DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE

OLD 580 1 1 25

NOTE: This cover is to be used only for official file series recorded with Australian Archives.

Form Number AR 111 is to be used for working papers.

SUBJECT:		FILI	E NUMBER	OLD AIR	580/1/1	pt. 25.
	REPORTS ON	FLYING S	SAUCERS /	AND OTHER	AERIAL	OBJECTS.

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Subject:

RECLASSIFICATION OF FILES

Reference: A. DI(AF)AAP 810 para 326.

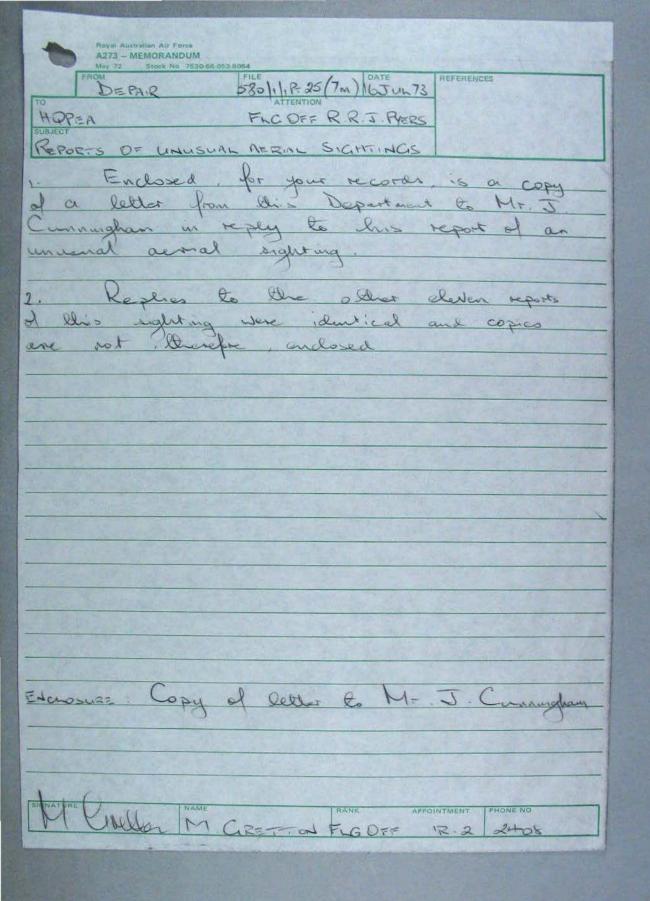
In accordance with Reference A, all folios, in all parts of Department of Air File series 580/1/1 are reclassified 'UNCLASSIFIED' with effect 7 May 82.

G.A. PERSKE

GICAPT

7 May 82

29 APR 73 SIGHTING KENDICK J. CUNNINGHAM F. G. CALLETA
P DOLTON PT HEULAND BELKA L.E. HANNILL LESMURNE DERBY MARGARET KEDGER R. S. WARREN R. SKIDMORE KARGOORLIE TOM PRICE J.D. HOWEN DAMPIER A.D. CHISHOLM YALGOO E.D. WROTH KAMBALDA WEST DOWERN E W GUNNOTH P. A GRANT NEWMAN WA



1 3 JUL 1973

580/1/1 Pt25 (7a)

Mr J. Cunningham, 15 Dudley Road, KENWICK WA 6107

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial signting at about midnight on 28th/29th April 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was the re-entry into Earth's atmosphere of the space vehicle 1973-024B.

Information received from the Goddard Space Flight Centre in Maryland, USA. Shows that the space vehicle 1973-024B was the booster rocket associated with the launching of COSMOS 555 (1973-024A), and measured approximately 40 metres in length. COSMOS 555, a Bussian satellite launched on 25th April, was placed into low orbit around the Earth at an inclination of 81.3 to the equator, placing it on a heading of 171.3, which corresponds to the path of the object sighted. The booster rocket is known to have re-entered the Earth's atmosphere and decayed at some time during the period 11.55pm and 12.10am Western Australian time, on the night of the sighting.

From your description of the sighting, and others received from throughout Western Australia, the path of the object was approximately on a line from Port Hedland to Kalgoorlie and final disintegration would have occurred in the vicinity of the Great Australian Bight.

The vividness of the sighting gives credence to 1973-024B being the cause, as an object of this size would generate tremendous heat and tend to disintegrate into smaller pieces during the re-entry process before ultimately burning out or impacting.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

2 odgen

Syntals Syntals Syntals

July to

580/1/1 Pt25 (7b) Mr E.G. Calleja, 30 Gratwick Street, PORT HEDLAND WA 6721 Dear Sir,

> With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting at about midnight on 28th/29th April 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was the re-entry into Earth's atmosphere of the space vehicle 1973-024B.

Information received from the Goddard Space Flight Centre in Marylan . USA, shows that the space vehicle 1973-024B was the booster rocket associated with the launching of COSMOS 555 (1973-024A), and messured approximately 40 metres in length. COSMOS 555. a Russian satellite launched on 25th April, was placed into low orbit around the Earth at an inclination of 81.3 to the equator, placing it on a heading of 171.5, which corresponds to the path of the object sighted. The booster rocket is known to have re-entered the Earth's atmosphere and decayed at some time during the period 11.55pm and 12.10am Western Australian time, on the night of the sighting.

From your description of the sighting, and others received from throughout Western Australia, the path of the object was approximately on a line from Port Hedland to Kalgoorlie and final disintegration would have occurred in the vicinity of the Great Australian Bight.

The vividness of the sighting gives credence to 1973-024B being the cause, as an object of this size would generate tremendous heat and tend to disintegrate into smaller pieces during the re-entry process before ultimately burning out or impacting.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

> Yours faithfully, 9 odgen

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

580/1/1 Pt25 (7c)

13 JUL 1973

Mr P. Dolton,
BELKA WA 6417

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting at about midnight on 28th/29th April 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was the re-entry into Earth's atmosphere of the space vehicle 1973-024B.

Information received from the Goddard Space Flight Centre in Maryland, USA, shows that the space vehicle 1973-024B was the booster rocket associated with the launching of COSMOS 555 (1973-024A), and measured approximately 40 metres in length. COSMOS 555, a Russian satellite launched on 25th April, was placed into low orbit around the Earth at an inclination of 81.3 to the equator, placing it on a heading of 171.3 which corresponds to the path of the object sighted. The booster rocket is known to have re-entered the Earth's atmosphere and decayed at some time during the period 11.55pm and 12.10am Western Australian time, on the night of the sighting.

From your description of the sighting, and others feceived from throughout Western Australia, the path of the object was approximately on a line from Port Hedland to Kalgoorlie and final disintegration would have occurred in the vicinity of the Great Australian Bight.

The vividness of the sighting gives credence to 1973-024B being the cause, as an object of this size would generate tremendous heat and tend to disintegrate into smaller pieces during the re-entry process before ultimately burning out or impacting.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

As Lets Survey 12 July 3

460 DIG

1 3 JUL 1973

580/1/1 Pt25 (7d)

Mr LE. Lawvill, 21 Vernallen Way, LESPURDIE WA

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting at about midnight on 28th/29th April 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was the re-entry into Earth's atmosphere of the space vehicle 1973-024B.

Information received from the Goddard Space Flight Centre in Maryland, USA, shows that the space vehicle 1973-024B was the booster rocket associated with the launching of COSMOS 555 (1973-024A), and measured approximately 40 metres in length. COSMOS 555, a Russian satellite launched on 25th April, was placed into low orbit around the Earth at an inclination of 81.3 to the equator, placing it on a heading of 171.3, which corresponds to the path of the object sighted. The booster rocket is known to have re-entered the Earth's atmosphere and decayed at some time during the period 11.55pm and 12.10am Western Australian time, on the night of the sighting.

From your description of the sighting, and others received from throughout Western Australia, the path of the object was approximately on a line from Port Hedland to Kalgoorlie and final disintegration would have occurred in the vicinity of the Great Australian Bight.

The vividness of the sighting gives credence to 1973-024B being the cause, as an object of this size would generate tremendous heat and tend to disintegrate into smaller pieces during the re-entry process before ultimately burning out or impacting.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

> Yours faithfully, ody

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

11 3 1111 1973

580/1/1 Pt25 (7e)

Mrs M. Ledger, Meda Station, DERBY WA 6728

Dear Mrs Ledger,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting at about midnight on 28th/29th April 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was the re-entry into Earth's atmosphere of the space vehicle 1973-024B.

Information received from the Goddard Space Flight Centre in Maryland, USA, shows that the space vehicle 1973-024B was the booster rocket associated with the launching of COSMOS 555 (1973-024A), and measured approximately 40 metres in length. COMMOS 555. a Russian satellite launched on 25th April, was placed into low orbit around the Earth at an inclination of 81.3 to the equator, placing it on a heading of 171.3, which corresponds to the path of the object sighted. The booster rocket is known to have re-entered the Earth's atmosphere and decayed at some time during the period 11.55pm and 12.10am Western Australian time, on the night of the sighting.

From your description of the sighting, and others received from throughout Western Australia, the path of the object was approximately on a line from Port Hedland to Kalgoorlie and final disintegration would have occurred in the vicinity of the Great Australian Bight.

The vividness of the sighting gives credence to 1973-024B being the cause, as an object of this size would generate tremendous heat and tend to disintegrate into smaller pieces during the re-entry process before ultimately burning out or impacting.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)
Director of Public Relations

9. odgen

1 3 JUL 1973

580/1/1 Pt25 (7f)

Mr R.S. Warren, Mount Monger Station KALGOORLIE WA 6430

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting at about midnight on 28th/29th April 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was the re-entry into Earth's atmosphere of the space vehicle 1973-024B.

Information received from the Goddard Space Flight Centre in Maryland, USA, shows that the space vehicle 1973-024B was the booster rocket associated with the launching of COSMOS 555 (1973-024A), and measured approximately 40 metres in length. COSMOS 555, a Russian satellite launched on 25th April, was placed into low orbit around the Earth at an inclination of 81.3 to the equator, placing it on a heading of 171.3 which corresponds to the path of the object sighted. The booster rocket is known to have re-entered the Earth's atmosphere and decayed at some time during the period 11.55pm and 12.10am Western Australian time, on the night of the sighting.

From your description of the sighting, and others received from throughout Western Australia, the path of the object was approximately on a line from Port Hedland to Kalgoorlie and final disintegration would have occurred in the vicinity of the Great Australian Bight.

The vividness of the sighting gives credence to 1973-024B being the cause, as an object of this size would generate tremendous heat and tend to disintegrate into smaller pieces during the re-entry process before ultimately burning out or impacting.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

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1 3 JUL 1973

580/1/1 Pt25 (7g)

Mr R. Skidmore, 126 Cedar Crescent, TOM PRICE WA 6751

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting at about midnight on 28th/29th April 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was the re-entry into Earth's atmosphere of the space vehicle 1973-024B.

Information received from the Goddard Space Flight Centre in Maryland, USA, shows that the space vehicle 1973-024B was the booster rocket associated with the launching of COSMOS 555 (1973-024A), and measured approximately 40 metres in length, COSMOS 555, a Russian satellite launched on 25th April, was placed into low orbit around the Earth at an inclination of 81.3 to the equator, placing it on a heading of 171.3 which corresponds to the path of the object sighted. The booster rocket is known to have re-entered the Earth's atmosphere and decayed at some time during the period 11.55pm and 12.10am Western Australian time, on the night of the sighting.

From your description of the sighting, and others received from throughout Western Australia, the path of the object was approximately on a line from Port Hedland to Kalgoorlie and final disintegration would have occurred in the vicinity of the Great Australian Bight.

The vividness of the sighting gives credence to 1973-024B being the cause, as an object of this size would generate tremendous heat and tend to disintegrate into smaller pieces during the re-entry process before ultimately burning out or impacting.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully.

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

Squilder profile

13 JUL 1973

580/1/1 Pt25 (7h)

Mr J.D. Holden, 49 Yannerie Crescent, DAMPIER WA 6713

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting at about midnight on 28th/29th April 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was the re-entry into Earth's atmosphere of the space vehicle 1973-024B.

Information received from the Goddard Space Flight Centre in Maryland, USA, shows that the space vehicle 1973-024B was the booster rocket associated with the launching of COSMOS 555 (1973-024A), and measured approximately 40 metres in length. COSMOS 555, a Russian satellite launched on 25th April, was placed into low orbit around the Earth at an inclination of 81.3° to the equator, placing it on a heading of 171.3° which corresponds to the path of the object sighted. The booster rocket is known to have re-entered the Earth's atmosphere and decayed at some time during the period 11.55pm and 12.10am Western Australian time, on the night of the sighting.

From your description of the sighting, and others received from throughout Western Australia, the path of the object was approximately on a line from Port Hedland to Kalgoorlie and final disintegration would have occurred in the vicinity of the Great Australian Bight.

The vividness of the sighting gives credence to 1973-024B being the cause, as an object of this size would generate tremendous heat and tend to disintegrate into smaller pieces during the re-entry process before ultimately burning out or impacting.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

G. g odgers

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Squide Species

580/1/1 Pt25 (71)

.1 3 JUL 1973

Mr A.D. Chisholm, Boolardy Station, via YALGOO WA 6635

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting at about midnight on 28th/29th April 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was the re-entry into Earth's atmosphere of the space vehicle 1973-024B.

Information received from the Goddard Space Flight Centre in Mayland, USA, shows that the space vehicle 1973-024B was the booster rocket associated with the launching of COSMOS 555 (1973-024A), and measured approximately 40 metres in length. COSMOS 555, a Russian satellite launched on 25th April, was placed into low orbit around the Earth at an inclination of 81.3 to the equator, placing it on a heading of 171.3, which corresponds to the path of the object sighted. The booster rocket is known to have reentered the Earth's atmosphere and decayed at some time during the period 11.55pm and 12.10am. Western Australian time, on the night of the sighting.

From your description of the sighting, and others received from throughout Western Australia, the path of the object was approximately on a line from Port Hedland to Kalgoorlie and final disintegration would have occurred in the vicinity of the Great Australian Bight.

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We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

of 9 odgers

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

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13 JUL 1973

580/1/1 Pt25 (7j)

Mr E.D. Wroth, 47 Pittosporum Street, KAMBALDA WEST WA 6444

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial signting at about midnight on 28/29th April 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was the re-entry into Earth's atmosphere of the space vehicle 1973-024B.

Information received from the Goddard Space Flight Centre in Maryland, USA, shows that the space vehicle 1973-024B was the booster rocket associated with the launching of COSMOS 555 (1973-0244), and measured approximately 40 metres in length, COSMOS 555, a Russian satellite launched on 25th April, was placed into low orbit around the Earth at an inclination of 81.3° to the equator, placing it on a heading of 171.3°, which corresponds to the path of the object sighted. The booster rocket is known to have re-entered the Earth's atmosphere and decayed at some time during the period 11.55 pm and 12.10 am Western Australian time, on the night of the sighting.

From your description of the sighting, and others received from to roughout Western Australia, the path of the object was approximately on a line from Port Hedland to Kalgoorlie and final disintegration would have occurred in the vicinity of the Great Australian Bight.

The vividness of the sighting gives credence to 1973-024B being the cause, as an object of this size would generate tremendous heat and tend to disintegrate into smaller pieces during the re-entry process before ultimately burning out or impacting.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

J. odgens

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Parly 13

580/1/1 Pt25 (7k)

1 3 JUL 1973

Mr E.W. Gunnorth, Moonijin, Via DOWERIN, WA 6461

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting at about midnight on 28th/29th April 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was the re-entry into Earth's atmosphere of the space vehicle 1973-024B.

Information received from the Goddard Space Flight Centre in Maryland, USA, shows that the space vehicle 1973-024B was the booster rocket associated with the launching of COSMOS 555 (1973-024A), and measured approximately 40 metres in length. COSMOS 555, a Russian satellite launched on 25th April, was placed into low orbit around the Earth at an inclination of 81.3° to the equator, placing it on a heading of 171.3°, which corresponds to the path of the object sighted. The booster rocket is known to have re-entered the Earth's atmosphere and decayed at some time during the period 11.55 pm and 12.10 am Western Australian time, on the night of the sighting.

From your description of the sighting, and others received from throughout Western Australia, the path of the object was approximately on a line from Port Hedland to Kalgoorlie and final disintegration would have occurred in the vicinity of the Great Australian Bight.

The vividness of the sighting gives credence to 1973-024B being the cause, as an object of this size would generate tremendous heat and tend to disintegrate into small pieces during the re-entry process before ultimately burning out or impacting.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

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dop with

1 3 JUL 1973

580/1/1 Pt25 (71)

Nr P.A. Grant, 20 Mindarra Drive, MEWMAN, WA 6753

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting at about midnight on 28th/29th April 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was the re-entry into Earth's atmosphere of the space vehicle 1973-024B.

Information received from the Goddard Space Flight Centre in Maryland, USA, shows that the space vehicle 1973-024B was the booster recket associated with the launching of COSMOS 555 (1973-024A), and measured approximately 40 metres in length. COSMOS 555, a Russian satellite launched on 25th April, was placed into low orbit around the Earth at an inclination of 61.3 to the equator, placing it on a heading of 171.3, which corresponds to the path of the object sighted. The booster rocket is known to have re-entered the Earth's atmosphere and decayed at some time during the period 11.55 pm and 12.10 am Western Australia time, on the night of the sighting.

From your description of the sighting, and others received from throughout Western Australia, the path of the object was approximately on a line from Fort Hedland to Kalgoorlie and final disintegration would have occurred in the vicinity of the Great Australian Bight.

The vividness of the sighting gives credence to 1973-024B being the cause as an object of this size would generate tremendous heat and tend to disintegrate into smaller pieces during the re-entry process before ultimately burning out or impacting.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

G. A odgers

Sertals Survey

1973-0248 associated launch equipment for -0241 (Cosmos 555) launched Sith April 1973 decayed 16-372 ± 36 minutes. +0248. 88.9 mins. individual 813 - holy 177.3 apogle 231 km perigee 209 km 40-50 metres in length 303

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TO RAYXDC/CSFC/MISSION OPERATIONS DIRECTOR CREENBELT MARYLAND

INFO RAYXUC/GSTS/B H MCKEEHAN CODE 802

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FROM HARKIN SATCEN INFO DIRECTOR AIR FORCE INTELLIGENCE M5803/1/3. ON BEHALF AUSTRALIAN DEPT. OF AIR, CAN YOU IDENTIFY AN

APPARENTLY DECAYING OBJECT SEEN HEADING SOUTH ACROSS WESTERN AUSTRALIA, JUST AFTER 0400Z ON 28TH APRIL, AT LOCATIONS RANGING FROM LATITUDE 20.5 DEGS, LONGITUDE 118.5 LEGS TO ABOUT LATITUDE

& DEGS, LONGITUDE 122 DEGS

BI

Rec 0 5 4 6 13 1640

Mould be 27 1600 }

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INVESTIGATING OFFICER'S REPORT From the observer reports it seems as though the same object was sighted at approximately the same time over an area from Derby to Kalgoorlie. 2. Because of this the object must have been higher than aircraft traffic ruling out this possibility. There were no predicted satelite passes within one and a half hours prior to, and three hours after the sighting. Taking into account the description of the object and the above information the phenomenon could have been an object natural or man-made, burning up in the upper layers of the earth's atmosphere. Flying Officer 22 Jun 73 UPO Officer

CHARLE

Perth, April 29. - Widespread reports of a mysterious object sighted in the sky early this morning will be investigated by Government departments and the R.A.A.F.

try up.

"I first saw what looked like a grass life on the northeast horizon about five degress above the horizon," he D.C.A. officials at Karratha and Rockburne.

"It was moving away at about the speed of a light air-eraft with lights that kept flar-ing and resultes."

The M.M.A. captain could not be contacted to-day to give a report. ing and receding.

about 10 minutes.

Mrs. M. Citty of Konnongorring. 16 miles north of Goomal, ling and about 12 miles away from Mr. White, saw the object to the north-east.

"It appeared to contain about "The prefer man lights and travelled as fast as a small aircraft, but not as fast as a jet." she said.

A spokesman at Pearce said that may one report and been

"The children had earlier seen lights in the west while we were at the drive-in.

"They later drew pictures of the second sighting but showed more lights than I had picked up."

It would be the matter of a rottine inquiry by a R.A.A.P. officer who investigated all U.F.O. reports.

A D.C.A. official said that the object may have been the reentry of an artificial satellite or the likely entry of a satellite.

So far there has been no explaintion.

The object has been variously described as a flery, glowing ball like a boat on the river area that could have led to confush with reflecting lights and a train with reflecting not not compared to the results of the reflecting lights.

Orange, Fiery Glow

train with growing and receding lights.

Reports came from D.C.A. of Related in Port Hedland, Karratha and Roehourne, a farmar mounts at 12.02 to watch the captain of a M.M.A. alreraft on a flight in the North West.

Orange, Fiery Clow
A D.C.A. flight officer at Port Hedland who saw the object, stopped on a road with another mount for the captain of a M.M.A. alreraft on a flight in the North West.

Orange, Fiery Clow
A D.C.A. flight officer at Port Hedland who saw the object.

He saw an orange, fiery glow about four feet in diameter with a smoke trail that moved a fire and the captain of a bun-engin-

West.

All sightings were made with.

In a few minutes of each other,

Mr. K. White a farmer claim

miles north-east of Goomalling,

saw the object at 12.65 a.m.

when he went to lock his poul
try up.

Roebourne.

The Oovernment astronomer, Mr. B. J. Harris, was unaward of any astral activity that could explain the sightings.

A family who had returned from a nearby drive-in theatre also saw an object at 12.06 a.m.

"The object travelled along that only one report had been by a hill."

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AURIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observer . Peter Adrian GRANT
2.	Address of Observer. 20 Mindarra Drive,
	NewmanPhone Number. 4054
3.	Occupation of Observer Police Constable
4.	Dat & Time of Start of Observation. Exact. time. unknown (watch broken) How certain is the date?
	How accurate is the time of start? Unknown
5.	Duration of Observation Estimated 5 to 6 minutes
	How accurate is your estimate?
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting Newman.
7.	How familiar is observer with this locality? Quite familiar,
*	Weather conditions at time of observation cold and clear,
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	No sids or equipment
9.	Where was object first observed?: Approximately 5 miles directly North.
	a. Relative to your surroundings.of. where we mare standing

	b. Angle of elevation parrell
	c. Compass angle bearingNorth to South East.
0.	d. How accurate are these estimates? Postitive
	What first attracted observer's attention? Bright light
1.	Tf those was
	If there was more than one light/chirate There was one bright light near a. How many were there and trailing behind were an untold number. Like a sky rocket as it is taking off.
	in what formation were they? No. farmation

/ 12. What was

	and the wall and the state was a
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? white yellow colour, and the
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100 ymin). The light was man as bright as the moon, (The moon appears to be a first daily light): This object or Tight appeared to be sharp and
14.	piercing light. What was the apparent size at nearest approach? Similar size to a Morris a. relative to Venue or Meon
	The state of the same of form to January Manager 20 snothing
	110000000000000000000000000000000000000
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed?
	The light object moved parrell to the ground South EAST DIRECT
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	What sounded like a small explosions
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)?
	Approximately three hundred yards away and about twoo hundred feet up
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. A race car on the opposite side of the track at Claremont, speedway.
20.	Give duration of any stationary phasesNil
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres Nil
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. After I heard the explosion there were three distinct clouds of smoke. These were light green vapour.
23.	Where was object last observed? :
	a. relative to your surroundings Disappeared near the sirport.
	h. angle of elevation Still appeared parrelled to the graduate
	c. compass angle bearing South East
24.	What was the morner of its distupearance?
	. Siminier to a plane going over the horizon out to Accou.
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)
	I know of no physical evidence. As soon as it disappeared I was on duty, I climbed into the Police Van and drow the seven miles to the airport. I saw nothing. I went back to the same place again the next day. I again saw nothing.
	/ 26. State my

z		
	26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably cortain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity.
		. I have had no specific training but I am quite sure of what I saw and the estimated angles and angular velocity.
	27.	How many witnesses to the sighting? . Three. (3)
	28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
		Yes Approximately another four.
	29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation?
		Similar to a sky rocket. (fire cracker type.)
	30,	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?

	31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed.
		I am unable to sketch what I observed.
		The lights I did see resemble a
		"fire cracker sky racket to a "T"
		with the exception of the longe
		white - yellows light at the front.
		Sorry for the delay, but I wonted
		to have time to think about it.

Signature Re 4122

Date 12 June 1973

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AFRIAL SIGNATURE

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

	Star 10 11 1 1 1 21
1,	Name of Observer . The William James 5.34
2.	Address of Observer Me within U. Ca. W. Quenen
	Phone Number Strolling 517
3.	Occupation of Observor
4.	Dat & Time of Start of Observations. 2.9- Abrill J.3. 12 0.3 AM
	How certain is the date?
	How accurate is the time of start?
5.	maration of Observation
	How accurate is your estimate?
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting
	Test of Nongan Marks
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation
	in My bulm call might.
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	Arriving Les
9.	Where was object first observed?:
	a. Relative to your surroundings. M. C. M. L. M. C. M.
	b. Angle of elevation3.0
	c. Compass angle bearing. Menth 163 est.
	d. How accurate are these estimates?
10.	.What first attracted observer's attention? . Down the mean field
ect.	somehowil formation (it was a cloudly might
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. How many were there? Coul 21 fant then the anti-fact few
	6. in what formation were they? fallowing affine no mile
	alast
	/ 12. What was

Y2.	What was the colour of the light or object? Restelect or and	
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, og ordinary stated light at 100 yants)	
	· ······feeth	
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach? :	
	a. relative to Venus or Moon Ang fall	
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (About 20 inches	
	from eyes)	
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed? What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed? Ten pon as anyle of object.	
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?	
17+	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity	
40	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if	
18.	an estimate can be justified? Alvingare.	
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances.	
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases	
21.	Describe any deviations or Lanceuvres . D. Rended . Jauff Mart.	
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen	
23.	Where was object last observed? :	
	where was object last observed? : a. relative to your surroundings	
	b. angle of elevation	
	c. compass angle hearing	
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? I Affiguite with	
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)	1

/ 26, State any

24.	of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity.
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting?
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area? 3. Asafel in front cot offered to make a facility a facility a facility a facility a facility a facility.
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation? Meen suring through elamots
30,	What are your main roasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed.

Signature Mrt. D. Samuet.

Date 2 - 6- 73.

1

Male By the time I had merhed ant what ter if abject was making misso office has disappeared Cleaning 2 ned objects no trail all this absentation that place in affiner 3 miles handling at 80 m. P. H. plus stoffing of car.

REPORT ON UNUSUAL ARRIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of ObserverAge
2.	Address of Observer. A.M. PHT. SFURUM. 3.T.
3.	Occupation of Observer. DIMMOND DRILLER
4.	Dat & Time of Start of Observation. 12:08
	How certain is the date? POSATAYE
	How accurate is the time of start? ± .90.545
5.	puration of Observation45.19.50.55C
	How accurate is your estimate?8.0.7
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting
	COL. KOMBOLDO KOLDES K.D LEVEL . KINK CONCOUNT D'HOPE
	How familiar is observer with this locality?/
7-	Weather conditions at time of observation.
0	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
8,	Describe any alds/equipment used in the observation
9-	Where was object first observed?:
*	a. Relative to your surroundings. J
	M. LITLE TO RIGHT AS RENDING READURE CLASS
	b. Angle of elevation CACHP. AFVEL AT. THST. LISHIS. TO AST
	c. Compass angle bearing
	d. How accurate are these estimates? . CMM. FSTIMATES.
10.	What first attracted observer's attention?
	SETT. SUMT. SUF THEY SHIT. MIS OF FULLY STOR.
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. How many were there? I. MANGE. 7. SMALL - KOTER CALLS
	o. in what formation were they? NUSA
	OTHERS IN MAPHAZARD FOR MATION. WHEN
	APPERED AS SO.
	(-::0)

	12.	What was the colour of the light or object?
	13.	What was the brightness? (corpers with full morn or common light source at a stated distance, og ordinary street light at 100 ym?s)
	14.	What was the apparent size at mearest approach? :
		a. relative to Venus or Moon ANNSEL. MINN. F. W
		b. relative dimensions in irches at arm's length (About 20 inches
		from oyos) H. TUNGANS. S. P. AUST. CONFIGNOR. ACCOUNT.
	15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at noarest approach and how were these values us assess?
	16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
	17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	SHEET STATES	
	18.	What was the maximum and minimum engle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)?
		LEVEL THOM. CROWNO LEVEL
	19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stared distances
		. PARTIE TANKE OF T. MILEN VIEWED T. P. ST.
	20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
	21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres DIFFILED. TO MOVE. FROM SIFE
	22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seon
WINGLE.	DOJECT.	SIMUAL. TO FILIS SEEK . NT. SOUN. C.F. HOLLETS
	23.	Where was object last observed? :
		a. relative to your surroundings
		h. angle of elevation
		e. compass angle beering AP The beer of the selection
	24.	What was the manner of its disappearance?
		To Att De Little St. M. M. TE St. D. C. A. D. C. S. M. M. Con S. POTS
	25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorehing, ground incentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)

		/ 26, State any

26. State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity. NORTH AS CARTOGUENER TOR SORVE TOTAL AND RECORDED TO MAKE MARS FROM SOLD FILED AND ROME TO MAKE MARS FROM SOLD FILED AND TO BE AND THE SOLD FROM THE SOLD FR 27. Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area? 28. What natural phonomenon (or phonomena) would be nearest to explaining 29. your observation? What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation? 300 ABOVE IS NOT DUE FOR SIGHTIAN Please sketch the light/objec, with all details. If appropriate, 31 . sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed. SKETCHES WITH ORIGINAL LETTERS HOWEVER 2/11/176 HOOP AND DOTS WHERE ASOUT AS BRIGHT AS THE THN LINE WHICH CAN BEEN SEEN OCCASIONILY COUPLIER PHASES HOPE MIME ignature

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observor is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observer . A. D. Chishelm
2.	Address of Observer BCC AANNY STATICA
3.	Occupation of Observer
4.	Dat & Time of Start of Observation. 120344. 29-4-1973 How certain is the date?
5.	Duration of Observation
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting I mule forth went
7.	How familiar is observer with this locality?
8,	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation.
9,	Where was object first charmed
	D. Bolanda & Tot of the Maria
	a. Relative to your surroundings. JUST about alique pour
	b. Angle of elevation
	b. Angle of elevation. 16 Negle. c. Compass angle bearing. 20 Newsper for heading
10.	b. Angle of elevation. If despet c. Compass angle bearing. If despet d. How accurate are these estimates? It is to be it control. What first attracted observer's attention? If the these is the state of the stat
10.	b. Angle of elevation. If deget c. Compass angle bearing. If designed the deget d. How accurate are these estimates? It was it is a support. What first attracted observable.

/ 12. What was

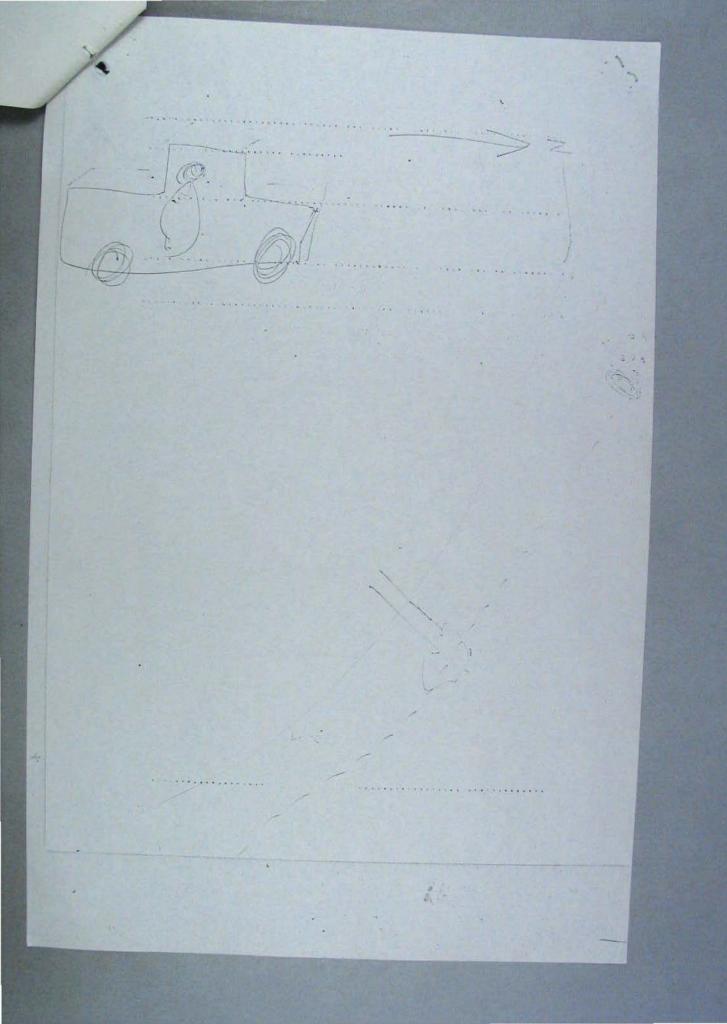
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? Bull Red Lych you low
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100 yards) A 6 7 A 8 A 13 A 16
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?: a. relative to Venus or Moon
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (About 20 inches from eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed? NAS. TANKELINS. FAICH. ACATA TO SOUTH-EAST.
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)?
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? In necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances
20	***************************************
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seon
23.	Whare wer abject lest absenced?
	a. relative to your surroundings
	c. compass angle bearing
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? R
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, secrebing, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)

	/ 26 State any

26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity.
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting? ON
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area? $\mathbb{A}^{/\mathcal{O}}$
29.	What natural phonomenon (or phonomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation? Looked to ME Like IT was a material
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation? It with H. LONG, Noty Associated the Susmit to the Entering the
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed.

Signature & Akasholm

Date. 10 - 5 - 1973



REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observer . James Denis Holded Age
2.	Address of Observer
3.	Occupation of Observer . Pert. SUPERINTENPENT
4.	Dat & Time of Start of Observation
5.	puration of Observation90 Secs.
	How accurate is your estimate?TIMEN
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. 20° 36.0' 5
	How familiar is observer with this locality? +NTIMATE
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. FINE. & CAEAA LIGHT AIRS
S.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	COMPASS bearings (Corrected)
9.	Where was object first observed?:
	a. Relative to your surroundings. First Sighted en azanth 634.T. Haveling parallel to having a finally dipped belood lecathile. b. Angle of elevation. 120
	b. Angle of elevation. 120 Pearing 133° T
	c. Compass angle bearing. 02407. through E ho 1330 T.
	d. How accurate are these estimates? + 0x-/0
10	What first attracted observer's attention? Constant 1-161119.
11.	V
	If there was more than one light/object: a. How many were there?
	o. in what formation were they?

/ 12. What was

	411 6
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? Tellow of suppitude 2.0 star
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full meen or common light source at a stated distance, as ordinary street light at 100 years) Love multiply fibrates applicate light every every light at 100 years.
14.	what was the apparent size at nearest approach?: a. relative to Venus or Moons
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed? Lenstontasinitial ? final observations
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)?
19.	What was the maximum and min mus angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If nocessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manosuvras N.14. Straight. Course
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
23.	Where was object last observed? : a. relative to your surroundings
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance?

25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc) NIL

	/ 26. State any

26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably cortain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity. AASTER MARINER
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting?
28,	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area? Only 45 reported in the media.
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation? Court
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed.
\	30
	at unknown distance

Capt JD. HOLDEN M. I.N (Lovel.)

pate, 27.5.73

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REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

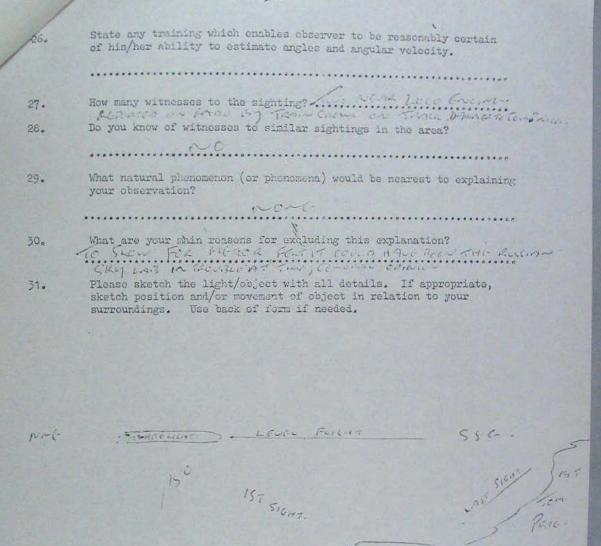
(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observer
2.	Address of Observer 120 CEDAN ST
3.	Occupation of Observer Auteman - C. Dance
4.	Dat & Time of Start of Observation 28/4/73.2357. How certain is the date?
5.	Duration of Observation
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. The Pance Place Pro-
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. CLONE. CO. T. C. 15. C
8,	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation

9.	Where was object first observed?:
	a. Relative to your surroundings
	b. Angle of elevation
	c. Compass angle bearing. No. 2 To Co.
	d. How accurate are these estimates?
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? Levelle Libert Act Signal State Selection
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. How many were there? Creater and
	o. in what formation were they?

/ 12. What was

	LHITC-
12.	What was the colour of the light or object?
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100 years) **Tracker** Alent at . Accounts as
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach? :
	a. relative to Venus or Moon. ACT NOTICED
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (About 20 inches from eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation engles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed? NERTHORITION TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER
16.	Wes any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? [Cont. Markov. 100 4-2-52 [file # 7]
19.	What was the maximum and minim a angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If nacessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances.
20,	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seon
23,	Where was object last observed? :
	a. relative to your surroundings
	h onelo of claverion
	c. compass angle bearing
24.	What was the monner of its disappearance? Of CE Side Side Side Side Side Side Side Side
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)
	Com Russian Apares 10 Francis on Silver Francis
	SHEWARD EVILL A. HARE PET USBARE.
	/ 26. State any



Signature 1 St.

Date

REPORT ON UNUSUAL ATRIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)



1.	Name of Observer KICHARD S. WARREN. Age 3190
10	ONT Monage St. Valentia 119 6422
2.	Address of Observer. M.J. Monger Str. Kalgroste Will 6430
3.	Occupation of Observer Aglicis Manager
4.	Dat & Time of Start of Observation 29/4/73. 0005 to 0000 ho
7.	How certain is the date?
	How accurate is the time of start? Within S. minute.
	juration of Observation. Of the 2 minutes
5.	How accurate is your estimate? If Log pudged to not timed
5.	Observer's location at time of gighting
	Geonora on the Lake Devel Lond.
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. Clear a Station.
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation. NONE

9-	Where was object first observed?:
	a. Relative to your surroundings It came of about 5 degrees
	ante left hand side of the stand are but from known ,
	b. Angle of elevation Unition, and Mared over to about 25 to by type
	c. Compass angle bearing MA like
	d. How accurate are these estimates? Herryth
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? a sollow light (Mary, large)
	coming at us from the above described posted
11.	If there was more then one light/object; Rere was one mean light which a. How many were there? Signed to be followed by numerous sparse,
	o. in what formation were they? which did not in out
	Min 4/12. What was
	44
	remerous Quall Light,

12.	What was the colour of the light or object? A. L. Lylte Than a star
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full meen or common light source at a stated distance, og ordinary street light at 100 yarda) None like A Dimall Micron.
14.	what was the apparent size at remrest approach? a. relative to Venus or Moon. P.C.J. Congress Characterists. b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (About 20 inches from eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed? Control of the about 35 from the ground - gasessed.
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? As 15. The object affected to be Travelly furnalled to the carthe
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? I necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances.
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases. NONE
	Describe any deviations or manocuvres NONE
21.	
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, resour or light seen Safe. Oling the
23.	where was object last observed?: a. relative to your surroundings on the form Sul day of records. h. angle of elevation Still taxelly familiate to the kitch as from c. compass angle bearing. North taxelly
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? To the Charles of a law than the Manner of the disappearance? To the Charles of a State of the Manner of the Manne
	NO

	/ of Children

/ 26. State and

1

26.	of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity. Spaced Mathematics A. a Leave Cont Level in Path
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting? GR. Taro
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation? A. Sland eline Shorty Star Gavelly !! to the earth.
30,	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation? To discluse flow part and affair of our conservations.
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed.

p.7.0.

RICHARD STANLEY WARREN

Date. 12/5/73.

... to DarloT. 32 milestron demora to the to lestora

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REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observor
2.	Address of Observer. MEDA STATION DERBY W.A. Phone Number. MEDA 1
3.	Occupation of Observer
	Dat & Time of Start of Observation. 29 ARIL 1973
4.	Dat & Time of Start of Osservation
	How certain is the date?
	How accurate is the time of start? WITHIN A FEW MINUTES
5.	juration of Observation APPROX 15 SECUNDS
	How accurate is your estimate? Theres with Companion's Estimate
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting HOMESTEAD CATE AT MEDA STN BOWLES FROM DERBY
	Vor Comman
	How familiar is observer with this locality? FAMILIAR.
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation STARHSHT. NIGHT.
8,	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
9.	Where was object first observed?:
	a. Relative to your surroundings from HISTERD CATE OVER MOUS POR CATE VERY ROW ON HERIZON. HOWEVER THERE SHEIS HOW SERUS ASSUT AND
	b. Angle of elevation. NERY CLUSE To MORIZON LAKE INTERCOPTED
	c. Compass angle bearing SSW from MENA HISTORIA
	d. How accurate are these estimates?
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? Grand OUT OF CAR
	MAPPENED TO NOTICE BRIGHT LIGHT IN SKY.
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. How many were there? ONE ONLY
	o. in what formation were they?

/ 12. What was

	a / a with Rest
	that was the colour of the light or object? ED/CRANGE FIERY
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? PED / RANGE WHAT FIERY What was the colour of the light or object? PED / RANGE WHAT FIERY
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moot of the state of the brightness? (compare with full moot of the state of the brightness?) source at a stated distance, eg ordinary etreet light at 100 yards) source at a stated distance, eg ordinary etreet light at 100 yards) VERY AIKE ROCKET BURST AT GREWICRK DISPLAY
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?: a. relative to Venus or Moon. Size to fall More. (About 20 inches
	b. relative dimensions in inches at sim's length (Moore to
	from eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed?
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
17.	None
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)?
19.	What was the marimum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances
221	aver summation of any stationary phases
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases. Nove Moved from RTTOLEFT LOCKING SSW Describe any deviations or manoeuvres Moved from RTTOLEFT LOCKING SSW
21.	Describe any deviations of Mance
22.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen LARGE REVORANCE FEATHER-LIKE TRAIL FARLER THAN
23.	Where was object last observed? :
470	a to amoundings
	o. compass angle bearing. SSW. What was the manner of its disappearance? DISAPPEARED BEHAD
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance?
. 25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)
	No

	/ 26. State any

Sold Sand

Object seen

My impression was that the Whole Object was of a Red Brance Colour, honever there was definitely a difference in that circular part in the point with a feather-like tail

26. State any training which enables observer to be reasonably cartain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity. N/A. How many witnesses to the sighting? ... TUR - MYSELF ROD MISSE. 27. Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area? 28. What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining 29. your observation? My first thought was a comet— But Never Having seen ONE I DON'T KNOW.
What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation? 30. Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, 31. sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed.

Signature K. Mayarel League

Date 7 May 1973 P.T.O.

210

I find it very difficult to make any estimate of Dize a distance I was standing near the top of a very very Shight rise that is covered with gum trees, boats trees a some low scrubs. The object was very close to the horizon travelling, from right to left. It was obscured twice - behind large trees a disappeared finally behind the scrub. The sighting stantid when I got out of the can during round to open the rear door.



REPORT ON UNUSUAL ARRIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

	Name of Observer E. Lawwell
1.	
2.	Address of Observer. Al. Vernallin way Lesmandie, w.A. Phone Number. 934676
3-	Occupation of Observer. Airline Filet
4-	Dat & Time of Start of Observation 29-4-73
	How certain is the date? Area Market A
	How accurate is the time of start? Approximately
5.	Puration of Observation
	How accurate is your estimate?
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting Approximately 20 miles.
	South at Designer, W.A. Cat Start at sheretiend
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation Millity while by
	With M. M. S.
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation. Move. A.
	that we were as bount in F28 Andrese.
9.	Where was object first observed?:
	a. Relative to your surroundings Abort. 1. and to the Side.
*	b. Angle of elevation
	c. Compass angle bearing
2	d. How accurate are these estimates?
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? 8.1911 t. 11911 t. 3041
	cis. sing t landing light
11-	If there was more than one light/object:
	A. How many were there?
	o. in what formation were they? N/A

/ 12. What was

12.	What was the colour of the light or object? . white it blue light e
15.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100 yards) Nary bright Stell 48.4. bright matter its.
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?: a. relative to Venus or Moon Approximately. It the fine of Moon. b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (About 20 inches from eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed? Through Sufficient wind severe 20 up to30° T
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? Maximum 1. C
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. Notice of Minimum angular velocity of the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. Notice of Minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate the familiar velocity of the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. Notice of the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. Notice of the movement of familiar objects at stated distances.
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases Non. 5
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. Trail. at. metholes, Similer to tell. at a cornet, except following
23.	where was object last observed? : a. relative to your surroundings . Intracting . distance
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? Dissey; sessed. us. the selection it. Lucius d
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism of radioactivity, etc)
	1 of But and

/ 26. State any

¥26. State any training which enables observer to be reasonably cortain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity. Practicing our line pilet. 27. 28. None, except for same signifing : MMH ground start at Korrathe , w.t. What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation? 29. A large meteorite striking the atmosphere at a relatively Yhat are your main reasons for excluding this explanation? 30. Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, 31. sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed. This sighting can be better described than sketched. The appearance was that of a large meteorite or "selling ster" First sighted whom and to the right, tracking about 140°T to about 160°T, disappearing on the harizon East to S.E. of our position. The main significance being the time the object remained visible, which was probably 10 times as long I had ever seen before. Also the trail of glowing (same colour) particles breaking off was very vivid. I was unable to give this sighting my sull attention as I was occupied with maneciving the aircrast for a landing.

Signature Liney & Fawwill

Date...7-5-73



REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observer PETER OCLTONAge 20
	Address of Observer BELKA
2.	Address of Observer
	Occupation of ObserverFARMER
3.	Occupation of Observer
4.	Dat & Time of Start of Observation. 29th ARRIV
	How certain is the date? EXACT
	How accurate is the time of start? APPROX
5.	Duration of Observation455555
	How accurate is your estimate?AAPACX
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting
	18 MLS SOUTH OF MERKEDIN
	How familiar is observer with this locality? . RESIDENT 20. YAS.
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation
	CORL AND APPROX I'S cloud cover.
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	NIV.
9.	Where was object first observed?:
	a. Relative to your surroundingsNCATH
	b. Angle of elevation
	c. Compass angle bearing
	d. How accurate are these estimates?
10.	What first attracted observer's attention?TwoYELOWISH
	COLOURCE LIGHTS IN THE SKY
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. How many were there? TWO
	o. in what formation were they? ONE GENING THE STHER.

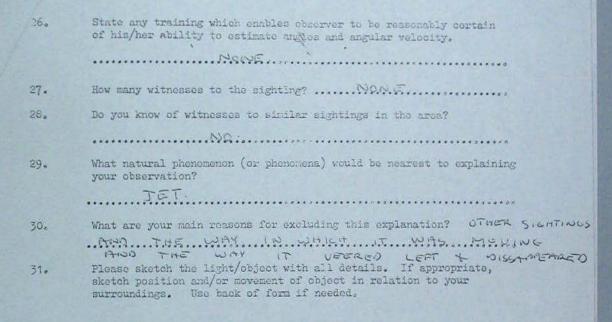
/ 12. What was

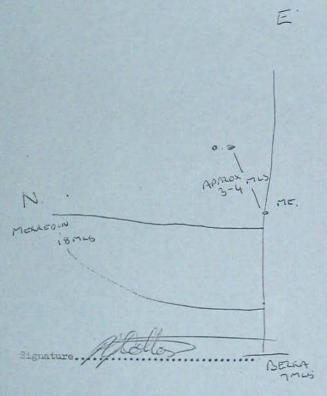
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? M.F.DOLSH M.F.L.SW
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100 years) 32 Vect. (16HT. GLAAE.
14.	What was the apparent size at meanest approach?: a. relative to Venus or Moon. Too. FAR. AwAY. To 35, CORTHIN
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (About 20 inches from eyes). 12. Theres. APART. AT. AR. 75. LENGTH.
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed?

16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious? APPENED. TO HOUS VAPOUR TRAIL
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	NOME. (CAR ENGINE RUNNING)
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)?
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an
17.	estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances
	. HARRTOASCENTA.W BECAUSE D.F DISTABLES, AWAY
20,	Give duration of any stationary phases
21,	Describe any deviations or manoeuvresV.F.M.F.N
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
	YELLOWISH TAIL
23.	Where was object last observed: :
	a. relative to your surroundings E. N. E
	h. angle of clovation .30 Anove . Herrizon
	c. compress angle bearing
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? NOTH AMCHREO TO TORN LEFT (CHST) AND THEN DISAPPERSON.
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)

	/ 26. State any

8





The objects were abbreve 3-4 MLS

AWAY TOUMY disables

I stophed my vehicle climbed out and watched them bor a further 10-15 seconds belove they althought to veer abbreved to veer they disapphoned to veer moved into doubt 3he night was quite dark but of doubt of doubt.

Date . 8 / 6 / . 7.3 ..

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observer Mr. Edward George Calleja Age 37 Years
2.	Address of Observer 30 Gratwick Street Port Hedland 6721 W.A.
3.	Occupation of Observer. Flight Service Officer Grade 2.
4.	Date Time of Start of Observation 28/4/73 0002. on 28041602 9NT 2915 .
	How certain is the date? Definite
	How accurate is the time of start? Delinite 90 Seconds
5.	Auration of Observation
	How accurate is your estimate? Between (90 seconds to 120 Seconds)
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. On the main road leading to Port Hedland from the Airport. Just past the Leslie Salt Stock pile.
	How familiar is observer with this localities Used road during last 18 m onths
7-	Weather conditions at time of observation. No cloud at all. Thin smake haze one patch close to Salt picket pile.
8.	Popariha and dist
100	on the Dark Lady out pment used in the observation Negotichts
	one the testina Motor Hotel and the Leslie Salt picket pile.
9.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation. News lights on the Post hedland Motor Hotel and the Leslie Salt motor pile. Where was object first observed?:
9.	Where was object first observed?: a on Relative to Morrisum condines A quarter of a mile past the Salt pile
9.	where was object first observed?: A quarter of a mile past the Salt pile on a straight to the telescopy mornings riopped the car to observe a claw in the sky first observed agas the agon light of the Hedland motor Notel. b. Angle of elevation. 25 degrees then slightly curving to about 30 degrees
9.	Where was object first observed?: A quarter of a mile past the Salt pile and Relative to the telescopy modified atopped the car to observe a claw in the sky first observed near the neon light of the Hedland motor Notel. Angle of elevation. 25. degrees then slightly curving to about 30 degrees and then lowering out of sight. Compass angle bearing. Spotted straight ahead direction of travel of
9.	where was object first observed?: A quarter of a mile past the Salt pile an a straight sheeter of readings zippped the car to observe a glow in the sky first observed rear the reen light of the Helland motor Hotel. b. Angle of elevation. 25 degrees then slightly curving to about 30 degrees and then lowering out of sight. c. Compass angle bearing. Spotted straight ahead direction of travel of d. How accurate are these estimates?
9.	where was object first observed?: A quarter of a mile past the Salt pile an a straight sheeter of readings zippped the car to observe a glow in the sky first observed rear the reen light of the Helland motor Hotel. b. Angle of elevation. 25 degrees then slightly curving to about 30 degrees and then lowering out of sight. c. Compass angle bearing. Spotted straight ahead direction of travel of d. How accurate are these estimates?
	Where was object first observed?: A quarter of a mile past the Salt pile on a straight to the conserved represent the car to observe a clow in the sky first observed rear the neon light of the Medland motor Notel. b. Angle of elevation. 25. degrees then slightly curving to about 30 degrees and then lowering out of sicht. c. Compass angle bearing. Spotted straight ahead direction of travel of d. How accurate are these estimates? very accurate. What first attracted abserver's attention? Bright flash suddenly appeared in the sky and at first three that are the server of just
10,	Where was object first observed?: A quarter of a mile past the Salt pile and Relative to the top support the car to observe a claw in the sky first observed near the near light of the Hedland motor Notel. b. Angle of elevation. 25. degrees then slightly curving to about 30 degrees and then lowering out of sight. c. Compass engle bearing. Spotted straight ahead direction of travel of d. How accurate are these estimates? very accurate. What first attracted abserved that an tolker 20 was in the underly appeared in the sky and at first though that an Tolker 20 was in the underly appeared in first and work and I know that there were no aircraft in the threath house of the first than the sunderly and area, and the F28 was approaching Karratha at the time. So I stopped the car to observe
10,	Where was object first observed?: A quarter of a mile past the Salt pile and Relative to the construction of room. A zippped the car to observe a clow in the sky first observed rear the neon light of the Helland motor Note. b. Angle of elevation 25. degrees then slightly curving to about 30 degrees and then lowering out of sight. c. Compass engle bearing. Spotted straight ahead direction of travel of d. How accurate are these estimates? very accurate. What first attracted absenvents attention? Bright flash suddenly appeared in the sky and at first though that an folker 28 was in the circuit however I just fincipated was approaching Karratha at the time. So I stopped the car to observe a. How many were there? One light
10.	Where was object first observed?: A quarter of a mile past the Salt pile and Relative to the construction of riching ripped the car to observe a clow in the sky first observed near the neon light of the Helland motor Note. b. Angle of elevation 25. degrees then slightly curving to about 30 degrees and then lowering out of sight. c. Compass engle bearing. Spotted straight ahead direction of travel of d. How accurate are these estimates? very accurate. What first attracted absenvents attention? Bright flash suddenly appeared in the sky and at first though that an folker 28 was in the circuit however I just fincipally words and I know that there were no aircraft in the Hedland area, and the F28 was approaching Karratha at the time. So I stopped the car to observe a. How many were there? One light o. in what formation were they?
10. 11.	Where was object first observed?: A quarter of a mile past the Salt pile and Relative to the construction of riching ripped the car to observe a clow in the . sky first observed near the near light of the Helland motor Note. b. Angle of elevation 25. degrees then slightly curving to about 30 degrees and then lowering out of sight. c. Compass engle bearing. Spotted straight ahead direction of travel of d. How accurate are these estimates? very accurate. What first attracted absenvents attention? Bright flash suddenly appeared in the sky and at first though that an folker 28 was in the circuit however I just fincipated words and I knew that there were no aircraft in the Hedland area, and the F28 was approaching Karratha at the time. So I stopped the car to observe a. How many were there? One light b. in what formation were they?
10.	Where was object first observed?: A quarter of a mile past the Salt pile and Relative to the Color of room. A zippped the car to observe a clow in the . sky first observed rear the neon light of the Helland motor Note. b. Angle of elevation 25. degrees then slightly curving to about 30 degrees and then lowering out of sight. c. Compass angle bearing. Spotted straight ahead direction of travel of d. How accurate are these estimates? very accurate. What first attracted observents attention? Bright flash sudderly appeared in the sky and at first though that an tolker 28 was in the circuit however I just first and words and I knew that there were no aircraft in the Helland area, and the F28 was approaching Karratha at the time. So I stopped the car to observe in what formation were they? One light in what formation were they?

1		Flame Orienge.
	12.	What was the colour of the light or object?
	13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full mean or common light source at a stated distance, og ordinary street light at 100 yarde)
		like an oil flame composty, seen at oil refineries. from a distance of one mile.
	14.	What was the apparent size at meanest approach? :
		a. relative to Venus or Moon Lange basketball size
		b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (About 20 inches four feet in diameter
		Irom Gyesj
	15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these velues assessed? 000 degrees 30 degrees elevation
		same as nocket propulsion
	16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?ame as nocket propulsion
Zero	pitch to	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity Slight successes sound back to geto pitch

	18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if
		an estimate, can be instified)? Nex 30 degrees min 25 degrees estimated height 1500feet till objectdisappeared below the horizon travelling south
	19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distancesSame as light twin engined about 120 Kts.

	20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
	21.	Describe, any deviations or mano uvres On the descending curve it became quit bright like another stage igniting then descended out of sight even slover.
	22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, rappur or light seen. Left a definite smoke trail union zook a long time to dissipate
	23.	Where was object last observed? :
		a. relative to your surroundings . Dissappeared behine the Salt pile
		h. angle of elevation 10 degrees
		c. compass angle bearing 180 degrees
	24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? disappeared behind Salt pile but kept descending to the ground on water plane becoming smaller
	25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)

		/ 26. State any

6

comet or meteorlite also not as bright as a meteorlite

Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed.

If I may summarise I would like to say that I was on duty from 5pm and was relieved about 5 mins to midnight. No alchat was consumed that day, from other reports of sighting e... of 128 crew on descent to Karratha and the Karratha I (A officer and caretaken, also from M M A Goldsworthy trafficurean officer who was fishing at (ondon with two other persons and another witness fishing at Mundabullingana all report seeing object with definite smoke trail. My estimate of distance and altitude must be way out if these people have seen the same thing. Also the constable at Neuman saw the same thing there I assume the object was an artificial satellite re entering the earth's atmosphere.

P70:

Signature Ey Callya

Date. 7-5- 13.

10

100 DE STORY OF physical supplied MHW. The whole they seemed to be engalfed in Flome Charles Sig tapening at the back on against the direction of travel. Smalle Trail formed a Leme - circle es seen.

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AFRIAL SIGHTING

Fart 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observer
2.	Address of Observer
3.	Occupation of Observer. ContRACTOR (AuRCONDITIONING)
4.	Dat & Time of Start of Observation. 13 MIDHIGHT. 28/29 - 1811 13
	How certain is the date? Post tit
	How accurate is the time of start?
5.	Juration of Observation 2. 7117 49 Seconds
	How accurate is your estimate? Chechech. A. T. Tyon. W. Malabeles
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting 125 miles HTL of Mind Ment
	On She ghory
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
7.	Weather conditions at time of esservation
	Crot 60° -
6,	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
9,	More and about the same and the
7.0	Where was object first observed?: a. Relative to your surroundings. North. Nort. Carl.
	as actable to your surroundings
	b. Angle of elevation50
	c. Compass angle bearing. As about
	d. How account to the state of
10.	are these estimates? File no fun of restand with
2000	What first attracted observer's attention? ht.y

10	If there was more than one light/object:/
	a. How many were there? One at first the about 10 following
	in what formation were they? I major of self-then Abindo of 5.

/ 12. What was

12.	What was the colour of the light or object?
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, eg crainary strong light at 100 yardu)
**	to the state of th
14.	a. relative to Venus or Meon. Ab
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (About 20 inches
	from eyes)
42	
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed?
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)?
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the maximum of familiar objects at stated distances.
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen hight for trail
23.	Where was object last observed? :
	a. relative to your surroundings on sollken thousan
	h. angle of elevation
The state of the s	c. compass angle bearing
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance. Alfra ent
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, gr. and indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)

	1 20 20

State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and aygular valocity. 26. 27. How many witnesses to the sighting? 28. Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area? What natural phonomonon (or phonomena) would be nearest to explaining 29. What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation? 30. Secarde of never our omything the of Sefore Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your 310 surroundings. Use back of form if needed. Maller objects hightfruit higher on offet Date A - May

12 MAY 73 SIGHTING # 6a, b, c, d CATESHEAD WEST RM JESSOP
BERMONT NIH W.A. SNEDDON
KOOLEWONG C. PEMIS
NSW MRSMIS G J WALLEH

580/1/1 Pt25 (6b) 1 9 JUL 1973 Mr C. Perrin, 60 Brisbane Water Drive, KOOLEWONG, NSW 2256 Dear Sir. With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 12th May 1973 it has been determined that the most probable cause was a Cessna aircraft flying from Kempsey to Sydney. Three other witnesses reported the same sighting and when the times, elevations and bearings were correlated, the result showed the track of the sighted object was on a line from Newcastle to Sydney. It also showed that the velocity was constant at approximately 180 miles per hour. From records held by the Department of Civil Aviation at Sydney airport, investigations discovered that a Cessna 402 aircraft, VH-SIV, landed at Sydney at 6.55 PM having flown at 4000 ft altitude from Kempsey. VH-SIV is fitted with stroboscopic lighting which is a brilliant white flashing light used for anticollision purposes. The Cesana 402 engines are the Lycoming Continental type and are extremely quiet, thus accounting for the absence of noise associated with the sighting. We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest. Yours faithfully, G. odger (G.J. ODGERS) Director of Public Relations

Royal Australian Air Force
A273 — MEMORANDUM 580/11 P. 25/60 205ULB HOWLM 5/2/17(58) OF 29 Jun 13 FIO HOWLM REPORTS OF UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTINGS De. letter to RANK APPOINTMENT 17

580/1/1 Pt25 (6c)

Mr G.J. Waugh, 11 Buttaba Avenue, HELMONT NORTH, NSW 2280

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 12th May 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was a Cessna aircraft flying from Kempsey to Sydney.

Three other witnesses reported the same sighting and when the times, elevations and bearings were correlated, the result showed the track of the sighted object was on a line from Newcastle to Sydney. It also showed that the velocity was constant at approximately 180 miles per hour.

From records held by the Department of Civil Aviation at Sydney airport, investigations discovered that a Cessna 402 aircraft, VH-SIV, landed at Sydney, at 6.55 PM having flown at 4000 ft altitude from Kempsey. VH-SIV is fitted with stroboscopic lighting which is a brilliant white flashing light used for anticollision purposes.

The Cessna 402 engines are the Lycoming Continental type and are extremely quiet, thus accounting for the absence of noise associated with the sighting.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

9 9 odgers

tehlatil Jahrus 19 Jul 13

1 0 JUL 1973 580/1/1 Pt25 (6a) Messrs W.A. Sneddon & R.M. Jessop, 63 Coral Crescent, GATESHEAD WEST NSW 2290 Dear Sirs, With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 12th May 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was a Cessna aircraft flying from Kempsey to Sydney. Three other witnesses reported the same sighting and when the times, elevations and bearings were correlated, the result showed the track of the sighted object was on a line from Newcastle to Sydney. It also showed that the velocity was constant at approximately 180 miles per hour. From records held by the Department of Civil Aviation at Sydney airport, investigations discovered that a Cessna 402 aircraft, VH-SIV, landed at Sydney at 6.55 PM having flown at 4000 ft altitude from Kempsey. VH-SIV is fitted with stroboscopic lighting which is a brilliant white flashing light used for anticollision purposes. The Cessna 402 engines are the Lycoming Continental type and are extremely quiet, thus accounting for the absence of noise associated with the sighting. We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest. Yours faithfully, (G.J. ODGERS) Director of Public Relations



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

TELEPHONE: Newcastle 65-1221

Headquarters RAAF Base WILLIAMPOWN NEW 2314

29th June 1973

IN REPLY QUOTE 5/2/Air(58)

Department of Air

For Information:

Meadquarters.Operational Command (Attn: CC Intell O)

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SICHUING

Reference: A. HQWLM 5/2/Air(56) dated 26th June 1973

- 1. Reference A covered a report on four observations of one unusual aerial sighting, a flashing white light travelling from north to south, and observed in the Newcastle/Gosford areas, over the period 1850-1850 on 12th May 1973. It was stated in the report that he civil aircraft were active in the area at the time of sighting.
- 2. Further information from SSATC Mascot now to hand, gives the following details:
 - a. One light aircraft type unknown en route Kempsey - Mascot at 4000 feet, ETA Nascot 1905.
 - b. Ceasna, en route Taree-Mascot at 1500 feet ETA Mascot 1915 hours.
- 3. This information should allow for a more positive identification of the sighting.

(A.F. SLACKBURN)
Flight Lieutenant
for Officer Commanding





ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

TELEPHONE: Newcastle 65 1221

5/2/Air(56)

The Secretary

Department of Air Russell Offices CANBERRA ACT 2600

For Information:

Headquarters Operational Command (Attention: CC Intell 0)

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

- Attached are reports on an unusual aerial sighting submitted by:
 - R.M. Jessop of 63 Coral Crescent, Gateshead West NSW 2290,
 - Mr W.A. Sneddon C/- R.M. Jessop, above,
 - Mr C. (C % Pemis) of 60 Brisbane Water Drive, Koolewong NSW 2256 - report forwarded by Mr H. Griesberg of the Central Coast UFO Research Bureau, and
 - Mr and Mrs G.J. Waugh of 11 Buttaba Avenue Belmont North, NSW 2280.

Delay in forwarding these reports is regretted, and is caused through a fifth observer failing to return to this Headquarters, the Part 1 forwarded to him. Messrs Jessop and Sneddon, only, were interviewed personally.

- The sighting took the form of a brilliant white light travelling in a southerly direction, with no apparent deflection in course or altitude, although estimates of speed vary considerably.
- No military or civil aircraft were reported active at the time of the sighting. No planets or major stars were visible. There was no moon. No satellite or rocket passes were forecast for the East Coast over the period of the sightings. There was a surface inversion from 0-500 feet of 7° C, and a subsidence inversion of 5° at 10,000 feet. Visibility was 25 nautical miles, and conditions generally were calm.

Headquarters RAAF Base

26th June 1973

WILLIAMTOWN NSW 2314

4. A possible solution to the sighting is that of a light aircraft fitted with a strobe anti-collision light. The height and speed of the object are consistent with that of a light aircraft and the strong surface temperature inversion most certainly would have presented a distorted image of the object. It should also be noted that the Orderly Officer logged the call from Mr Waugh at 1840 hours, which would put his time of start of observation back by between five and ten minutes.

5. Forwarded for your further investigation.

(A.F. BLACKBURN)
Flight Lieutenant
for Officer Commanding



RESTRICTED ()

-3-

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingTT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height000 ft000 ft000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	*Give location of nearest ATD or ATA 33°15' 151°21'
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude Berman 33 02 Longitude (51, 40
35.	of the bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were
	in that portion of the sky at the time. By day, give location of
	Venus only

36	A meteorological balloon was released from
	at
	Radio-sonde**/radar**; Candle**/battery** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of
	.0500ft, measured at!!00Z hrs from williampown
	mcTEOFOCOSCACstation.
38.	
	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets,
39.	meteorites etc relevant to the sighting NONE VISIBLE
22.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace if
	available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were operating

10	m.
10.	The sense (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/senset* be determined.
1.	The object reported probably was /may have been* (delete as required). A light account fictes bulk a stole out collision
	light.
	HBWLM (Unit) AF BLACKBURAL (Name)
	26 JUNE 973 (Dato) FET 67 (11 mlc)
	tale attent among

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.) OWKUMM ANDREW SNEDDON Address of observer 2 63 barn brescant Gatishead WestPhone..... Occupation of observer & Stycker t. / Trainel Clemist 3. Date and time of start of observation ... 12. May. 13. ... 1830 km 4. ginte How certain is the date? Duration of observation. Affinal 30 accords 5. How accurate is your estimate? ... Makonahly Observer's location at time of sighting... allow allows 6. How familiar is observer with this locality? Meng. (but disense) Weather conditions at time of observation. ... Clear - no mean 7. 8. Where was object first observed: 9. Relative to your surroundings ... Almat due Elast Angle of elevation....20-30 d. How accurate are these estimates?.... furte...... What first attracted observer's attention? ... At you while flashing light 10. 11. If there was more than one light/object: a. How many were there?..... b. In what formation were they?...... What was the colour of the light or object? brill and walk 12. 13. What was the brightness? (Compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance eg, ordinary street light at 100 yards) compashle to a ctobe light 14. What was the apparent size at nearest approach: a. Relative to Venus or Moon. Lee enflanchion and hage. b. Relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches from the eyes).....

Diagram gives expressment the bearings from largental and bearings of eighting. He southerly lesson a horself he is a lesson to be a lesson t

Diagram given approximate elevations from horizontal and bearings of sighting. The southerly horizon is harried by tronimply of horses and trees. The path dollar by the light appeared North-South. There was no way a black the acquisitate and volcisty a could be judged accurately as there was no available reference front. Velocity was, have ver considered with light arrangly theseling at about 150 lits at 1500 ft. There was NO next associated with the light which flashed brillianthy at 2-3 second intervals with a blost tauged light singles to a streetoscope. There was no reflection or statem associated with the light as would be expected were it attached to the lap surfaces of an affect. There was no noticeable change in direction, altitude, seberly, a frequency prior to going our

The light florled at approximate interval of 2-3 acount.

The light was an interval of closely resolved on electronic X even flosh as used on cancers. There was no afterglor ossociated with the flosh - no light was visible between flosher nor no there visibile any outher of a body that the light could have here mounted on.

B. Leddon 17-5-1973

15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how
	were these values assessed?
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified?). assaurfaced. Constant Course.
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of
	familiar objects at stated distances. Comforthe t bluena 15005
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen filet
	flashing light
23.	Where was the object last observed:
	a. Relative to your surroundings55.E
	b. Angle of elevation20 - 30
	c. Compass angle bearing/5.5°
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance?dusaffleared
	. fut
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc.)
2	
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity. (2). Student
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting?fuet al. teld
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
	one other
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your
	observation? None
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form.
	0 . 0/
	Signature B. X. Alla Merret Date 17. 5-19.73.

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AFRIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

RECEIVED

28 MAY 1973

WILLIAMTOWN

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

	Name of observer MR + MRS 6 J. HAUGH Age.
1.	Address of observer. A. Bustasa Ave.
2.	Bernertt NAL 1250 Phone 45 35 74
	Occupation of observer. CLENK. Housewife.
3.	Date and time of start of observation
4.	How certain is the date?
	How accurate is the time of start? FAIRLY. Accurate
-	Duration of observation. 15 minutes
5.	How accurate is your estimate? MITHIN 5 minutes
,	Observer's location at time of sighting. FRONT. VERNERAL AND SERVICES
6.	11 BUTTAGA ALE, DELMONT NORTH.
	How familiar is observer with this locality?VRXY
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation. FIELD GLASSES (8x40)
9.	Where was object first observed:
	a. Relative to your surroundings. APPROX QUER SHAWSER
	CHANNER AT SEA ENTRANCE
	b. Angle of elevation. 15° to 25°
	c. Compass angle bearing. Approx. Due South
	d. How accurate are these estimates? Approximations
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? STATIONARY BRIGHT.
	LIGHT, Lower than Stors
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. How many were there?
	b. In what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object?
13.	What was the brightness? (Compare with full moon or common light source
	at a stated distance eg, ordinary street light at 100 yards)
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach:
	a. Relative to Venus or MoonVENUS
	b. Relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes). 5 INCH to INCH.

15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how
	were these values assessed?
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious? Seemed to be slowly mounts.
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified?) . 200 . Appress . Syon . Common
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an
	estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of
	familiar objects at stated distances VERY Stone MARDLY
	MONNO AT ALL.
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases IERI Store
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
23.	Where was the object last observed:
	a. Relative to your surroundings. HERON 6. South
	a. Relative to your surroundings. HEROLA. South b. Angle of elevation
	c. Compass angle bearing. Due South
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? APPEARED 70
	DISPURAL IN THE SOUTH:
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
ज्ञान्यतः	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc.)
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting?
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
	The second of th
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your
	observation? FLASHING LIGHT, ON HOVEKING HELICOPEKI
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?.
	THROUGH FIELD GLASSES THEXE WAS NO COPTER APPREM
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch
21.	position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings.
	Use back of form.
	Signature. A. Hauft. Date. 24/5/13.
	(A) Carollo
	A CAPTA THE TAXON NAME AND A CAPTA TO A CAPT



P.O.Box 546 Gosford N.S.W.2250.

May 18,1973.

P.L. Frank Blackburn Intelligence Officer RAAF Base Williamtown.

Dear Mr. Blackburn.

Enclosed please find account of unusual aerial sighting over Gosford on 12-5-73.

Further to this report, the witness, who was at the radio station (200) at the time, states that when he received the phone calls from Toukley residents, who did not supply their names, he immediately ran outside, to try and catch a glimpse of the object himself, after working out with the help of a map, and the location of the residents, that the object was heading towards Coeford. After he lost sight of the object, and returned into the studio, he received further calls from people in Ettalong, once again no names, who stated that the object headed to over Lyon Island, where it abruptly, and without loss of speed did a 90 degree turn and sped off at a great speed in an easterly direction.

Trusting you are able to help us with the investigation of this report,

Yours mincerly,

Harry Griesberg

ENTRAL COA OUR REF. Part I - Report by Observer U.F.O. (As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer a myited to take of this form.) PERRIN Address of observer b.o. B. mban Vater Soir. 2. . Koolevory 22 Occupation of observer. Un. Short. Edula. 2.6.0. 3. Date and time of start of observation, 12/5/73.6.40PM. 4. How certain is the date? . . Slefendity How accurate is the time, of start? . Mef. I.M. L. Duration of observation .. Africa ... 60, Secs-5. How accurate is your estimate? .. Watch Calculation Observer's location at time of sighting. Studies at.... 6. Radio 260 Gorford How familiar is observer with this locality?.... 2. L. J. Cass. In asen. Weather, conditions at time of observation of inc. I wilbutt 7. .. 10/10 ths. Zeor forsibilly of invention. Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation...... 8.none 9. Where was object first observed: Relative to your surroundings ... V. S. . Mo. N. J. Jarr. N.N.E. te S. J. W. s. lightly east of 1. 2.6.0. Angle of elevation. after 80. 80. degrees.... Compass angle bearing ... J. Q . . . M .. How accurate are these estimates? eny ... 10. from Jonkly district. If there was more than one light/object: 11. How many were there?.... In what formation were they?..... 12. 13. What was the brightness? (Compare with full moon or common light source at, a stated distance, eg, ordinary street light at 100 yards) Osing Wes than 3rd Magnitude Star. What was the apparent size at nearest approach: 14. Relative to Venus or Moon. . . & . Ch. Alge . of . Math. Relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches from the eyes). t. th. inch..... 15.

... blanny

of magnetice force.

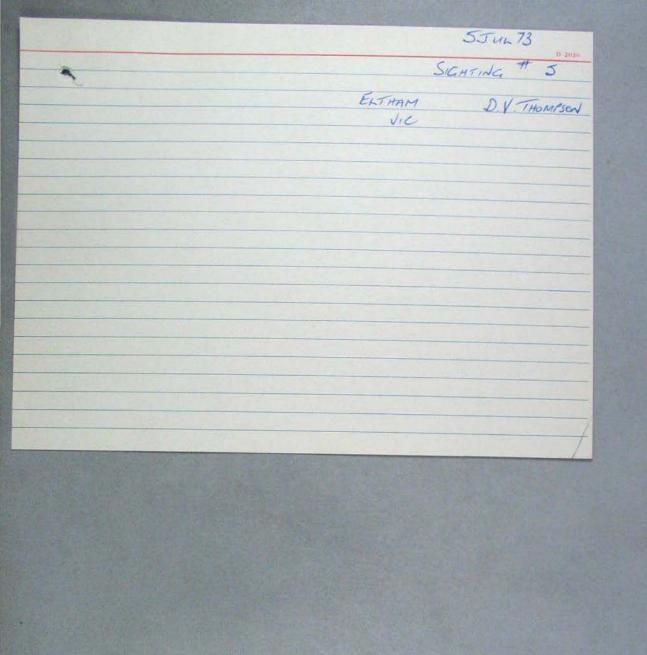
Was any method of propulsion obvious? Assemble hulse Magnetic love - Conversion of line

16.

17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	na.sonad
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if
	an estimate can be justified)? Attlew. 5,000 feet
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an
	estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the move-
	ment of familiar objects at stated distances. a//30x.300
	. Know then accellented te about Mach !.
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases. 4. second
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvresColour.chymag
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. faint
	while toail change did Colour
23.	Where was the object last observed: the object last observed: the and places
	a. Relative to your surroundings305.5.42.60.
	b. Angle of elevation30. 5.5.VM
	c. Compass angle bearing
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? abscusedly hill
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc)

26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain
	of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity A: 136
	porale of Gray was T.V. News Conforman
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting? Na?
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
	. Anone calls from 3 areas.
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining
20	your observation?
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
	affarant ahape, chong and behaviour.
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate,
	sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your
	surroundings. Use back of form,
5L19ht, 16	length of the minimum
Trail	munitation with the same
Trail &	length of oblestioning
(13
- ni	The same of the sa
	111 - 1-1 o
Object sens	abled 3 elitre.
e sejen for	4

Signature. C. Perra. Date 15/5/13.



Royal Australian Air Force 273 — MEMORANDUM 580 11 18 25 (Sb) BJULTS HOSC 5 16 11 AR (65) DE 24 MAY B HOSC CINTENLO 5 16/1 Air (21) DF 25423. UNUSUAL AZRIAL SIGHTIMGS 95 letters to Thompson MOVES 3008 FUG DEF

1 3 1111 1973 580/1/1 Pt25 (5a) Hr D.V. Thompson, 30 Silver Street, ELTHAM, VIC 3095 Dear Sir, With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 22nd June 1975, it has been determined that the most probable cause was an ANSETT Boeing 727, VH-RMD, landing at Tullamarine Airport. Although not a DCA requirement, both TAA and ANSETT aircraft are using landing lights as visual identification during daytime approaches. These landing lights are of an intensity equal to that described by you and due to their proximity, they appear as a single light. VH-RVD landed at Tullamarine from Adelaide at 08.22 AM on runway 09. The aircraft's angle of approach would be such that it would appear to be stationary over a 50 second period. The lights would have disappeared when the pilot turned them off near the completion of his approach. We trust that this explanation will be satisfactory to you and thank you for your interest. Yours faithfully, (G.J. ODGERS) Director of Public Relations

MEMORAND RAAF FORM A273 MAR 63	For use within the Write or print		11 (21)
FROM HOSC		DATE	
DAFI DEPAIR	DAF1 1	REFERENCES	19
SUBJECT	RIAL SIGHTING	-	3-7-73
1. Enclo		musual aeria	
of ELTHAN	report from	Mr D.V. THO	MPSON
1	RAAF controlle	4	MARINE
has advis	by DCA, T	Though Mot AA and ans	required et
. 01	te using law	0 01	for
day appro	1 PI On	lety lights	when
operating	outside contro	lled ausper	30 .
		STO.	
		ECENED TO	
	<u> </u>	DAFI	
	**	ATTE CO	
SIGNATURE	PRINTED NAME F	RANK AND APPOINTMENT	PHONE EXTN
- Chipps	ROGISAS	FIG OF INTI	7410
	Kren onserver a deserration		
	re than one light/object:		
	mation were they?		
	lour of the light or objec		FLARE



REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer DON. V. THOMPSON. Age . 37
	Address of observer 30 SILVER ST FUTNAM
2.	
	VIC 3095 Phone H39 8083
3.	Occupation of observer AVTO DESIGNER
4.	Date and time of start of observation 22.673 - 8-19/20 AM
	How certain is the date? POSITIVE.
	How accurate is the time of start? POSITIVE
5.	Duration of observation. UP. to 30 SECONDS
	How accurate is your estimate?♥♀♥
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting N. CAR. PMOEEDING. To
	PLACE OF WORK, JUST TURNED, A COMER AND
	How familiar is observer with this locality? TRAVERSE EVELW DAY IN
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation
	OVERCAST, WITH FAIRLY HIGH CLOUD COVER
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation. NONE
9.	Where was object first observed? :
	a. Relative to your surroundings. PINECTLY AMEAD IN EXCENS
	OF TWO MILES
	b. angle of elevation. 25° (ESTINATEA)
	c. compass angle bearing. DUD WBSt
	d. how accurate are these estimates? C IS ACCURATE
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? BUGHTNESS FHICKEINING
	EFFECT
11.	If there was more than one light/object: ONE
	a. how many were there?
	b. in what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? WHITE, HIE

13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100
	yards) BRIGHTER THAN ABOVE EXAMPLES. MYCHESIUM FLARE
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?: TYPE BRIGHTNOSK
	a. relative to Venus or Moon. 4-5. TIMBS SIZE OF VENUS
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes) 4 DIA AT 20 MCHOS
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and
	how were these values assessed? AS AT. 9. By
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	NO SOUND DUES TO CAR
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified)? COUN HAVE BEEN 2 MILES OF 20 BRIGHTNESS NOLLIFIED ACCURTE 185013
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if of MSTANCE
	an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the
	movement of familiar objects at stated distances STATION BLY.
	NOT FAMILIAR WITH ANY PROVIDENCY OBSORVEDS
20.	Cive duration of any stationary phases STATIONER, AT AN TIME of
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres JUST DISTIPLATED.
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seenNONE
23.	Wherewas object last observed :
	a. relative to your surroundingsA& 9. B 9.
	b. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? LIGHT JUST WONT OUT
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc)
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocityOPPITHOLOGY
	bous interest in Allocati absorbation, 3 Lour in
27.	How many witness to the sighting? Two, PASSENCIES IN CAR ANY May Sort.

TESTSTOPEN

NO, BUT 18 MONTHS
ACIO SAM SIMILA
PHENOMENA CHER
BONNO BROOK HILL
BUT DIDN'T BOTHER
TO (LEPORT.

- 28. Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?.....
- 29. What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation? TYMENDE RAISING MACHISTUM FUNE.
- 30. What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation? VISIBILITY WAS EXCOUNT IN SPITE OF OVERLANT CONDITIONS
- 31. Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed.

HICH OVERCAST

TOWN

MORANG EPPINS

POAD HOADING

DUE WOST

Signature AN Month Joyal

Date 2x Time 73

THE PROPERTY.

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

	32. of the re	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity ported UFO position at the time:
		A/C type. Nil(1)(2)(3)
		Heading T
		Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
		Speed
		ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	33. the repor	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of ted UFO position at the time.
		A/C type Control 402.(1), F27/FNS(2), 727/RMD.(3) Heading Wort T. West T. West T
A11		
	27 @	Height. des Jm 5,000 ft
TUL		speed. 120.0.pproxx. abt.13az. abt.160.x
		ADD/ATA*. 09.17hrs. 08.31hrs. 08.22hrs
		* Cive location of nearest ATD or ATA
	34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 37.395 Longitude 145.011
	35. stars that by day, g	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major at were in that position of the sky at that time. give location of Venus only.
	36.	A meteorological balloon was released from
		at .0950 K
		Radio-sonde** radar** : Candle ** battery **
		(Delete as required) General wind profile
		Maximum height tracked00 ft atZ
		Was it known to have burst?
	37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of
		.6.at.5.500.ft measured at.0.900Kt hrs from.TVILLA
		station.
	38. comets,	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, meteorites etc, relevant to the sighting.
Temp	Dry 9°	Wet 7° Dew Point 5° RH 80%
Clou	d 7/8 St	Cu base abt 5,000' /39. When an 'surface
Bai	- MSL	1028.5 mbs

39. When an aircreft is a possible identification, include radar trace if available and ascertain which of the aircraft The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting ** can/cannot be determined. 41. The object reported probably was ** / may have been .727/RMD letting down into Tullamarine, (almost due mest of observers position) using Runway 27. Hould have been heading towards Epping beacon. Observer was not far from beacon & the initial sighting report of 20 (not 30) seconds duration would have given almost stationary sighting. was overcast with some ram marea. altho not a DCA reg, it is a growing practice for ansett & TAA to use landing lights on daytime approach.

HQSCU 2JUL]3

(Unit) (Date)

Q.O.G. bbs Flq CFC

(Name of Investigating Officer) (Radk)

5JUL 73 SIGHTING # H KILLARNEY VALE MES A J. REYMOUSS 580/1/1 Pt25 (4a)
Mrs A.J. Reynolds,

18 Cuthbert Street,

KILLARNEY VALE NSW

1 3 JUL 1973

Dear Mrs Reynolds,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 16th May 1973, it has been determined that the cause was probably QANTAS aircraft (QF 764) from Bangkok en route to Sydney.

2262

Enquiries at Mascot airport have revealed that QF 764 landed at 6.05 am on the day of the sighting. At 5.45 am the aircraft would have been visible about 30 miles west of you at an altitude of approximately 18000 feet. This would place the aircraft at about a 30 angle of elevation when viewed from your position. The early morning sum reflecting from the metallic surfaces of the aircraft would be discoloured due to two temperature inversions being recorded at 1.00 feet and 11000 feet, thus accounting for the gold/red colour described. The rate of descent of the aircraft at this particular period would cause a change in the reflective angle and as the aircraft no longer continued to reflect the sunlight it would give the impression of 'fading from view'.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

Dan Julys

And 1 13

A273 — MEMORANDUM HOWLM 5 /2 /AR (57) FIO UNUSUAL AFRIAL SIGHTINGS your Jeller FLG OFF 122



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

TELEPHONE: Newcastle 65-1221

Headquarters RAAF Base

WILLIAMTOWN NSW 2314

28th June 1973

IN REPLY QUOTE 5/2/AST(57)

Department of Air Russell Offices CANBERRA ACT 2600

DAFI

For Information:

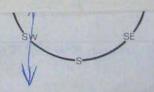
Headquarters Operational Command (Attn: CC Intell O)

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

- 1. Attached is a report on an unusual aerial sighting observed by Mrs Alma Joyce Reynolds of Killarney Vale, MSW, and also a covering letter from Mr H. Griesberg, explaining the use of the UFO Report Form rather than the standard RAAF Part I.
- 2. The sighting, which lasted over the period 0545-0550 hours local on 16th May 1973 was in the form of a gold/red oval object, the size of a bread and butter plate' travelling from north to south at an elevation of some 30°. The object finally faded from view, apparently, as the sun rose.
- 3. No military or civil aircraft were active at the time of the sighting. Jupiter was almost overhead, and can be disregarded for the purposes of this report. At 0500 hours local, a full moon was just declining beneath the western horizon and had completely set by 0605 hours approximately. Three temperature inversions were recorded:
 - a. from 0-1600 feet 3°C
 - b. from 10500-11000 feet 1°C
 - c. from51000-32000 feet 1°C

Weather at 0600 hours was: Winds north westerly at 10 knots, visibility 20 neutical miles, & cumulus base at 3000 feet, temperature 7°C, dev point 3°C. One satellite, Cosmos 44 No 1964/053A had optimum viewing timed for 052950 local with Azimuth 239, elevation 43 and heading 151. A 15 minute time span from optimum viewing of the satellite to the sighting of the object is becoming extreme, although bearing, elevation and heading do fit the sighting well.

/4. A suggested



4. A suggested solution to the sighting is that the object sighted was in fact Cosmos 44, distorted by the various temperature inversions, with a possible reflection of the moon, also caused by the temperature inversions, giving rise to the "bread and butter plate" description.

5. Forwarded for your further investigation.

(A.F. BLACKBURN) Flight Lieutenant for Officer Commanding





FILE NO.	3/2
PRE REF.	SAN REF.
FASE STATE	

P.O.Box 546 Gosford N.S.W. 2250.

June 24,1973.

F.L. Frank Blackburn, Intelligance Officer RAAP Base Williamtown 2301.

Door Frank.

Enclosed please find one of our own UFO report forms, filled in by myself, of an ufo sighting over Killarney Vale. We did not learn about this sighting till a few days ago, and were unable to get the Witness to complete one of your ferms. However, she said that we may forward our own report form to the RAAF. I realise that it is 5 weeks ago, but this was not of our fault, and I hope that you can still do something about it.

Yours faithfully.

Harry Griesberg

P.S. Hope that you are feeling better than when I spoke to you on the phone recently.

P.O.BOX 546 GOSFORD

File #: K 002

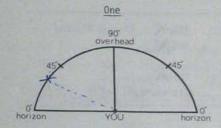
Conclusion:....

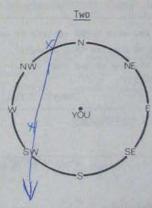
D. REPORT FORM V.F.O.

This form he been designed to assist us in the interpretation of the phenomena observation of the phenomena observation. By the istance in completing and returning it would be appreciated.

Name: No. HAMA-JOYCE- NEYNOLOS Address: 18 CUTHBE	RT ST
KILLARNEY VALE N.S.W. Age: 5	
	HOUSE
2. When did you first see the object(s)? Date: 16.5.73Time: 5	
3. For how long could you see the object(s)?5. MINUTES	***********
4. How did you establish the time and duration? LOOKED. AT SON	
5. What attracted your attention? VNVSVAL FIGHT IN	
6. In what direction was the object(s) first seen? NORTH	**********
At what angle to the horizon? FBOUT 30°	
7. In what direction was it last seen? . Sev. T	
7. In what direction was it last seen? SOUTH At what angle to the horizon? ABOUT 30° What did the chiest(s) disappear from view? FADED FROM	
8. How did the object(s) disappear from view? FADED. FROM	SIGHT
9. Describe the object's motion, from the moment it appeared to the	moment
it was lost to view. Please refer to any changes in direction	**********
TRAVELLED IN DIRECT LINE FROM	NORTH
TO SOUTH	
10. Describe the object(s) in your own words, refer to colour, shape	
number of objects and features. Compare size to full moon, star etc.	
reverse side for sketch SIZE OF BREAD TBUTTER PLATE	- GOLD +
CHANGED TO RED. HAD A TWINKLING EFFECT-	OVAL-
ONE DETECT - NO OTHER FEATURES DASE	
11. Was any smoke, noise, trail, odour or other sensation noted?	
12. Did the object(s) at any time pass in front of, or behind, a clou	ud,
tree, or other body? If so, describe	
13. Describe the local weather conditions at the time, referring to	cloud
type and cover, wind, haze, visibility, whether dark etc. Describe po	osit-
ion and appearance of sun, moon, stars etc. HALF LIGHT	*********
SUN BEGINNING TO RISE	

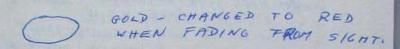
14. Have you any photographs or material concerning the object(s)?	NO
Did anyone else see this? SON + HUSBAND	
15. On the diagrams below, please mark with an "A" the first position	of
the object(s) and with a "B" the last position. On diag. 2, draw its	
apparent path as seen by you.	





THE THE

Sketch of object(s):



- a. Country reports: Could you please describe exactly what happened in your own words.
- Metropolitan reports: Office use only. Interviewer's comments.

Son saw object first, and alerted Mother tather.

Co-ordinator's comments:

1. Do you wish to be advised of our findings?

YESLAN (PLEASE DELETE)

2. May we publish this account?

YES/NO

3. If so, may we use your name in connection

Today's date: Signature SIGNED

Suggested explanation:

Copies distributed: WILLIAM TOWN

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-3-

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	*Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: LatitudeLongitude
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were
	in that portion of the sky at the time. By day, give location of
	Venus only. Tapite, writially anahead - Moon setting.
36	A meteorological balloon was released from
	atZColourWeightgm
	Radio-sonde**/radar**; Candle**/battery** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of°C at
	016.60ft, measured at 2.3.60 z hrs from WILLIAMTOWN
	METEOPOLOGICAL station, and reading adjunts for 2000 2 how
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, conets,
	meteorites etc relevant to the sighting. Casmos 44 Amadly will.
39-	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace if
	available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were operating

40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/connet* be determined.
41.	The object reported pretably weet/may have been* (delete as required).
	The object reported pretable met/may have been* (delete as required). beginnes 44 at agent 38 whom with possible motion.
	reflecion inconforated.
	118 hu na 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	HAWLM (Unit) A. F. BLACKBURN (Name)
The second second	284 June 1973 (Date) FL7 LT (Runks
	Date)

5 JUL 73 0 20001 SIGHTING # 3 MELBOURNE R.C. CANE

A273 - MEMORANDUM May 72 Stock No 7630-66-002-11	Ona	
FROM	58011. P. 25 (35) DATE 19 JUL 73	REFERENCES
DEPAIR	ATTENTION (35) 193023	HOSE 5 16/1 (A1R(20)
Hose	CINTERLO	OF 25 UL 73
SUBJECT		
REPORTS OF UNUSUAL		
Enclosed.	for your records	is a com of
a letter from this	for your records Department to	M-RCP
	50	
in reply to his	report of an	unusual actial
sighting.		
Exchance: Copy of	0.H . & M- 2	(())
Exclosive: Copy of	and a little	C. Carre
1		
NAME	RANK APPO	SINTMENT PHONE NO
My Hills M. C.	RETTON F-GOTT	1R 2 2+08

1 0 JUL 1973

580/1/1 Pt25 (3a)

Mr R.C. Cane, Mr R.C. Street, 97 Newry Street, VIC 3054

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 20th June 1973, the opinion of the investigating team is that the cause was a light aircraft.

Normally logical explanations are available for sightings. and from your description of the occurrence the following aspects are pertinent to the theory:

- duration of observation approximately ten minutes;
- paralleling of your aircraft's track by the object;
- the right angle turn to the east by the object; and C.
- d. the apparent speed and altitude of the object ..

When these aspects were related to the DCA Melbourne Terminal Enroute Chart, the most likely situation was that a light aircraft, operating below controlled airspace, tracked to the eastern coastline of Port Phillip via the light aircraft corridor separating Melbourne CTR and Laverton CTR. It followed the coastline on a heading of 150 M, thus paralleling your track for approximately eight miles, then turned 90° left to approach Moorabin airfield. The orange colour of the object could feasibly have been reflection of the rising sun as seen through an atmosphere which had a relative humidity of 87%.

We regret that the theory cannot be categorically confirmed, as:

> Melbourne terminal radar often has difficulty in acquiring light aircraft flying at low altitudes in this particular area at speeds of between 130 knots and 150 knots, and in this case no record of an image was recorded; and

> > /b. Moorabin Wild 13

Moorabin tower operators do not start work before 0700K, although aircraft often operate at that field before that time under visual flight rules.

We trust that this theoretical explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)
Director of Public Relations

Enclosed is an invisual aerial righting report from Captain R.C. CAME of 97 NEWRY ST NTH CARLTON. RECEIVED IN SIGNATURE PRINTED NAME RANK AND APPOINTMENT PHONE E ROCK AND APPOINTMENT PHONE						
PRINTED NAME PRINTED NAME PRINTED NAME RANK AND APPOINTMENT PRINTED NAME ROAD PRINTED NAME PRINTED NAME ROAD PRINTED NAME PRINTED NAME ROAD PRINTED NAME PRINTED NAME						r (20)
SUBJECT UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTINGS Enclosed is an unusual aerial sighting Aeport from Captain R.C. CANE of 97 NEWRY ST NTH CARLTON. PRINTED NAME ROOM INTO NAME ROOM INTO NAME ROOM INT I 741 Co.o. 10. What first attracted observer's attention? IT. 9.4556.0458 II. 11. Is diene was more than one light/object: a. how many were unese? b. in what formation were they?	FROM				DATE	73
Enclosed is an imusual aerial sighting report from Captain R.C. CAME of 97 Newry ST NTH CARLTON. RECEIVED IN SULPY ST NTH CARLTON. PRINTED NAME RANK AND APPOINTMENT PHONE E R.O., G. 1868 Flg. CAF INT 1 74 1 c.s.o. 10. What first attracted observer's attention?	TO 050-10			iR-2		F TO
SIGNATURE PRINTED NAME PRINTED NAME RANK AND APPOINTMENT FIG. G. G. ISBS 10. What first attracted observer's attention?	SUBJECT	AERIAL SIGHT	ings		280-1-	3-7-73
SIGNATURE PRINTED NAME ROCEIVED PRINTED NAME L.O., G.IBBS RANK AND APPOINTMENT FIG OFF INT 1 74 1 C.O. 10. What first attracted observer's attention? 11. If there was more than one light/object: a. how many were there? b. in what formation were they?	8	nclosed is an	unusuc	il aeri	al sight	ing
SIGNATURE PRINTED NAME RANK AND APPOINTMENT PRINTED NAME L.O. G. IBBS Fig Off INT 1 74.1 c.s.o. 10. What first attracted observer's attention?			R.C.C	ANE	of 97 NI	EWRY
SIGNATURE PRINTED NAME RANK AND APPOINTMENT PHONE E L.O.G.156S FIg Off INT 1 741 10. What first attracted observer's attention?	STN	TH CARLTON.				
SIGNATURE PRINTED NAME RANK AND APPOINTMENT PHONE E LO.G.1888 Flg.Off INT 1 74.1 10. What first attracted observer's attention?						
SIGNATURE PRINTED NAME Lo, GIBBS RANK AND APPOINTMENT TA1 c.o.o. 10. What first attracted observer's attention? If there was more than one light/object: a. how many were there? b. in what formation were they?						
SIGNATURE PRINTED NAME RANK AND APPOINTMENT PHONE E 10. What first attracted observer's attention?						
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SIGNATURE PRINTED NAME RANK AND APPOINTMENT PHONE E 10. What first attracted observer's attention?						Total Control
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PRINTED NAME RANK AND APPOINTMENT PHONE E L.O.CIBBS FIG OFF INT 1 74.1 c.o.o. 10. What first attracted observer's attention?					8	7
10. What first attracted observer's attention?					Callia .	
10. What first attracted observer's attention?	SIGNATURE		0.00	C1 000	1	PHONE EXT
11. If there was more than one light/object: a. how many were there? b. in what formation were they?	- Wibbs	4.0,61	888	FIg OH	INT 1	74 10 c.o.o. 97
11. If there was more than one light/object: a. how many were there? b. in what formation were they?	10. What f	irst attracted observ	er's attentio	m?	9.4.52.5.N.S	ви.
b. in what formation were they?						
b. in what formation were they?	11. If the	te was more than one	light/object	1. G MU		
12. What was the colour of the light or object?V.A.H.V.&					RANGE	1
		REST	UD Z G Z WID	(155 ke	x 6	H

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REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer ROBERT CALIVE CANE Age 36.
2.	Address of observer. 97 NEWRY STREET
	NORTH CARCTON Phone 347/531.
3.	Occupation of observer
4.	Date and time of start of observation(92.0.5 to. A. JUNE 73
	How certain is the date? 99 ABOVE.
	How accurate is the time of start?VER. Y ACCURATE
5.	Duration of observation. (D MINS.
	How accurate is your estimate??- 10 Min.s.
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. TRACILING.
	MELBOURNE BIR PORT TO COWES DIRECT 150 M.
	How familiar is observer with this locality? VERY
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. CLOUP COVERAGE
	AT 14000 , OTHERWISE CLEAR
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	COMPLETELY VISUAL
9.	Where was object first observed?:
	a. Relative to your surroundingsTHROUGH PORT
	W. in Pau
	b. angle of elevation. BELOW. AIGLAATT AUTURE 5-6000
	c. compass angle bearing. DIRECTLY ABEAM
	d. how accurate are these estimates? ACCDARTE
10.	What first attracted observer's attention?P. P.A.S.C.F.N.S.R.
11-	If Wiele was more than one light/object :
	a. how many were there?
	b. in what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? PRANKE

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13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100
	vards Simlar to an oil kum off at a referency from perhaps 3 mile
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?:
	a. relative to Venus or roon. Approved slightly larger than Venus
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes) - This was not definated hielathy - 3 - but the
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and
	how were these values assessed? He sight hardleld tracket some of more at myll is
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified)? The stylet was notwed at \$16000 & was below our awants.
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if
	an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the
	movement of familiar objects at stated distances . A
	dorely martained on Speed 155 bits (AS) for some to mile to
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases Alluth above the direct was either
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen Nell- Conditions
23.	Where was object last observed:
	a. relative to your surroundings. It miles for a lell proof to entery cloud
	b. angle of elevation. Below His away
	c. compass angle bearing. Almost alkan to Port.
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? We entend cloud
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc)NP
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
27.	How many witness to the sighting? 2. haster-fers. 2 holds. I can hoster

- Presonant Charles

28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation? As wentworld an old how of but the object defentely more in the object defentely
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed.

Date.....

Signature.....

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32. of the rep	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity orted UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading T
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33. the report	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of ted UFO position at the time by Capt Cane A/C type. F27 FNO (1) by Capt Cane (3)
	A/C type. 12.1. FNQ. (1). T. (2)
	Heading. 150°TT
	Height
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Cive location of nearest ATD or ATA
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 38.325. Longitude. 145.136
35. stars tha By day, g	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major t were in that position of the sky at that time. ive location of Venus only.
36.	A meteorological balloon was released from
	atZColourWeightgm
	Radio-sonde** radar**: Candle ** battery **
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked00 ft atZ
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of
	Nlat ft measured at Z hrs from
	station.
38. comets,	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, meteorites etc, relavant to the sighting.
Thing day	/39. When an
以 自	
Cloud	67% capitant tase abt 11,500ft to 18,000

39. When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace if available and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were operating.

When reported by RAAF controller TULLA, radar had not located any afterest trace near VH-FNO 40.

The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting ** can/cannot be determined.

41. The object reported probably was **/ may have been a reflection from VH-FNO finally

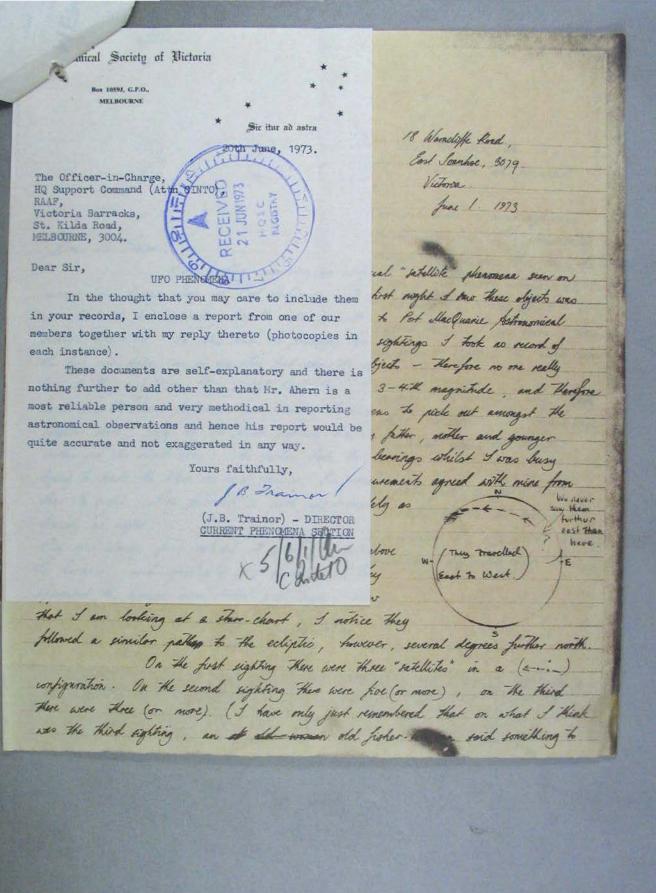
affected by approaching sunrise.

(Unit) (Date)

R.O.GIDDS Flg.Off
(Name of Investigating Officer) (Rank)

26 JUN 73 SIGHTING #2 PORT McQUARIE B AHERN

MEMORANDUM RAAF FORM A273 MAR 63 FROM I QSC TO DEPATR SUBJECT UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING REPORT OUR FILE 5/6/1/AIT ATTENTION ATTENTION ATTENTION ATTENTION ATTENTION ATTENTION AFT SUBJECT UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING REPORT 22 JUN 73	
AFI DEPATE DAFI IR 2 REFERENCES Squid Subject Squid Sq	de
AFI DEPATR DAFI IR-2 Telecon Squis	de
THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	- 70
	Alax
Attached is an inusual aerial sighting	0.
report from Mr B. AHERN, 18 Warnelyfe EAST IVANHOE.	Ka.
LE 26 MIN 1875	
DAFI 26 DAFI	
No reply necessary for this report	
For info only.	
2/7/78 " 60	
The state of the s	
SIGNATURE PRINTED NAME RANK AND APPOINTMENT PHON R.O.GIRBS FIG. OFF INT 1 74	NE EXTN



18 Wandisp Road, East Scarhoe, 3079. Victoria. June 1. 1973.

Dear Mr. Treinor,

I am writing concerning an unusual "satelliste" phenomena seen on various dates during elley at Port Macquarce. The first night of two these objects was most likely to be Wednesday, May 16, efter a visit to Pot MacQuarie Astronomical Society's observatory. On this and the following two sightings I took as record of the Time nor date, as no one else had seen the objects - therefore no one really believed they were there. They would have been of 3-4th magnitude, and therefore would pessibly hard for someone not knowing the heavens to pick out amongst the brighter stars. Daly on the South sighting did my father, mother and gounger brother see the objects also. My father trade the bearings whilst I was busy Trying to make the other see and believe. His measurements agreed with mine from Ther & nights. They followed a path exproximately as Fraced at right : -They were always first noticed at about 15-20° above They travelled) the horizon, and gradually lost elevation as they East to West apposehed the horizon near Pollux and Eastor, Was that I am looking at a shor-chart, I notice they followed a similar pales to the ecliptic, however, several degrees further north. On the first eighting there were three "satellites" in a (----) configuration. On the second sighting there were for (or more), on the third There were three (or more). (I have only just remembered that on what I think was the third eighting, an at all women old fisher to soid something to

me to the following effect - "They're nothing much, why, I've seen them on a comple of nights.") livery time I saw the satellites" I was on the sea wall either watching the fishermen, or fishing, myself.

If I remember correctly, the time was around seven on some sightings, and around nine on others; - however I may not be accurate here. The phenomenant were always first eighted above Books, and although the time of 30 seconds or more, I tosted this and find that I was quite wrong. (If I move my hand in app similar are in frost of me at the correct squed, if takes about 5-10 seconds to truce the path + speed out). I am corry I was a total misleading over this, but when watching such a sight, the time seems much longer!

I thought that I should add that on one night we saw one bright and one faint meteor pass in much the same path as these "satellites". The bright one left a magnificent trail which would have been inclined about 10° to the

path of the objects.

I am sure that I can quarantee that the path given is fairly near exact, and also the numbers of "ratellites". I also believe the amounded time is fairly accurate. Beyond these I cannot quarantee any other fact, other than that four of us, (and perhaps the old fisher woman) definitely sew them on one night.

Yours Faithfully

Mr. Brian Ahern, 18 Warncliffe Road, EAST IVANHOE, 3079.

Dear Brian.

Thank you for your very detailed letter of 1st June in which you described the sightings you made whilst on holidays at Port Macquarie.

I read the letter through very carefully and was able to follow quite clearly all the various points you raised. Congratulations on such a well-prepared report.

The thing that causes me the greatest difficulty in attempting to reconcile the sightings with artificial satellites is the fact of their east-to-west motion. You will appreciate that, to my knowledge at least, all launchings are made in the same direction as the earth's rotation in the interests of minimising the amount of thrust required. Some satellites are inserted into polar orbit as you know, but I am not aware of any which travel retrograde, i.e. with orbital inclination of greater than 90° to the equator.

You will also agree that a conservative and objective approach is required in attempting to interpret sightings such as yours. By this, I do not in any way infer that your sightings are doubtful. Rather, I consider that the most scientific approach is first to look for natural explanations before going on to conclude that the objects were perhaps extraterrestrial in origin. The great majority of so-called flying saucers turn out to be quite natural phenomena such as meteorological balloons, meteors, bright planets, cloud effects, etc.. The first thing that comes to mind in this instance is birds. These would explain the varying number from night to night, the speed, direction. From my own back yard here in Melbourne I have often seen a faint object moving steadily at a fair speed. Inspection with bineculars reveals it as a bird, made visible by reflection of night lighting.

In any case, I have forwarded a photocopy of your letter to the appropriate authorities at the RAAF for information.

Yours sincerely.

Z

28 Omar Street, SOUTH CAULFIELD, 3162. J.B. Trainer - DIRECTOR CURRENT PHENOMENA SECTION SIGHTING # 1

SASSARAS MASS M. CooleR
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FROM	HRSC				DATE	
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REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer . MRS. D. M. COOPER Age . 56 yrs
2.	Address of observer. SARNIA ROSE MAIN RD
	SASSAFRAS 3787 Phone.
3.	Occupation of observer OFFICE DUTIES.
4.	Date and time of start of observation A.PPRex. 1.4719/5/73
	How certain is the date?
	How accurate is the time of start?WITHIN . 10 MINUTES
5.	Duration of observation ABOUT. 3 MW. VT. S.
	How accurate is your estimate?FAIRLYACCURATE
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting
	How familiar is observer with this locality? FAM MIRR
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation DRY T. CORL

8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
9.	Where was object first observed? :
	a. Relative to your surroundings. JUST ABOVE THE ROOF
	OF MY GEDREOM.
	b. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing
	d. hew accurate are these estimates?
10.	What first attracted observer's attention?. STRAW.GESUREN
	SOUNDING NOISE GETTING CLOSER
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. how many were there?
	b. in what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? Bush what

13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100
	yards)
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?:
	a. relative to Venus or Moon
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and
	how were these values assessed?
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified)?
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if
	an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the
	movement of familiar objects at stated distances
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
23.	Where was object last observed:
	a. relative to your surroundings
	b. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing
24.	What was themanner of its disappearance?
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc)
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity

27.	How many witness to the sighting?

Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?... YES 28. What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining 29. your observation? Do NOT KNOW What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?..... 30. Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, 31. sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed.

Signature. & n Cooper Date. 24/5/73

32. of the rep	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity corted UFO position at the time:
	A/C type. N/A:(1)(2)(3)
	Heading T T (T)
	Meight,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33. the repor	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of ted UFO position at the time.
	A/C typeN.A(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height000 ft000 ft000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA
34.	Observer's Location: LatitudeLongitude
35. stars tha By day, g	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major t were in that position of the sky at that time. ive location of Venus only.
36.	A meteorological balloon was released from
	atzColourWeightgm
	Radio-sonde** radar**: Candle ** battery ** (Delete as required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked00 ft atZ
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of
	atft measured atZ hrs from
	station.
38. comets,	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, meteorites etc, relevant to the sighting.

41. The object reported probably was ** / nay have been The same Victorian Police vehicle		the site of the same of the car	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include a if available and ascertain which of the aircraft operating.
41. The object reported probably was ** / may have been The same Victorian Police vehicle Apported by Mr G. McLennan (HSSC 5/6/1/A) of 7 JUN 73). The smen was recorded and played to Mrs Cooper. who Mrs Cooper is quite happy that her UFO was a police car. H. Q. S.C. U 25 JUN 73 (Unit) (Date) L. O. Gibbs Flo. C.C.			•••••••
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(Unit) (Date) Lo.Glbbs Flo.GC		41.	The same Victorian Police vehicle reported by Mr G. McLennan (1485C 5/6/1/A 17(74) 7 JUN 73). The surer was recorded and played to Mrs Cooper who Mrs Cooper is quite happy
(Unit) (Date) Lo.Glbbs Flo.GC			
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REGISTRY CLASSIFICATION PARTICULARS

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	Duplicate Copy made
	Date opened

ne	GISTRATION CONFIDENTIAL
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3	Registration Number 580-1-1 PT 25 (New part) Mark to DAF!
5	Cancel File No vide this File and inform Movements Section of cancellation and new File No Close File No Vide this File and inform
7	Cross Reference this File with File(s) PT 1-24

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