G. C. W. Browne

(G. C. W. Browns)
Controller of Telecommunications.

Mr. Andrew Thomson. Controller, Meteorological Division, Department of Transport, 315 Bloor Street West, Toronto 5, Ontario.



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DRBC 260-4-43 (Aero) CONFIDENTIAL

DEFENCE RESEARCH BOARD PROJECT SECOND STOREY

To Distributions

2091

SECRET FILE SEC.

SECRET FILE SEC.

22 NOV 18 1958

Transport Dept.

The Chairman has called a meeting of the above poted.

Committee for 0900 hours, 9 March 1953, in the D.R.B.

Board Room, "A" Building, Ottawa.

H.C. Oatway
Secretary
Project Second Storey

Distribution:

Dr. P.M. Millman, Chairman Captain Baker - D.M.I. S/L Birch - D:R.B. (W.B) S.L. E.L. HOWEY (D.A.I.) Lt.Cdr. K.A. Stone (D.N.I.) Mr. W.B. Smith (D.O.T.)



INTRA-DEPARTMENTAL CORRESPONDENCE

TORONTO 5. Ont., February 25, 1953

SUBJECT

Unidentified Aerial Object near Shilo, Man.

05964-27

■ S176

CONFIDENTIAL

G.C.W. Browne, Esq., Controller of Telecommunications Department of Transport, OTTAN

Attention: W.B. Smith, Esq.

22-12-29 MAR 5 1958

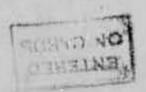
Transport Dept.

Enclosed is a copy of a letter from our Regina Forecast Office giving some information in regard to an unidentified aerial object sighted near Shilo, Man., on February 4, 1953.

R.B.M.

Attach.

Andrew Thomson (Controller)





INTRA-DEPARTMENTAL CORRESPONDENCE

AVIATION FORECAST OFFICE P.O.BOX 297, REGINA, SASK. Feb. 4th, 1953.

YOUR FILE 05954-27

Report of Unidentified Aerial Object

OUR FILE

6 ONFIDENTIAL

Controller, Meteorological Division. Dept. of Transport. 315 Bloor St. W., Toronto 5, Ont.

- The Traffic Controller on duty this morning at Regina Airport monitored a call from Rivers to Winnipeg A.T.C. on Schedule F Interphone advising that a white object was visible above Shilo, Man. at 20 to 30 thousand feet, remaining stationery and not drifting with the wind. Brandon airport joined in to report a similar sighting over Brandon at the same time. A.T.C. acknowledged the reports and apparently intended to pass the information along to local Defense authorities.
- As this report is well beyond our area of interest and appears to be having the attention of other investigators, we are not planning any other action beyond this advice to your office.

(Sgd.) W.R. Fryers

W. R. Fryers, Officer-in-charge.

cc DCAS, Attn. DMET, Winnipeg.



INTRA-DEPARTMENTAL CORRESPONDENCE

TORONTO 5, Ont., February 25, 1953

SUBJECT

Unidentified Aerial Objects at Fort St. John, Feb. 7 and Feb. 15, 1953

OUR FILE 05964-27

CONFIDENTIAL

Schiel free sec. G.C.W. Browne, Esq., Controller of Telecommunications, 22-12-29
Department of Transport, OTT WA MAR 5 1953

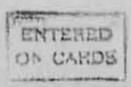
Attention: W.B. Smith, Esq.

Transport Dept.

Enclosed are copies of two letters from our Weather Observing Station at Fort St. John giving details of unidentified aerial phenomena sighted on February 7 and February 15, 1953.

> Andrew Thomson (Controller)

Attach.





INTRA-DEPARTMENTAL CORRESPONDENCE

Meteorological Office, Fort St. John, B.C. February 16, 1953

C

YOUR FILE

0 5964-27

Unidentified Aerial Objects.

OUR FILE

CONFIDENTIAL

Mr. A. Thomson, Controller, Meteorological Services, 315 Bloor St. W., TORONTO, OHT.

SUBJECT

Mr. Leo Wagner, an employee of Canadian Pacific Airlines on this station has reported sighting an unidentified aerial object, and in accordance with your recent memorandum I am forwarding the following information as given by Mr. Wagner.

- (a) General Shape. Mr. Wagner would only say the object was not square and not round. Shadows appeared to be within the lighted area.
- (b) Luminosity. Appeared to be about the intensity of normal house lighting shining through window and the same general colouring.
- (c) Dimensions. Approximately the size of an object five inches in diameter held at arm's length.
- (d) Bearing. Mr. Wagner was walking East on the highway running through the Airport. When first eighted the object was at eye-level and mistaken for the lights of an approaching auto or truck. Object proceeded due West along the highway until within one black of Mr. Wagner. At this point the object yeered NorthWest and ascended at an angle of 30 to 35 degrees.
- (e) Bearing. Included in para. (d) above.
- (f) Sound. None at sighting. Some sound after object had passed from sight. This was described as a very slight whistling or sound of wind through trees.

0 5964-27

- 2 -

- (g) Time. Not timed but stated as certainly three second or less. Are described as something more than an angle of 90 degrees, possible arc of 100-120 degrees.
- (h) Exact time. February 7, 1953, 7 A.M.

Listed below, in Local Standard Time, are the Meteorological Observations taken by Mr. W. Fass of this office. Note that the observor was outside at 0655 LST compiling a special weather observation.

FEBRUARY 7

XJ 0630 LST M42 610S- 019/20/20- K14 945 5010

Mr. Wagner has been employed by C.P.A. on this Airport for a number of years and is familiar with aircraft, Meteorological balloons, etc.

(Sgd.) L.F. White

L.F. White.



Meteorological Office,

Fort St. John, B.C. February 15, 1953

PLACE

YOUR FILE

c 5964-27

Unidentified Aerial Objects

OUR FILE

C O P

CONFIDENTIAL

Mr. A. Thomson, Controller, Meteorological Services, 315 Ploor St. W., TORONTO, ONT.

SUBJECT

Mr. and Mrs. S. Thornton, employees of Canadian Pacific Airlines on this station have reported sighting an unidentified aerial object, and in accordance with your recent memorandum I am forwarding the following information as given by Mr. and Mrs. Thornton.

- (a) Shape. Described as round,
- (b) Luminosity. Hazy Blue and bright enough to be seen through the beam of the tower rotating beacon.
- (c) Dimensions. About the size of a large nickel five cent coin held at arm's length.
- (d) Bearing. First sighted to South East of station and at thirty degrees elevation.
- (e) Bearing of path. Generally South to North path with deviations.
- (f) Sound. None heard during sighting or after sighting.
- (g) Time. One second to traverse an arc expressed as 75 degrees.
- (h) Date-time. February 15, 1953, between 0140-0145 MST.
 Meteorological Airways Report for Fort St. John, B.C. at

XJ 0130 MST P20X3S- 057/19/190 956 314 810

0130 MST, February 15, 1953, given below.

(Sgd.) L.F. White L.F. White

186

-

5168-57

"Project Second Story"

SECRET 22-12-19(CAW)

Ottawn, Ontario. February 21st, 1953.

District Controller, Air Services, 302 Hlowey-Henry Bldg., Edmonton, Alberta.

Attention: District Superintendent, Airvays.

- 1. Reference is made to your letter of the 11th instant, enclosing a report by the Airport Maintenance Foreman at Fort St. John, B.C.
- Although our letter of January 22nd, 1953, suggested that Airport Traffic Controllers would be in a favourable position to see and report upon flying objects, it was not intended that such reports would be confined solely to tower personnel. In future instances of this nature, it is suggested you have the employee concerned prepare a formal sighting report rather than attempt to convey the information in narrative form.
- 3. Please endeavour to have Mr. Wagner fill in the enclosed form after which one copy should be returned to us.

ORIGINAL SIGNED BY

(J. R. Robertson),

encl.

for Superintendent, Airways.



DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT

INTRA-DEPARTMENTAL CORRESPONDENCE 302 Blowey-Henry Bldg.,

/0 February 1952

EDMONTON, Alberta, 11 February, 195

YOUR FILE

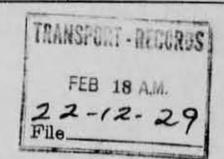
SUBJECT

Unidentified Flying Object

OUR FILE

5168-57

B 8166



Director of Air Services, Department of Transport, No. 3 Temporary Building, OTTAWA, Ontario.

Attention: Superintendent of Airways

1. Attached is a copy of a letter received from our Airport Maintenance Foreman, Fort St. John, which is self explanatory and is forwarded for Headquarters' information.

El Charke

for District Controller of air Services.

ON CANDS

5.A. could we have a sighting Report conglited and referred to us please? 20/2/53 R.B.M. NVBS



DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORT

184 8.52

YOUR FILE SUBJECT FOR SUBJECT OUR FILE
Unidentified Flying Object 5003-57

OP

District Controller of Air Services, 302 Blowey-Henry Bldg., Edmonton, Alberta.

Attention: District Superintendent of Airways

- 1. The following incident is reported for what it may be worth.
- On Saturday, February 7 1953 at approximately 0700 hours Mr. Leo Wagner, caretaker at the C.P.A. Staff House here, was walking eastward on the airport main road proceeding from his residence in shacktown to his place of work. When at a point just east of the Engineer's Office he noticed a very bright white light in the sky coming towards him from the east. It passed over the airport and headed South West at a height estimated to be 100 ft. There was no sound until the object had passed and the sound then reminded him of wind in spruce trees. Mr. Wagner states the object was moving so fast that he was unable to discern any size or shape as the bright light more or less blinded him.
- 3. Mr. wagner is familiar with aircraft and is a "tea-totaler".

"H.R. PRESS" Airport Maintenance Foreman. DEFENCE RESEARCH BOARD

PROJECT SECOND STOREY

Minutes of the 4/52 Meeting DRB Board Room, Ottawa 17 November, 1952.

Chairman:

Dr. P.M. Millman

Dom. Observ.

Members:

Major D.M. Grant D.M.I.

Major F.B. Perrott DMO & P
S/L E.L. Howey J.I.S.

F/L W.B. Birch D.R.B.

Mr. W.B. Smith D.O.T.

Lt.Cdr. K.A. Stone D.N.I.

Secretary:

Mr. H.C. Oatway

DRB

The minutes of the 3/52 meeting of the Committee were considered, and approved.

The Sighting Report and Information Form which was approved in draft at the last meeting, and subsequently reproduced and distributed, was given a final review. It was moved by S/L Howey, seconded by Major Perrott, that future forms should contain the heading "FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY". This would prevent reproduction of the contents or reference thereto, in the press.

The reply to the letter from the Netherlands Military Attache was tabled and approved.

Mr. Smith reported on an experiment carried out under D.O.T. auspices in an endeavour to obtain data relative to the accuracy of reports. A large meteorological balloon, approximately twelve feet in diameter, to which was attached a thirty second magnesium flare, was released from the Experimental Farm at 2152 hours. EST on 8 September, 1952. No advance notice was given to the press. To date D.O. T. has not received any queries relating to this experiment. Mr. Smith agreed to forward a more detailed account of this experiment to the Secretary.

Mr. Smith table a draft "Weighting Factors for Analysis of Sighting Reports". This was reviewed brifly and, to allow for closer scrutiny, it was agreed that this draft should be distributed to the members as an appendix to the minutes. (Attached). There was some discussion related to the time required to apply these "weighting factors" to a given sighting report. It was considered that some revisions may be desirable in order to simplify marking procedures, and reduce the time requirement to not more than ten minutes.

Mr. Smith tabled examples of the Bulletins from the Civilian Saucer Investigation in the U.S.A. He agreed to reproduce the more pertinent of these for distribution to the Panel members.

F/L Birch distributed copies of a summary of the USAF "Project Blue Book" with the associated questionnaire and record card.

The Panel then reviewed the sample card systems available and adapted a standard form of card considered suitable for recording and analysing items from the "Sighting Report Form". A draft of this standard card is attached together with explanation of the item headings.

WEIGHTING FACTORS FOR ANALYSIS OF SIGHTING REPORTS

In the analysis of sighting reports it is fairly obvious that different reports will have widely different values from the viewpoints of reliability, confirmation and lucidity. A formula has been divised giving approximately the same significance to each of these factors and derived from numerical values assigned to the answersgiven to the various questions on the sighting report.

The formula is as follows: Weight equals the cube root of the product of the reliability, confirmation and lucidity factors each expressed as decimals.

To facilitate obtaining numerical values for each of the factors, a scheme has been worked out for assigning points to each question such that for each factor the maximum possible score would be 100%. An equalizing scheme has been included so as to reduce to a minimum the opinion or judgment of the person assigning the score. It is expected that in this manner reasonably consistent scores will be obtained from which the various factors may be determined and the overall weighting factor calculated.

It should be noted that the cube root feature of the weighting factor minimizes the effect of any one particular aspect of the report and allows better assessment on the overall report.

RELIABILITY:

Under Reliability the following maximum points have

been assigned:

Question 3 --- 15 points Question 6 -- 5 points
Question 4 -- 5 points Question 27 -- 20 points
Question 5 -- 5 points Question 28 -- 50 points

In assigning points for Question 3 a trained observer in sky work should rate between 10 and 15, a trained observer in other fields should rate between 5 and 10 and an untrained observer should rate between 0 and 5. With reference to age, Question 4, if the observer is 21 or over, 5 points; 18 to 21,--4 points; 15 to 18--3points; 12 to 15 -- 2 points; 9 to 12--1 point; less than 9 -- 0 points. 65 and under -- 5 points, 65 to 70 -- 4 points; 70 to 75 -- 3 points; 75 to 80 -- 2 points; 80 to 85 -- 1 point; over 85 -- 0 points.

Question number 5, no flying objects seen previously or if so such objects were completely recognized, 5 points; unidentified objects seen occasionally 2 - 4 points; unidentified objects frequently seen 0-2.

Question number 6, no glasses, 5 points; glasses normally worn and worn at the time of sighting, 4 points; bi-focal glasses normally worn and used at the time of sighting, 3 points; two kinds of glasses normally worn with wrong kind on at time of sighting, 2 points; glasses normally worn but notused at the time of sighting, 0 to 1 point.

CONFIRMATION:

In the confirmation factors answers to Questions 21 23, and 24 are essentially confirmatory. A fixed score of 50% is accorded because of the fact that the sighting was reported by this one observer. If the weather conditions covered by Question 21 are confirmed completely or partially by official weather reports a score of up to ten points may be allowed. If the sighting was also witnessed by other people a score of up to 30 points may be allowed, Distributed as follows:

18

2 other witnesses unknown to each other and geographically separated, 25 to 30 points; one other witness as above 20 to 25 points; more than one witness at the same place and time, 15 to 20 points; witnesses elsewhere with some factors such as direction, time, etc. in doubt, 10 to 15 points; other witnesses of doubtful confirmation 5 to 10 points; vague or no confirmation, 0 to 5 points. Up to 10 points should be allowed for confirmation by other means as in Questions 24.

LUCIDITY

The Lucidity factor should be considered as completely independent of reliability or confirmation and should deal only with the value of the information given, assuming that it is completely reliable and entirely confirmed. In assigning scores, to the various questions extreme care should be used to avoid influencing the score by any prejudice regarding reliability or confirmation as these two factors are taken care of adequately in the overall formula for obtaining the weighting factor.

Question 8 -- if the position of the observer can be plotted as a pencil point on a map, scale one mile to one inch, 5 points should be allowed; if the position can be established within one city block or a square 500° on the side, 4 points should be allowed; within one square mile, 2 points should be allowed; within city or township limits, one point should be allowed; general area only, zero points.

If a specific description of the sighting is given 8 to 10 points may be allowed. If a good analogy is given 6 to 8 points may be allowed. A poor analogy given 4 to 6 points may be allowed. A vague description 2 to 4 points may be allowed. An incomprehensible or meaningless description zero to 2 points may be allowed. Where the number of objects seen is specifically stated, 2 points may be given to be reduced towards zero if there is any doubt.

In Question 11, -- the length of time during which the sighting was observed the degree of accuracy which appears to be indicated should be used to determine a score from 5 down to zero.

In Question 12 and 13 -- if the bearing can be established within plus or minus 5° -- 5 points each should be allowed for bearing and elevation. If the determination is between 5° and 10°, 4 points should be allowed; if between 10° and 20°, -- 3 points should be allowed; if between 20° and 45°, -- 2 points should be allows; if general directions only are given, one point; if no or unsatisfactory information is given, zero points. If a statement is given regarding the change in course, 2 points should be accorded; if the statement is vague only 1 point; or if information is not given, zero.

Under Question 15 -- if a definite shape was apparent and described specifically, 5 points; if the shape was poorly described, 4 points; if the shape was indefinite, 3 points; if it was a blur or spot of light, 2 points; any vague description, 1 point; no information, zero.

With respect to cohour, if the description is such that the colour can be identified on a spectrum chart 5 points may be allowed; if it is compared with some common light source 4 points may be allowed; if it is referred to an equivalent temperature three points may be allowed; if a general description only is given 2 points; an indefinite statement 1 point; no information, zero.

With respect to size, if the angle subtended was determined at the time of the sighting and can be specified within 10% 8 to 10 may be allowed; if the angle was determined after the sighting and it is estimated to be within 10%, 6 to 8 points; if the angle is referred to the angle subtended by the sum or full moon, 4 to 6 points; if the angle

is referred to the angle subtended by a familiar object at a stated distance, 2 to 4 points; vague description only, zero to 2 points.

If exhaust or vapour trails are indicated or statement as to their absence 2 points may be allowed; if there is any degree of doubt the score should be reduced towards zero if they are not specific.

Under weather conditions the total possible score of 5 should be scaled in proportion to the number of statements confirmed by official weather reports.

Question 22 -- if a specific statement was made concerning the position of the object with reference to clouds - 2 points may be allowed; scaled down towards zero if there is any doubt.

Under Question 25, if details are consistently described 20 to 25 points; if details are loosely described 15 to 20 points, if they are vaguely described, 10 to 15 points; if details are absent and general description only is given, zero to 5 points.

Under Question 27, if the interview took place at the site of the sighting at a similar time and day and within a week, 20 points may be accorded; if the interview was at the site at a similar time of day and later than a week, 15 to 20 points; if at the site at a different time of day, 15 points; if not at the site but within a week, 10 to 15 points; not at the site and/or later than a week, zero to 10 points.

Under Question 28 -- is the interrogator's opinion of the reliability of the observer. Answers to questions 3, 4, 5, 6 and 27 should go a long way towards establishing the reliability of the observer and the score obtained from the answers to these five questions should form the guide for the score to be assigned to Question 28. If, however, the interrogator's opinion appears to indicate a substantial deviation from the total so obtained the score for Question 28 should be adjusted accordingly. The maximum score possible 50 and under normal circumstances should be about the same as the total score for questions, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 27.

In order to facilitate scoring, the attached overlay charts have been developed with the foregoing information incorporated. If the scores are entered directly on the appropriate chart, the total amount of arithmetic may be simplified accordingly. When the scoring is completed the scoring charts can be appended to the sighting report for future reference.

DEFENCE RESEARCH BOARD

PROJECT SECOND STOREY

Minutes of the 3/52 Meeting DRB Board Room, Ottawa 31 July 1952

| Chairman | Dr. P.M. Millman | Dom. Observ. | |
|------------------|--|--|--|
| Members Present: | Major I.M. Grant Mr. W.B. Smith Lt.Cdr. K.A. Stone Lt.Col. E.H.Webb | D.M.I. D.O.T. D.N.I. D.M.O. & P | |
| Members Absent: | F/L V.L. Bradley S/L G.A. White | D.R.B. D.A.I. | |
| Secretary: | Mr. H.C.Oatway | D.R.B. | |

AGENDA ITEM # 1 - Minutes of the 2/52 Meeting

The Minutes of the second meeting of the Committee 19 May 1952, were considered and, with some minor changes, approved. These have been reproduced and distributed.

AGENDA ITEM # 2 - Draft Interrogation Form

The interrogation from was given a final check by the Committee. There were a few minor revisions suggested relating to re-wording and spacings of some items. This form was finally approved, entitled, "Project Second Storey Sighting Report".

AGENDA ITEM # 3 - Instructions and Descriptions Complementing Interrogation Form

The Committee then reviewed the data collected which are considered complementary to the interrogation form (now officially known as a "Sighting Report" form). These were considered, and are so to be set up, in two parts; viz:

PART I - Information for guidance in reporting on unknown flying objects.

PART II - Description of normal phenomena which might cause reports of unidentified aerial objects. The data presented were carefully re-worded, rearranged, and formally approved.

The Secretary was instructed to have the Sighting Report form and the complementary pamphlet (copies of which are attached) containing the information instructions and descriptions produced in quantity. Distribution of Sighting Report forms, with one complementary information pamphlet for each five Sighting Report forms, is to be as follows:

| (1) ARMY (D.M.I.) | 100 copi | es |
|---------------------------------------|----------|----|
| (2) DOM. OBSERV (3) D.O.T. | 50 m | |
| (3) D.O.T. | 100 " | |
| (4) RCAF (D.A.I.) | 100 " | |
| (4) RCAF (D.A.I.) (5) RCN (D.N.I.) | 50 " | |

AGENDA ITEM #4 - Letter from Netherland's Military Attache

A letter received by D.A.I. from the Netherland's Air, Military, and Navel Attache relative to DRB interest in "flying saucers" was tabled for discussion, It was agreed that the nature of the reply should be at the discretion of the Chairman of the Defence Research Board. The Secretary was instructed to refer this matter to CDRB, and reply to the letter accordingly.

AGENDA ITEM #5 - Items contained in a Letter from Mr. W.B. Smith

A letter received by the Secretary from Mr. W.B. Smith dated 21 July, 1952 containing items for consideration at this meeting, was tabled for discussion. These items were considered by the Committee as follows:

Item. (a) - A motion that the Committee or some member group subscribe to a press clipping service on Canadian sightings of unidentified flying objects and that such clippings be made available to the Committee promptly, so that promising sightings may be followed up.

It was pointed cutthat the business of the Committee is not to undertake the actual interrogation of persons who have seen unidentified flying object. Therefore, in so far as the Committee was concerned, there could be no direct action taken to follow up a promising sighting. Additionally no such service exists on a well organized basis in Canada. It was agreed, however, that were it desired to get reports on all sightings, such a reference method should be recommended. Mr. Smith stated that the D.O.T. library maintains a restricted press clipping service, and providing the following motion was approved and appeared in the minutes, it would be possible to extend this press clipping service and make it evailable to the parties concerned.

Motion - (Mr. Smith) "It is moved that a press clipping service be made available for the benefit of the agencies collecting sighting reports". This motion was carried.

Item (b) - A motion that where a sighting appears not to
be readily explicable in terms of normal factors
a special effort be made to obtain as many reports
as possible, in order to construct a suitable
geometry and obtain a reasonably complete description.

It was agreed that such action may be desirable. However, the preparations necessary for the analysis of sightings was in such a very early stage that the motion could not be applied at this time. It was agreed to reconsider this at some future date.

Item (c)- A proposed experiment whereby the accuracy of public observations may be checked and from which suitable weighting factors may be determined for use in the assessment of various sightings.

This was discussed in some detail. The Chairman noted that many reports related to this subject were available, and should be reviewed prior to the action contemplated. Additionally it was felt that this motion was a matter for consideration by persons, as yet unspecified, who would be responsible for the evaluation of sighting reports. The Committee expressed no objection to having any person or group of persons, carry out such an experiment independently and without public reference to the Committee or the Services.

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Item (d) - A system of evaluating individual sightings prior to their card indexing or other filing system, so that we a may attach to them a weighting factors to be used in their ultimate statistical consideration.

This was briefly discussed and considered desirable and subsequently approved in principle. Mr. Smith agreed to pursue the matter in more detail, and prepare a "weighting factor system" for future discussion.

Item (e) A communication received from Civilian Saucer Investigations, Los Angeles, Calif.

The Committee took note of the "Civilian Saucer Investigations" organization, but agreed that no formal contact would be established for the Second Storey Project. The post card addressed to Mr. Smith was tabled for inclusion in the Committee files. Mr. Smith indicated he would be prepared to keep the Committee advised of any pertinent information personnaly received through this source.

There being no further business, the meeting was adjourned at 1245 hours.

more interviews of available distance data Analysis from one DI size data A± velocity data VE Type and nature of luminosity -- e.g. intensity, variation in Lt intensity, colour, sharpness, sparks or enduring trail. Number of objects and pattern of flight Manoeuvrability remarks, general type of motion F2 m: Shape and sound remarks. File reference of any sketches Sı Photographic evidence available, including file references P2 Radio or radar evidence, including file references RI Possible conventional explanation X 2 Category of unexplained phenomenas Z: Additional remarks, comment on assessment, etc. YI

Back of Card may be used where extra space is required for any item.

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A simple coding should be used wherever possible.

Day, Month and Year -- e.g. 8 August 52 AT: Greenwich Mean Time (synonomous with Greenwich Civil Time, GCT SMIT or Universal Time, UT) Use four figures for hours and minutes diagonal stroke and two figures if seconds recorded. -- e.g. write: 10 hours 21 minutes 52 seconds -- as 1021/52. LST Local Standard Time Serial number in catalogue No Location: Name of point of observation, latitude, longitude. Obs: Observer's name. Oca Observer's Occupation 8 Weighting factor according to agreed system Gross reference to serial numbers of coincident sightings W Weather conditions, visibility, clouds (amount and type) Precipitation, illumination, etc. Position of observer: e.g. on ground, in aircraft, inside building, etc. Note also anyoptical aid used. Duration of observation in seconds.

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