DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE

FILE NO

OLD

AIR 580 1 1 24

NOTE:	This cover is to be used only for official file series recorded with Australian Archives.
	Form Number AR 111 is to be used for working papers.

SUBJECT:	FILE NUMBER OLD AIR 580/1/1 pt. 24.	
	REPORTS ON FLYING SAUCERS AND OTHER AERIAL OBJECTS.	

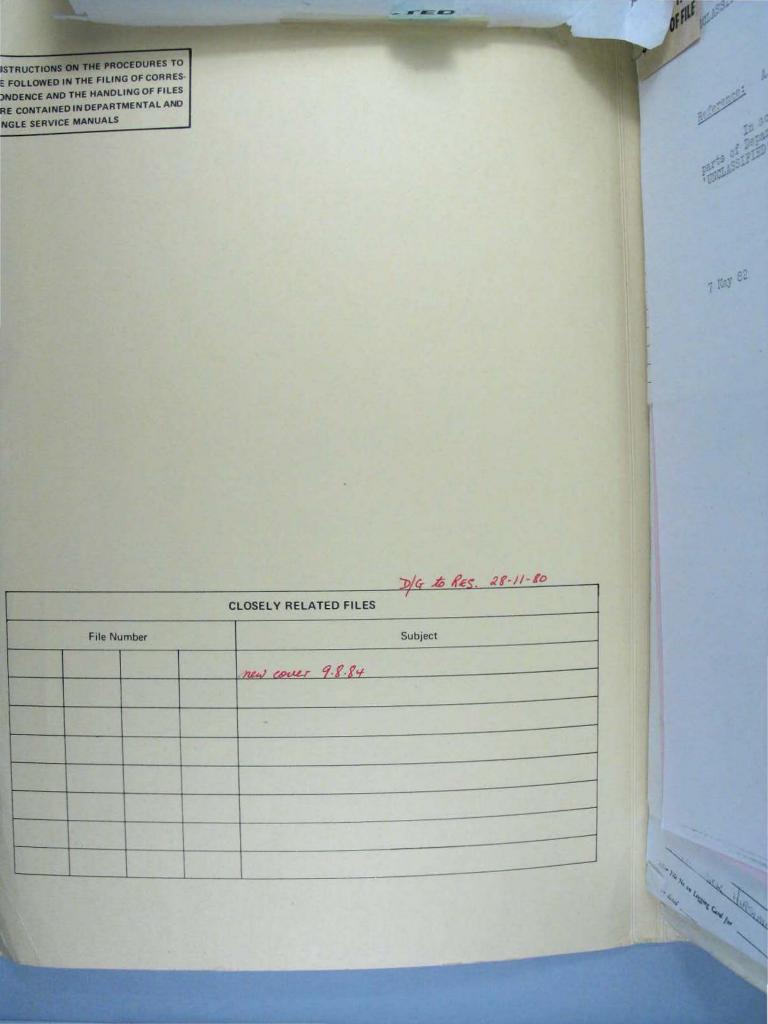
ollo Refer	130	Actioned by (Inits)	Folio	Referred to	Date Referred	Actioned by (Inits)
P.A. 73	9.8.84	/				
		ARCHIVA	LACTION		AT THE	

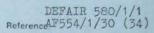
NSTRUCTIONS ON THE BE FOLLOWED IN THE CONDENCE AND THE	11.*		Su Su	MMAR	4 OF	SIGHTIKS
ARE CONTAINED IN I	100	PLACE DATE	PERSON	and the second		
	1		H.H. ASHMORE			
	2		R FORMINGTON	1 W.Jun	165u=1	SPAIT IMMEE OF KEFRACTED MEEN RISIN
	3		CS PERRIN	WIUN	IIJUL	POLICE CAIN
	4	MONTROSE VIC	G.P. McKenlyland	12Jun	3543	POLICE CAR
	5		MASM RACKHON	Dund	225WL	NO DETERMINATION. PROB SINCE DE
	6	CHADSTONE VILL 29 MAY 73	B TURNER	WJUN	STUN	JUPITER
1937	7		J BRENNAN	Wind	225.11	AIRCRAFT DEPARTING SYDNEY AIRPORT.
	8	BONEN ONS	C TOPPENBERC	QJUS	MAR	/ UN KNOWN
	- 0	MANLY NSW 26 MAR 73	P. Russell	13 Tund	5 July	AMERDET SY-NEWCASSLE
	10	ANTILL PONUS TAS	Miss H. Davies Miss M. Kida	Mund	22500	LIBET Ale & SIRIUS
	11			HTUN	225us	SPACE DEBNIS
	12		KJ. MISI J. BROOKS	UJUN	Buc	ANSETT B-727
	13	RINGWOOD VIC 29 MAY 73	C. LANE	KJUJ	AJUN /	F-27 A/C WYN-MEL.
	14	HOLBROOK NSW SIMAR 73	D. S. MADDOCKS	20Jul	11Jul	AIR CRAFT
	15	10 HPKIL73	H. HIRSIMAKI	21544		SEE FOLIO 155 MINISTERIAL SEG19/83)
		14/12			yser	MET BALLEEN
	1					

BESTEE STATE

parts of

y May 8





Subject: RECLASSIFICATION OF FILES

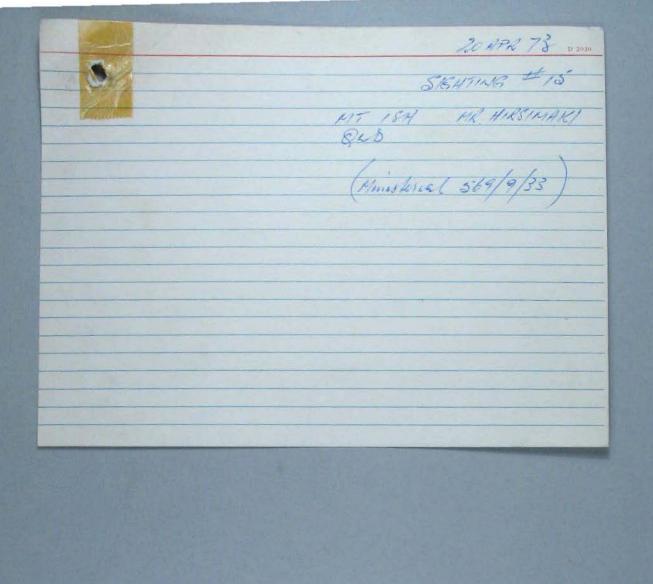
Reference: A. DI(AF)AAP 810 para 326.

In accordance with Reference A, all folios, in all parts of Department of Air File series 580/1/1 are reclassified 'UNCLASSIFIED' with effect 7 May 82.

(G.A. PERSKE) GJCAPT

BAFIS

7 May 82



580/1/1 Pt24 (15d)

19 SEP 1973

Mr H. Hirsimaki, 126 Webb Street, Mr ISA QLD 4825

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 20th April 1975, it has been determined that the most probable cause was the sighting of a meteorological balloon.

Investigations revealed that a balloon mounted with a 20 inch reflector and a white light was released from the Meteorological Section at Longreach airport at approximately 5.30 am on 20th April, and this balloon would, under the atmospheric conditions pertaining at the time, have reacted similarly to the light as described by you. The only apparent discrepancy is the speed of approach of the light as described, but the investigating team must treat that aspect of the report as speculative, as it is impossible to assess speed unless the size of the object and/or the distance from the observer is known.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your co-operation.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

September 2 September 29.925

> == copy 567/9/33 (11) MINISTERIAL PILE NO 569/9/53 A See A Herewith are suggested druft replies relating to the subject unusual aerial sighting enquiry. 13 sep 75

With reference to the request by the Hon. W.C. Wentworth M.P., for investigation of an unusual aerial sighting made on 20th April 1973, the investigation has been conducted and a draft reply to Mr Wentworth is attached.

Yours Sincerely

(F.J. GREEN) Secretary

phylaly by

Dear Mr Wentworth,

In response to your enquiry addressed to the Minister for Transport and Civil Aviation, relating to an unusual aerial sighting made by Mr Hendrick Hirsimaki at Longreach on 20th April 1973, the Department of Air has carried out an investigation and concludes that the most probable cause was the sighting of a meteorological balloon.

Mr Hirsimaki, in answer to a request from the RAAF, related the story of the sighting and answered a specific questionnaire. The details supplied bore little resemblance to the sensational newspaper description and, in the opinion of the investigating team, did not resemble the descriptions of the 'Min Min Light' as quoted in the Australian Encyclopaedia, Vol 6, page 91 (a copy of which is attached).

It has been determined that at the time of sighting, a meteorological balloon mounted with a 20 inch reflector and a white light was
released from the Meteorological Section at Longreach airport and this
balloon would, under the atmospheric conditions pertaining at the time,
have reacted similarly to the light as seen by Mr Hirsimaki. The only
apparent discrepancy is the speed of approach of the light as described
by the witness. The speed of an object is virtually impossible to assess
unless the size of the object and/or the distance from the observer is
known, and it is considered in this case that the speed assessment made
by Mr Hirsimaki is in error due to his lack of knowledge of both of these
factors.

Nor Hirsimaki has also been advised of the results of the investigation.

Yours Sincerely

R. BISHOP

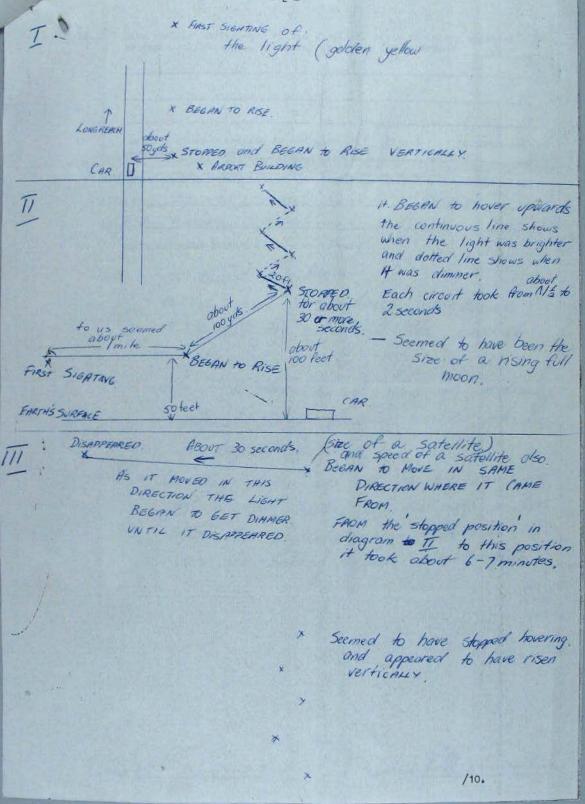
The Hon W.C. Wentworth 1 Redman Road DEE WHY NSW 2099

Weather conditions - Longrach (30th april 1973. Fine 2/8 th Cirrus hight winds - SSW Dry but 20°C Dew point 1/°C Humidity 83% Rainfall (general) March - twice normal rainfall agent - quarter Radar ballow scheduled for release at 3:15 am Spake to Mr Basil Finlay (Bureau of Mineral Resources - 499111 ext 617). There is black soil in area but he did not seem to allrink that wettone cas would be given off, however, a lot of ram fell in the area this year.

REPORT OF UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTINGS

Part 1 - Report by Observer

1.	Name of observer H. Hirsimaki Age 44
	Address 126 WEBB 57
	MT 15A, State O Postcode 4825
	Occupation PIPEFITTER
	Phone (home) 34734 (business)
2.	Exact location of observer hongrath; airport
3.	Start of observation: Date 20.4-73 Time 3.40 am/pm
	End of observation: Date 20 4-73 Time 3 48 am/pm
4.	Accuracy of date 20 th april 1973 times
5.	Weather conditions at time of observation, referring to cloud, wind visibility etc. win bility good. calin
6.	In what direction was the sighting first observed? 200-250
	At what angle to the horizon? You You At what angle to the horizon?
7.	In what direction was the sighting last observed?
	At what angle to the horizon? You horizon 0°
8.	Estimate of distance and/or altitude from observer our page
9.	Describe the object(s)/light(s) in your own words, referring to the number, colour, size, shape, brightness (relative to full moon/star), movement, sound, speed, method of propulsion, manner of disappearance and any other unusual features. If possible provide a sketch.
enther errain (Mourshy) about of Minerals Dimesupoley - MMP 19. (contra)



10.	Have you any photographs of the sighting, or is there any physical evidence of fragments, scorching or ground indentations?
11.	How many other witnesses to the sighting? (Please provide names and addresses if possible) three others forcess
AGE (42)	Hekna Hirsinaki - wore glasses ? same as
	Kyösti Hirsiniki - wore glasses & observer
	Anito Hirsimpki -
12.	Any additional comments you wish to make.
	- no sound whateverer.
	- as it me porportally towards us
	- as it came prespitally towards us it seemed to come at the speed of
	a jet.
	- when it stopped it did so sudderly
	without even slowing down when
	it began to ruse
	- two days before we left Mt Asa we had
	put a new battery in the cur, to week
	after this sighting when I sharted me
	can the battery seemed almost flat.

Date 19th aug. -73

Signature & Hirimaki

580/1/1 Pt24 (15c)

Mr H. Hirsimaki, 126 Webb Street, MT ISA QLD 4825

Dear Sir,

The Directorate of Air Force Intelligence was requested on 13 June 1973 to investigate an unusual aerial sighting alleged to have been made by you on 20th April 1973 as reported in the 'Brisbane Courier Mail' newspaper of 26th April 1973. As a result of this request a letter and questionmaire were dispatched to you from this Department on 21st June 1973.

To date, no answer has been received, and to cover the possibility that either our letter or your reply went astray in the post, we enclose another questionnaire.

Would you please complete the questionnaire and raturn it to the Department of Air, Canberra, as soon as possible. Answers and narrative description should be as detailed as possible, to allow adequate investigation.

You may be assured that the investigation will be thorough and will be treated in confidence.

Yours faithfully,

(R.A. JANSON)
Group Captain
Director of Air Force Intelligence
for Chief of the Air Staff

CDO

MINUTE PAPER

(Write on this side only)



Subject: AERIAL SIGHTING REPORT

DAFI (IR)

- 1. The attached copy of a letter forwarded today for signature by the Minister Assisting the Minister for Defence is referred in relation to your file 580/1/1 Pt 24, folio 15A of 21 Jun 73.
- 2. Please advise if a reply is received from Mr Hirsimaki-for further advice to Mr Wentworth on file 569/9/33.

14 Aug 73

A. J. Contain A/Exec O Air 569/9/33



COMMONWEALTH OF AUSTRALIA

MINISTER FOR DEFENCE PARLIAMENT HOUSE CANBERRA A.C. T. 2600

Dear Mr Wentworth,

Further to my letter of 25th June, 1973 in response to your enquiry addressed to the Minister for Transport and Civil Aviation, I am writing to let you know that I am still unable to provide any worthwhile information about the matter.

The press cutting from the Brisbane Courier Mail of 26th April, 1973 enclosed with your letter indicated that a Mr Hendrick Hirsimaki had claimed to have seen an Unidentified Flying Object on the outskirts of Longreach at 3.30 a.m. on Good Friday, 20th April, 1973. The Department of Air has written to Mr Hirsimaki seeking additional specific information to enable the investigation to be initiated. To date, Mr Hirsimaki has not returned the information requested, and in the interim, it will not be possible for the investigation to proceed.

If the information sought is obtained, thus enabling the investigation to proceed, I will write to you again.

Yours sincerely,

" (R. BISHOP) Minister Assisting the Minister for Defence

The Hon. W.C. Wentworth, M.P., 1 Redman Road, DEE WHY. N.S.W. 2099.

ANSTITE OF ABORICINAL Anstralian Encyclopaedin vol 6. Kage 91 Often sighteer -Mr Hugh, - via swild Mr H. Hirsimaki, 126 Webb Street, Mt Isa QLD 4825

Dear Sir,

The Directorate of Air Force Intelligence has been requested to investigate an unusual aerial sighting made by you on 20th April 1973, and reported in the 'Brisbane Courier Mail' newspaper on 26th April.

Would you please complete the enclosed questionnaire and return it to The Department of Air, Canberra, as soon as possible. Answers and narrative description should be as detailed as possible to allow adequate investigation.

You may be assured that the investigation will be thorough and that you will be informed of the results. Thanking you in anticipation for your assistance.

Yours faithfully,

(K.R. JANSON)
Group Captain
for Chief of the Air Staff

MT ISH MINES ATO 6775 42011

HENDRICK HIRSTMAKI
126 WEBB ST MT 184
Nationality - FINNISH
Jeleplace - 34784

BUREAU OF ABERIGINAL STUDIES 1188711

'Flying object' reported in West

MOUNT ISA. — Mr. Handrick Hirsimaki, 44, a pipe fitter with Mount Isa Mines Limited, Claims to have seen an unidentified Hying object on the outskirts of Longreach at 3.30 a.m. on Good Friday.

Civil Aviation Department officials in Long-reach said yesteroay they were interested in Mr. Hirshmaki's sightings. No one was in the tower at Longreach airport at the lime.

lime.

Mr. Hirsimaki said
that he and his family
were passing Longreach
aliport at 330 a.m. when
a bright light same towards them.

'I thought it a jet going to labid on the arstip,' said Mr. Hirsimaki. 'I thought it had
switched on its lights to
land on the nearby airattip. The light was very
brash.

'It came towards.

"It came towards us at a height of about 50 feet. I pulled off to the side of the rondway and stopped the car.

"We watched through the windows of the car."
"It was travelling very fast — Just like a Jet — then, almost above us, it zoomed into the air about 100 feet and stopped.

"Then it started to spin — a bright yellow

"It then went up in the air until it was fust a dot in the sky. Then it travelled north — just like a fast-travelling satellite."

53

-20 APK 75

the File No on Logging Card for RSUMAKI Come dated

know species, with strong development in New Guinea (at least 25 endemic species), others occurring in Indonesia, one in the Solomon Islands and two (A. vaillantii and A. lueyi) in North Queensland. A. vaillantii, the "marshall tree", grows to about 50 feet high in scrubs between the Tully and Daintree rivers, Qld. It has large, rather shiny avoid leaflets up to 6 inches long, a strong durable reddish timber, and smooth bark, which contains a poisonous principle. Clusters of five to seven flowers with long stamens—about 1½ inches—appear on the older branchwood, and the spectacular coiled, coral-red pods resemble beaded bracelets; when opened out they disclose black seeds set in canary-yellow sockets.

seeds set in canary-yellow sockets.

Neptunic is a small genus of perennial herbs or serambling half-shrubs, related to the trees Adenanthera and Dierostachys (a large Madagascan genus, with two representatives in North Australia), but differing in the absence of apical glands from its anthers. The 23 species described occur chiefly in tropical America and Malaysia; four have been recorded for Australia, all of them being endemic. N. gracilis and N. monosperma are almost prostrate and ranging from northern New South Wales, throughout eastern Queensland, to the Gulf country, Arnhem Land and the Kimberleys, W.A. N. gracilis (sometimes called "native sensitive plant") often grows thickly on good downs country to the exclusion of grasses, and is then a troublesome weed. Leucaena glauca (leadtree), with white flower-heads, is a small ornamental tree of tropical America, cultivated in parts of northern Australia including the Darwin foreshore.

J.H.W.

(See also adenanthera; albizzia; entada; mimosa; wattle.)

MIN MIN, a term of aboriginal origin, once applied to a hotel situated at a lonely spot in the north-west of Queensland, and later used for a "ghost light" reported to have been seen there and in other parts of the inland, particularly the Never-Never. The hotel in question, long since burnt down, was placed near a bore-head on the road between Warenda and Lucknow stations, towards Boulia, and it has been suggested that the "will-o'-the-wisp" light arose from spontaneous combination of certain gases, especially methane, given off by the bore.

Writing in the North Queensland Naturalist (Jan. 1954), G. B. M. Terris states that he and two companions saw a Min Min light operating, at 11 p.m. on 5th May 1953, on a black-soil plain of the Barkly Tableland, N.T. The light, which was white and very brilliant (more so than any planetary bodies observed at the time), faded at intervals and then acquired a bright red flash. It moved in irregular circles and spirals, though sometimes straight upward, to a height of about

1000 feet, and then descended almost to the ground. The phenomenon was observed for 10 minutes and was last seen disappearing into the ground. All of its movements were rapid.

Earlier reports on the subject have come from many parts of the interior, have described varying types of light, and have been productive of numer-ous theories. George Farwell, in Land of Mirage (1951), quotes several bushmen of the Centre as having seen in wild places a single bright light, like that of a motor-car, which laded when approached; and he cites an aboriginal as having said that the mystery light was not known before the coming of the white man. Various writers in Queensland newspapers have given detailed de-Queensiand newspapers have given detailed de-scriptions of their experiences with the supposed Min Min. One man states that a light which he saw near the Landsborough River zigzagged along a ridge until it reached a tree, and then it illuminated the trunk, rose among the branches, and emitted an cerie greenish glow about 3 feet in diameter; after that it travelled about 100 yards away, only to return and pass through the branches of the tree without illuminating the trunk. Another writer records having seen the light numbers of times, but only in the winter months following the tropical wet season; in each of his instances the light travelled at the one height above grass (rising or falling according to the ground's undulations) and in each instance it gave the impression that it was "breathing, expanding, and shrinking".

Suggestions regarding the origin of the phenomenon, naturally varying in accordance with the type of light observed, have included references to ball lightning, the effects of the clear inland air on the appearance of twinkling stars (this theory is emphatically rejected by most bushmen), the glow produced by certain nocturnal insects, and the effect created by certain species of fungoid plants in association with a certain type of soil. Because of the sporadic nature of the occurrence, no scientific investigation has been made, but the tentative view of geologists relates the phenomenon, at least on its larger scale, to gases from bores or marshy ground.

It may be noted that most of the features reported to be associated with the Min Min are similar to those recorded in relation to the ignis fatuus ("foolish fire"), the "will-o'-the-wisp" or "corpse candle", which occurs, irregularly and unpredictably, over marshy ground or in graveyards in certain parts of Britain and the Continent. The ignis fatuus is usually explained as being the flame of burning marsh gas (largely methane), which has been ignited by hydrogen phosphide contained in decaying organic matter.

MINERALS AND MINERALOGY. This article contains a brief survey of mineral production in Australia, with special reference to those minerals

SICHTING # 14

HOLBROK D.S. MADJOCKS
NEW

Royal Australian Air Force A273 — MEMORANDUM
May 72 Stock No 7630-86-082-8064 FILE FILE FILE SON MATERITION FOR ATTENTION SON WR F E REED BATED 14-30-43 SUBJECT May 72 STOCK NO 7630-86-082-8064 FILE FILE FILE FILE FILE SON WR F E REED BATED 14-30-43
PERSONS OF UNUSUAL NERIAL SCHTINGS Enclosed, for your records, is a copy of a Celler from this Department to Mr. D.
Maddods in teply to his report of an invisual acrial righting
Excrosure: Copy of letter to Mr DS Madlads
NAME PANK APPOINTMENT PHONE NO MANGE TO A FLA OFF 1R. 2 2408

580/1/1 Pt24 (14a)

11 JUL 1973

Mr D.S. Maddocks, 65 Palmerston Crescent, SOUTH MELBOURNE VIC 3205

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting at Holbrook NSW on 31st March 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was a light aircraft.

It is common practice for light aircraft to operate at night with landing lights on for identification purposes. When operating under night visual meteorological conditions in areas outside DCA control, such as Holbrook, these aircraft are not required to submit a formal flight plan notification to DCA.

It is the opinion of the investigating team and of the Officer-in-Charge, DCA, Wagga, that the object sighted was such an aircraft. As records of these flights are not kept it is impossible for us to confirm this theory.

We trust that this explanation will be satisfactory to you and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS) Director of Public Relations

- dyens



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

Wagga 211100

Headquarters
RAAF Base
WAGGA MSW 2651

14th June 1973

BS/5/1/Air(35)

Department of Air

For Information:

Headquarters Support Command

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Enclosed is a report of an unusual aerial sighting in the Wagga district.

For Headquarters Support Command. Your 5/6/1/Air(45) dated 6th April 1973 refers.

(F.E. REED)
Squadron Leader
For Officer Commanding

Enclosures: 1. Report of Unusual Aerial Sighting by Mr D.S. Maddocks

CEIVED 20 JUN 1973 DAFI

RECURIONED

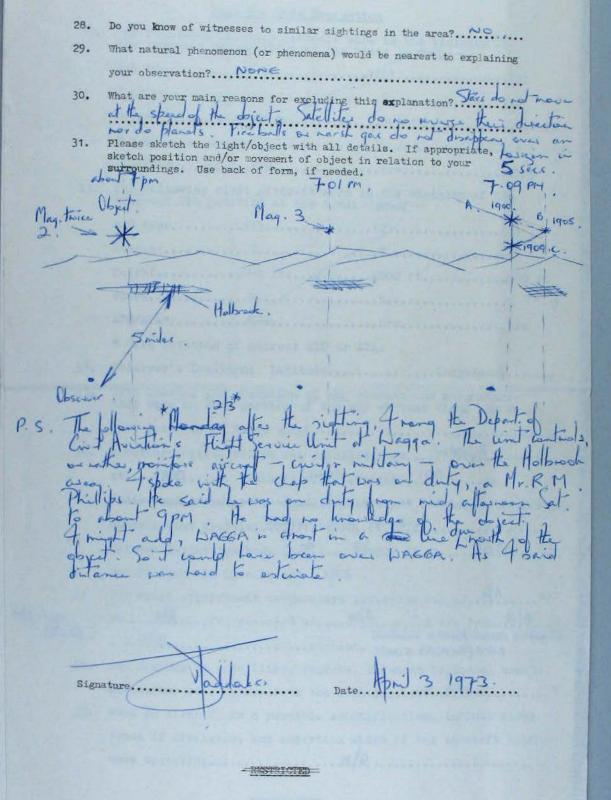
before moving of

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this 1. 2. 3. Date and time of start of observation. 4. How certain is the date?... How accurate is the time of start? . . 5. Duration of observation. How accurate is your estimate? 6. Observer's location at time of sighting. How familiar is observer with this locality?... 9 7. Weather conditions at time of observation ... Clear 8. Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation..... 9. Where was object first observed? a. Relative to your surroundings. b. angle of elevation. 10% c. compass angle bearing. d. hew accurate are these estimates?. - back to 11. If there was more than one light/object : a. how many were there?.... b. in what formation were they?..... 12. What was the colour of the light or object?

13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100
	yards). There magnitude of a laguitude! star to making star
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?:
	a. relative to Venus or Foon. Were Dige of Venus
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes). as above
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and
	how were these values assessed? du roth at 10% - chech the
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	none
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified)? 500 feet the doubter on 5
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if
	an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the
	movement of familiar objects at stated distances
	angular islandy - I traveled parallel with the ground
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases 2
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres moved contracts sorty than about
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen.
23.	Where was object last observed :
	a. relative to your surroundings disappears testing one enter
	b. angle of elevation. 10%
	c. compass angle bearing. NNE
24.	What was themanner of its disappearance?
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc)
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
1	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
	Victorian Astronomical Society letescope building group
27.	How many witness to the sighting? Whe offer



RESTRICTED

- 4 -

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrs
33•	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported UFO position at the time: - NONE -
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: LatitudeLongitude
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were in that portion of the sky at that time. By day,
	give location of Venus only
36.	A meteorological ballon was released fromWASSA
	at 1990Z. Colour. WHITE . Weight. 100gm
	Radio-sonde**/radar**: Candle**/battery** (** delete as require)
	General wind profile. Swith West Towest
	Maximum height tracked36,000 ft at
~ ==	Was it known to have burst? YES .
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of
ABLE	atNAft, measured atNAZ hrs from.NANA
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets,
	meteorites etc. relevant to the sighting
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar
	trace if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights
	were operating

RESTRICTED

RESTRICTED

- 5 -

- 40. The cause (or limely cause) of the sighting ____/cannot* be determined.
- 41. The object reported probably was */may have been* (delete as required). At. A.R.CAAFT operative without Foamat.

 FLIGHT PLAN NOT WINGSTON TO DIA.

Organization of Civil Aviation (193)

······(Unit)	(Name)
(Date)	(Rank)

SIGHTING # 13

RINGWOOD C LANE
VIL

Royal Australian Air Force A273 - MEMORANDUM 580 11 18-24(34) 205 UN 73 HOSE S 6 11 10 18 (64) OF ITMAY 73 AND HOSE HOSE 5/6/1/12 P/4/1) REPORTS OF UNUSUAL AFRAL SIGHT ACOUT 12 JUN 73 your leller & COLTEN FLOOR 2408 IR A

580/1/1 Pt 24 (13a)

19 JUN 1973

Master C. Lane, 6 Wonga Road, RINGWOOD, VIC

3134

Dear Clive,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 29th May 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was an aircraft approaching TULLAMARINE airport.

On the evening of 29th May two Fokker Friendship aircraft were flying below 2000 feet altitude from Wonthaggi to Plenty, bound for Tullamarine. The first aircraft (VH-TQR) landed at 6.15 pm. The other (VH-MNV) followed VH-TQR five minutes later on the same track. Additionally, a temperature inversion was apparent at 300 feet altitude maintaining a pollution level below that altitude.

The opinion of the investigating team is that the object sighted was the second aircraft, carrying out delaying manoeuvres ('esses' along track) prior to a left hand turn for final approach to Tullamarine airport, and the navigation lights of the aircraft were distorted in colour by the pollution.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

Jephapil Jamis

MEMORANDUM	For use within the RAAF only	OUR FILE
MEMORANDUM RAAF FORM A273 MAR 63	Write or print clearly	\$/6/1/A1 P+4(1)
FROM HQSC		DATE 12JUN 73
OPFI DEPAIR	DAFI IR 2	REFERENCES
SUBJECT UNUSUAL AERIAL S	SIGHTINGS	105 AAF-1 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	unusual aer	
Miss J. L. Brooks	ster C. Lane	and Mr. K.J/
14122 3. 1. 5.002.		
SIGNATURE PRINTED NAME	RANK AND	APPOINTMENT PHONE EXTN
	libbs Flg C	FL 1n+1 7410
4		***************************************

FIRITED.

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer . Alve
2.	Address of observer . Wongs Road . Ringwood . 3134.
	Phone 870723)
3.	Occupation of observer. Student
4.	Date and time of start of observation. Trisday. May 20th at 6:10 pm
	How certain is the date?Complettly
	How accurate is the time of start?
5.	Duration of observation. 30.745. keepeds
	How accurate is your estimate? where - 4 the very min 30 very max lain
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting
	near telephone booths.
	How familiar is observer with this locality? How
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. Massie
	think they were fairly clear as I think I say a star.
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation

9.	Where was object first observed? : Approx . over 'Eathand' Shopping Catr.
	a. Relative to your surroundings
	height to with any accurring, so unable to say Ithought it was no more than a mile away along the ground b. angle of elevation. 50 Approx.
	c. compass angle bearing. N.W. argrex
	d. hew accurate are these estimates? 5° out clev Between WNW and NNA
10	What first attracted observer's attention?
10.	wound cky and cars it
11	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. how many were there?
	b. in what formation were they? Appeared to be attacked to each other
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? one orange one ved.
	and content of one tright or ordered in the first of the

RESTRICTORS

-516/1/hA

13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100
	yards) Street light at 150 - 200 yards
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?:
	a. relative to Venus or Moon. roughly as big as Vanus
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes)X Slightly loss than to
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and N.W.
	how were these values assessed? Akyono . for soled work . worked out
16.	was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	NI (Besibly too to traffe mover)
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified)? . 80° when first should to 15 20° when diappeared
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if
	an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the
	movement of familiar objects at stated distances .File
	a light plane usually appears to be travelling.
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. (Out. page 1) (attathed).
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen N.A
23.	Where was object last observed:
	a. relative to your surroundings. Belief. Request Stapping unter. or b. angle of classics.
	b. angle of elevation. 200
	c. compass angle bearing N. W. (H. west approx. straight Towards horizon)
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? . Rehad . b. Hing (also - I attathed)
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc). No.
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
	. Scrence work an stars (for angles.) Nowless about Angular Veloc.
27.	How many witness to the sighting? Ally as far as I know



ARCHIGARA?

28. Do you know of witnesses to sim		
29. What natural phenomenon (or phe	enomena) would be	nearest to explaining
your observation?		
30. What are your main reasons for	excluding this ex	planation?
31. Please sketch the light/object	with all details.	If appropriate,
sketch position and/or movement surroundings. Use back of form	of object in relation, if needed.	ation to your
helicopter would eaplier it (al		
intomettently flashing red light	behind object.	Also I think it
was travelling too fast, as well as	the approved	n motion desiretions
and manouvres it performed -	4/1	4
N		
A		
(31)		
Newborn and product		Market Commence of the Commenc
Br. Hung	Adelaide	Bulkling
Just Jams store	Street	(Cuocar)
'tides hot bread	211.46.1	(Mackey)
Whitehore Rd.	THE REAL PROPERTY.	
Signature		
	Date	Observer (me)
9 01 3		I Theshore CHEMIST
4 SHOPS	D	Bank Boths RA
- TOSKING	2200 3	2 0
		D DEATHST
Squature - Clive lane.	Date - 8/6/23	ACC TO ST

Appearance and Sighting of 6 10 pm on Therday May 29th, I saw an object while standing in Ruliny Place Ringwood. When I first saw the object, it was at 90° elevation on a bearing of about N.N.W. or N.W. It was moving quite fact, and took only about 30-45 excends to disappear behind a building at about 100 or 150 above the natural horgon. It was an orange light, as big as a planet. It also had a red light, which was not present all the time, but when it was flashed intermittently and irregularly. It was moving at aforly even speed although it was swerving in short esses until it was just above the building, when it started to make a long gradual tim to the left until it disappeared. It was moving roughly on a hadding (allowing for swewed of N.V. If it made any noise, I could not Lear it above the traffic.

< SIGNALLO

get was swerving reither makeally both to left and right with only brief straight sections. Then just before it disappeared behind building it started a longer tom slover turn to the left.

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

of the re	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading T
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33. the repor	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of ted UFO position at the time.
	A/C typeFA7.VHTQR(1)FA7.VH.MMV(2)(3)
	Heading Tura Pm DEVONDORF TURA Pm WYNYARD T
	Height below 2,000 ft below 2,000 ft 000 ft
	Speed. 200-240 K. 200-240 K
	ATD/ATA*. Q8.15hrs. 08.18hrshrs
	* Cive location of nearest ATD or ATA
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 3.748. Longitude 45.03.
35. stars tha	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major t were in that position of the sky at that time. ive location of Venus only.
36.	A meteorological balloon was released from
	atZColourWeightgm
	Radio-sonde ** radar** : Candle ** battery **
	(Delete as required) General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked00 ft atZ
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of
	.1.at. 3.00. ft measured at. 11.00. Z hrs from LAN
	station.
38. comets, m	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, eteorites etc, relevant to the sighting.
********	***************************************
1800K	Temp dry 5. 12°
-	Dew point 10° /39. When am
	Cloud 6/2 St C4 3,500

	39. radar tra lights we	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include the if available and ascertain which of the aircraft
长体	40. can/canno	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting be determined.
	41.	The object reported probably was ** / may have been A/C. Listed at pag 33
		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••

(Unit) (Date)

(Name of Investigating Officer) (Rank)

SIGHTING # 12

EAST DONGSTER K. J. BROOKS

WILL MISS J. BROOKS

A273 - MEMORANDUM Stock No. 2530 56 052 8054 550 11/1 P 24 (125) ROJULT3 REFERENCES HOSC 5/6/1 MR P: 4(1) DEPAIR 0= 12 JUA75 HOSE CINTELLO SUBJECT REPORTS OF UNUSHING MERIL SIGHTINGS Enclosed, for your records, is a way of Department to in reply to his report of an letter APPOINTMENT PHONE NO TO CRETTON FLACTE IRID

Royal Australian Air Force

580/1/1 Pt24 (12a)

Mr K.H. Brooks, 39 Ross Street, RAST DUNGASTER VIC 3109 1 8 JUL 1973

Dear Sir,

With reference to the unusual aerial sighting witnessed by you and your daughter on 31st May 1973, the investigating team has determined that the most probable cause was a Boeing 727 aircraft.

Ansett Flight 830 from Holart to Melbourne was at the time of sighting, enroute from Wonthaggi to Tullamarine. On this track the aircraft would normally fly directly over East Doncaster but on this occasion, due to conflicting traffic, the aircraft was deviated to the west at a distance of 25 miles from Tullamarine. It then overflew the city to land on runway 34 at Tullamarine at 7.20 PM.

The aircraft would appear to be stationary while tracking directly towards the sighting position, and when it turned to the west, the starboard (blue) navigation light and flashing red anti-collision light would be visible. Additionally airline aircraft are now using landing lights and/or taxi lights from distances of up to 100 miles from the destination airport and this would have been the large bright light seen.

The reason that no sound was heard is that the aircraft engines would have been at low RPM during the descent, and the distance of the aircraft from your sighting position was an arc of 10 miles radius.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

14 7

Mary Mans

I-Smilerin's

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

	1.	Name of observers. DUSS. Jackste 405 Backs. Age 20
	2.	Address of observers. 39 Ress. ST. EAST. Dowcaster.
	3.	Occupation of observers. VAN . DRIVER TRACER 848 1611 50 51
	4.	Date and time of start of observation. 31-5-73
		How certain is the date? THURSDAY EVENING 31 St MAY
		How accurate is the time of start?
lad Helling	5.	Duration of observationAPPRON19-15 mins 23minks
at well	1	How accurate is your estimate?APPROXIMATE
338	6.	Observer's location at time of sightingDONGASTER.RD
		FACING SINEAST.
Hill Gol		How familiar is observer with this locality?\$4055
full "	7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. RELATIVELY CLEAR NIGHT.
		LITTLE WIND
	8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observationW.THOUT. AUG.
	9.	Where was object first observed?:
HUGHES		a. Relative to your surroundingsSEEMED. TO BE TOWARDS.
Allen		MITCHAM AREA
CAC		b. angle of elevation
		c. compass angle bearing
		d. how accurate are these estimates? UNABLE TO GIVE ACCURATE ACCOUNT.
	10.	What first attracted observer's attention?CAR. HEADLIGHT. TYPE. LIGHT
		(WITHOUT BEAM) LIGHT DIMINISHED IN SIZE FOR FEW SECONDS THEN
BELL HELD	12.	If Wicks was more than one light/object: FAST FLASHING RED LIGHT BLUESH LIGHT.
Mich yell		a. how many were there?3
6840	11/	b. in what formation were they?
1689	12.	What was the colour of the light or object? AS ABOVE
V >		200

etsmacrens

90655T. 902308

13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100
	yards). BRIGHT NESS SIMILAR TO CAR HEADLIGHT .
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?:
	a. relative to Venus or Yoon
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and
	how were these values assessed? NO WAY TO DETERMINE ANGLE
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	No squid
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified)?
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if
	an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the
	movement of familiar objects at stated distances P.O. NOT. SEGN. TO
20.	BE TRAVELLING OS QUICKLY ASANAGROPLANG FROM FIRST SIGHTING APPROX Give duration of any stationary phases. 2 MINUTES
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. MOVED TOWARDS CITY.
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
23.	Where was object last observed:
~~.	a. relative to your surroundings. Moving Towards WEST
	b. angle of slevation
24	c. compass angle bearing
24.	What was themanner of its disappearance?
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity etc)
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
27.	How many witness to the sighting? 4 WITNESSES
11.00	and the state of t



28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining
	your observation? HELICOPTER
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
	TIME OF SIGHTING
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed.

Signature Date 7: 6: 73.

RESTRICTED

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

of the re	eported UFO position at the time:
	A/C typeN(1)(2)(3)
	Heading T (T)
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33. the repor	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of ted UFO position at the time.
	A/C type
	Heading Turn from SE. T. Tulla for ET. Tula for E. T
	Height Delow 2,000 ft below 2,000 ft blow 2,000 ft
	Speed below 200 1 below 200 1 below 2001
	APD/ATA* 1910hrs. 1921hrs. 1922hrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 34: 47. SLongitude 145:060
35. stars tha By day, g	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major twere in that position of the sky at that time. ive location of Venus only.
35.	A meteorological balloon was released from
	atzColourVeightgm
	Radio-sonde*** radar**: Candle ** battery **
	(Delete as required) General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked00 ft atZ
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of
	atft measured atZ hrs from
	station.
38. comets, me	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, eteorites etc, relevant to the sighting.

39. When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace if available and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were operating. ** can/cannot be determined. The object reported probably was - / way have been 41. 1 The F28 or 727 (1) & (2) paig 33, The stationary shase referred to in pera 20 was probably caused by averaft travelling Towards observer. 2. a copy of the information obtained at initial report has been included for your information. Observer has changed his detailed report, particularly the diration of observation . The three aircraft in para 33 were operating E of Melbourne to NW 34@ (Name of Investigating Officer) Angel of Mercy 1s not 1FR therefore not considered.

** Delete as necessary

7834311

INITIAL UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING REPORT

1. Name of Observer: Mr. Brookes and his Drughter
Address of Observer. 39 Rock c-
E. DONCASTER 8481902
3. Date and time of start
31 MA773. 1915
4. Duration of observation: imia to !.mia
5. Observents 2
5. Observer's location at time of sighting: Negr. Home.
6 7
6. Brief description of object(s): Bright Lght
disappeared for short white moved off rowards City Several flashes which 7. Object's bearing when first observed.
7. Object's bearing when first observed:
Dres. Scull
8. Direction of travel:
9. Speed:
10. Angle of elevation: Very low on Horizon.
bearing when last observed. Wex V
Wx dry 15° Dempt 12° RH 829 3/8 ACU @ 13,000 3/8 Cirrus @ 25,000
forends of his attending his home saw the copters
forends of his attending his home saw the same light on their way over and thought it will be
the "Andel of March" and thought it might have been
the "Angel of Mercy" helicapter as there was a ball RL. Black burn & Dandening
5 hardis

LIBMAR TS

SIGHTING # 11

RAVENIS WOOD T. G. REYNOLDS
TAS

MASC SIGHT SERVINGS

Enclosed are expus of lethers to Miss 4. DAVIES and MR TS RETWEEDS in answer to reports of musual acrial sightings.

As these sightings were investigated by AS IS UNION THE HIC, you are requested to forward copies to him for maintenance of records.

Enclosures bepies of letters to

Algh R. EGNE DAFINO 2408

2 1 JUN 1973

580/1/1 Pt 24 (11a)

Mr T.G. Reynolds, 5 Suncrest Place, RAYENSWOOD, LAUNCESTON, TAS, 7250

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 28th March 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was re-entry of space debris to Earth's atmosphere.

Presently there are 2902 man made objects in space, and debris periodically burns up on re-entry to atmosphere. From the description provided and the duration of the sighting, the most logical explanation is that an item of space debris, which was tumbling during re-entry, broke into two separate pieces. Reflection of the sun, which would have been below the surface horizon, would be seen as 'flashing' because of the tumbling action of the bodies.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

Splapl Splapl DAM 19 Jun 13

	MORANI DRM A273 MAR 63	OUM for use within Write or	n the RAAF only print clearly	OUR ALE 5/6/1/Ais	- (79)
FROM	HRSC		ALISED?	DATE 2JUN	
то	DEPAIR	ATTENTION DAF1-		REFERENCES	OF
DA SUBJECT	UNUSUAL A	HERIAL SIGHTIN	YGS	SEO A	1-17
	attac	thed are muss			ng
	11 0	om T. G. Rey			
	H. Davies	/M. King of	LAUNCA	STON.	
*	and where				Transa .
			The latest	W. Salada G	
			K		
			A STATE OF THE STA	**************************************	
-		-	4	Challe Mis	
				, DVE.	
			Z	DIETY.	
			A CONTRACT		
-	0	-		via yan ba	
SIGNATU	IR DILL	PRINTED NAME R.O.GIASS	FIG OF	PPOINTMENT F INT 1	7410
	(Haus	N .0.01013	901		c.p.o. 9777
11 -	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
		nan one light/object :		y another	
		on were they? Second sli		rboard	***
		of the light or object?			



RECTRICTED

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1. Name of observer. T.G. REXNOLDS

2. Address of observer. 3 SUNCREST PLACE, RAVENSWOOD, LAUNCESTON

3. Occupation of observer. Clerk

4. Date and time of start of observation. 7.20 p.m. 28 Mar 73.

How certain is the date? Certain

How accurate is the time of start? Fairly accurate

5. Duration of observation. Approx. 2 minutes

RESPRESTED

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

7.	Name of observer. T.G. REYNOLDS
2.	Address of observer. 3 SUNCREST PLACE, RAVENSWOOD, LAUNCESTON
	·····Phone ·····Phone ·····
3.	Occupation of observerClerk
4.	Date and time of start of observation. 7.20 p.m. 28 Mar 73.
	How certain is the date?
	How accurate is the time of start? Fairly accurate
5.	Duration of observationApprox. 2 minutes
	How accurate is your estimate?
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. Ravenswood.
	How familiar is observer with this locality? Lives there . VERY FAMILIAR
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. Bright sky - little cloud
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	Binoculars - not very effective (No Effect AT ALL)
9.	Where was object first observed? :
	a. Relative to your surroundings
	b. angle of elevation. Approx. 85° towards ENE (heading ENE)
	c. compass angle bearing NOT KNOWN
	d. how accurate are these estimates? ESTEMATION ONLY
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? Childrens observations
11.	If there was more than one light/object : 1 followed by another
٧.	a. how many were there?
	b. in what formation were they? Second slightly to starboard
12.	What was the colour of the light or object?white

RESTRICTE

13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, e.g. ordinary street light at 100 yards)
	Bright star (flashing)
14.	
	a. relative to Venus or Moon. About Venus (second smaller-less bright)
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's lingth (about 20 inches from the eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and
	how were these values assessed? ALMOST AIRECTLY OVERHEAD
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	単士 NO SONAD
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified)? MAX . 85° ELEV . MIN . ABOUT 30° ELEV
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estim-
	can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar
	objects at stated distances. Estimated similar speed as acft. travelling
	200 m.p.h. at 2000 ft.
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or maneeuvresstraight line
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
23.	Where was object last observed:
	a. relative to your surroundings To THE ENE
	b. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing. NOT KNOWN (AGOUT ENE)
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance?disappeared in distance
25.	Do you know of any associated ph ysical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc)
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
	Met. observer in P.M.G. once
27.	How many witness to the sigh ing? . 1 boy (12yrs) 1 girl (10yrs)

-Marie Co.

28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) whould be nearest to explaining your observation?Possibly Satellite
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch
	position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings.
	Use back of form, if needed. N/A.

Signature Pokeysole Date 2 May 13.



32. The following mility - Unit Evaluation
"III lary aircone
UFO position at the time: No MILITARY AIRCRAFT
A/C type(1)(2)(3)
Height
Height
Speed
ATD/ATA*
A/C type(1).
A/C type(1)(2)(3) Heading
nrs.
34. Observer's Location : Latitude. 41°27's 35. Give bearing and playeting a
35. Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were
in that portion of the classical major stars that were
in that portion of the sky at that time. By day, give location of Venus
36. A meteorological balloon was released from LAJNCASTON AIRPORT
General wind profile. Some VIS BONM UNLIMITED NIL CARAL
General wind profile. 200 27 Vis John Unimerty Nie Charles Will Line Charles Will Live Line Line Charles Will Live Line Line Line Line Line Line Line Lin
Maximum height tracked. 43, 000 Ft, 000 ft at. 28 1115
Was it known to have burst? YES
37. The first similar
37. The first significant temperature inversion was of No SKNIFICANT INVERSION
, measured at
1.0046100
38. Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets,
meteorites etc. relevant to the sighting No. VISIBLE SATELLITES.
39. When an aircraft is a possible id it is
39. When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace

if availab operating.

40. The cause 41. The object

-3+
28. Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
29. What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be passed to
your observation?
30. What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31. Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed.
of form, if needed.
BORNES AND
A STATE OF THE CASE OF THE STATE OF THE STAT
And the second state of the second state of the second second second second second second second second second
And the first of the second of
proved the contract of the con
The second secon
The state of the s
Signature

Date....

RESTRICTED

RECORDER TO SERVICE AND ADDRESS OF A SERVICE AND A SERVICE

if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were No acft. known at that time. - No RAMAR AVAILABLE

40. The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting ***/cannot* be determined.

41. The object reported probably was /may have been* (delete as required)

REFLECTIONS FROM SPACE TONK

3 May 73

Middlell (M. J. HAKELL) FET LT INVESTIGATING OFFICER.

LAUNCESTON AIRPORT J.T.W. DOBSON ...(Name)

28/3/73 (Date) S.O.C. ...(Rank)

DESTITUTE

INVESTIGATING OF AN UNIDERTIFIED FLYING ORJECT AT LAUNCESTON OF 28 MAY 73

INTRODUCTION

- 1. This sighting was initially reported through Department of Civil Aviation(DCA) channels and returned to this unit for investigation.
- 2. On the evening of the 28 Mar 73 the Senior Operations Controller(SOC), Mr J.T.V. DOSSOW, at LAUNCESTON Airport received a telephone call from Mr T.G. REYNOLDS regarding an unusual aerial sighting. Two children of Mr REYNOLDS, a boy aged 12 years and a girl aged 10 years, had drawn Mr REYNOLDS attention to two flashing lights. The initial sighting was made at 1920M.
- 3. Er Debsen(sec) was interviewed, and stated that he received a telephone call from Mr SENNOLDS at 1940K on 26 Mar 73 reporting the sighting of two flashing light sources. Mr Decou said that Mr REYNCEDS's atstaments were rational and the tone of his voice indicated that he was not imaginative regarding his sightings.
- 4. Mr DCMSON completed Part 1 of the Report on Unusual Aerial Sightings and disputched the report through DCM channels.
- 5. The investigating officer interviewed Mr NUTTINES on the evening of 2 May 73. Although over a month had elepsed since the sighting and the interview, Mr NUTTINES statements were essentially the same as those first reported. Only the statements of Mr NUTTINES were considered because the two children were too excited and considered too young to give sound opinions.
- 6. Hr RIMCIDS stated that he was atsuding on the front lawn of his house when his two children attracted his attention to two flashing light sources. Be said that he lights were almost directly overhead and travelling in a East Forth Eastly direction. A second light was close to, but slightly to starboard of the first light. The colour of both lights was write.
- 7. Mr MCTM/IDS said that the first light was about the size of the planet Venus, and flashing with the intensity of a bright star. The second light was slightly smaller and less bright than the first. He said that there did not appear to be any regular pattern to the flashing of either light, moreover the flashing from both lights was very irregular.
- C. Attempts, made to observe the lights through binoculars did not prove effective. Mr REMNIDS estimates, that he observed the lights move across the sky for about two minutes, until they disappeared in the distance to the East North East. The lights did not deviate in heading at any time during the observation. Mr REMNIDS then telephoned DCA to report his

/observations

observations.

QUALITY OF THE EVIDENCE

The evidence given by Mr REVHOLDS is considered sound. Mr RETWOLDS had had some basic meteorology observer training with the PMM, and from the statements made to Mr DUBSON and the investigating officer Mr RETWOLDS does not appear prome to lapses of imaginative thinking.

POSSIBLE EXPLANATIONS

- The following aspects were considered, in attempting to find a satisfactory ex lanetion:
 - a. Aircraft. There were no known civil or military sircraft in the vicinity at the time of the sighting.
 - b. Meteorological Balloons. A balloon was released from LAUNCESTON Airport at 281000Z, some 40 minutes after the sighting.
 - c. Local Phenomena. The only local phenomena in the area are are two television transmitter towers located on Mt BARROW (4637 feet), 15 miles East of LAUNCESTON. Red warning lights are located on top of each television tower. Because of the red lights on the television towers and Mr RETHOLDS familiarity with their position, the towers can be discounted.
 - d. <u>Visible Satellites</u>. There were no visible satellites at that time.
 - e. Meteorological Conditions. At 1800K the weather in the area
 - Wind surface cals, increasing with height to 270/25% at 8000 feet.

Cloud - Mil.

Visibility - 30 nautical miles - unlimited. Inversions - no significant inversions.

f. Celestial Bodies. The planet Saturn had an elevation of 450, but was barely visible to the maked eye in the Worth - West sky. Other planets that may have affected the eighting were well below the horizon at the time of the sighting. Therefore, celestial bodies have no bearing on the sighting.

/CONCLUSION

11. The most probable cause of the lights seen by Mr REYNOLDS were reflections from rolling 'space junk'. Rolling'space junk' would reflect the sunlight at various angles and this may account for the irregular flashes of light seen by Mr REYNOLDS. This theory is supported by the duration of the observation, approximately two minutes, and that the lights did not deviate from heading during the observation. lighteren (F.J. HAXELL) Flight Lieutenant TASATO 3 May 75 Investigating Officer

ANTILL ROADS MISS H. DAVIES
TAS MISS M. KING

A273 - MEMORANDUM PAIR FILE SOLID (ICA (IA) DATE 22 SULV 73 REFERENCES

ATTENTION

DATE 22 SULV 73

REFERENCES

10 TUN 73 BEPA.R 12 JUN 73 HOSC UNUSUAL AFRIAL SIBHTINGS Enclosed are copies of letters to Miss H. DAVIES and MR T.G. REYNONDS in answer to reports of unusual aerial sightings. As these sightings weere unvestigated by FIS IT HAXELL, THSHIC, you are requested to forward copies to him for maintenance of records. Enclosures: lopies of letters to MISS H. DAVIES MR TG REYNOLDS SIGNATURE SANUAL APPOINTMENT PHONE NO 2400 1 1 CAL

580/1/1 Pt 24 (10a)

Miss H. Davies, 6 Forest Road, LAUNCESTON, TAS 7250

Dear Miss Davies,

With reference to the report of unusual serial sightings made by yourself and Miss King on the evening of 18th March 1973, the most probable causes were sightings of an aircraft and the planet SIRIUS.

At the time of the sighting made from the area of Antill Ponds, a Beechcraft aircraft which was en route from Hobert to Launceston via Tooms and Campbelltown, was north east of Antill Ponds flying at 8000 feet. From your description of the lights observed, and considering the terrain features east and north east of Antill Ponds, the investigating team is of the opinion that the sighting was of that aircraft's navigation and identification lights.

The second sighting of a single white light in the western sky, although not conclusively determined, was, in the opinion of the investigators, the planet Sirius. This planet was highly visible with a magnitude of -2 bearing of 290°T at an elevation of 35° above the horizon. The planet had apparent westerly movement, in relation to the Earth, and would have faded from view fairly rapidly.

We trust that these explanations are satisfactory and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

odgers

RESTRICTED

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer



(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

	23/22/1/10
1.	Name of observer. Miss. H. Davies/ Miss. M. King Age. Adults 23/22/Ag
2.	Address of observer. 6 Forest Road / 6a Elizabeth Street. Launceston
	Music , Phone
-	NOSIC
3.	Occupation of observer. Teacher
4.	Date and time of start of observation. 18/3/73 10.10 p.m 10.20. 11.05-11.10 p.m
	How certain is the date?
	How accurate is the time of start? Looked at watch
5.	Duration of observation 2nd-5 minutes.
	How accurate is your estimate?
6,	Observer's location at time of sighting
	(2nd) 18 miles south Launceston by guide posts.
	How familiar is observer with this locality? Know road well
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation
	moon visible through cloud at times
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
9.	Where was object first observed? :
	a. Relative to your surroundings (Int DICHTING)
	b. angle of elevation. 45 - 50 degrees (Approx). A NOT SURE (2 of Summe)
	b. angle of elevation
	c, compass angle bearing NNE (INTRICATIONS) WEST (2 and SIG HEINE)
	d. how accurate are these estimates?
10.	What first attracted observer's attention?
	twice size of big star
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. how many were there?
	b. in what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? Bright white light CHANGES FOREREEN & THEN TORNE (TOTSIGHTING ONLY)
	2 Nd SIGHTING REMAINED BRIGHT WHITE WATE

RESTRICTED

-2-

13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, e.g. ordinary street light at 100 yards)
	Brighter than street light - very strong intense.
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach? :
	a. relative to Venus or Moon. Larger than Venus - smaller than Moon.
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's lingth (about 20 inches
	from the eyes)dor North
15	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and
	how were these values assessed?
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity Nil

18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
10	estimate can be justified)? Appeared to get smaller and smaller and elevation gradually decreased (will strong 1 and 166 of 176) What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate of 186
19.	
	can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar
	objects at stated distances. Very very fast and then appeared to almost stop
	then move very fast again
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases No Intionary Profes
21.	Describe any deviations or maneeuvres MOVEO #OK > 4 VERT.
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
23.	
C).	Where was object last observed:
~ 2•	Where was object last observed:
£).	Where was object last observed:
22.	Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings
	Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. 18 miles S of L'ton. b. angle of elevation. 30 degrees (not sure) worfolk.
24.	Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. 12 miles S of L'ton. b. angle of elevation. 30 degrees (not sure) ~ ASTICE c. compass angle bearing. West of road (Hobart/Launceston)
24.	Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings 12 miles S of L'ton. b. angle of elevation West of road (Hobart/Launceston) What was the manner of its disappearance? Just lost sight in distance
24.	Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. 12 miles S of L'ton. b. angle of elevation. 30 degrees (not sure) ~ NOT SOFE c. compass angle bearing. West of road (Hobart/Launceston) What was the manner of its disappearance? Just lost sight in distance Do you know of any associated ph ysical evidence (such as fragments,
24.	Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. 12 miles S of L ton. b. angle of elevation. 30 degrees (not sure) west of road (Hobart/Launceston) c. compass angle bearing. West of road (Hobart/Launceston) What was the manner of its disappearance? Just lost sight in distance Do you know of any associated ph ysical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching ground indentations, residual magnetism or
24.	Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. 12 miles S of L'ton. b. angle of elevation. 30 degrees (not sure) ~ NOT SOEE c. compass angle bearing. West of road (Hobart/Launceston) What was the manner of its disappearance? Just lost sight in distance. Do you know of any associated ph ysical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity etc). No. State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity. Mild interest only
24.	Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. 12 miles S of L'ton. b. angle of elevation. 30 degrees (not sure) ~ NOTSUE c. compass angle bearing. West of road (Hobart/Launceston) What was the manner of its disappearance? Just lost sight in distance. Do you know of any associated ph ysical evidence (suck as fragments, photographs, scorching ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity etc). No. State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity.

RESTRICTED

-3-

	of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) whould be negreet to
	your observation?
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch
	position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings.
	Use back of form, if needed.

Reported by 'phone 12.30 p.m. on 19 Mai 73

Signature M. Sibbo Date. 19/8/13.

Nele Davie 4/5/13.

RESTRICTED

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time : NO MILITARY AIRCRAFT
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingTT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	SpeedK
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time : ONE CVIL AIRCRAFT TRAVELING HOBARS TOLANIESTON VIA CAMPAGE TOWN.
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading . BEKE MIRAFT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 42° 14' S Longitude 147°25' E (145'KHANK)
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that
	were in that portion of the sky at that time. By day, give
	location of Venus only SEE KEPORT.
36.	A meteorological balloon was released from LAUNIESTON. ARREST
	at18.1900Z. ColourWHITEWeightgm
	Radio-sende ** radar **: Candle ** battery ** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst? YES
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of Cat

340	*****station.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets,
25020	meteorites etc. relevant to the sighting MET BALLOW SWAY
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace

	-5-
	if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were
	ATTENDED ATTENDED
40.	(or likely cause) of the sighting come (EE REFORT
41.	The object reported probably was*/may have been* (delete as required)
	SEE NEPUKY
	Mystaple (M. J. HARELE) Ry 73 FLET
	(M.S. HARELE)
41	by 73 FLT LT INUSCIDENTING OFFICE
	V VIII I DESCRIPTIVA DESCRIPTIVA
	THEM (MANKESTON) (TIME) MARCHALL
	TAIM (NAVNESTON) (Unit) lyphall (Name)

INVESTIGATING OFFICER'S REPORT ON THE SIGNETICS OF UNIDERTIFIED PLYING OBJECTS AT AWILL DOWNS AND SOUTH OF LAUVERSTON ON 18 MAR 73

INTRODUCTION

- 1. These two sightings were initially reported through Department of Civil Aviation(DCA) channels and returned to this unit for investigation.
- 2. On the 19 Mar 73 the Senior Operations Controller(SCC), Mr J. and M. KING reporting two sightings of unusual aerial objects. The reported 2305K respectively.
- 3. Mr GIBBS(SCC) was interviewed, and stated that he received a telephone call at about 1200K on the 19 Mar 73. He said that he conversed to his questions.
- 4. Fr GIBBS completed Part 1 of the Report on Unusual Aerial Objects and despatched the report through DCA channels.

STATEMENTS BY THE MITNESS

- 5. Despite numerous attempts, Miss FING could not be contacted for an interview. Movever, the investigating officer interviewed Miss DAVIES on the 4 May 73.
- 6. Because of the time lapse between the sightings and the interview Miss DAVIES was unsure of some of the minor details of the sightings. Miss travelling from HCBART to LAUNCESTON on the Midlands Highway. Miss DAVIES stated that, in fact, she made most of the observations and Miss KING saw very little as she was too busy driving the car. Therefore, only the statements made by Miss DAVIES need to be considered.
- 7. Miss DAVIES said that on the night of 18 Mar 73, while travelling from ROBART to LAUNCESTON, two unusual aerial objects were observed. The first sighting was made at ANTHIL POWDS and the second 18 miles south of LAUNCESTON. Each sighting will be discussed separately.

First Sighting

8. Miss DAVIES said that the sighting occurred while approaching and passing through the village of ANTILL PONDS. She said that a single white

/bright

bright light was noticed to the North-East of the highway. The light appeared to be just above the ridgeline of hills located to the east of the road. The light was moving generally in an East to West direction horisontally, but moving in a haphazard manner in the vertical plane. Miss DAVIES estimated the vertical displacements to be about 200 feet. Occasionally the light disappeared behind the ridgeline creats.

Miss DAVIES brought the attention of Miss MING to the light. After observing the light for some time, the car was stopped to gain a better view. Throughout the observation, the colour of the light appeared to change from white through light green to a very pale pink.

Second Sighting

- The second sighting occurred at 2305K, 18 miles south of LADRCESTON. Fiss DAVIDS said that a single white light source was sighted to the West of the highway at a low angle of elevation. She said that the light appeared to move vertically in a haphazard manner and then disappeared in the distance with the angle of elevation getting very low.
- Miss DAVIES stated that the colour of the white light did not change throughout the observation. On this occasion the car was not stopped, but Miss DAVIES said that a number of other vehicles travelling north on the highway slowed and appeared to be observing the light.

QUALITY OF THE EVIDENCE

12. Mr CIBDS(SCC) said that when reporting the sightings by telephone Miss DAVISS appeared to be rational and not smotionally disturbed regarding the sightings. From Mr GIBB'S statement and the interview, the investigating officer concludes that Miss DAVIS is a sound, sensible woman. However, Miss DAVIES did say that she and Miss TIMC were frightened at the first

POSSIBLE EXPLANATIONS

- The following aspects were considered, in attempting to find a satisfactory explanation:
- e. Aircraft. There were no military aircraft movements. The only civil aircraft movement was a Beechcraft aircraft transitting from HCDART to LAINCONSTON. The aircraft is estimated to have been five miles absam(to the East) of ANTILL PONDS at 2210K; the time of the first sighting. There were no aircraft movements
- b. Meteorological Balloons. A meteorological balloon was released from LAUNCE TON airport at 2000K. However, it would have not been wisching at the time of both sightings. have not been visible at the time of both sightings.

/c. Visible

- Visible Satellites. There were no visible satellite passes
- d. Local Phenomena. There is no local phenomena in the area of the first sighting. Regarding the second sighting, the only local phenomena are two television transmitter towers on the top of MT BARROW (4637 feet) located to the East of LAURCESTON. As the second sighting was to the West, this phenomena can
- e. <u>Meteorological Conditions</u>. At 1900K, the general weather conditions in the area of both sightings were:

Wind - North - West at 10kts.

Cloud - 8/8 Alto-stratus above 10000 feet, with the possibility of lower cloud in mountain areas. Visibility - 20 miles.

Inversions - No significant inversions.

f. Celestial Bodies. Saturn was the only planet visible above the horizon at the time of both sightings. Saturn was at 100 angle of elevation in the North-Ment sky, but barely visible to the naked eye.

CONCLUSIONS

First Sighting

- The most probable cause of the light seen by Misses DAVISD and FING were the navigation lights of the Beecheraft aircraft to the east of
- From interviewing Miss DAVIDS, the investigating officer concludes that the original estimate of the duration of the observation of 10 minutes is incorrect. Miss DAVIDS said that the original estimate included time spent on discussion between Misses DAVIDS and MINO ofter the light had disappeared, and not total observation time. Therefore, the duration of the sighting is estimated at four to six minutes. Also, Miss DAVIES admitted that the light was not observed for brisi periods during this time, apan as her vision was obstructed by the vehicle going ground bends in the
- The investigating officer is familiar with the AUTILL POWER area. The highway and ridges to the east are generally orientated North - West/ South - East. Dast of and close to the highway the hills rise steely from the aurrounding terrain to heights of about 500 to 700 feet. For been confused directionally and the light was actually travelling South - East to Worth - Vest. The aircraft was on a Worthly track when about AUTHL PORDS. The varying relative speeds between the moving car as it turned corners, and the mircraft would account for the reported varying speeds of the light.

- The changing colours of the light may be explained by a combination of two factors. Firstly, that the single light was in fact the flashing navigation lights of the aircraft; and secondly, some use of imagination
- Likewise, the vertical displacements of the light may be a combination of imagination and the flashing navigation lights appearing and reappearing behind the varying heights of the rideline crests.

Second Sighting

- Due to insufficient information about the second sighting, the investigating officer cannot explain the most probable cause of the sighting.
- The planet Saturn was discounted as the planet was at 100 angle of elevation and barely visible to the naked eye. There were no significant temperature inversions that may have caused refraction of light.
- 21. The investigating officer is convinced that Miss DAVISS was not confused directionally and the light was, in fact, observed to the West of the highway. However, the duration of observation is questionable and
- The witness also said that other vehicle traffic slowed and appeared to be watching the light. This part of the report cannot be confirmed as no other persons have reported a similar sighting on that date.
- Although the investigating officer has no reasons to doubt second sighting, it must be remembered that Misses DAVIES and KIEG may still have been disturbed by their first sighting.

TASATO 8 May 73

Milodanile Flight Ligutenant Investigating Officer SIGHTING # 9

MANLY P. RUSSELL
NIW

Royal Australian Air Force
A273 — MEMORANDUM
May 72 Stock No. 7530-56-052-8054 580 11 P 2495) DATE REFERENCES HOOK 5 IS I LAIR (35) DEPNR OF 75473 Hope SONTENL SUBJECT REPORTS OF UNUSUAL AFRIAL SIGHTINGS for your records is a copy of Sec opy of letter to M. PR APPOINTMENT PHONE NO HANK 2408 CRE - UN FLEGER

580/1/1 Pt24 (9a)

Mr P. Russell, 726 Manly National Building, MANLY, NSW 2095

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 26th March 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was a scheduled commuter airline aircraft flying to Newcastle.

Normally, logical explanations are available in answer to sighting reports and it has been established that a scheduled commuter service departed Sydney Airport at about 8.35 PM on 26th March. This aircraft followed the coastline at about the time of your sighting. The red light observed would have been the aircraft's port wing navigation light. The flashing white light was most likely the cabin light or wing inspection light of the aircraft. With normal up and down movement of the port wing in mild turbulence it is feasible that this white light could be momentarily obscured by the wing during flight, giving a flashing effect. When the aircraft banked or manoeuvred slightly to alter course, it would appear to remain stationary for brief periods as described.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

adgers

Splet Diffuers



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

RE DAFI 76:73 580.1-1

TELEPHONE: PENRITH 2331

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS:
"AIRCOMMAND SYDNEY"
IN REPLY QUOTE 5/15/1/Air (35)

HEADQUARTERS OPERATIONAL COMMAND RAAF PENRITH 1W NSW

7th June 1973

Secretary Department of Air (Attention : DAFI)

DAFI

UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

- 1. Herewith is a report of an unusual aerial sighting submitted by Mr P. Russell of Manly NSW.
- 2. On receipt of the report it was found that Mr Russell had omitted to provide certain facts pertinent to the sighting, hence the late submission of the report to your department.

(K.D. CLARK)
Squadron Leader
for Air Officer Commanding

Enclosure: UFO Report



10.	What first attracted observer's attention?
	FLASHING LIGHT GUNG ROLLING HORESS. THE
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	(a) how many were there? ONF
	. (b) in what formation were they?

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer. PETEST KUSSELL Age 20
2.	Address of observer 726 MANCH IVATION HE BUILDING
	MANY NSW 2095 Phone
3.	Occupation of observer. RANK OFFICER
4.	Date and time of start of observation. MARCH 26 1993
	How certain is the date? VERY CERTAIN
	How accurate is the time of start. USS. J. ACC URATE
5.	Duration of observation. 5. Minotes
	How accurate is your estimate?
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
	FAMILLIAND - LUE MEBLE 2 TEMPS
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation
	weather conditions at time of observation
DAGO	1/06/-
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
9•	Where was object first observed:
	(a) Relative to your surroundings ONER. NERTH HOAD
	(b) angle of elevation 56-750 (74 From 7th Face)
	(b) angle of elevation (FACT (AND THE EDG)
	(c) compass angle bearing. SANTH EAST (FAM 7th FEELR)
	(d) how accurate are these estimates . FAIRCA ACCURATE
10.	What first attracted observer's attention?
	FLOTS HING LIGHT COING ACROSS, THE
	A J U J SFY
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
11.	A J U J SFY

12.	GETTION WAS IN KED CIGHT
	What was the colour of the light or object? I.P. WHS. FURSHING WHITELY
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common
	light source at a stated distance, e.g. ordinary street light
	at 100 yards) NERA MUSH BRISHITER THAN STRIFT LISTY
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach:
	(a) relative to Venus or Moon ARDAT THE SIZE OF LEAVES TUST
	(b) relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20
	inches from the eyes). HEIGHT BETWEEN LIGHTS 4" WIDE 34"
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach
	and how were these values assessed? FRAM. 7.49. FLORK. HOUGH.
	26 AND Churds BORONG THEEST. (W. Some Hot Dony)
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in ritch and
	intensityNQ
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or
	height, if an estimate can be justified)? ASMAY No. Hogat to a muc
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed,
	if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with
	the movement of familiar objects at stated distances
	MUCH FASTER THAN ANY OT BUT HELE TO SCEND DOWN TO)
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases3Scclud DS
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvresNOALE
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. R.D. M.SM.T
	ON THE BOTATHE & WHUTE ELESTING LIGHT ON TOP
23.	Where was object last observed:
	(a) relative to your surroundings SOINS S. P. TOWARDS DEE WHY 4
	(b) angle of elevation
	(c) compass angle bearing
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance?D/5777000
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as
	fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations,
	residual magnetism or radioactivity etc)

26.	State any training which enables observer to be masonably
	certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and
	velocity NONE
27.	How many witness to the sighting? ATPREX . 19
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to
	explaining your observation?News
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
	NETHING THAT COULD MATER IT
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If
	appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in
	relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed.

EACH TIME THE OBJECT RETHIED A WHITE FLASHING LIGHT APPOINCED.

WINDOW LIKE

6- PATH OF OBJECT

NORTH

-- HEAD

- MANLY BEACH

WARR 48KT

Signature Frank

Date 1 PRIN 2 1973

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the
	reported UFO position at the time:
1	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading(3)
	Heading. T. T. T. T. T
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrs
33•	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
1	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingTT
	A/C type
	SpeedKK
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATP or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude
35•	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that
	were in that portion of the sky at that time. By day, give
	location of Venus only. Not significant due to rate
	of movement of object
36.	A meteorological balloon was released from Nove reported
	at
	Radio-sonde**/radar**: Candle**/battery**(** delete as mequired)
	General-wind profile
	Maximum height tracked 000 ft atZ
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of°C at
	Z hrs from
20	station.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comments,
	moteorites etc. relevant to the sighting. Affection of hierarch

	tropp if and a possible identification, include radar
	orace ii available, and account
	were operatingNA
40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/cannot* be
	determined.
41.	The object reported probably was /may have been* (delete as required)
	the coast - a practice not uncommon with light acts.
	white with white weeks.

Have (Unit) K.D. CLARK (Name)
5- June 73 (Date) Syn Ldr (Rank)

RESTRICTED

SIGHTILG # 8

C TOPPENBERG 1 BOWEN

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate shoets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of observer (J. TOPPEN BERG Age 52
2.	Address of charmen gullillitins st
	Bowley Phone. N. t. 077804 - 207
3.	Occupation of observer . Cost Cherk (Mind Romos Dept)
4.	Date and time of start of observation Detricter Affice Affice Same
100	How certain is the date?
8 9	How accurate is the time of start . 100%
5.	Duration of observation 30 midutes (APPROX)
The state of	How accurate is your estimate? 77%
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting
4.	JUWINLIAMS ST BOULEN
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
- 1	RESIDENT BOUGHRS
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation
1 .	FINE + CLEHR
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
0.	NIL MAKEDRYE
9.	
3.	Where was object first observed? :
	(a) Relative to your surroundings WESTERLY
	(b) Angle of elevation . APRox. 45°
	(c) compass angle bearing
	(d) how accurate are these estimates . 20%
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? District
	4 HAPPENED ELDOKOUTOF HIMDOUL & MAN BRIGHT LIGHT IN SKY
	TEO BRIGHT + GLITTERING 6 BE STAR OR AIRCRAFT.

4	11.	If there was more than one light/object:
		(a) how many were there?
		(b) in what formation were they?
	12.	What was the colour of the light or object? Orly lights VISIBLE
	13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, eg, ordinary at 100 yards). Next ARMHIER THAT ARMHIER THAT CAN ARMHIER THAT ARMH
	14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach:
		(a). relative to Venue or Moon . W
		(b) relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches from the eyes)
	15	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed? OEJECT APPEARED STATIONERY ENAKED EYE.
	16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious? No
	17:	Descrice any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? Not HBLE KBE RST. MITED
	19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances
		Les over the
	20.	Give duration of any stationary phases was since make when the wind the winds
	21.	Give duration of any stationary phases was still mesangelarce over holding Describe any deviations or manoeuvres N
	22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
	23.	Where was object last observed?: (a) relative to your surroundings
		(b) angle of elevation

	(c) compass angle bearing NOT TAKEN
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance?
25.	as fragments, photographs, secreting, ground indenta-
	······································
0.5	
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting? . (.(
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation? PLANET NEAR KEARTH
30.	what are your main reasons for excluding this explana-
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form,
	OUTLINE INDISTINGUISHABLE APPEARED AS APPROX
	CIRCULAR MASS OF LIGHTS.

Signature 6.7. Leppenberg.... Date . 16/7/73......

580/1/1 Pt24 (8a)

1 4 JUN 1973

Mr C. Toppenberg, Box 306, BOWEN, QLD 4805

Dear Sir,

A colour transparency taken by you of an unusual aerial sighting, has been received at this Department for evaluation.

At present we have insufficient information about the sighting, and it is requested that you complete the enclosed form and return it to us as soon as possible. When completing the form, would you include a detailed narrative description of the sighting.

The colour transparency has been retained so that it may be studied further in conjunction with the information contained in your report. Following evaluation, the transparency will be returned to you.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

G-g-odgen

That Junes

.1 4 NOV 1973

580/1/1 Pt24 (8e)

Fir C. Toppenberg, Eox 306, BOMEN OLD 4805

Dear Sir,

With reference to the unusual aerial sighting that you witnessed and photographed, the investigating team regrets that it unable to determine the cause.

Normally, logical explanations are available in answer to sighting reports, and statistically, only 3% of sightings are not able to be solved. Of these, the majority contained insufficient information from which to deduce causes.

With this particular sighting it is thought that the light source was probably a gaseous substance - such as methane - which could have risen from the swampy area in the vicinity, but this theory cannot be substantiated.

Enclosed is the colour transparency which was forwarded to us for evaluation and we thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

6. 9. odgens

17NOU73

Leop & DPR 14.11.73 TO



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

TELEPHONE 311611 G.P.O. Box 1416, IN REPLY QUOTE BRISBANE. Q. 4001. QNI. 17/46/1 Naval Staff Office, Edward Street, BRISBANE.

5th June, 1973.

Bex 306 Bowen

Communices Time exp

Directorate of Air Force Intelligence, Department of Air Force, Russell Offices, CANBERRA. A.C.T. 2600.

SIGHTING OF UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECT - BOWEN

Following is the text of a message received from Mr. John Robert Porter, Post office box 281, Bowen, 4805, during the course of routine communication. Mr. Porter acts as the Naval Coastwatcher at Bowen.

"U.F.O.'s !

Time 3.30 AM about four weeks ago, in Western Sky more South West in my opinion. The photo was taken by Chris Toppenberg, Phone 207 office hours."

Enclosed is the 35 mm Kodak transparency.

Mr. Porter is classified as a reliable Coastwatcher and has assisted this Department on numerous occasions. Further detail, if required, can be obtained from Mr. Toppenberg C/- Mr. Porter at the Bowen address.

It would be appreciated if the transparency could be returned to Mr. Porter as soon as possible after evaluation.

(Peter V. Blackman) Commander, R.A.N. NAVAL OFFICER-IN-CHARGE

QUEENSLAND

Enclosure: Transparency

JIGHT 13

JIGHT ING # 7

VAUCHUST J. BRENNAN
NSW

A273 - MEMORANDUM 580/1 (78) DATE REFERENCES 46 5/9/AR (70) DEPAIR! HQRIC 5 JUN 73 UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTINGS Enclosed for your records is a copy of a letter to 41. J. Brennan from this Department in reply to his report of an unusual acrial sighting. Enclosure: Nopy of lether to HR. J. Brennan. R. EGLE SEN LOK SAFINO 2488

2 1 JUN 1973

580/1/1 Pt 24 (7a)

Mr J. Brennan, 707 Old South Head Road, VAUCLUSE, NSW 2030

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial signting on 18th April 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was a civil aircraft operating out of Sydney International Airport.

Departures to Melbourne were scheduled by Ansett Airlines and TAA for 9.40 pm, however, the exact times of departure are not known. The noise abatement procedures in operation at the airport would necessitate these aircraft taking off to seaward. The opinion of the investigating team is that the departure of one of these aircraft from Sydney was the cause of the sighting.

During the period from 9.15 pm to 9.45 pm on the 18th April, twenty one aircraft movements were recorded at Sydney Airport. All of these aircraft were under radar surveillance and no extraordinary radar traces were recorded. To maintain traffic separation of inbound/outbound aircraft, it is feasible that an aircraft would be required to turn left after take off before setting course for Melbourne. Additionally, altitude restrictions may have been applied, thus precluding continuation of the climb until after setting course. The lights, as described, can be attributed to the landing lights and anticollision light of the aircraft. The landing lights are often left on after take off to provide visual identification to other aircraft in the area.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

Applable the Applable Date Date 23

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observer. John BRENNAN
2.	Address of Observer. 707 Old South Head Road VAUCLUSE
3.	Occupation of Observer Engineer
4.	Date & Time of Start of Observation18APR73.9.40PM
	How certain is the date? Positive
	How accurate is the time of start? 10x10x15xmims Positive
5.	Duration of Observation10.to.15.mins
	How accurate is your estimate?
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. Rear verandah of.
	.bouse.at.above.address
	How familiar is observer with this locality?.lives.there
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. Clear. Light
	. scattered. cloud.
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	Binoculars
9.	Where was object first observed? :
	a. Relative to your surroundings. East of DIAMOND BAY
	b. angle of elevation. Low above the horizon
	c. compass angle bearing. East
	d. how accurate are these estimates?unknown
0.	What first attracted observer's attention?Bright.stationary
	white light
1.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. how many were there?one only
	b. in what formation were they?

12.	What was the colour of the light or object? White with red at
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100 yards) Like a very bright star but larger than Venus
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach? :
	a. relative to Venus or Hoonnot known
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches from eyes) not known
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed?
	local knowledge
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious? the light
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and
	intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)?
	did not alter height
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distancesCould.not.estimate.speed.but.seemed.to.be.faster
20.	
20.	than aircraft Give duration of any stationary phases. Appeared to be stationary when first seen Describe any deviations or manoeuvresflew.north.for. inile then
	than aircraft Give duration of any stationary phases. Appeared to be stationary when first seen
21.	Give duration of any stationary phases. Appeared to be stationary when first seen Describe any deviations or manoeuvresflew north for turned south and disappeared south of Botany Bay
21.	than aircraft Give duration of any stationary phases. Appeared to be stationary when first seen Describe any deviations or manoeuvresflew.north.for. I mile then turned south and disappeared south of Botany Bay Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seenpope
21.	than aircraft Give duration of any stationary phases. Appeared to be stationary when first seen Describe any deviations or manoeuvresflew north for 1 mile then turned south and disappeared south of Botany Bay Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seenpope Where was object last observed?: a. relative to your surroundingssouth
21.	than aircraft Give duration of any stationary phases. Appeared to be stationary when first seen Describe any deviations or manoeuvresflew.north.for. inile then turned south and disappeared south of Botany Bay Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen none Where was object last observed?:
21.	than aircraft Give duration of any stationary phases. Appeared to be stationary when first seen Describe any deviations or manoeuvresflew north for 1 mile then turned south and disappeared south of Botany Bay Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seenpope Where was object last observed?: a. relative to your surroundingssouth
21.	than aircraft Give duration of any stationary phases. Appeared to be stationary when first seen Describe any deviations or manoeuvresflew north for i mile then turned south and disappeared south of Botany Bay Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen none Where was object last observed?: a. relative to your surroundingssouth b. angle of elevation merging on the horizon
21. 22. 23.	Cive duration of any stationary phases. Appeared to be stationary when first seen Describe any deviations or manoeuvresflew north for t mile then turned south and disappeared south of Botany Bay Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen none Where was object last observed?: a. relative to your surroundings south. b. angle of elevation merging on the horizon c. compass angle bearing not given
21. 22. 23.	Give duration of any stationary phases. Appeared to be stationary when first seen Describe any deviations or manoeuvresflew north for t mile then turned south and disappeared south of Botany Bay Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seenpope Where was object last observed?: a. relative to your surroundings. south. b. angle of elevationperging on the horizon c. compass angle bearingpot.given. What was the manner of its disappearance? faded Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)
21. 22. 23.	Give duration of any stationary phases. Appeared.to.be.stationary when first seen Describe any deviations or manoeuvresflew.north.for.t.mile then turned south and disappeared south of Botany Bay Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen none Where was object last observed?: a. relative to your surroundings south b. angle of elevation merging.on.the.horizon c. compass angle bearing not. given. What was the manner of its disappearance?.faded Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations,

26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity.
	Engineer
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting?
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
	no
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation?
	ENDE aircraft
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
	appeared to move at abnormal speed
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed.

Statement by Observer:

5 people observed this sighting from the verandah of his house. When viewed through binoculars, there seemed to be two white lights with a red light moving between them. The object was stationary when first seen, then moved north for about a quarter of a mile (several lengths of the ship) and then turned south at speed, finally increasing speem to an abnormal speed and disappearing. When first sighted, the object appeared to have been hovering over a large ship, whose rigging lights were ablaze. The ship was standing well off the coast and appeared to he heading east. An aircraft also appeared to overfly the object and the sound of aircraft engines was heard.

Signature.....Date......Date.....

For use within the RAAF only OUR FILE Write or print clearly RAAF AACC MASCOT 18 APRIL. 73 HQOC OPS OFF UFO ROPOST 1 This report was received les me at 2230 hours on ulidrusday abril 18th. The observer who Breman states that he and four (4) others observed the object. They were first withaction by a linght light which they thought was a star at first it was stationing then moved north and finally moved quetel South rapidly disubsparing. 3. Mr Breman Jurther states that the Object seemed to be howing over a large shell whose rugging lights were ale The ship was seawards of the coast. heading East. also at the line of base he believes an average overflow object. SAH Syanny has no report 4 Bs for as I can tell I would Say the Caller was Geneure and really lections what he saw printed NAME RANK RANK AND APPOINTMENT PRINTED NAME
RANK AND APPOINTMENT

C. ANDERSON KAT LA MACO

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

	Tart Z - Unit Evaluation
	SEE ATTACHED STATEMENT
32. the	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of reported UFO position at the time.
	A/C type. SEE ATTACHES(2)(3)
	HeadingTTT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type. Set ATTACHED (2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 33575Longitude 15717 E
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were in that position of the sky at that time. By day, give location of Venus only.
36.	A meteorological balloon was released from Sydney
	at.0000Z. ColourWeightgm
	Radio-sonde ** radar **: Candle ** battery** (** delete as
	General wind profile Carm
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of°C
	at
	station.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets, meteorites etc relevant to the sighting.

	trace if available, and ascertain which of the

40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/eannot*
41.	The object report
	The object reported probably was may have been
	Commutes type accept Landing (delete as required)
	from Masset of Navy Asil alling of
	y
Se	ce attacked . Statement.
Se	Commutes type anchast Landing (delete as required) from Mascet of Newy Asil anchol

HQ RICHMONS

(Unit)

(Date)

J.W. NEUMANN

(Name of (Rank)

(Rank)

STATEMENT BY INVESTIGATING OFFICER

- 1. This report was received by Flt Lt G. ANDERSON, MACO, RAAF AACC MASCOT, and forwarded direct to Headquarters Operational Command, on 18th April 1973. The report was forwarded to the Formation Intelligence Officer, HQ RICHMOND, on 3rd May 1973, for transcription onto the current format and for further investigation. The FIO (AIR4) was being employed as AIR2 (Operations Officer, HQ RIC) for the month of May, and was unable to carry out an immediate investigation until this date.
- 2. The following information was obtained from the sources indicated:

SHIPPING: (Maritime services board). At least 9 large ships were off SYDNEY during the night 18/19 April. It is not the custom of the MSB to keep a log of the position of each ship other than their entry and departure times from Sydney Harbour and Botahy Bay. There is no record of any ship reporting any unusual sightings to the MSB, Pilot Station or Coastal Radio.

NAVAL SHIPS: (Fleet Headquarters, Garden Island). The only Naval Vessel at sea was HMAS BRISBANE which was conducting ASW Controller exercises off Jarvis Bay and Port Kembla with TRACKER, A4 and WESSEX Aircraft. The Ship's log is available, but no record is maintained of the aircraft movements and positions during the exercises. At various times during these exercises, aircraft carry out individual exercises on targets of opportunity.

RAAF AIRCRAFT: (No 1 Control and Reporting Unit). Night flying exercises were carried out with MIRAGES from WILLIAMTOWN until 2230K, mostly at and above Flight Level 31. Mirages were acting as both attacking and defending aircraft. Logs are kept of the aircraft engaged in the exercise and the type of intercept but not of the actual position of each aircraft at any given time.

CIVIL AIRCRAFT: (DCA Mascot) 21 aircraft arrived or departed from MASCOT in the period 2115K to 2145K. Five aircraft, a Fokker Friendship, a Twin Otter, two Beechcraft and a Cessna, made approaches below 3,000 ft from seawards in this time.

.../WEATHER

WEATHER: (DCA Mascot) There was no significant weather reported at this time. Runway in use: 34, Temp 21C, wind calm, cloud 2/8 scattered above 10,000 ft. Noise abatement procedure in force, ie., land runway 34, take off runway 16.

A RADAR Met balloon (non illuminated) was launched at 1990K.

3. UNIT EVALUATION:

- a. The sighting was within visual range, about 20 miles, of DIAMOND BAY.
- b. Three known RADAR units, No 1 CRU, DCA Mascot and HMAS BRISBANE, were operating in radar contact range of the sighting.
- c. No unidentified or unusual RADAR TRACE is recorded or has been reported by any of the Units.
- d. No ship reported any unusual occurrance.
- e. Numerous aircraft were operating in the area from sealevel to above Flight Level 31.
- f. Noise abatement procedures in force at Mascot required aircraft to make seaward approaches and departures.

4. CONCLUSION

The most probable explanation is that Mr Brennan sighted a commutor type aircraft either arriving at or departing from MASCOT. Less likely, but still posssible, was a Naval aircraft carrying out an ASW exercise against a target of opportunity.

5. The visual perception of the position, movement and brilliance of lights at night is most deceptive, as is graphically illustrated during fieldcraft exercises. The Investigating Officer is very sceptical of the ability of untrained observers to estimate the range, direction or speed of a moving light in the absence of reference points.

(D.W.NEUMANN) Flight Lieutenant

RAAF RICHMOND 5 JUN 73

	2	7 MAY 73
1	SIGHT	- ING # 6
	CHASSTONE VIC	B TURNER

Royal Australian Air Force A273 — MEMORANDUM May 72 Stock No 7530-66-052-0064 May 72 SBOILIR 24 (66) TOJUL Z HOSC 5 6 1/41R (77) BEPAIR TO 0= 85473 HOSC CINTENLO SUBJECT REPORTS OF UNUSUAL ATRIAL SIGHTIMES your Mcords letter to M. B. Turner 2008 GRETTIN FLOOR

580/1/1 Pt24 (6a) Mr B. Turner, 4 Swanson Crescent, CHADSTONE, VIC 3148 Dear Mr Turner. With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 29th May 1973, it has been determined that the object sighted was most probably the planet JUPITER. Astronomical charts show that at 11 PM on 29th May, JUFITER was visible with a magnitude of -2 at an elevation of 15 degrees and an azimuth of 100 degrees. This position coincides with the position of your sighting. Additionally, a temperature inversion of one and a half degrees at 200 feet was recorded at that time, and this would account for any distortion to the normal colour and appearance of the planet due to trapped pollutants below that level. We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest. Yours faithfully, (G.J. ODGERS) Director of Public Relations

	EMORAN FORM A273 MAR 63		Write or print clearly	5/6/1/Air (7-
ЮМ	HRSC	Mile Age		DATE 8JUN73
)	DEPAIR		DAFI 12	REFERENCES
IBJEC	UNUSUAL	AERIAL SIG		
			an unusu	al aerial
	sighting	100.1	11	Turner
	A SWANSO	ON CRES	CHADSTONE	3148
		TOUR SE		
			THE SHAPE	
-				
			Carlos Anno	
				TO THE PARTY OF TH
				RECEIVED TO THE PARTY OF THE PA
				RECEIVED TO THE PARTY OF THE PA
				RECEIVED TO THE PARTY OF THE PA
NATU	JRE A 1	PRINTED NAME	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	APPOINTMENT PHONE EX
NATU	JRE HUS		IBBS FIGO	00 1 - 4 - 1
	Gibbs_	R.o.C	IBBS FIGO	FF INT 1 741 C.O.O. 9
EVI	AH NOT FOCKUS	R.O.C	IBBS FIGO	FF INT 1 741 C.O.O. 9
EVI	Listo was more th	R.O.C	oluses	AF INT 1 7410 CO.O. S
re a.	blucie was more the	R.O.C.	IBBS FIGO	ADM. COM
re a.	blucie was more the	R.O.C.	IBBS FIGO	ADM. COM
a. b.	blucie was more the	R.O.C.	ilbes Fig C	ADM. COM

RESTRICTED

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer BAMH. TURNERAge38
2.	Address of observerA. S.W. W. GARA
3.	Occupation of observer
4.	Date and time of start of observation
	How certain is the date?
	How accurate is the time of start? 10-15
5.	Duration of observation
	How accurate is your estimate? A.p.p. Mon. J. N. J. J. N. J. S. T. J. J. S. T. J. S. T. J. S. T.
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting AT HOLDER
	Agou!
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation
	Same Line Chava Sut Chark AROUND LASTER SKYLIN
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation SMOCH. W.
9.	Where was object first observed? :
	a. Relative to your surroundings
	b. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing
	d. how accurate are these estimates?
10.	What first attracted observer's attention?
	HANT TUST LOOKING THROUGH HIMPON T. MOTICING HIMMON
11-	If there was more than one light/object :
	a. how many were there?
	b. in what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? Reserve.
	What was the colour of the light or object? Reserve. A. S.

13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100
	yards) Onouser. Street here. But Appears To Br. AT. A.
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?:
	a. relative to Venus or Moon
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and
	how were these values assessed?
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	No.
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified)?
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if
	an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the
	movement of familiar objects at stated distances
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases REFAMBLE H. St 5
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. Opportune
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
23.	Where was object last observed :
	a. relative to your surroundings
	b. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing
24.	What was themanner of its disappearance? Two Acros Acros Ale Not Re appearance with the contraction of the state of the contraction of the state of
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc)
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
	TERMINES TERMINES OS TROCHUS S LEGURAS
27.	How many witness to the sighting?

- 31. Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed.

IT IS NOT POSSIBLE TO DESCRIBE ACCURATELY AT IT

APPEARED MANY MILES ALMAY. IT DID NOT SEET TO

HAVE THE APPEARANCE OF A STAR WHICH IS A WHITE

LIGHT, RATHER MORE THE YELLOHISH LIGHT OF A CHORE.

RATHER THE LOOK OF A STREET LIGHT SUSPENDED IN MID AIR.

WHAS FIRST MOTICED BY SWITCHING OFF IMSIDE LIGHTS

IN HOUSE WHICH RETIRING FOR NIGHT & JUST LOOKING

THROUGH WILMOOM AT WEATHER, WAS UNUSUAL ENOUGH

TO ATTRACT ATTENDOM. THE LIGHT FROM CRADUALLY

PERHAPS 3 TIMES BUT RE-APPEARED SUDDENLY.

ON SECOND APPEARANCE SEEMED HIGHER IN SWY:

SWANTLY MORE EAST.

BY OBSERVING RIRCRAFT TRAVELLING BETCHESH SALE A LANGROOM THE SEEM TO BE BETOM DIRECT AIR ROUN

HAVE LOOKED EVERY MIGHT SINCE BUT HAVE NOT SEEN ANYTHING LIKE IT AGAIN.

Signature . S. of Shure

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

A/C type. N	32. of the re	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity ported UFO position at the time:
Heading		A/C type(1)(2)(3)
Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft Speed		Heading T (T)
Speed		Weight,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported UFO position at the time. A/C type. Nil. (1). (2). (3) Heading. T.		
A/C type. Nil. (1). (2). (3) Heading. T. T. T. Height		ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
Heading	33. the report	ted OFO position at the time.
Height		A/C type(1)(2)(3)
ATD/ATA*		HeadingTT.
* Cive location of nearest ATD or ATA 34. Observer's Location: Latitude 37.545 Longitude 45.04.6 35. Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were in that position of the sky at that time. By day, give location of Venus only. **Lossibly Jupiter but Air Almanac places it lower 2300 36. A meteorological balloon was released from		Height000 ft000 ft000 ft
* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA Observer's Location: Latitude 37.545 Longitude 45.04.6 Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were in that position of the sky at that time. Dy day, give location of Venus only. Assubly Jupiter but Ar Almanac places if lower 23cc A meteorological balloon was released from		Speed
Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were in that position of the sky at that time. By day, give location of Venus only. Complete but Ar Almanac places it lower @ 23co		ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were in that position of the sky at that time. By day, give location of Venus only. Acsibly Jupiter but Air Almanac places it lower@ 2300 A meteorological balloon was released from. NA. atZColourWeight		
Stars that were in that position of the sky at that time. By day, give location of Venus only. Cossibly Jupiter but Air Almanox places it lower@ 13cc 13cc 15cc	34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 37.545. Longitude . 45.94.
Radio-sonde** radar**: Candle ** battery ** (Delete as required) 2 cloud General wind profile	35. stars that Dy day, g	t were in that position of the sky at that time.
Radio-sonde** radar**: Candle ** battery ** (Delete as required) 2. cloud General wind profile	36.	A meteorological balloon was released from
General wind profile		atZColourWeightgm
Was it known to have burst? Was it known to have burst? The first significant temperature inversion was of the light and the light at least the from the light at least the li		(Delete as required) 7 ()
The first significant temperature inversion was of till alook when the significant temperature inversion was of till alook		Maximum height tracked00 ft atZ
The first significant temperature inversion was of till alook when		
38. Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets, meteorites etc, relevant to the sighting.	37. When	The first significant temperature inversion was of till alook
comets, meteorites etc, relavant to the sighting.		station.
	38. comets, m	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, eteorites etc, relevant to the sighting.
		No prediction charts for this period

	39. When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace if available and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were operating.

** (10. The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting
	The object reported probably was ** / may have been D. Temp. moversion showing bright evange lights from Mt Dandemong lostavant area further south than actual location; or b. Jupiter (see para 35). When Mrs Turner made initial telephone report she said her husband thought it was a star but she through better. Possibly member of fruit cake fraternity.
	HQSCU 8 Jun 73 (Unit) (Date)
- 10	R.O.C. bbs Flg Off. (Name of Investigating Officer) (Rank)

SIGHTING # 5

FOREST HILL MRS M. RACHMAN
VIC

Royal Australian Air Force A273 — MEMORANDUM May, 72 Stock No 7530-66-052-8	054		
FROM BEPAIR	FILE 580/1/1 6	22 Jun 73	HESC S/6/1 AIR (74) TJUNI 75
TO HOSC SUBJECT	CINT	0	750×178.
REPORTS OF UNUSA	IAL AERIAL SI	IRHTINES	
Enclosed for a letter from in reply to her highling.	Mis Rebas	lands is a	wish of
in reply to her	report of	I am unu	sual acrial
sighting.			
			C. The Control of the
	n a training		
& Mary Line	1111.1	1.18 11 1	-1/-
Enclosure: bopy of	1 resus 40	Mrs M. Ne	rekhan.
SIGNATURE NAME		RANK APPO	HNYMENT PHONE NO
Legel 2.	EGIE	squebr ba	HILO 2408

580/1/1 Pt 24 (5a)

Mrs M. Rackham, 38 Jackson Street, FOREST HILL, VIC 3131

Dear Mrs Rackham,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 23rd May 1973, we regret that our investigation has not been conclusive in determining the cause. From your description of the sighting, however, the investigation team considers that the most probable cause of the sighting was an item of space debris burning up on re-entry to the Earth's atmosphere.

The Spacewarn Bulletin issued by the World Warning Agency for Satellites gives predicted decay dates for known satellites and subsequently issues actual decay dates. From the information currently held we are unable to confirm that an item of space debris did decay on 23rd May.

For your information, of the 6397 man-made objects catalogued since 1957, 2902 were still in space on 29th April 1973. These objects periodically decay and burn up on re-entry to the atmosphere.

Thanking you for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

G. J. odgen



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE 586

TELEPHONE: 69 0550

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS:
"AIRCOMMAND, MELBOURNE"

IN REPLY QUOTE 5/6/1/Air(74)

HEADQUARTERS SUPPORT COMMAND RAAF
VICTORIA BARRACKS
MELBOURNE SCI VIC 3004

-7 JUN 1973

Department of Air (DAFI/IR2)

DATI

REPORTS OF UNUSUAL AERIAL OCCURRENCES

Reference: A. Our 5/6/1/Air(64) of 17th May 1973

1. Attached are unusual aerial occurrence reports from Mrs M. Rackham, Mr G.McLennan and Mr C.S. Perrin.

2. The sound reported by Mr McLennan was made by a police siren. The sound reported by Mr Perrin may also have been made by a police siren. Although the sound reported by Mr Emerton(at Reference A) is not the exact sound of a civil ambulance, it is similar. It is thought that unusual weather conditions, possibly temperature inversions or cloud cover, were ducting siren sounds during May.

(R.O. GIBBS)
Flying Officer
For Air Officer Commanding

Enclosures: 3 reports



THE WHITE THE

REPORT ON UNUSUAL ARRIAL SIGHTING ECEIVED

24 MAY 1073

29 HAY 11/3

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

	Name of observer MRS. MARGARET RACKHAMee . 29
1.	Name of observer .CVV
2.	Address of observer 38 JACKSON ST. FOREST. HILL.
	3.13.1V.(C
3.	Occupation of observer HOUSEWIFE (former teacher).
4.	Date and time of start of observation 23 MAY 1973 Approx 9.05 p.m
	How certain is the date? PosiTINE
	How accurate is the time of start?Within 2 minutes
5.	Duration of observation. 15,-20 Seconds
	How accurate is your estimate? Approximate only
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. From garden of
	residence - 38 Jack con St. Forest Hill.
	How familiar is observer with this locality? Quite Familiar.
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. Fairly elear. Sky
	Few high windswept clouds
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation \mathcal{N}
9.	Where was object first observed? :
	a. Relative to your surroundings. Almost overhead, travelling
	Southwards (in line with street)
	- V5
	b. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing In direct line with Blackburn Road.
	d. how accurate are these estimates?Approx
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? Moung. stange
	light, first seen by my husband, who
11-	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. how many were there?ONLY ON€
	b. in what formation were they?
	A. A. MARY LOUISE STORY WELE SHEY
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? YELLOWY -ORANGE

13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100
	vards). Brighter than any star or planet, but less brilliant them
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?:
	a. relative to Venus or Moon. Venus - perhaps
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes) " (Not really sure)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and
	how were these values assessed?
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	NO SOUND
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified)? BELOW CLOUD LEVEL perhaps height plane.
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if
	an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the
	movement of familiar objects at stated distances Cauldent. Estimate except
	to say that it took 15-20 sees to go from overhead to 30 above
20.	
20.	to say that it took 15-20 sees to go from overhead to 30 about
	to say that it took 15-20 sees to go from overhead to 30 above horizon Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	the say that it took 15-20 sees to go from overhead to 30 above horizon. Give duration of any stationary phases. MONE - STEADY SPEED Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. NONE Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. NONE
21.	the say that it took 15-20 sees to go from overhead to 30 above hormen. Give duration of any stationary phases. None - Steady Speed Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. None Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. None Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. N. Southean Sky, About 30 Above Hormen.
21. 22. 23.	the say that it took 15-20 sees to go from overhead to 30 above horizon. Give duration of any stationary phases. None - Steady Speed Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. None Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. None Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. N. Southean Sky, About 30 Above Hokalen. b. angle of elevation. 30 approx
21. 22. 23.	the say that it took 15-20 sees to go from overhead to 30 above horizon. Give duration of any stationary phases. None — Steady Speed Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. None Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. None Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. N. Southean Sky, About 30 About Horizon. b. angle of elevation. 30 approx c. compass angle bearing. Between Sth. and SSW
21. 22. 23.	Cive duration of any stationary phases. None - Steady Speed Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. None Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. None Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. N. Southean Sky, About 30 About Hokaen. b. angle of elevation. 30 approx c. compass angle bearing. Between Sth and SSW What was the manner of its disappearance? Light Rickered twice then went out.
21. 22. 23.	the say that it took 15-20 sees to go from overhead to 30 above horizon. Give duration of any stationary phases. None - Steady Speed Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. None Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. None Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. N. Southean Sky, About 30 Above Hokalen. b. angle of elevation. 30 approx
21. 22. 23.	Cive duration of any stationary phases. None - Steady Speed Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. None Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. None Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. N. Southean Sky, About 30 About Hokaen. b. angle of elevation. 30 approx. c. compass angle bearing. Between Sth and SSW What was the manner of its disappearance? Light flickered twice then went out.
21. 22. 23.	Give duration of any stationary phases. None — Steady Speed Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. None Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. None Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. N. Southean Sky, About 30 About Hokaren. b. angle of elevation. 30 approx c. compass angle bearing. Between Sth and SSW What was the manner of its disappearance? Light flickered twice then went out. No further sighting Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
21. 22. 23.	Give duration of any stationary phases. None - Steady Speed Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. None Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. None Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. N. Southean Sky, About 30 About Hokaten. b. angle of elevation. 30 approx c. compass angle bearing. Between Sth. and SSW What was the manner of its disappearance? Light Rickered twice then went out. No further sighting Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
21. 22. 23. 24. 25.	Give duration of any stationary phases. NONE - STEADY SPEED Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. NONE Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. IN SOUTHEAN SKY, ABOUT 30 ABOUT HORIZEN. b. angle of elevation. SO approx c. compass angle bearing. Between Sth and SSW What was the manner of its disappearance? Inght Rickered twice then went out. No further sighting Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity etc). NO
21. 22. 23. 24. 25.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21. 22. 23. 24. 25.	Give duration of any stationary phases. NONE - STEADY SPEED Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. NONE Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. NONE Where was object last observed: a. relative to your surroundings. N. SOUTHEAN SKY, ABOUT 30 ABOUT HOKELEN. b. angle of elevation. So approx c. compass angle bearing. Between 5th and 55W What was the manner of its disappearance? Ight Mickered twice then went out. No further sighting Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity etc). N.O. State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of





- 28. Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area? . No
- What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining light aircraft with no sound, only one orange light your observation? Its healing, at steady speed, light turned off long offer flickering, before it should have been out of sight what are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?

 Being a fairly clear night, I would expect to hear some sound from 29.

that height, also, not usually to have I orange light I no others

Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, on plane. sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed.

light · First seen flickered, and went out approx overhead. Approx

Shope this is of some help - I'm afraid I'm not a very good observer.

Signature M. of Kackham. Date 25th May 1973.



Al about 5 minutes past 9.00 pm on May 23 4 1975, I sighted an steadily in a Zowsheely direction across The sky. My husband, who brought this light to my attention, noticed it as he tuned to face the west, returning incide the house. We were not looking for anything at the deme . (which did not change) I then watched the light, noting direction until it reached about 30° about the southern horizon when it flickered off-on off-on, and then went out completely. I continued working, but the light did not reappear, although had it been a plane or something I still should have been able to see something - it was not out of range. There was a light were a few wispy light windswept clouds, but many stars were visible, and the orange light passed well below the clouds, which appeared to be very high. There was no reflection of the light on the clouds.

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32. of the re	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity ported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading T
	Weight,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of ted UFO position at the time.
	A/C type PA24 VH-RTI(1)(2)(3)
	Heading Tramma light T.
	Neight. MA 10. 7000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA* obt 2130 Khrshrshrs
	* Cive location of nearest ATD or ATA
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 3.7.50 Longitude 145.00 E
35. stars the Dy day,	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major at were in that position of the sky at that time. give location of Venus only.
36.	A meteorological balloon was released from
	Radio-sonde** radar**: Candle ** battery **
	(Delete as required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked00 ft atZ
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of
	atft measured atZ hrs from
	station.
38. comets,	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, meteorites etc, relavant to the sighting.

. . .

	39. radar trac lights wer	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include ce if available and ascertain which of the aircraft operating.
技	40. can/cannot	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting to determined.
	41.	The object reported probably was ** / may have been VH-RTI. Might training out of Moorathin. Moorabbin control reported to mile limits on training flights but limit flexible. The pilot Mr P Mooney, said he made two circuits, Moorabbin - E towards Dandenona. NW lowards Monach University (for blackburn held, frances they) - 25 w for Moorabbin & could have been an similar bearing to report but was would have been 4 miles S of reporting point. Averaft lights don't agree with report. Mrs. Rackman originally reported sighting of "a few minutes" but has changed to "15-20 seconds" at Part I. No Satellite Information Bulletin available of this period. (Date) THROCCI.
		Investigating Officer) (Rank)

** Delete as necessary

SIGHTING # 4 MONTROSE G. P. McKENNAN NIE

A273 – MEMORANDUM
FROM STORE NO 753066.0528064 FROM SEPAIR S8011 P. 24/40 DATE TO ATTENTION DATE ATTENTION DATE SUBJECT REFERENCES LOSC 5 61/AIR(74) DATE TO
Enclosed for your records is a
copy of a letter from this Department to
Mr a. P. Mchennan in reply to his report
of an unusual acral sighting.
THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON OF T
THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON OF T
ENCLOSURE Copy of leller to Mr GP Mc hennan
The same of the sa
STRATURE FANK APPOINTMENT PHONE NO
MCANDE MICRETTON FLOOTE IR 2 2400

580/1/1 Pt24 (4a)

- 3 JUL 1973

Mr G.P. McLennan, Browns Road, MONTROSE VIC 3765

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 17th May 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was a passing police car.

Our investigations have shown that at approximately 00.28 AM on 17th May, Victorian Police Car 30, containing Senior Constable Cain and Constable Smythe, received an urgent call to proceed to The Basin. The car travelled via Canterbury Road to Montrose, thence via Mt. Dandenong Tourist Road and Basin-Olinda Road to The Basin, checking side roads along the way for an alleged offence. The car was in the vicinity of Browns Road at about 01.00 AM. The sound heard would have been the noise of its airen, which is a 'Heathkit' model and is capable of a variety of sound productions, and terrain effects would be responsible for the apparent overhead path of the sound. The light would have been reflections from its two flashing blue beacons, headlights and spotlight. At about 01.16 AM, the Police closed the case and the car returning to base would account for your second sighting.

A similar report was received from a reporter at Sassafras for a corresponding date/time period, and she has subsequently identified the sound heard as that of the siren on 'Car 30'.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

Jahoh Jan Ja

RESTRICTED

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer GRAEME PENFOLD MELENNANDE 35
2.	Address of observer. BROWNS ROAD NORTH, HOME 128-3526 MONTROSE 3765 Phone WORK 347-1544.
3:	Occupation of observer. DESIGN DEAUGHTSMAN THURSDAY IT MAY 13 (MOLNING.)
44	
	How certain is the date? ACCURATE - WOKEN BY DOGS
	How accurate is the time of start? SEATCHING AT WINDOW & OBSERVED TIME
5.	Duration of observation. APPROXIMATELY 10 MINUTES
	How accurate is your estimate? NOT ACCURATE.
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting
	OUT WINDOW 2ND OUTSIDE UNDER VERANDAM.
	The state of the s
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. COLD; WET & DARK.
	NOT MUCH WIND (NOT STRONG WIND) & CLOUDY.
	WHEN RADIO
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	WAS TURNED ON ONLY STATIC HEARD (IE) NO
	SOUND.
9.	Where was object first observed? : STH. EAST CORNER OF HOUSE.
	a Relative to your surroundings
	SOUTH 40 TO 50 EAST WILE
	0. Tolo
	b. angle of elevation APPROX 60 TO 10
	a compact and a housing
	APPROXIMATE
	d. hew accurate are these estimates?
10.	What first attracted sheemer's attention?
	SCRATCHING FRANTICALLY AT BEDROOM WINDOW
11-	If were was more than one light/object :
	a. how many were there?
	b. in what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object?

RESTRICTED

13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100
	SOURCE OF LIGHT WAS DULL AT 100 BUT AS yards) NIGHT WAS DARK AREA BULLOUNDING WAS REASONABLY
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?:
	a. relative to Venus or Moon
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes). COULD NOT ESTURATE ANY SIZE
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and
	how were these values assessed?
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	A SHORT WAVE RADIO QUITE ERIE
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified)?
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if
	an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the
	movement of familiar objects at stated distances
	COULD NOT ESTIMATE ANY OF THESE
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres DISAPPEAKED & HEARD SOUND.
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
23.	Where was object last observed :
	a. relative to your surroundings
	b. angle of elevation. APPROX 70° TO 80°.
	WEST
24.	
	GROWN AND THE MOISE SHORT
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or I HAVE INSPECTED THE AREAS ASSOCIATED
Sales Sales	radioactivity etc). WITH THE LIGHT BUT DIE MOT DESERVE
26.	
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
	OBSERVER IS A DESIGN DRAIGHTSMAN 3 PEOPLE HEARD IT BUT
27.	How many witness to the sighting?

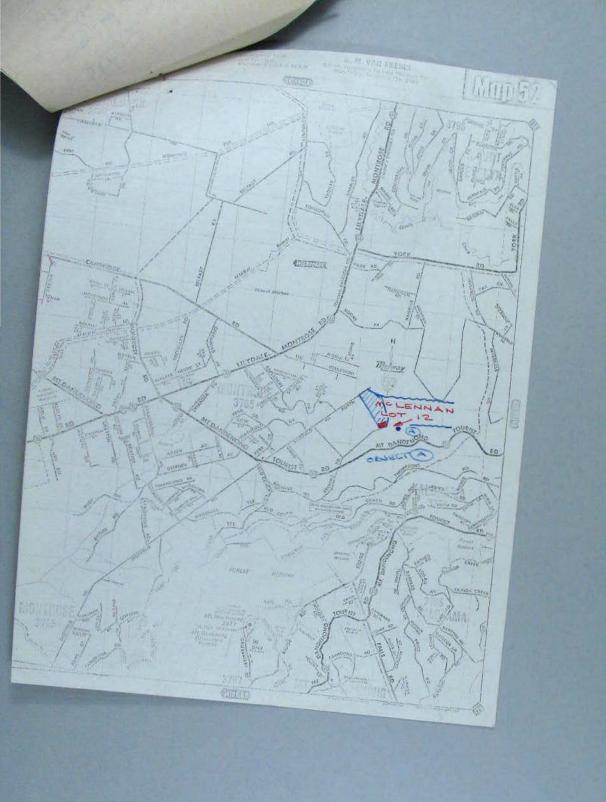
- Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area? THE SOUND 28.
- What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining
 THE NOISE OF STAND ASSOCIATED WHEN
 your observation? SWITCHING FROM STATION TO STATION
 ON SHOET WAVE RADIO. 29.
- What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?..... 30.
- Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed.

ATTACHED SKETCHES.

Signature Scane F. No Seman chan 27

Browns Road North RECEIVE Montrose 3765 retoria Hese May 15th., 1973. The Sevelation Headquarter . RAAF. and approximately one 17th 1973, Swar awakened dogs frantially It to prished the front bediever under and and called and to him tatt at ralimia, bonce a break to cratate angua charge and what ten minutes later the sound come back in affined to follow the dell light projects down to fifther the

Whatever the a digit on light mo you faitfully the S



NORTH. elles 25th

GARAGE

TREED

AREA

ARE

FIRST \$ HEARD THROUGH WINDOW

OBSERVATION

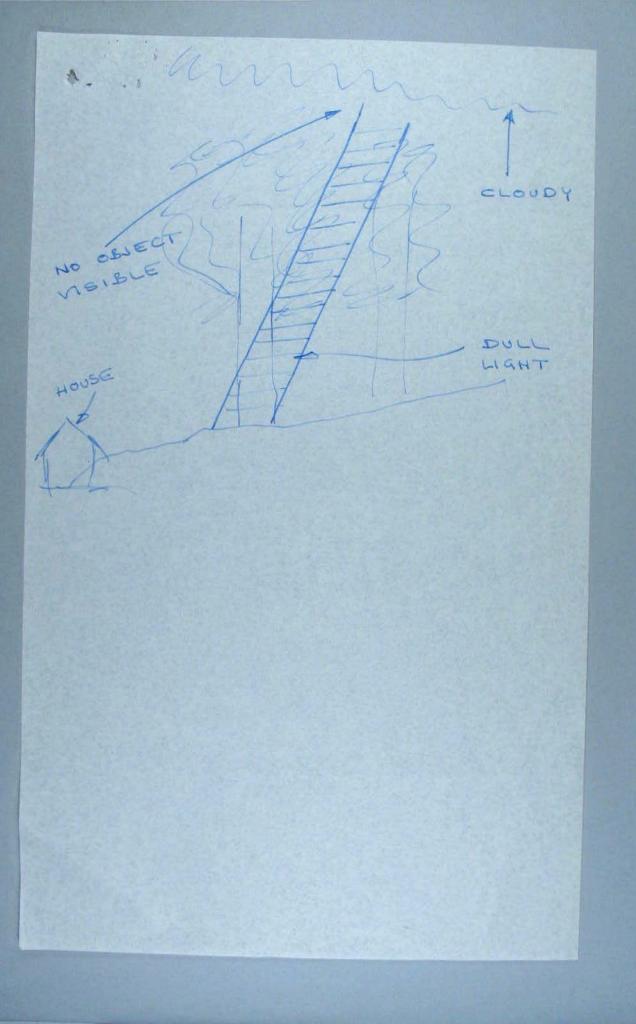
ON RETULN OR SECOND OBSERVATION

WHEN FIRST OBSERVED AND HEARD
LIGHT APPEARED STATIONARY
AT POINT A BUT AT NO OTHER
TIME WAS LIGHT STATIONARY.

E = DOGS BARKING.

E : DOG SCRATCHING AT BED WINDOW

(E) (C) = PATH OF DOG RUNNING TO GARAGE



Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32. of the rep	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity ported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Hesding T
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33. the repor	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of ted UFO position at the time.
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingTT
	Height000 ft000 ft000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Cive location of nearest ATD or ATA
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 37.495 Longitude 145.15 E
35. stars than by day, g	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major twere in that position of the sky at that time. ive location of Venus only.
36.	A meteorological balloon was released from
	atZColourWeightgm
	Radio-sonde* radar**: Candle ** battery ** (Delete as required) General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked00 ft atZ
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of No significant inversionat
	station.
38. comets,	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, meteorites etc, relevant to the sighting.

39. When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace if available and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were operating.

** can/comet be determined.

1. The object reported probably was ** / may have been Netarian Police Car 30 containing. Sur Constables Carne. & Constable Smithe. At 0028 this car was called urgently to the Basin (see ANNEX A). It travelled via Canterbury Rd to Montrose thence via to The Basin checking orde-roads en-route beeking a girl reportedly being attacked. This car is fitted with two blue beacons which were constantly illuminated. The sizen is a "Heathkit" model and is capable of a warble, a "yap-yap" note, a constant high pitch and can be manually operated for short bursts of pound. The over was operated on warble for short periods as the policemen searched tracks and side-roads. Senior Constable Carne has advised Senior Sergeant (Unit)

(Name of Investigating Officer) (Rank)

Campbell (Sgt 1/c D24) that lar 30 was on Mt Dandenong Townst kd, at bt m the vicinity of Browns Rd, at 0100 hrs.

The police closed the case at 0116 hrs.

The sum on Car 30 could blast the saddle off a mightnare; depending on terrain the sound could certainly rise. Dopplere effect is considerable.

ROCHES FIGHT

DONCASTER C.S. PERRIN

Royal Australian Air Force A273 – MEMORANDUM
May 72 STOCK NO 7530-66-052-8064 FROM DEPAIR 580111 P. Ju(35) DATE HOSC 5 1611 AIR (74) TO HOSC CINTELLO BSLAN 5 HAR (11) REPORTS OF UMUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTIAC DATES 75-11-73
Enclosed for your records are copies of letters from Mris Department to Mr C.S. Perron and Mr C. Clarke in reply to their reports of immediate aimed significant.
ENCHOSURE: Copies of letters to Mr C. S. Perri
and Mr. a. Clarke
MANUAL NAME CRESTON FACOSE IR D 2408

580/1/1 Pt24 (3a)

11 JUL 1973

Mr C.S. Perrin, 4 Reida Street, DONCASTER, VIC

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual noise near your home on 23rd May 1973, the opinion of the investigating team is that the most probable cause was the siren of a passing

A number of Victorian police cars now have the 'Heathkit' siren fitted. This siren is capable of producing a variety of sounds which are apparently distorted by local effects of terrain or atmospheric changes.

At the time of your observation, there was a significant temperature inversion recorded in the Melbourne area and this, in conjunction with the terrain structure in your area, could feasibly have caused the apparent path of the noise

Although this theoretical explanation cannot be proven we trust that it is acceptable and we thank you for your

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS) Director of Public Relations

& of odgen

RESTRICTED

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

A 1.	Name of observer C. S. P.F.R.R.I.N
2.	Address of observer. A. Reida St.
5	Loucaster Phone 857,8284
3.	Occupation of observer. Property the
S 4.	Date and time of start of observation. 5-2523/.5/73
5	How certain is the date?!!!!
	How accurate is the time of start?
() 5.	Duration of observation laured 10-20 seconds.
Ž	How accurate is your estimate?
S\$ 6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. In lead

	How familiar is observer with this locality? Lived in hotely Segeons
7.	Weather conditions at time of observationouercast
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
9.	Where was object first observed?:
	a. Relative to your surroundings FROM REAR OF House
	b. angle of elevation. FROM REAR OVER HOUSE TOWARDS WEST.
	c. compass angle bearing east to west to more from
	d. how accurate are these estimates? House free due west sound seemed
10.	What first attracted observer's attention?
11-	If there was more than one light/object :
	a. how many were there? sounded leke only one object
	b. in what formation were they? No object repulled.
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? ded not spelling
affarently	cloud was low
	50

13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100
	yards)
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?:
	a. relative to Venus or Moon
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and elevation
	how were these values assessed? East to West Abford to delerming in
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	Reverberating resenz , falling
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified)?. Ald. 15
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if
	an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the
	movement of familiar objects at stated distances Slow

20.	Give duration of any stationary phases. And not seem to declimally stop
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
23.	Where was object last observed :
	a. relative to your surroundings travelling toward west from house
	b. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing. 270°
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? . Sound feeled as by distance
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc)
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity. Elementary
	Survey studies
27.	How many witness to the eighting? Toney has how fore (MY WIFE)
	(MY WIFE)

28,	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining
1	your observation?
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed.

as near as I can determine the sound wade was similar to the the sounds made in a friture shown by Channel of an Jun day 20 may 1973 at 1.P.M. baled bonguora of atlantes,

Signature Stewart Herry Date 31/5/73



Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32. of the re	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity ported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type. Net considered)(2)(3)
	Heading T
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33. the repor	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of ted UFO position at the time.
	A/C type. Not considered)(2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Cive location of nearest ATD or ATA
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 37475. Longitude . 145.09 E
35. stars tha By day, g	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major t were in that position of the sky at that time. ive location of Venus only.
	Not considered
36.	A meteorological balloon was released from
	atzColourWeightgm
	Radio-sonde ** radar ** : Candle ** battery ** (Delete as required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked00 ft atZ
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of
38. comets, m	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, eteorites etc, relevant to the sighting.
Dry temp Den pour R.H	12° 15° 629, 629, 6210 St at 10,000'
12 .000	m 4 10 000

39. When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace if available and ascertain which of the aircraft The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting ** can/cannot be determined. 41. The object reported probably was ** / may have been ! a police car with suren activated travelling along Roncaster Rd, north of Mr Perrin's house The Victorian Police have not been able to locate a car in the area at the time but have stated that road patrols use sirens to dear in in short buists to clear approaching intersections or groups of They have no detailed records of police car movements unless called to a special point by D24 (police communications) 2. a slight temperature provision over Melbourne may have ducted the sound to Mr Perris (Unit) (Name of Investigating Officer) (Rank)

SKHTING # 2

THE ENTRANCE R FORMAGTON
NSW

580/1/1 Pt24 (2a) Mr R. Follington, Unit 7 1 8 JUL 1973 146 Albany Street, EAST GOSFORD NSW Dear Sir, With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 23rd May 1973, the opinion of the investigating team is that the cause was the image of the rising moon as seen through a severe temperature inversion. On that evening, the moonrise was calculated as approximately 10.50 pm for the latitude of the sighting position. In addition, a severe temperature inversion of 8 between the surface and 500 ft altitude was measured at Williamtown at 7.30 pm, thus creating ideal conditions of atmospheric density for immense low angle refraction of light. Your description of the sighting is practically identical to a description contained in the publication 'Scientific Study of Unidentified Flying Objects' written by Dr Edward Condon. A complete explanation (with diagrams) of the phenomenon of refraction relating to the sun or moon with an associated inversion is contained in the publication, and covers the 'split image' observation that you reported. The apparent horizontal movement can also be explained by the theory of refraction when related to a severe low level temperature inversion. We recommend the publication to you as very informative reading if you are interested in the studies of unusual aerial sightings. Yours faithfully, (G.J. ODGERS) Director of Public Relations

Royal Australian Air Force A273 - MEMORANDUM Stock No 7530-66-052-8064 May 72 FILE SOIL P. 24 (25) TJULTS HOWEN 5 /2/AIR (50) FROM ATTENTION TO FIO OF 43-173 HOWLM REPORTS OF UNUSUAL ARRIAM SIGHTINGS M GRETTON FOR REF 2408

RESTRICTED

ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

TELEPHONE: Newcastle 65-1221

IN REPLY QUOTE 5/2/A1r(50)

Headquarters
RAAF Base
WILLIAMTOWN NSW 2314

4th June 1973

19

The Secretary
Department of Air
Russell Offices
CALBERRA ACT 2600

For Information:

Headquarters Operational Command (Attn: CC Intel O)

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

- 1. Attached is a report on an unusual serial sighting submitted by Mr Robert Follington of East Gosford NSW, under the auspices of the Central Coast UFO Research Bureau. No further details are known other than those in the attached Report by Observer.
- The objects sighted were two sets of flashing orange lights, barely moving.
- No service aircraft from this Base were active in the area. A Masling Air Lines Beechcraft left Williamtown at 1912 hours for Sydney, but it is thought unlikely that this could have been the source of the sighting. Weather conditions were calm, visibility 20 nautical miles, and a severe temperature inversion of 8° from 0-500' was recorded at 1930 hours local. At the time of the sighting the moon, about \$\frac{3}{4}\$ size, was just above the horizon at a bearing of 120°. Three satellites were visible within the time span of 10 minutes before and after the sighting but have been discounted because of the very slow movement of the object.
- 4. However, as a result of the strong temperature inversion, it is possible that the sighting was a very distorted view of the rising moon.
- Forwarded for your further investigation.

A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH

(A.F. BLACKBURN)
Flight Lieutenant
for Officer Commanding

RESTRICTED

Was any method of propulsion obvious?...N.O...

MIL V. 1001.

/17. Describe

16.

1,000,0

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTIME CENTRAL COAS

Part I - Report by Observer

U.F.O.

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer ROBERT FOLLINGTON 40
2.	Address of observer VNIT. 7 - 144 ALBANY 5T
	EAST GOSFORD Home 963029
3.	Occupation of observer. CHIROTRACTOR
4.	Date and time of start of observation 2.3-5-73 7.20 P.M.
	How certain is the date? CERTAIN Y
	How accurate is the time of start? BY WRISTWAT CU
5.	Duration of observation. HYPKOX 5 HINUTES
	How accurate is your estimate? GUESSWORK.
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting HUTTON RD
	THE ENTRANCE NORTH NEW
	How familiar is observer with this locality? PRIVING FROM
	LOURLEY EVERY DAY.
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. VERY CLEAR
	NO CLOUD OR HAZE
в.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	Where were shired si
).	mete was object lirst observed:
	a. Relative to your surroundings O.V.T. TO SEA
	b. Angle of elevation30°-40°
	c. Compass angle bearing.
	d. How accurate are these estimates?
0.	What first attracted observer's attention? VERY BRIGHT. ORANGY - RED 4/GH.75
1.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. How many were there? 2 SETS.
	a. How many were there? ZSETS. b. In what formation were they?
2.	What was the colour of the light or object? ORANGE -RED
3.	What was the brightness? (Compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg, ordinary street light at 100 yards)
	BRILLIANT
4.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach:
	a. Relative to Venus or Moon. ABOUT MOON
	b. Relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes) UNARLE TO ESTIMATE.
5.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how
	were these values assessed?
5.	Was and a state of the state of
	Was any method of propulsion obvious?

17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity N/L.
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)?
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an
	estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. VERY -VERY SLOW
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases APPROX 5 SECONDS Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. SEE. BACK)
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. N.14
23.	Where was the object last observed:
	a. Relative to your surroundings. SAME. POSITION b. Angle of elevation30 - 40
	c. Compass angle bearing
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance?
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc)

26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain
	of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
	MVODE - W Winner
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting? MY.SERF GNLY KNOWN
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining
	your observation? NONE WHATSOEVER
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate,
	sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your
	surroundings. Use back of form,
	MANY DRANGE LICHTS ON EACH OBJECT, FLASHING WILDOW VLY
	D FLASHWAY OBJECT,
A	BEINE WILDOW
my a	at to be a second
, July	nature to accompany Raaf N. f.O.
report.	form.
	[-0]
	R. 6. Follington [PTO]
	1. 10. follington

17.	Describe any sound have
	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18.	
	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if
19.	odn be justified):
	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an
	of necessary, compare with the more
	ment of familiar objects at stated distances. V.ERY - VERY SLOW
20.	Care donald a co
21.	Give duration of any stationary phases. APPROX. 5 SECONDS
22.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres (SEE BACK)
~~.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. N.
23.	When the state of
-3.	Where was the object last observed:
	a. Relative to your surroundings. SAME Pos MION
24.	c. Compass angle bearing
25.	What was the manner of its disappearance? ! PROVE ANAY
-7.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc)
26.	04.4
20.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain
	of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
27.	How was a second
28.	How many witnesses to the sighting? MY.SEZF ONLY KNOWN
	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
29.	NOT AS YET.
-2.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining
30.	your observation? NONE WHATSOEVER.
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Diagonals 13 to the second sec
	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate,
	sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your
	surroundings. Use back of form,
	MANY DRANGE LICHTS
	DO FLASHING OBJECT
	FLASHING WILL
1	BROKE ONLY
1	APPLAN BY
19	PLASHING WILDLY, ONLY WHAT BROKEN BY BE A BLACK BAND
	BANN BANN
	1
	[PTO]

Signature.....

Date. 23-5-73

21 OBJECTS TRAVELLED ALONG COAST HOURS

BOTH DETECTS DENTICAL.

APPROX 100' APART, I OBJECT SLIGHTLY LOWER

ALSO ZIG ZAGGED UP + DOWN AS

KKKK

RESTRICTED

-3-

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	or position at the time:
	A/C type
	Heading
	Height
	Speed
3.5	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
2.4	*Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude3.3.20Longitude./5/30
3).	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were
	in that portion of the sky at the time. By day, give location of Venus only MOON - JUST BROVE HORIZON
36	A meteorological balloon was released from
	at
	Radio-sonde**/radar**; Candle**/battery** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of c at
	ft, measured at0430 7 hrs know /4/LM
	METEROCOGICACstation.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets,
20	meteorites etc relevant to the sighting. None Applicase E.
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace if
	available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were operating

10.	The course (on like)
11.	The object reported probable and formula to the sighting can*/connect* be determined.
	The object reported probably most /may have been* (delete as required)
	HAWIM
	HOWEM(Unit). A A BEACKBOOK(Name)
	44 June 1923 (Data) FLT LT
	(Remb

SIGHTAG # 1

DUBBO H. H. ASHMORE

NSW

Royal Australian Air Force
A273 -- MEMORANDUM
May 72 Stock No. 7538-68-052-8064 580 1/18-24(16) 12 ULTUL 73 51/1 AIR PA 1 (15) DEPAIR OF SO MAY 73 2 STODEP FIT LT R. L. DEAN REPORTS OF UNUSUAL AFRICA SIGHTINGS for your records is a Aus Department to reply to his report al letter to Mr H H Ashus re APPOINTMENT PHONE NO M CRETTON FLEREF IR D SHOY

580/1/1 Pt24 (1a)

1 3 JUL 1973

Mr H.H. Ashmore, 64 Bennett Street, DUBBO NSW 2830

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 14th April 1973, the opinion of the investigating team is that the sighting was of a light aircraft or 'World War II' type fighter aircraft.

In the Dubbo area, airspace is uncontrolled below an altitude of 18000 ft, and aircraft may operate below that altitude without flight notification to the Department of Civil Aviation. These flights are common but are impossible to check as no records are available.

We regret that the theoretical explanation cannot be confirmed, but trust that it is acceptable and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

Japan 3

MOR DIA



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

TELEPHONE DUBBO 82 4822

N REPLY QUOTE 5/1/Air Pt1(15)

No 2 Stores Depot Detachment "D" DUBBO NSW 2830

30th May 1973

Department of Air (DAFI)

For Information
Headquarters Support Command (Command Intel 0)
Headquarters Operational Command (SO Intel)

UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTINGS

Herewith report of unusual aerial sighting investigated by Flt Lt R. L. DEAN (04184) Acct.

Squadron Leader

Officer Commanding Detachment

Encl: Copy of Report of Unusual Aerial Sighting received from Mr H. H. Ashmore.



INVESTIGATING OFFICER'S REPORT ON THE SIGHTING OF AN UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECT AT DUBBO ON 14APR73

INTRODUCTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE

1. During the course of similar investigation submitted under cover of 2SDD 5/1/Air Pt1(14) 3MAY73 the following entry was noted in the DCA Control Tower Log Book at Dubbo:

"14APR73 1120 Mr Harold Ashmore reports sighting a silver object proceeding south doing aerobatics - no noise estimated travelling at 200 KTS at about 10,000ft.
Object viewed by Mr Ashmore and another person with
binoculars until it disappeared at about 1110 to
the south. Mr Ashmore phone 82 4372."

Mr Ashmore was interviewed on 7th May 1973 and returned the pro forma attached to the unit on 17th May 1973.

QUALITY OF THE EVIDENCE

- 3. Mr Ashmore appears quite sincere in his belief that there are "beings out there" and is emphatic that he made a previous night sighting some two years before but did not report.
- 4. The qualified pilot who is stated to have witnessed the sighting is said to have moved to Western Australia, his address being unknown. His name was not given.

UNIT EVALUATION

- 5. Bubbo Airport tower have no record of any aircraft in the area at the time of the sighting and other information required by Part 2 of the pro-forma is not readily available.
- The cause of the sighting cannot be determined. 6.

What first attracted observer's attention?

2SDD DUBBO

(R. L. DEAN) Flight Lieutenant 29th May 1973 Investigating Officer

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Fart 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form)

1.	Name of Observer Hardy Henry Achmore Age 1.7.
2.	Address of Observer 64 Benneth St. Dubbo 9830.
	Phone Number 82. 4372
3.	Occupation of Observer Retired College
4.	Date & Time of Start of Observation APR 3
	How certain is the date? . D.C.A. serfunction of report
	How accurate is the time of start? Confirmation.
5.	Duration of Observation. 7. 15.10 Miles.
	How accurate is your estimate? established at start by Kine signal
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. J. Action
	64 +66 Bennell St. Dusho
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation.
	day very latte cloud les that to cominge
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	Buraulass
9.	Where was object first observed?:
	a. Relative to your surroundings. Directer sverhead
	b. angle of elevation95 (12 orlank)
	c. compass angle bearing Due Sentt-
(4)	d. how accurate are those estimates? bearing checked by Prometic Con
0.	What first attracted observer's attention?
	Sulgh
1.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. how many were there?
	b. in what formation were they?

\$ 12.	What was the colour of the light or object?
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100 yards)
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?:
	a. relative to Venus or Moon
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches from eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed? Bearing & Elevater, were constant
	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
16.	
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity.
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? ost height 10,000 &t
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances
	Min Jelenetty 200 K Moximum 2 Vary High Speed
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manocuvres. The Performent account management
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
	None
23.	Where was object last observed? :
	a. relative to your surroundings. clembing very Sast due South
	b. angle of clevation
	c. compass angle bearing Due Soutt
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance?
	get Due South at great speed - for above normal according speeds
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity, etc)
1	***************************************

26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity. Office of Quality and Alet -
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting?
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
	No
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation?
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
	object fee formed controlled acceptations" and was propolled at his value
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form if needed.
Sign	angle of political department dens. House House
- 518	natureDatcDatc

REGISTRY CLASSIFICATION PARTICULARS

1	CLASSIFIER		
1	Original/Copy		
2	Duplicate Copy made	6 JUN 1973	
3	Date opened		

	REGISTRATION	SECONFIDENTIAL.
2	Security Classification Title Reports Objects	on Flying Sources and other acral
3	Registration Number	580-1-1 PT 24 (new point)
5	Cancel File No Movements Section of ca	neellation and new File No
7	Close File No	PT 23 with File(s)

	Subject Imdex		
		Posting	Precis
	name index		
1		Heading	Presis
2		Alter File No on Logging Card for	
		Letter plated	Reference No

10187/72-L

PLE NO		PART	TITLE RE	PORTS	ON FLYING	SAUCERS	AND
580 1	1	24			OBJECTS		
ARCI AL ACTION							
REFERRED TO	FOLIO FOR ATTENTION	DATE	ACTIONED BY INITIALS				
Macement	ATTENTION	T-6-72	Kime				
DAR	Lile	6673					
	1	Manu					

9110 Dec 10 7330 55 507 5		DEF		MENT OF AIR			
FILE No.		PART	TITLE	EPORTS ON F	LYING	SAU	CERC
580 1	1	24		OTHER PER			
ARCHIVAL ACTION					NO. MOVES		3
			ME IN		MINN A		B THE
REFERRED TO	FOLIO FOR ATTENTION	DATE REFERRED	ACTIONED BY (INITIALS)	REFERRED TO	FOLIO FOR ATTENTION	DATE	ACTIONED BY (INITIALS)
DAFI	Like	₽ -6-23					The last section is
PA 73	Jih	284480					
				P SINCE			
de to	host.	neclece				11 (1)	
The state of the s					HIE		
25-							
	4 3 - 5			THE WAY			
17.24		BR				Real Property of	cr
				THE STATE OF THE STATE OF			580
				The second	P. F. FE		
No. of Concession, Name of Street, or other party of the last of t							-
							~
1							13
***							2
	The same						

OTHER FILES BEARING ON THIS SUBJECT

FILE No	TITLE
VRPL 1-22	
XBPts 1-23 Downgraded	7-6-73
1	
1/	
ALCOHOLD TO THE PARTY OF THE PA	

AR 159 Introduced 1976 Stock No 7530-66-093-3094

SUBJECT:

UNCLASSIFIED

DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE

OLD AIR 580

Part No

REPORTS ON FLYING SAUCERS AND OTHER AERIAL OBJECTS.

Folia	Referred to	Date Referred	Actioned by (Inits)	/	Folio	Referred to	Date Referred	Actioned by (Inits)		
	PA 73	28-11-80	W							
		26/1/82		-						
Field	Por Away	1/8/84	dh							
	PAT AWAY PAT3	7701	av.							
						-0				
				C						
				, E						
		UN								
				2 8						
									O L S	
									D 3 8	
								N/A	J]	
	RESERVED AND A			B					280	
	THE RELEASE								0	
	The state of the s		120			Break Town	NA.			
								7.5		
								N ST		
	ARCHIVAL ACTION									

RESTRIC

INSTRUCTIONS ON THE PROCEDURES TO BE FOLLOWED IN THE FILING OF CORRESPONDENCE AND THE HANDLING OF FILES ARE CONTAINED IN DEPARTMENTAL AND SINGLE SERVICE MANUALS

	Dla	REST	28-11-80						
CLOSELY RELATED FILES									
File Number	Subject								
			THE REAL						
			NAME OF						
THE RESERVE THE PARTY OF THE PA	KIND LAND								
	Hamer end								
	THE PRINT !								