DEPARTMENT OF DEFENCE

FILE NO

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REPORTS ON FLYING SAUCERS AND OTHER AFRIAL OBJECTS.

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SUMMARY OF SIGHTINGS

TA						
EF	No	PRICE DATE	PERSON	RECEIP!	REPLY	REMARKS
	1,	KIMBA SA	B.L. HUNT	6MAR73	2 MAY 73	FURTHER WAS REQUESTED BY FORM 21.
	V	4 FEB 73			V	FURTHER WIS REQUESTED PLATONO 21. RAPIS MERINA - PERISE IRNAS FATILLES
	2		ExMINE GEORGE	6 MAR 73	13 MAN 73	PSSIBLE BALLOON
	1	15 FEB 73			1	
	3	COOLANGIAMA QUE	RNICOL	13 MAR 73	13 APR 73	PRINTE HENCEPICK AND POOLS
	1	14 JAN 73			V	DE WATER REFERENCE MOON WORTH
	eL.	SURTARS PARADINE (D)	Mª 1 GALENP	13MAR 73	20 MAR 73	PROBHELL HELICOPTER
	+	HJAN 73	The state of		/	TOTAL MARKET TEN
	5	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	MEL COPAS	20MAR 73.	23 MAR 73	BANTAS A/C
	9	10 MAR 73	BARRY COPAS	William /Gr	13	(Apr 68) Answered
	6			23 MAR 73	26 414973	SATURN OR CAPELLA.
1	9		MR R.J. SANDERS	23 PM 13	2011/013	SETTIED DE CAPELLA.
1	7	24 FEB 78	M.O. 1105 1105		12 22. 2	
	KN .		MB MES KTHAN	11 DEC 72	1341278.	TWO KIGHT MERCHET
	-	11 DEC 72	- 120	7	A 4 70	REFLECTIONS SUNDIGHT
	8	AMBERIEY OLD	J. V. STOREY	17MAR 73	2 APR 78	MONNEY MOTEORITE OR SPACE
	V	17MAR73				AFBRIS RE-ENTRY
1	9	NEWCASTLE NSW	TV MEBSKER	3 APR 75	12 APX 73	Romany Mirage Arrent
1	V	13 419273			V	
	10	MEREWEATHER NOW	K. KELLNER	3 APR 73	12 APR 75	METGERITE OR SAINE DESKIS
	V	15 414273			/	RE-ENTRY
	11	BENMONT Non	DMEGILL	3 APR 73	14 NAY 73	MARSH GAS
	/	9 MAR73				
	12	SPRINGBROOK QUD	J. PILSRIM	17 APR 78	22 may 73	UNKNOWN (PRES KUGELELITE)
	V	9 APR 73			V	
	13,	LOCKLEYS SA	DR. LEESON	17 APR 78	30APY/13	SPACE DEBRIS REENTRY
	V	10 APR 78				ACCUSED FOR THE PARTY OF THE PA
	14	DARWIN NT	G. HOWELLS	26 APR78	2 MAY 73	POWER KINE INSULATORS.
93	V	4 APR 73			/	
I	15	ROCHEDALE ON	HES BOBBERHIEN	26 APR 73	30cm/ 13	KurékéLITZ.
	EV.	7 APR 73			/	
-	16	WYNNUM NITH DU	MRS HANKINSON	26 APR 73	22 MAY 73	MAKAGUAN KHREL BATE
	PAV	11 APR 73			V	Possible civil F27.
	-					



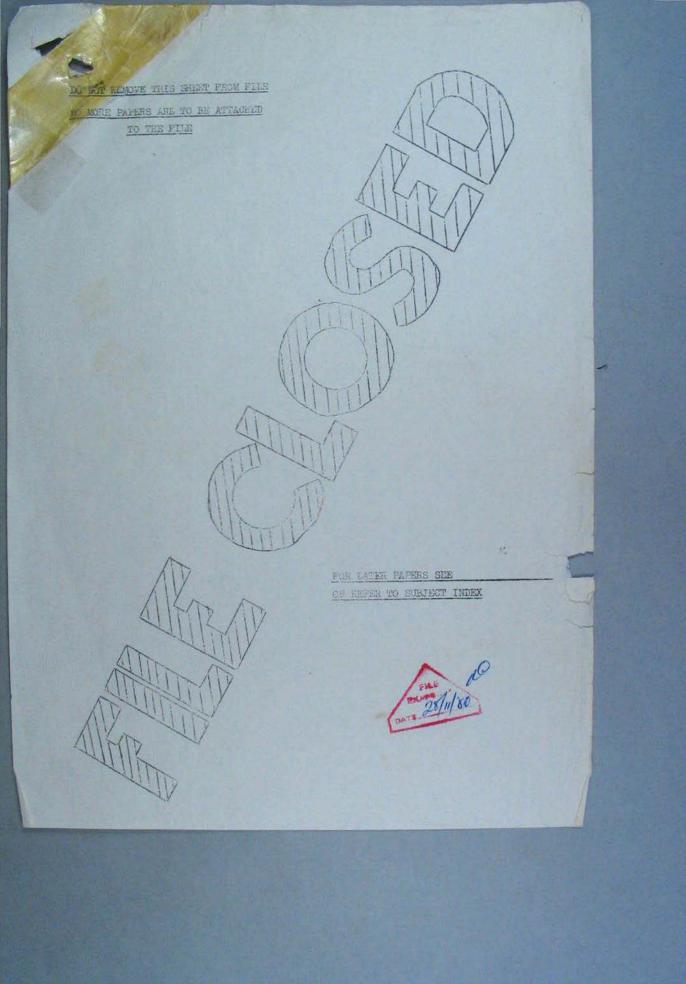
RECLASSIFICATION OF FILES

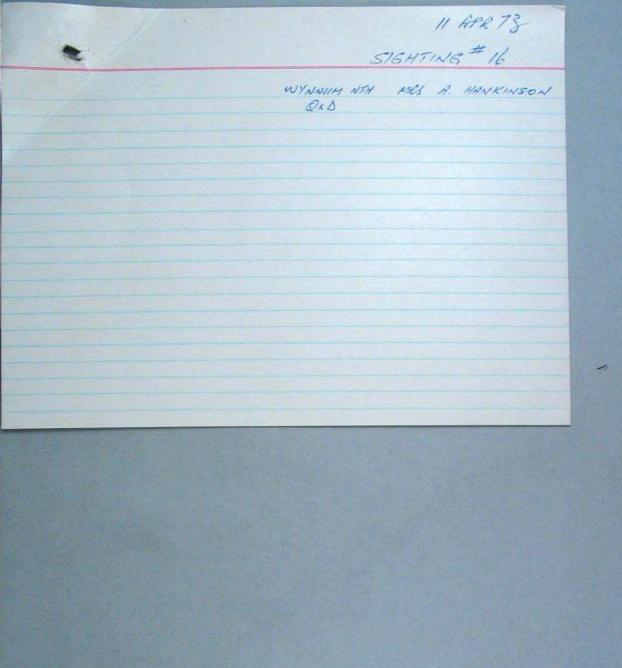
Reference: A. DI(AF)AAP 810 para 326.

In accordance with Reference A, all folios, in all parts of Department of Air File series 580/1/1 are reclassified 'UNCLASSIFIED' with effect 7 May 82.

(G.A. PERSKE)

7 May 82





Royal Australian Air Force

A273 - MEMORANDUM

May 72 Stock No 7530-66-052-8004

FILE

SROIII (17B) DATE

VOUR 5 9 AIR(12)

ATTENTION

OF 17 APR B HOAMB REPORTS OF UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTINGS for your records, is a copy Exchasure: lopy of letter to Mrs. A Hankinson MI CRETTON FLG OFF IR & APPOINTMENT

2 3 MAY 1973

580/1/1 Pt 21 (17a)

Mrs A. Hankinson, 363 Wyanum North Road, WYNNUR NORTH, QLD 4178

Dear Mrs Hankinson,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 11th April 1973, it is regretted that the investigating team has been unable to conclusively determine the cause.

Normally, logical explanations are available in answer to sighting reports, and theories investigated in relation to your report covered RAAF and Civil air movements, and movement of meteorological measurement devices. Unfortunately, none of these theories corresponded to the time period as stated in your report. A feasible explanation, which would only be relevant if there was an inaccuracy in the stated time of sighting, is that the sighting was of a 'Fokker Friendship' aircraft which departed Eagle Farm airport in a north easterly direction, at 0205 hrs.

For your information, of the 653 sightings reported to the RAAF to date, approximately 93% have been explained, 6% have had insufficient detail provided for adequate investigation, and 1% are unexplained. Unless a time discrepancy is possible, your report must be categorized as unexplainable.

We thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

Jahrah sylvanis

Royal Australian Air Force A 73 Feb 70 MEM	For use within the RASF only Write or print clearly	S/9/Air	FOLIO 12
FROM HRAMB		DATE 17 ADR 73	REFERENCES
DEPAIR,		DAFI- IR	
SUBJECT	REPORTS		
FORWARDE	ARE TWO UPO	REPORTS	
	** *** ***	0-0-0-6	2-11
ENCLOSU	RE: TINO UFO	REPORTS - 13	W / B
		RECE	VED E
		26 AP	
		Va	
SIGNATURE	PRINTED NAME	RANK APPOINTMEN	T PHONE EXT
Auch Davison	A. T. JAVISON	FLG OFF ISAN INTEL	

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of Observer Mas A. HANKINSON ARE ABOUT
2.	Address of Observer. 363 WYNNUM NORTH RD
	WYNNUM AN NORTH Phone 965084
3.	Occupation of Observer Housewife
4.	Date and time of start of observation. U.AR 13 0130
	How certain is the date? Certain
	How accurate is the time of start? . ± 5 min 5
5.	Duration of observation 2 mins
	How accurate is your estimate? ± 30 Accs
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting
	front room of house.
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
	5 years residence.
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation
	Clean right - not sure if moon or stars were visible
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	Eyesight only
9.	Where was object first observed:
	(a) Relative to your surroundings. Out. 10.1.
	house approx 2 miles way
	(b) angle of elevation
	(c) compass angle bearing
	(d) how accurate are these estimates. ±. 10°
10.	What first attracted observer's attention?
	Uniqual lights

RESTRICTED

0205 dala

11-	If there was more than one light/object:
	(a) how many were there?
	(b) in what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? dilw black
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or
	common light source at a stated distance, e.g. ordinary
	street light at 100 yards) Very intense light
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach:
	(a) relative to to or Moon. Three times larger than moon
	(b) relative dimensions in inches at arm's length
	(about 20 inches from the eyes)
	3" at arm's length
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest
	approach and how were these values assessed?
	MNW on howar - approximation.
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?No
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and
	intensityNil
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or
	height, if an estimate can be justified)? howen > 35°
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or
	speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary,
	compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated
	distances. Viny fost.
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases Momentarily
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres Alingh
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
	Abinning tail of yellow, orange, green, purple red
23.	Where was object last observed:

-3-

	(a) relative to your surroundingsN.W
	(b) angle of elevation
	(c) compass angle bearing
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? Vanished
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as
	fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations,
	residual magnetism or radioactivity etc)No
26.	State any training which enables observer to be
	reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles
	and angular velocityNil
27.	How many witness to the sighting?None
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the
	area?No
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest
	to explaining your observation? None known
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If
	appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in
	relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if
	needed. Red light Green light
	(SILVER)
	Black
	3
	SILVER B
	d and then
ours of	need out from here
	All and garage
Sign	ature of Bankinson Date 12th April 1713
	RESTRICTED

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

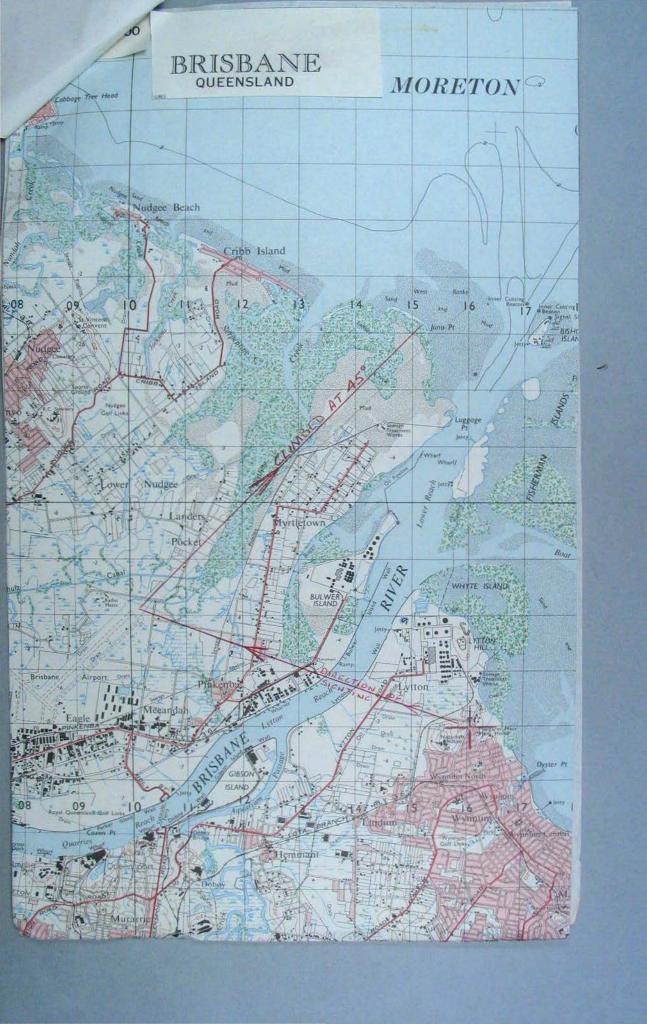
32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of
	the reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3) Heading
	HeadingTT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000ft
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000ftK
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the
	reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(3)
	reported UFO position at the time: A/C type(1)
	SpeedKK
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 27. 27.5. Longitude 153.09.
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major
	stars that were in that portion of the sky at that time.
	By day, give location of Venus only. Jupital AND MARS
	WERE BOTH LOW IN EASTERN SKY.
36.	A meteorological ballon was released from NOT. RELEASED
	at.UNTL. Z Colour
	Radio-sonde**/radar: Candle**/pattery**(**delete as
	required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked,000 ft atZ
	Was it known to have burst?

..../5.

-5-

1	
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of
	°C atft, measured atZ hrs
	fromstation.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons,
	commets, meteorites etc. relevant to the sighting
	LATEST SAT PRED NOT AVAILABLE
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include
	radar trace if available, and ascertain which of the
	aircraft lights were operating

40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/cannot*
	be determined.
41.	The object reported probably was*/may have been* (delete
	as required)
	I thought their the sighting was
	probably an aircraft departing Eagle Farm but
	0
	DCA records do not support this. As the observer
	was looking over two refineries and an industrial
	area of Brisbane I consider that the rainbow
	effect of the 'exhaust' may have been caused
	effect of the 'exhaust' may have been coursed by the refraction of light through the prevailing
	ay and safety and so personny
	smoke haze.
****	150N (Unit) P.T. DAVISON (Name)
	A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR



REPORT ON UFO SIGHTING AT WYNNUM NORTH, QLD ON 11TH APRIL 1973

- 1. An investigation into the reported sighting of an unidentified flying object was conducted by Flying Officer P.T. Davison, RAAF Base, Amberley.
- 2. Mrs Hankinson reported the sighting to 82 Wing Intel Section at 1500 on 11th April 1973. An interview was arranged for 1100 the following day. In the opinion of the investigating officer the observer, approximate ago sixty years, appeared to be a sound, rational person, not subject to an exagerated imagination.
- 3. The unusual yelping of her dog awakened Mrs Hankinson at approximately 0130 on 11th April 1973. As she moved through the house she observed a bright light shining through the sunroom window. The light appeared to be over the other side of the Brisbane River, bearing WIW approximately three miles away.
- 4. Mrs Hankinson described what she saw as a black and silver spinning top with red and green lights near the top and a 'fire coloured' exhaust. The object hovered nomentarily before flying away to the north, climbing at an angle of forty five degrees.
- 5. The object reportedly left an exhaust trail similar to a rainbow but much more intense. This exhaust trail took some minutes to dissipate.
- 6. The path of the UFO would be consistent with that of an aircraft departing Eagle Farm airport but DCA had no flights at this time. There was a departure at 0330 but Mrs Hankinson is sure that her sighting was around 0130.
- 7. During the interview Mrs Hankinson stated that she had seen the object once before. One afternoon, approximately one month ago, she saw the UFO hovering in the same position as the latest sighting. It then flew away on a similar flight path. On this occasion the exhaust trail was evident for some hours after the departure of the UFO.

7 APR 78 SIGHTING # 15 ROCHEBALE MES BOSSERMIEN

580/1/1 7-21(168)

1 MAY 73

DEPAIR (DAFI)

HOAMB

1500 10-500

Your 5/9/Air (12) af 17 APR 73

REPORT RE UNUSUAL HERM SIGHTINGS

Enclosed for your records is a copy of letter from this Department to Mrs Bobbernien in answer to her report of an unusual abrial significance.

ENCLOSURE: Copy of letter to Mrs Bossernien.

W. CHURCH M CRETTON FIG DEF 18-2 JUDS

580/1/1 Ft21 (16A)

Mrs Bobbermien, 296 Miles Platting Road, ROCHEDALE QLD 4123

Dear Mrs Bobbermien,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 7th April 1973, the investigating team has determined that the most probable cause of the sighting was a phenomenon known as 'Ball Lightning', or 'Kugelblitz'.

To explain the phenomenon, the following detail has been extracted from the Report on the Scientific Study of Unidentified Flying Objects, carried out in the U.S.A. by Dr Edward Condon, for the U.S. Air Force:

'Among the most mysterious manifestations of atmospheric electricity is the phenomenon of ball lightning, or Kugelblitz. A glowing ball either (1) appears after a cloud to ground lightning flash and remains near the ground, or (2) is first seen in midair, descending from a cloud, or arising from no obvious cause, thereafter remaining aloft until it vanishes. Some 85" of observers agree that the size and brightness of the ball remains roughly constant throughout the period of sighting and that no changes occur, even immediately prior to its disappearance. A minority report brightening and colour changes. The colours red, orange and yellow are most common, but most other colours are seen occasionally. About 30% of observers detect internal motions or rotation of the ball itself, although this may depend on the distance from the ball of the observer. Several reports do indicate some guidance from telephone or power lines and by grounded objects.

The description given is closely identifiable to the American observers' descriptions, and no other 'normal' theory investigated by the team was feasible.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory, and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS) Director of Public Relations

M 27 Apr 73

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

16

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of Observer. Mas Bobbermien	Age About
2.	Address of Observer. 296 MILES.	PLATTING RO
4.	ROCHEDALE	
	Occupation of Observer. Housewife	in thomes in the second
3.	Occupation of Observer	74 Anie 1972 0330
4.	Date and time of start of observation.	
	How certain is the date?loo	+ 2-
	How accurate if the time of start?.	2 . 30 Mins
5.	Duration of observation Approx.	Jimis
	How accurate is your estimate?	Il min
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting	B. In bedroom at
	front of house	
	How familiar is observer with this	locality?
	Extremely damilian	
	Weather conditions at time of observat	
7.	light mostlight right - no s	
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the	
	eyesight only	
9.	Where was object first observed:	NE.
	(a) Relative to your surroundings	NE
	(b) angle of elevation	± 5°
	(c) compass angle bearing	NE ± 10°
	(a) how accurate are these estimate.	S
10.		
10.	llog's unusual back & clicking	
1		

11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	(a) how many were there?
	(b) in what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or abject? getter of dispused
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or
	common light source at a stated distance, e.g. ordinary
	street light at 100 yards) luy strong - observer had to
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach:
	(a) relative to Venus or Moon. Much langer
	(b) relative dimensions in inches at arm's length
	(about 20 inches from the eyes) approx. 2 ft x ! ft.
	at arm's length.
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest
	approach and how were these values assessed?
	10-15° approximation
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious? Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and
	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity. Acres of double wicks.
	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity. Acres & double ricks
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity. Acres & double ricks
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity. Acres of double wicks.
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity. Acres of double rucks. What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? Little change.
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity. Acres of double chicks. What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? Little change. What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity. Acres of double rucks. What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? Little change. What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. Appear 5-10 mph.
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity. Acres of double rucks. What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? Lattle rhange. What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. After 5-10 mph. Give duration of any stationary phases. Landaugus navenual.
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity. Acres of double rucks. What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? Lattle rhange. What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. After 5-10 mph. Give duration of any stationary phases. Landaugus navenual.
17. 18. 19.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity. Acres of double chicks. What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? Little change. What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. After 5-10 mpl. Give duration of any stationary phases continuous nevenual Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. Attacky fight. Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
17. 18. 19.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity. Acres of Abuble Alicks. What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an estimate can be justified)? Little change. What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. After 5-10 mph. Give duration of any stationary phases continuous neveral Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. Steady fight

.../3

	(a) relative to your surroundings Outside bedroom
	(b) angle of elevation (0°
	(c) compass angle bearing. 90°
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? Over hill
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as
	fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations.
	residual magnetism or radioactivity etc)No
26.	State any training which enables observer to be
	reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles
	and angular velocity None
27.	How many witness to the sighting?No
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the
	area?No
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest
	to explaining your observation? . No known phenomenon
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If
	appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in
	relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if
	needed.
	bright blue light
	light

Signature. E. Bobbernier. : Date. 12th April 1973.

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

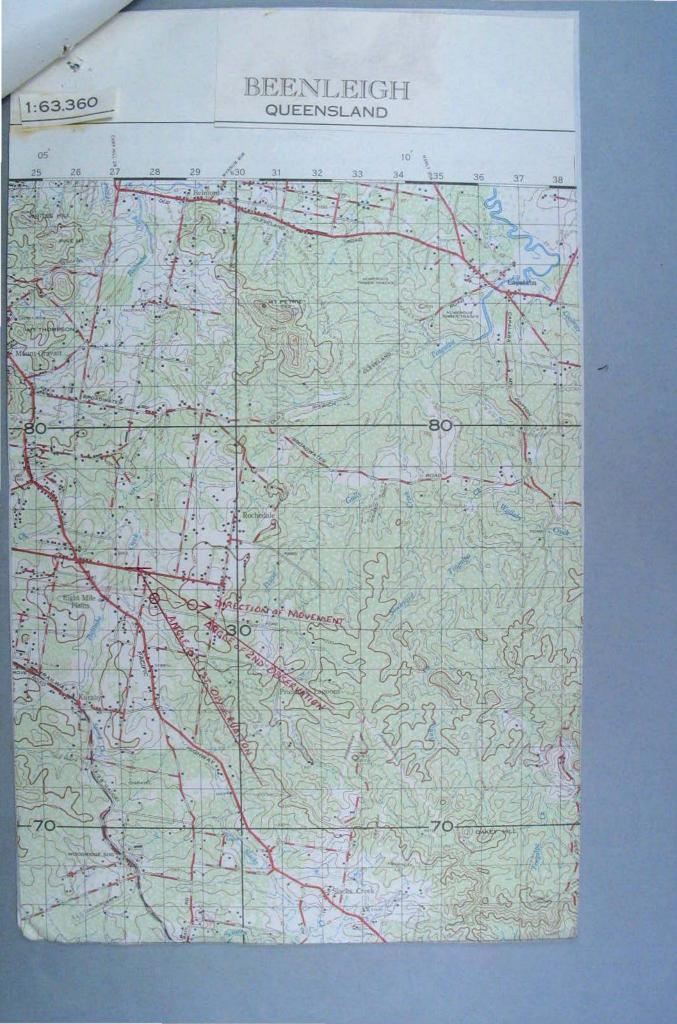
32.	The following military aircraft were in the Chairty of
	the reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height,000 ft,000 Ft,000 ft,000ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the
	reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(2)(3)
	A/C type(1)(2)(3) Heading
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000
	SpeedK
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 17.34.45. Longitude 5.3.06 F.
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major
	stars that were in that portion of the sky at that time.
	By day, give location of Venus only. Jufiter * MARS
	LOW IN EASTERN SKY
36.	A meteorological ballon was released from
	atZ Colour
	Radio-sonde**/radar: Candle**/battery**(**delete as
	required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked,000 ft atZ
	Was it known to have burst?

..../5.

-5-

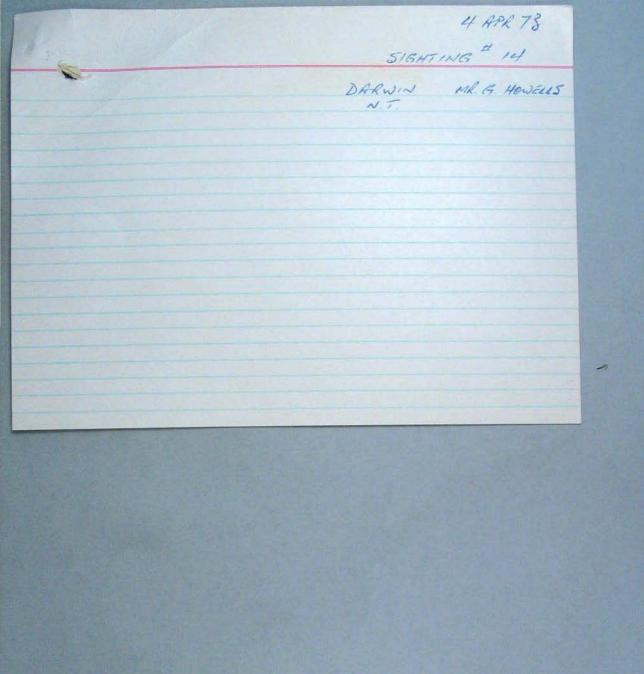
37.	
	°C at
	fromstation.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons,
	commets, meteorites etc. relevant to the sighting
	SATELLITE BULLETIN NOT AVAILABLE. T
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include
	radar trace if available, and ascertain which of the
	aircraft lights were operating
40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/cannot*
	be determined.
47.	The object reported probably was*/may have been* (delete
	as required)
	Probably some form of electricity on
	power lines that are located in the
	area where Mrs Bossermien was looking.
	was working.

1 SQN	INTEL	(Unit)	P.T. DAI	IISON.	.(Name)
13 APR	.73	(Date)	FLG	OFF	. (Rank)



REPORT ON UPO SIGHTING AT ROCHEDALE OLD ON 7TH APRIL 1973

- 1. An investigation into the reported sighting was conducted by Flying Officer P.T. Davison, RAAF Base, Amberley.
- 2. Mrs Bobbermien reported the sighting to 82 Wing Intel Section on 11th April 1973. An interview was arranged for 0930 the following day. In the opinion of the investigating officer Mrs Bobbermien was a sound, rational person, not subject to an exagerated imagination.
- 3. On the morning of 7th April 1973 she was awakened by the unusual yelping of her dog and a sound described as a "click click" sound. The time was approximately 0330. The noise was similar to the on/off switching of electric power. She observed a light shining into her bedroom and went to the window to investigate. She saw a blue, oval shaped light near the road at the front of the house. The light illuminated the surrounding area.
- 4. The light was observed to move slowly along the road in an ESE direction, accompanied by the clicking sound. The observed light slowly disappeared over the top of the slight hill approximately 200 metres E of Mrs Bobbermien's location.
- 5. In the investigating efficer's opinion the light could have been some form of electricity moving along the power lines adjacent to the road. The orientation of the power lines would be consistent to the reported path of the light. A search was made for any transformers in the immediate area but to no avail. Heavy duty power lines, part of the SEA grid system, are located approximately 1000 metres west of Mrs Bobbermien's house.



DEPAIR (DAFI)

FILADH

FIO

Your 5/4/mir (52) a= 13 APR73

2 MAY 73

ROORTS OF LINUISMAN HERML SIGHTINGS

of a letter from this Department to Mr G. Howells in apply to report of an issueral acrad sighting.

ENCOSURE: Copy of a letter to Mr. C. Howelle.

M Circles M. CIRETTON FLORE IR. S SHOP

- 2 MAY 1973

580/1/1 Pt21 (15A)

Mr G. Howells, 7 Parsons Street, Fannie Bay, DARWIN, NT 5700

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 4th April 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause of the sighting was reflection from telephone/power line insulators.

The reasons for this determination are:

- a. the object was always to the left and forward of the car;
- the object could not be seen when the lights of the vehicle failed; and,
- c. it is known from reliable people that insulators along the Stuart Highway give intense green and red reflections from vehicles headlights.

Although in the investigating officer's report it was stated that no apparent fault was evident in the electrical wiring of the motor vehicle, the particular model vehicle is fitted with a circuit breaker in the headlight wiring system. This circuit breaker protects the electrical system automatically in the event of electrical overload or short circuit. When the circuit breaker actuates, the circuit is opened and lights extinguish until sufficient cooling occurs for the circuit breaker to reset and again close the circuit. This circuit breaker actuation would be responsible for the 'clicking' noises heard.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

Toplan Britings



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

TELEPHONE, DARWIN 69 9911

Headquarters RAAF Base DAFI DARWIN NT 5793

IN REPLY QUOTE 5/4/Air (32)

13th April 1973

Department of Air (Attention: DAFI)

ORFI For Information

Headquarters Operational Command

INVESTIGATION OF UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Enclosed is a report of an unusual sighting in the Northern Territory on the night of 3rd April 1973.

Squadron Leader For Officer T/Commanding

Enclosure: Part I and II Sighting Report (5 pages)



REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer
2.	Address of observer7. PARSONS STREET. FANNIE BAY DARWIN NT. 5790
	Phone. 818317
3.	Occupation of observer
4.	Date and time of start of observation. 4TH APRIL 1973 APPROX 1.30 TO
	How certain is the date? DEFINITE 2.30 AM
	How accurate is the time of start. ESTIMATED
5.	Duration of observation. 35 MINUTES
	How accurate is your estimate? ESTIMATE, BUT SEEMED QUITE LONG
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting ABOUT 110 MILES SOUTH OF
	DARWIN ON STUART HIGHWAY HEADING TOWARDS DARWIN
	How familiar is observer with this locality? TRAVELLED THROUGH
	THIS AREA ABOUT 12 TIMES
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation CLEAR. NO RAIN. PLENTY OF
	STARS - NO MOON.
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	NIL USED
9.	Where was object first observed:
	(a) Relative to your surroundings LEFT OF CAR - SEVERAL MILES

	(b) angle of elevation. APPROX 30 DEGREES - CLOSE TO HILLS
	(c) compass angle bearing. ABOUT SOUTH-WEST
	(d) how accurate are these estimatesGOOD
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? BLINKING LIGHT WITH
	DIFFERENT COLOURS
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	(a) how many were there? ONE ONLY NOTICED
	(b) in what formation were they?

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12.	What was the colour of the light or object?RANGING BLUE/YELLOW/GREEN
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, e.g. ordinary street light at 100
	yards)VERY BRIGHT
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach:
	(a) relative to Venus or Moon. MUCH BIGGER THAN VENUS - NOT AS LARGE
	(b) relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes). (FERHAPS) SEVEN INCHES
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and
	how were these values assessed? LEFT SIDE OF CAR (CAR HEADING TOWARDS
	DARWIN) UP TO A MILE AWAY, ALMOST GROUND LEVEL
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?. NO
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	CLICKING SOUND AS LIGHTS ON CAR WERE SWITCHED ON AND OFF - BY THE UFO
18.	What was the maximum and minimumangle of elevation (or height, if
	an estimate can be justified)?. GENERALLY, SAME LEVEL
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an
	estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the move-
	ment of familiar objects at stated distances. KEPT UP WITH CAR -
	65 MPH TO 5 MPH
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases. ALOMOST ONE MINUTE- ABOUT SIX TIMES.
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvresNIL
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seenNIL VAPOUR
	. WHOLE OBJECT GLOWED
23.	Where was object last observed:
	(a) relative to your surroundings SEEMED TO DISAPPEAR ABOVE
	(b) angle of elevation
	(c) compass angle bearing
24.	What was the manner of its desappearance?GLOW. DISSIPATED
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	or radioactivity etc) . CAR LIGHTS WERE TURNED 'OFF' AND 'ON' DURING
	ENCOUNTER LIGHTS WERE OK AT CORNERS BUT TURNED OFF FREQUENTLY ON STRAIGHT STRETCHES. LIGHTS NOT CONTROLLED BY DRIVER.

- 3 -

26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain
	of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
27.	How many witness to the sighting?NIL
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining
	your observation?NONE
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
	NEVER ENCOUNTERED ANYTHING SIMILAR
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate,
	sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your sur-
	roundings. Use back of form, if needed.

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UPO position at the time:
	A/C typeNIL(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	SpeedK
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported UFO
	position at the time:
	A/c(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingTT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA. AREA OF 13.355 131.25E
34.	Observer's location: LatitudeLongitudeLongitude
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were
	in that portion of the sky at that time. By day, give location of
	Venus onlyNIL AT THIS TIME

36.	A meteorological balloon was released from. DARWIN. AIRPORT
	at. 03 //30 Z Z Colour
	Radio-sonde**/radar**: Candle**/battery** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile NORTH WEST
	Maximum Might tracked 21. 79. Km ,000 24 at
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of°C at
	Z hrs from
	Station.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, commets,
	meteorites etc. relevant to the sighting NO. KNOWN ONES .AT .THIS. TIME

- 5 -

1	
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace
	if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were
	operating
40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/c
	mined.
41.	The object reported xxxxixixxxxx*/may have been* (delete as required)
	REFLECTIONS FROM TELEPHONE/POWER LINE INSULATORS
3/4 AP DARWIN	MR HOWELLS HAD DEPARTED BAMYILI, A STATION ABOUT 50 MILES SOUTH HERINE (219 ROAD MILES SOUTH OF DARWIN), AT APPROX 9 PM OF THE NIGHT OF RIL 1973. HE STOPPED FOR A SHORT WHILE AT KATHERINE AND THEN DROVE TO . HE WAS DRIVING A 1961 FB HOLDEN STATION SEDAN. AFTER INTERVIEWING ELES THE REASONSFOR THE STATEMENT IN PARA 41 ARE:
are now	A. THE OBJECT WAS ALWAYS TO THE LEFT AND SLIGHTLY FORWARD OF THE CAP
	B. THE OBJECT COULD NOT REALLY BE SEEN WHEN THE LIGHTS OF THE
	VEHICLE FAILED.
	C. HIS REASON FOR SLOWING DOWN WAS BECAUSE OF THE LIGHTS FAILING AND NOT BECAUSE OF THE OBJECT.
	D. TWO OTHER RELIABLE PEOPLE , HAVE STATED THAT INSULATORS ALONG THIS ROAD THROW OUT GREEN AND RED REFLECTIONS FROM VEHICLE HEADLIGHTS.
The Real Property lies and the least and the	THE TIME IS APPROXIMATELY ONLY AS MR HOWELLS DID NOT HAVE A WATCH. ACE IS IDENTIFIED ONLY BY NOTING THE 110 MILE PEG SOMETIME DURING ATION OF THE OBJECT.
3. UNTIL	MR HOWELLS STOPPED THE FIRST VEHICLE HE MET COMING FROM DARWIN. THIS TIME HE HAD THE OBJECT UNDER OBSERVATION. THE DRIVE OF THE OTHER
	E HAD NOT NOTED ANYTHING UNUSUAL. MR HOWELLS COMPLETED THE JOURNEY WIN WITHOUT FURTHER SIGHTING THE OBJECT.
4. SO MAY	MR HOWELLS IS A SOBER TYPE OF PERSON BUT DOES BELIEVE IN UFO'S LET HIS IMAGINATION TAKE OVER AT TIMES.
5. VEHICI	THERE WAS NO APPARENT FAULT IN THE ELECTRICAL WIRING OF THE
HEAL	DOUARTERS DARWIN (Unit Astepleton (Name)
101	H APRIL 1973
	(Date)souadrow.LEADER(Rank)

10 APR78 SIGHTING # 18 LOCKLEYS DR. LEESON S. A.

580/1/18-21(148)

1 MAY 73

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DEPAIR (AAFI)

F10

Your 6/13/AIR (5)

REPORTS OF UNUSUAL ARRAL SIGHTINGS

Enclosed for per records is a copy of a letter to from this Department to Dr. C. A. Leeson in amount to his report of an amount actival sighting.

ENCOSURE: Copy of letter to D-CA housen

M Chillen M. CREFFON FICEF 18-2 2408

3 U APR 1973

580/1/1 Pt21 (14A)

Dr C.A. Leeson, 3 Miranda Avenue, LOCKLEYS SA 5032

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 10th April 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was space debris re-entering Earth's atmosphere.

Presently there are 2902 man made objects in space, and debris periodically burns up on re-entry to atmosphere.

From the description provided, the duration of sighting and the incandescent trail supports the theory of re-entry. The 'tandem' formation described probably resulted from the breaking up of the decaying satellite component.

We trust that this determination satisfactorily explains the phenomenon that you saw, and we thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

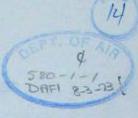
Director of Public Relations

G. g. odgers

Al m- 73



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE



Adelaide 55 7000

Headquarters
RAAF Base
EDINBURGH SA 5111

6/13/Air(5)

11th April 1973

Department of Air (Attention: D/DAFI (IR))

For Information:

Headquarters Operational Command (Attention: CIO)

UNUSUAL AERIAL PHENONEMA

1. Enclosed is a report on an unusual aerial sighting on 10th April 1973.

(B.G. KING) Flight Lieutenant

Flight Lieutenant for Officer Commanding

Enclosure: A. 1 report



INTELLIGENCE - REPORT OF ALEIAL OBJECT OBSERVED PART 1 - REPORT BY OBSERVER

1.	Name of observer. PR. 45.5.0%
2.	Address of observer. 3. M.F.M.A.M.P.A. AVE. 4001.1.615
	S.A 5032 Phone 533/77
3.	Occupation of observer. COMMONNESS. FIX. MEA. OFFICE
4.	Date and time of observation. Q F.A OAPR.73, OUTER MASSUR
5.	Duration of observation. AMENIATE. (G1 least 2 mounts)
6.	Observers location at timecof sighting. WASLASEARVSE
	PRIOT. SHIP.
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation
	JENT.
8.	Describe any aids or equipment used in the observation
N.	14
9.	Where was object first observed ? (eg, overhead, coming from
	behind a hill, over the horizon) AUF. NORTH
:36	VOT. FAR ABOUT WORFZON (10-18) (20BJUT9)
10.	What first attracted observer's attention ? (eg, light or
	noise). MCHTS NO NOISE HOMED.

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And the same

25.	Do you know of any physical evidence ? (such as fragments, photographs, or other supporting evidence)
26.	Have you observed any unusual phenomena previously ?
	No
	If so, give brief details of incident(s)
28.	State any experience which enables observer to be reasonably certain about the answers given to 18 and 19.
	SMALL BOAT SALLING
•••••	
29.	Are you a member of any organization interested in aerial phenomena?
	No.
30.	Name and address of organization
•••••	
31.	Any additional information which relates to the sighting.
2	OTHER WITNESSES / MR GOWER - CUSTOMS
	The state of the s
	COXUMN OF WALLACE BRUCE."
	OTHER CUSTOMS MAN
	F7 0 11
	Interviewer.
	/4

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32. The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported UFO position at the time:	
A/C typeNA(1)(2)(3)	
HeadingT	
Height000ft000ft000ft	
Speed	
ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs	
33. The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported UFO position at the time:	
A/C type(1)(2)(3)	
HeadingTTT	
Height000ft000ft001	
Speed	
ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs	
*Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.	
34. Observer's Location: Latitude 34.455Longitude 138.305	27.6
35. Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were in that portion of the sky at that time. By day, give location of Venus only N/A	
THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	
Nama	
36. A meteorological baloon was released from None	10
at Z colour Weight gm	P 4
at Z colour Weight gm Radio-sonde **/radar ** Candle **/battery (** delete as required)	P (4
at Z colour Weight gm Radio-sonde **/radar ** Candle **/battery (** delete as required)	ha
at Z colour Weight gm Radio-sonde **/radar ** Candle **/battery (** delete as required) General wind profile	ha
at Z colour Weight gm Radio-sonde **/radar ** Candle **/battery (** delete as required)	h d
Radio-sonde **/radar ** Candle **/battery (** delete as required) General wind profile	
at Z colour Weight gm Radio-sonde **/radar ** Candle **/battery (** delete as required) General wind profile	

38. Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons comets, meteorites etc relevant to the sighting See Remarks Below

39: When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft light were operating

40. The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/carrel

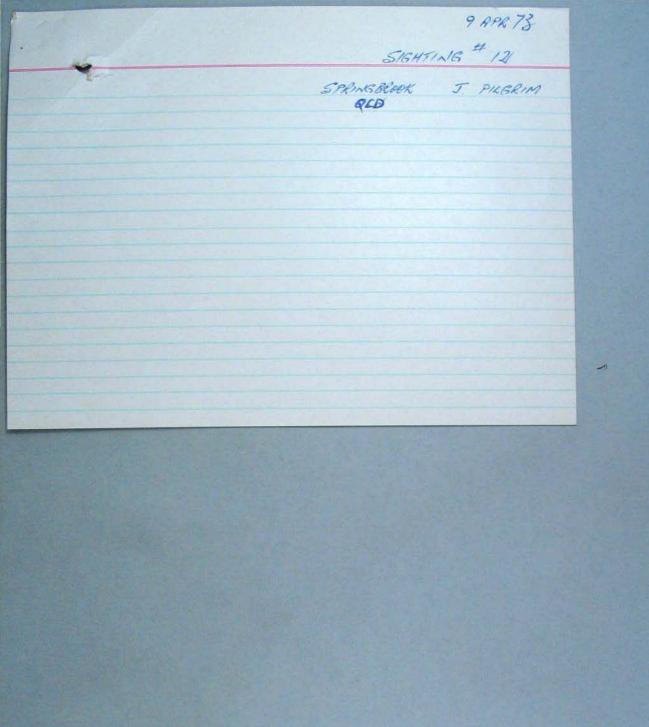
41. The object reported probably was* / (delete as required)

... decaying getallite-sessociated space object......

Remarks

- 1. Dr LEESON reported the sighting in the first instance to the Duty Air Traffic Controller out of hours, and OIC UFO Investigation followed up the sighting report later in the day.
- 2. I queried Dr LEESON's estimate of one minute duration of observation, in view of the angle of elevation and the apparent speed of the objects. He was prepared to re-estimate the duration as a half-minute.
- 3. There is no authority in this State which studies meteorite activity on a day-to-day basis; WRE Space Research Group and the University of Adelaide's Satellite Tracking Group devote their attention to satellite tracking, while the meteorological observatory is completely weather-oriented. The Astronomical Society of South Australia was also not very helpful in this particular instance.
- 4. WRE Space Research Group, which derives its information from Goddard Space Centre USA, provided information on several primary and secondary satellite-associated objects which could have re-entered in this time-phase. Unfortunately, the result of such predictions will not be known for some time, when Goddard issues its bimonthly report. However, the description provided by Dr LEMSON lends itself to re-entry of a space object; the "tandem" formation he describes could be as a result of break-up in the atmosphere of the decaying satellite component. This theory is also consistent with the duration of observation and the incandescent trail he mentions.

Headquerters	B.G. KING
Headquarters	an a contract of the contract
EDINBURGH SA 5111 Date	Fit Lt
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11 APR 73	OIC UFO Investigation



Royal Australian Air Force A273 — MEMOR ANDUM Stock No 7530-66-052-8004 580 11 P 21 (31) 20 JUN 73 REFERENCES HORMS 5 19/17/7) ATTENTION TO HONNB NO SUBJECT OF UNUSUAL A RAL SIGN INC PHONE NO APPOINTMENT CO= TON FLOORT 2008 12.2

580/1/1 Pt 21 (13a)

Mr J. Pilgrim, Springbrook Road, SPRINGBROOK, QLD

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual sighting of a light on 9th April 1973, we regret that the investigating team has been unable to conclusively determine the cause.

A possible theoretical cause is a sighting of a phenomenon known as 'Ball Lightning', or 'Kugelblitz'. To explain this phenomenon, the following detail has been extracted from the Report on the Scientific Study of Unidentified Flying Objects, carried out in the U.S.A. by Dr Edward Condon, for the U.S. Air Force:

'Among the most mysterious manifestations of atmospheric electricity is the phenomenon of ball lightning, or Kugelblitz. A glowing ball either (1) appears after a cloud to ground lightning flash and remains near the ground, or (2) is first seen in midair, descending from a cloud, or arising from no obvious cause, thereafter remaining aloft until it vanishes. Some 85% of observers agree that the size and brightness of the ball remains roughly constant throughout the period of sighting and that no changes occur, even immediately prior to its disappearance. A minority report brightening and colour changes. The colours red, orange and yellow are most common, but most other colours are seen occasionally. About 30% of observers detect internal motions or rotation of the ball itself, although this may depend on the distance of the observer. Several reports do indicate some guidance from telephone or power lines and by grounded objects.

For your information, of the 653 unusual aerial sightings reported to the RAAF to date, approximately 93% have been logically

/explained

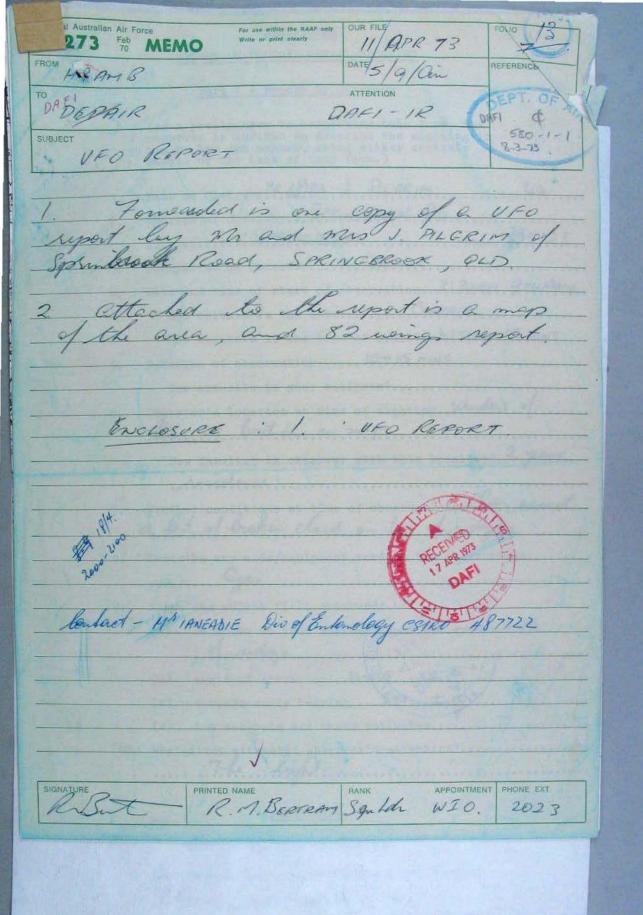
determination of the causes, and 1% are unexplainable.

Your report unfortunately must be categorized as unexplainable at this stage, and we thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS) Director of Public Relations

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REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

	Name of Observer MR WRS J. HLGRIM
1.	Address of Observer. SPRINGBROOK RD.
2.	Address of Observer
	SPRINGBROOK Phone 335/23.
3.	Occupation of Observer F. P. R. M. R
4.	Date and time of start of observation 10 AM. 9.74 MARIL.
	How certain is the date?
	How accurate if the time of start?
5.	Duration of observation10-15 MINS
	How accurate is your estimate?
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. Windows of
	law at booten on map
	How familiar is observer with this locality? . 2. year
	vindenel
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. Clian except
	a lat of broken cloud on top of marge
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	Cyts
9.	Where was object first observed:
	(a) Relative to your surroundings. On mean midt
	A -d-
	(b) angle of elevation. 10-15° ±5
	SW: ±.0
	(d) how accurate are these estimates
10.	. What first attracted abserver's attention?
	7.he light

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11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	(a) how many were there?
	(b) in what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? OF THE
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or
	common light source at a stated distance, e.g. ordinary
14.	street light at 100 yards) NKE MAURESCENT LIGHT Und fluctuating semantiat. What was the apparent size at nearest approach:
	(a) relative to Venus or Moon
	(b) relative dimensions in inches at arm's length
	(about 20 inches from the eyes). Like a termin.
	hall, but not as leg as a full moon.
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest
	approach and how were these values assessed?
	from directions at site, with use of map
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and
	intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or
	height, if an estimate can be justified)?
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or
	speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary,
	compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated
	distances. 5-10 mpl
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases. UP. TO MIN.
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen.,
	One a share of particles slot out towards right after light
23.	Where was object last observed:
	Same place/3

-3-

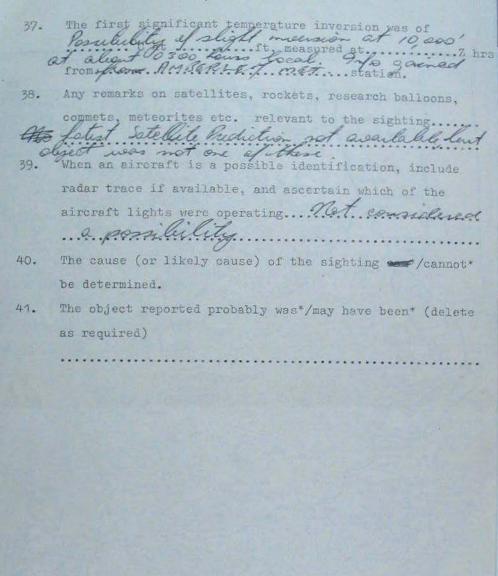
	(a) relative to your surroundings. Last approved
	(b) angle of elevation. to be shut off.
	(c) compass angle bearing. Anddenly
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance?
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as
	fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations,
	residual magnetism or radioactivity etc) Grandon
ridge	e was studied - no sign of compthing immanal
26.	State any training which enables observer to be
	reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles
	and angular velocity
27.	How many witness to the sighting? 2. people.
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the
	area? 3 other in January - see written report.
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest
	to explaining your observation?
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If
	appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in
	relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if
	needed.
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	Just a road tear
	Wilgain.
Signa	Ature Algam. RESTRICTED Date 10 H Capilla 73
	RESTRICTED

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Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of
	the reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height,000 ft,000 Ft,000ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the
	reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type Light Tom (Angus SY -BN (3)
	Heading. North
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft,00
	Speed2/5 /KK
Gen	ATA Collangatter 1753 the hrs. hrs.
2	Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: LatitudeLongitude
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major
	stars that were in that portion of the sky at that time.
	By day, give location of Venus only. R. E. E. KENT
	210° / 50°
36.	A meteorological ballon was released from BRISBANE
	at. 17.42Z ColourWeightgm
	Radio-sonde **/radar; Candle **/battery ** (** delete as
	required) Possibility discountered as ballon travelled north-next from Bushame
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?

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REPORT ON UFO SIGHTING AT SPRINGBROOK, QLD ON 9TH APRIL 1973

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1. I interviewed Mr and Mrs Pilgrim on Tuesday 10th April, accompanied by Corporal H.Boyd of the Merang Police Station, and Flying Officer Davison, 82 Wing. The couple appeared to be sober and responsible people, not given to fanciful imaginings.

- 2. The Pilgrim's house is situated along Springbrook road as shown on the map. To the south-west is a high ridge which dominates the skyline. The ridge is about 400 feet higher than the house and about 1800 feet displaced horizontally. The near side is grassed, the top tree covered, and the far side drops into the Numinbah Valley. A very rough vechular track runs along the top of the ridge. There are no power lines in the vicinity. A RAAF Combat Survival Course commenced a few miles away the previous day, but no member was in the vicinity of the sighting at that time.
- Mrs Pilgrim was awakened by a dog at 3.30am and on seeing the light, woke her husband. They observed the object or light for 10-15 minutes before it disappeared. They were not sure whether the light just went out, or dropped over the ridge, but leaned toward the former. The light moved straight up and down, and acrossways in separate movements, each time coming back to the centre of its travel before changing direction. The movement was always horizontal or vertical not oblique. The light was a very intense white, with a reddish tinge, with a smaller more intense centre. It was smaller than the moon but much larger than a star. Mr Pilgrim described it as looking like a tennis ball and the brighter centre like a golf ball. It moved at about 5-10 mph within a 36 inch circle at arm's length. The light fluctuated in intensity and sparkled like a star. Just before it disappeared, it emitted a jet of sparks, or smaller (pea sized) lights from the right hand side just as if it had collided with something. The light was definitely on the near side of the ridge as the darker ridge line could be seen above it on occasions, and clouds could be seen behind it. No illumination of the ground was apparent, and no sound whatsoever was heard.
- 4. The policeman, Flying Officer Davison, and myself afterwards went to the ridge and examined the area closely, but no sign of anything unusual was found. The weather was fine, with only a few scattered clouds above the ridge. There was a possibility of a slight inversion at 10,000 ft.
- 5. In late January of this year, the Pilgrim's and some others at the house observed some strange lights in the same place at about 8.00 to 8.30 pm. The lights were smaller, pinky-red in colour, and disappeared to the north. Apparently, at that time, several sightings were made in that area as the 'Bulletin' did an article on them. No report was made to RAAF Amberley. Also, the Pilgrims saw some lights as described in this paragraph last November or early December. They made no report as they reasoned that it could have been a helicopter.
- 6. My thoughts on the subject are as follows:
 - a. The moon was not visible at that time, no planets were near, and the sighting did not resemble a star in size or behaviour.
 - b. The aircraft proceeding to Brisbane via Coolangatta could have cut the corner and flew overhead. However, I cannot imagine that it was an aircraft. No helicopters were in the area.
 - c. The met balloon released at Brisbane is discounted as the wind took it to the north-west. A high pressure system existed at the time.
 - d. There was no thunderstorm activity and no power lines in the areas, so 'fireballs' are ruled out.
 - e. There was only a possibility of a slight inversion.
 - f. It did not behave like a meteorite or satellite.

-2-

7. During the interview, both Mr and Mrs Pilgrim agreed with each other on every answer without hesitation. Both had a clear idea of what they had seen. Neither had been drinking. I am afraid that I am at a loss to explain this phenomena.

9 MAR 73 SIGHTING # 11 D. MEGILL BELLYONT NSW

580/1/1 P. 21 (118)

DEPAIR (DATI)

MAWBEL

FIO

REPORTS OF UNUSUAL AFRICA SIGHTHAS

Enclosed for your records are copies
of letters from this Department to

Mr D. McCisle, Mr A H Brown Mrs P.

Clelland and Mr H Criesburg in answer
to their reports of unusual aerial

Anglitungs

Exchanges Copies of letters to Mr. D. M. C. U.
Mr. A. H. Brown, Mr. P. Chelland and Mr.
H. Criesberg

MCHULLA MGRETTON FIGGET 182 2408

14 MAY 1973

580/1/1 Pr21 (11a)

Mr D. McGill, 4 Hall Street, BELMONT, NSW 2280

Dear Sir,

As a result of our investigations into your report of unusual occurrences on 9th March 1973, the investigating team has determined that the most probable cause of the extraordinary phenomenon encountered in your lounge room, was the ignition of an accumulation of methane gas, and the aerial objects reported, were in fact retinal images resulting from the indoor light intensification.

Initially, the indoor phenomenon was thought to be corona discharge from the T.V. set or other electrical appliance/wiring. This theory was discounted after the physical investigation of electrical/electronic aspects by Squadron Leader K. MADDOX, an RAAF radio/radar specialist. All electrical connections were in order, and no sign of any insulation breakdown or RF tracks were noted. Additionally, the length of time of the event, and the lack of both noise and smell were not consistent with corona effect.

Other theories were then investigated, resulting in the above determination.

In marshy areas, methane, CH4 which is an odourless, colourless, inflammable, gaseous, hydrocarbon, is released by decaying organic matter. Methane may be ignited either spontaneously or by other means of ignition, and will illuminate surrounding areas with either a blue, or sometimes yellow or red colour. Occasionally, observers have placed their hands into these luminescent gases without feeling any heat.

The position of your residence on the western side of a large marshy area, with a large mine exhaust fan situated approximately 400 - 500 yds further west is conducive to this theory. An easterly wind could have blown large quantities of methane through the lounge room double doors and this gas would be trapped in the room. The gas could subsequently have been ignited by a match, or a static discharge from the nylon carpet.

Although the presence of methane in the area could not be substantiated during the visit to your residence, this gas is not unusual in Australia. Further credence is given to this theory by the report of a similar occurrance of lesser intensity and duration the following night.

Regarding the aerial sighting as reported, it is thought that the two globular objects were in fact optical illusions caused by image retention by the retinae and the apparent movement was due to head movement rather than object movement.

We thank you for this most interesting report and trust that these explanations are satisfactory.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

Alph May 13



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

TELEPHONE: Newcastle 65-1221

Headquarters
RAAF Base
WILLIAMTOWN NSW 2314

3rd May 1973

IN REPLY QUOTE 5/2/Air(37)

Secretary
Department of Air
Bassell Offices
CAMBERRA ACT 2600

For Information:

Headquarters Operational Command (Attn: C Intell O)

References: A. HQWLM 5/2/Air(30) of 29th March 1973

B. 5/2/Air(32) of 30th April 1973 (copy attached)

- 1. Reference A detailed an unusual aerial sighting by Mr David McGill of Belmont, New South Wales on 9th March 1973, and also an entraordinary occurrence whereby Mr McGill's living room took on a surple glow for quite some time. Reference B is a report on a technical investigation of the "purpling" incident.
- 2. The investigation which was centred on electronic and electrical appliances in the house also embraced an examination of the area in which the McGills live. The possibility of marsh gas accumulation as a feasible explanation of the occurrence was mentioned to Mr McGill during the investigation.
- 3. Forwarded for your further attention.

(A.F. BLACKBURN)
Flight Lieutenant
for Officer T/Commanding

Enclosure: 1. Copy of Reference B.

RESTRICTED

MINUTE PAPER

(This side only to be written on)

4818/5/2/Air Pt3(3

INVESTIGATION OF UFOS AT BELLIONT Subject:

Base Intell 0

a planette. I presum the Bon interest of mills so refers. met report to Dept Air CO 481SQN (thru OIC AEAF)

- The OIC Radio/Radar (48150N), and the W Off Radio (48150N) proceeded to 4 Hall Street, BELLONT by service transport on 16 Apr 73 to interview Mr & Mrs D. McGill about the sighting of UFOs. The objects were sighted on the night of 9 Mar 73 and this sighting was preceded by an unusual happening ie the loung room filled with a purple glow lasting some 40-50 minutes.
- 2. This report deals with the investigation of the purple glow thought to have come from the TV set, and most of the time was spent in examining electronic electrical equipment at the residence. Other aspects were considered however. and the solution may lie in that direction. .
- 3. <u>Electronic/Electrical Investigations</u>. Most of the Electronic/ Electrical investigations centered around the TV set (a PYE T23) model, some four year old), however nothing unusual was noted. All electrical connections were in order, and no sign of any insulation breakdown or RF tracks were noted. Corona discharge was thus discounted as the cause of the purple hue, particularly in view of the length of time of the event (40-50 minutes), and the total lack of noise and smell of "ozone" - both characteristics of Corona effect.
- Other Electronic Aspects. Mr McGill is a self styled "radio investigator" and has an array of old radio equipments in his radio workshop. He has a ham radio receiver and is an avid "listening" radio ham. His workshop has a long wire antenna fitted externally to the workshop, the only other antenna is a large phased array for the TV set. There is no equipment in this workshop or external to it that could account for the purple hae and, in addition, Mr McGill is adament that all electrical power was disconnected from the workshop at the time of the event.
- Other Aspects. The residence is situated on the western side of a large marshy area. A large (approx 20' diameter) mine exhaust fan is also situated some 4-500 yards on the western side of the residence. The lounge room is an almost totally closed room with a large double door facing the easterly direction, this double door is normally left open. An easterly wind could blow large quantities of methane (carburetted hydrogen, commonly called "Marsh Gas", that burns with a blue flame) from the marshy areas, coupled with any exhausted mine gas, and this mixture would be trapped in the closed room. The collection of gas could have built up in the room over several days of easterly winds an on the night in question, could have been ignited by a match (Mr McGill is a smoker) or a static discharge from the nylon carpet. Attempts to substantiate the existence of marsh gas in the area were unsuccessful.
- To summarise, the TV set and other electrical/electronic equipments in the area were all in good condition and this discounted any thoughts of corona discharge. Although the presence of marsh gas in the area could not be

.../substantiated,

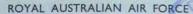
- 2 -

substantiated, this cas is not umusual in Australia and, when coupled with exhausted mine cas, and trapped in the closed lounge room area could have been ignited by some means, giving off a blue/purple bue. This conclusion is somewhat substantiated by a similar occurrence although of a much lesser intensity and duration, the following night.

- Affichables.

(K.J.J. MADDOX) Sqn Ldr OIC Radio/Radar

30 Apr 73



TELEPHONE: Newcastle 65 1221

Headquarters
RAAF Base
WILLIAMTOWN NSW 2314

29th March 1973

IN REPLY QUOTE 5/2/Air(30)

Secretary
Department of Air
Russell Offices
CANBERRA ACT 2600

DAFI

For Information:

Headquarters Operational Command



8-3-73

REPORT OF UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

- Attached hereto is a report of an unusual aerial sighting observed by Mr David McGill on the night of 9th March 1973. Because of pressure of work, the writer was unable to interview Mr McGill immediately after the sighting and forms were posted to him to complete and return. After reading Mr McGill's narrative on the back of page one of the proforma, arrangements were made to interview him and his wife, at their home in Belmont. At approximately 2000 hours on the 9th March Mr McGill, who is under treatment for a heart condition, was sitting in his lounge room. As his wife walked into the room she noticed a large purple band across Mr McGill's forehead, but said nothing thinking he was about to have a heart attack. At this stage Mr McGill said to his wife "You've gone purple" and she to him "You've gone purple too". By this time there was a strong purple light throughout the room and Mr McGill noticed a purple ball move down his arm from the shoulder to the elbow and then disappear. The whole room and all its contents by now had taken on a strong purple hue. Thinking that the colouring may be coming from the TV set, this was turned off and an overhead light turned on with little difference to the intensity of the colour. The "manifestation" lasted for approximately half an hour then slowly decreased in intensity until the purple colouring was only visible in the corner of the room behind the TV set, and this too, eventually disappeared.
- 2. Mr McGill was rather shaken after his experience and walked outside onto the side porch for a breath of fresh air. As he gazed up into the sky he saw two globular objects racing across the sky at high speed. The objects one behind the other took, on his estimate, 90 seconds to cross his full field of view after which they disappeared in a northerly direction.
- 5. There were no service aircraft active in the vicinity at this stage and no civil aircraft. No major planets were visible in the sky at the time. There was a temperature inversion of 2°C at 6-1000 feet measured at 1100Z hours from Williamtown, there were no satellites visible with a bearing on this report.

.../4. With

RESTRICTED

4. With reference to the incident inside the house the room then contained an old green nylon Westminster carpet which has since been replaced by a new carpet, and was not available for inspection at the time of the interview. The house itself is clad with white aluminium siding, insulated with "coolite" insulating material. The house is well earthed. It is completely shielded so far as the reception of radio signals is concerned. Mr McGill describes himself as a radio experimenter and has a reasonably well equipped radio workshop at the back of his house. He has assured the writer that all his radio equipment was turned off at the time of the manifestation. Weather conditions at 11152 hours 9th March were:

Calm, visibility 20 miles, sky clear, maximum temperature 24°C, dew point 20°C with a 2°C surface inversion to 1000 feet.

- 5. Mr McGill and his wife are a very friendly co-operative couple who impressed the writer with their sincerity, and there is no cause to doubt their statements of the facts as presented. At this stage the cause or likely cause of the unusual aerial sighting cannot be determined.
- 6. Forwarded for your further investigation.

(A.F. BLACKBURN)
Flight Lieutenant
for Officer T/Commanding

Enclosure: 1. Report of Unusual Aerial Sighting.

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

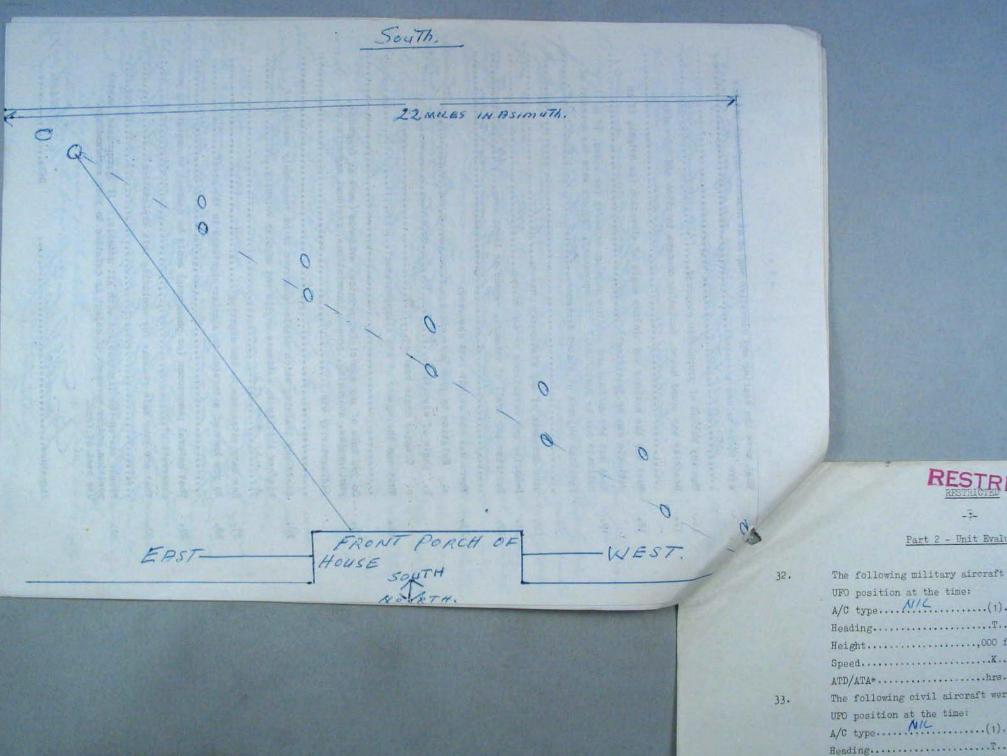
	Start Start Start
1.	Name of observer
2.	Address of observer Mo. 4. Hall Street Belmont 22802 N. W.
	Phone McLe. 453478.
3.	Occupation of observer. Inwalled Pensionel (Radio Experimenter)
4.	Date and time of start of observation. 4. March 1973. approx. 9. P.M.
	How certain is the date?
	How accurate is the time of start? within 30 minutes i.e. 8.30/9.50 Pm.
5.	Direction of observation 90 seconds
	How accurate is your estimate? mantal estimate (and by timpeace)
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. Above addless on my
	Ir out borok then wholst walking out to my yard to
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
	I have lived 6 years & 31/2 months at above address.
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. Purfect to the point and
1	where object first righted, alight cumulias to The north to where
	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation.
8.	Shotacles only
9.	Where was object first observed:
	a. Relative to your surroundings South by east
	3 42 4
	b. Angle of elevation
	c. Compass angle bearing. N. C. W.
	d. How accurate are these estimates? Measurably associate
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? . mergnend in The sty.
7	to SE. while I was selly looking playward which I am prome
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. How many were there?
	b. In what formation were they? . The leading slightly the the tower
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? Milioney light white who he to
13.	What was the brightness? (Compare with full moon or common light source
	at a stated distance eg, ordinary street light at 100 yards)
	Attest light at 100 gards 1: a globetyle; not placement
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach:
	a. Relative to Venus or Moon Aige of 20 diameter at 1200 f high
	b. Relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes)

No. 4. Hall pr 5 61 18 Belmont 2280 76_8_W. 16 th Madage A.F. Blackburn . H. LT. for Officer T/Commandin to my phone call of 9 Binst. Junely by chance but nevertheless they were very real and I liver - declare before almighty God that I have given you are to your questionane as assurate as I came. The flight of these objects was a perfect lateral flight as of under some control of some person or bersons or unknown power. He desiation or aerobatic thenoma, or loss or gain of altitude. He noise or About flame or vapour, gust two peasonably bright globes travelling in The atmosphere at a fast rate of speed in 1/2 arrowhead formation is e one in front and one slightly lower and to the left and slightly to the hear of leader.

Them but I am sorry to pay what by the time she arrived at my side they were no longer visible.

We also experienced another phenom we our own have that I would much prefer to talk over with you an person only, not by phine or letter as it is to pay the least an account of a very Museual and odd (to pay the least), happening; this on the pame right 9/3/23 at 1 To 8 pm. If and when you do allow or grand me an andrenae, I would not in the least blame you if you treated our story as and impossible but I can only stock to the truth. I experiment with electronics and I am extremely anterested in all phenomena. Thanking your David Mobile.

What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed? Anny duetty north by cast at 10000 feet of elevation Was any method of propulsion obvious?... no definite, no 16. Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity 17. absolutely none whatsoever What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an 18. estimate can be justified?) . Perfect lateral connel as above . What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an 19. estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. 1000 Ta. 1200 M.P.H. ************ Give duration of any stationary phases.... 20. Describe any deviations or manoeuvres..... 21. Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen... Ne trained or 22. vapour trails, just objects our brightness. Where was the object last observed: 23. a. Relative to your surroundings & terror, clerch directly b. Angle of elevation . The worth by west c. Compass angle bearing ... North What was the manner of its disappearance? cloud cover 24. Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments, 25. photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity etc.)..... 26. State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity. July trained 40 mm of of Gunner 27. How many witnesses to the sighting?....... Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?.... office) or & most ago of reported object to you over 29. What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation? I would glabe profilled by unknown force. 30. Joney Pores of thought, the forformation above is the Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. 31. 16 March 1973.



Part 2 - Unit Evalu

The following military aircraft UFO position at the time: A/C type....(1). Heading.....T.

ATD/ATA*.....hrs. The following civil aircraft wer UFO position at the time:
A/C type....(1).

-3-

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

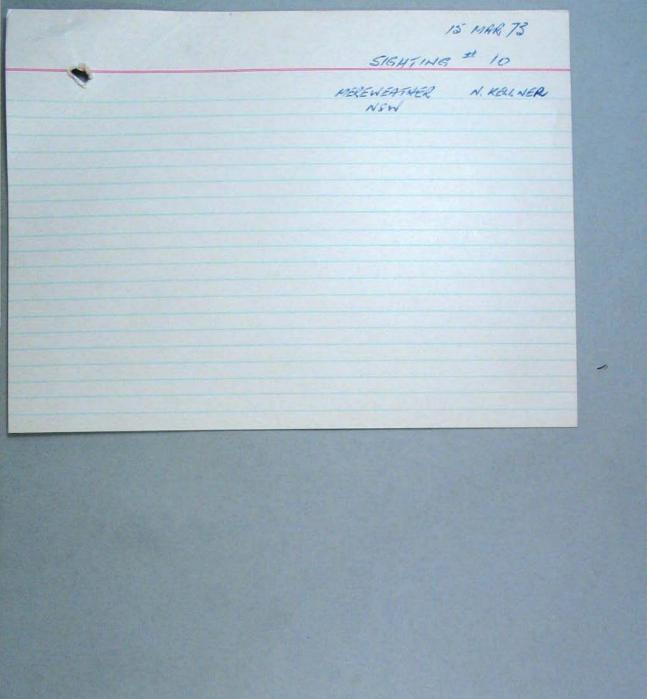
32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	*Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude33"01Longitude./5./40
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were
	in that portion of the sky at the time. By day, give location of
	Venus only

36	A meteorological balloon was released from
	atZColour
	Radio-sonde**/radar**; Candle**/battery** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of°C at
	.0-1000 ft, measured at 11.5 Z hrs from W.M
	meteorological station.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets,
	meteorites etc relevant to the sighting
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace if
	available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were operating
40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting new*/cannot* be determined.
41.	The object reported probably was*/may have been* (delete as required).
	HEWLM A F. BLACKBURN
	······(Unit)//(Name)
	29th March 1973 (Dato). Flight Liluterast (Rook)
	RESTRICTED

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C A/C
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	*Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34 •	Observer's Location: Latitude33 02Longitude./5/ 40
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were
	in that portion of the sky at the time. By day, give location of
	A///

36	A meteorological balloon was released from
	atZColourWeightgm
	Radio-sonde**/radar**; Candle**/battery** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile
-	
Weather	for 9th March 1973 at 2100 hs local
	In In rayal IIIs are stocks was
11	
Fine a	nd clear Visibility 20 miles Winds
calus.	Temperature 23/8°C Humidity 18%.
trasun	1012.1 Pressure at ma level 10/3 2
Dur pour	t 20. Temp. wversion 2°C 10-1000 fl
1 - 0 + 1	to a last
grightmus	g after sex but for away, all cloud
habl &	leaved by 2100
10 4 1	gafter six but for away. all cloud geared by 2100.
10.77	is of Minshine that day.





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DEPAR (DAFI)

HOWLM

FIO

580/1/1 (118)

17 APR 73. 5/3/AIR (21) \$29 MIR 73 5/2/AIR (39) A39 MIR 73

REPORTS OF UNUSUAL AFRILL SIGHTINGS

from this Department to M. T. J Mc Coster and M. N Kellner in reply to their reports of unimal aireal rightings.

ENCROSURES: 1. Copy of letter to Mr T. J. McCaster
3 Copy of letter to Mr N. Keller

M Culle M GRETTER FLORE IR 2 2408



580/1/1 Pt21 (11A)

APR 1973

Mr N. Kellner, 107 Macquarie Street, MEREWETHER NSW 2291

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 15th March 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was either a meteorite or space debris entering the Earth's atmosphere.

Presently there are 2902 man made objects in space, and debris periodically burns up on re-entry to our atmosphere. From investigation, a significant temperature inversion of 3°C was present at the 8-9000feet altitude level, resulting in a high pollution level of the lower layers. This pollution would be responsible for the apparent red colour of an incandescent body during atmosphere transition.

We trust that this determination satisfactorily explains the phenomenon that you saw, and we thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

4.9. odgers

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ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

TELEPHONE: Newcastle 65 1221

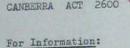
Headquarters RAAF Base WILLIAMTOWN NSW 2314

DAF

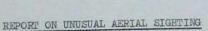
29th March 1973

IN REPLY QUOTE 5/2/Air(31)

DAF | Russell Offices
CANBERRA ACT 2600



Headquarters Operational Command



- 1. Forwarded herewith is a report on an unusual aerial sighting observed by Mr Norman Kellner of Merewether. Once again pressure of work precluded an interview with Mr Kellner, however the writer spoke to Mr and Mrs Kellner on the phone, before forwarding the appropriate forms.
- 2. The sighting, at approximately 2235 hours local, lasted for some three seconds, and was witnessed by Mrs Kellner in the latter stages. The object, a red light appeared to drop quickly until lost to view. No military aircraft were active at this time, there were no civil aircraft active, and no satellites to which the sighting could be attributed. Weather conditions were:

visibility 20 miles, 7/8 cloud at 5,000 feet, and a 3°C temperature inversion at 8-9,000 feet, ie above the cloud

- 3. During the course of the telephone conversation, Mrs Kellner mentioned "a distress signal light," and from the description of the object a red Very light or fireworks rocket would be a reasonable, albeit tenuous explanation of the sighting. No vessels were reported in distress on the night of 15th March.
- 4. Forwarded for your further investigation.

(A.F. BLACKBURN)
Flight Lieutenant
for Officer T/Commanding

Enclosure: 1. Report on an Unusual Aerial Sighting.

RESTRICTED

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer. Non-HMN KELLNETH Age. 48
2.	Address of observer. 10.7 Marqueric Street Heleukther New castle Phone, 63 10 89
	Occupation of observer. Engineer. Supt. Tannage Onygen Plant.
3.	Date and time of start of observation
4.	How certain is the date? Absolutely.
	How accurate is the time of start? Within 5 has water.
	Duration of observation22-3 seconds.
5.	How accurate is your estimate? the the
2730	Observer's location at time of sighting At home Scafed
6.	walking fere vision.
	How familiar is observer with this locality?/O 416 VESIDENCE.
da. N	Weather conditions at time of observation
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation
	······································
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
9.	where was object first observed: a. Relative to your surroundings. Through window
	ext angle 40" 10 line at VI+10n.
	b. Angle of elevation 14° to horizontal.
	c. Compass angle bearing. 15 west of south.
	d. How accurate are these estimates?
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? Plabably eyes
	altracted by bright light.
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. How many were there?
	b. In what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? Bught real
13.	What was the brightness? (Compare with full moon or common light source at a stated distance eg, ordinary street light at 100 yards) Red identification lights used on annualances etc.
	Red identification lights used on amountances etc.
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach:
	a. Relative to Venus or Moon Much Smaller than mach.
	b. Relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes). Approx 5" Slightly pear or tear shap

my wife and I were watching television when eventures eyes were attracted by the bright red light.

by the bright red light and the object to my wife and the absenced the last 12 2 records of the object's full.

as initial absorbation the object appeared to desception of eyes.

appeared to denell for split second (10) but this could have been deception of eyes.

The light source appeared less britisant during field 4-50 of fall but this could be explained by gum trees in our back your and the light source disappearing such that



100	
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how
	were these values assessed? Falling. Vertically
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified?) Fiom 14° to horizontal.
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of
	familiar objects at stated distances velocity difficult to estimate but composable to falling star of meteorite.
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases. Solt second avinital observation
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
23.	Where was the object last observed:
	a. Relative to your surroundings. Disappearing into or beyond horizon
	b. Angle of elevation. From 140 to horizontal.
	c. Compass angle bearing. Approx 15" Wist of South.
24	What was the manner of its disappearance?/19hV Seurce
24.	no buget Visible.
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc.)

26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
	Knowledge of physics + mechanies associated with engineering
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting?
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?

29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your
	observation? talking star of mereorite.
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation? //ght much
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form.
	Signature. Mellner Date. 18.3-13.

the elengated of hear shape. Bright and light. Wife scaled at B. The trees window [] are

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingTT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrs
	*Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 32°58 SLongitude /51°41. E
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were
	in that portion of the sky at the time. By day, give location of
	Venus only
36	A meteorological balloon was released from
	atZColour
	Radio-sonde**/radar**; Candle**/battery** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of3°C at
	.8-9000ft, measured at//00Z hrs fromWLM
	Meter ological station.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, conets,
	meteorites etc relevant to the sighting
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace if
	available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were operating
	N/A
40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/cannot* be determined.
41.	The object reported probably ***/may have been* (delete as required).
	a Very light or fereworks racket
	110 1111 110
*******	HOWLM (Unit) A F BLAGUBURN (Name)
U.S.	29th Morch 1973 (Date) Highx Lieuten + (Rent)
	RESTRICTED

13 MAR 73 SIGHTING # 9 NEWCASTLE T.V. M'COSKER NSW

16 APR 1973

580/1/1 Pt21 (10A)

Mr T.J. McCosker, 14 Croudace Road, TINGIRA HEIGHTS NSW 2301

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 13th March 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was a Mirage aircraft operating in the Sydney - Richmond area at high altitudes.

Investigation has revealed that two Mirage aircraft were operating in the area stated during the time period of sighting, but no civil air activity, satellite tracks or other phenomenon are recorded. There was a small temperature inversion of 1°C at 2-3000 feet altitude evident in the Newcastle area, which would result in a moderate pollution level below that altitude. The Mirages were carrying out intercept training, using afterburners, and the most logical explanation is that you saw the bright light and red glow of one Mirage using afterburner during an intercept and subsequent high speed climb. The pulsating effect is accountable to light refraction through varying densities of the lower atmosphere.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

Jahrah Day



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

TELEPHONE: Newcastle 65 1221

Headquarters RAAF Base

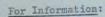
DAFI

WILLIAMTOWN HSW 2314

29th March 1973

IN REPLY QUOTE 5/2/04 (29)

Department of Air Russell Offices CANBERRA ACT 2600



Headquarters Operational Command



REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

- 1. Forwarded herewith is a report on an unusual agrial sighting, observed on the night of Tuesday 13th March 1973. The observer, Mr T.J. McCosker, a sincere, sensible young man, was interviewed at his home on the afternoon of Thursday 14th March. Mrs McCosker, who was at work during the interview was a witness to the sighting.
- 2. The observer had gone out to the back porch at approximately 1900 hours, and just happened to notice a brightflashing light in a SSE direction. The flashing was continuous, and between flashes he could discern a dull red glow, about the size of a peppercorn berry. The object moved steadily across the field of vision, in a Westerly direction and finally climbed at great speed till it was lost to view. The sighting lasted for 3 4 minutes and the object appeared to be at a great distance. Mr and Mrs McCosker are both used to aircraft flying by at night, and in their opinion the sighting bore no resemblance to an aircraft whatsoever.
- 5. Two Mirage aircraft were active in the Penrith/Richmond area between 30,000 32,000 feet over the period of sighting but no civil aircraft were flying in the area of the sighting. There was a 1°C temperature inversion of at 2-3000 feet measured at 1100Z hours from Williamtown Meteorological Section. There were no planets in that position of the sky, and no satellites applicable to the sighting.
- 4. The most likely explanation is that the observer saw a Mirage aircraft executing a climb with afterburner, and was dead astern of the aircraft.

5. Forwarded for your further investigation.

(A.F. BLACKBURN)
Flight Lieutenant
for Officer T/Commanding

RESTRICTED

(2)

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part 1 - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer. AKEVOK DAMES IN COSKER Age 22.
2.	Address of observer. 14. CAOUDACE BD. MM61PA HA6.115. 2301 NEW CASILE AFEA. Phone.
3.	Compation of observer AUDIT CLERK
4.	n to will time of about of abcompation 1900 HM 3 15 MMK 73
4.	How certain is the date?
	How accurate is the time of start? ± 5 Minutes
5.	Duration of observation3-4. musuto
	How accurate is your estimate?
6.	Observer's location at time of sightingat home
	and the first
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
120	Weather conditions at time of observation
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	m
9.	Where was object first observed:
	a. Relative to your surroundings. facing. 555
	b. Angle of elevation. 40° off.
	c. Compass angle bearing
	d. How accurate are these estimates?. Malanally
10.	What first attracted observer's attention?
	light
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. How many were there?
	b. In what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? Hushing white a basic sed glaw
13.	What was the brightness? (Compare with full moon or common light source
	at a stated distance eg, ordinary street light at 100 yards) flashing min or at night
14.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
144	What was the apparent size at nearest approach: a. Relative to Venus or Moon Campanille & Morres
	b. Relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes). About the Age of a fellercorn berry for red glow

15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how
	were these values assessed? . When first highling
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious? Mar
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18,	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified?) Sec. t. Mat. ttan
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the movement of
	familiar objects at stated distances. Ment seen anothing travel.
	at such part speed
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. Antheir
	4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4
23.	Where was the object last observed:
	a. Relative to your surroundings. almost due west
	b. Angle of elevation
	c. Compass angle bearing
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? . climbed at way fast
	spled and lost to wiew
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc.)

26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting? . Mirerut and muste
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining your observation?
20	
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Places shotch the light/black site 11 3 t 31. To assess to shotch
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form. Law away
	12 mel 11
	Signature. I Me Collect Date. 15-3-73.

35 Description of the second second second second second second second second Committee of the Commit Lost to view to a serious serious of the serious of the First Synting

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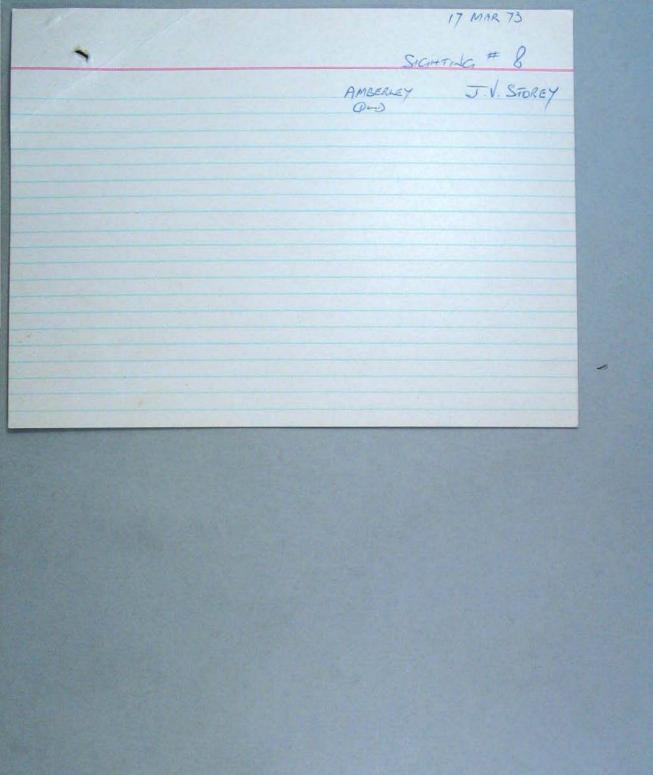
Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type MIRAGE(1) MIRAGE(2)(3)
	Heading 170 then 270 m 170 then 270 m
	Height dembing \$ 34.000 ft. 31.000 ft. 000 ft
	Speed. 450 K Alt. ton K. K. K.
	AMD 1-10 WLM 1820 . WLM 1820 .
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	SpeedK
	ATD/ATA*hrshrs
	*Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude33°00 5. Longitude.151° W E.
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were
	in that portion of the sky at the time. By day, give location of
	Venus only

36	A meteorological balloon was released from
	atZZolour
	Radio-sonde**/radar**; Candle**/battery** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of /. °C at
	2,000 - 3000 ft, measured at 1100.Z hrs from WLM
	2,000station.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets,
	meteorites etc relevant to the sighting
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace if
	available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were operating

40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/camet* be determined.
41.	The object reported probably was*/may have been* (delete as required).
	a mirage averalt recenting a death with ofter-
	buth.
	H&WLM (Unit) A F. BLACKBURN (Name)

*******	2 9 th march 1973 (Dato). Hight Lieutenant (Rept)
	RECTRICTES



_ 3 APR 1973

580/1/1 Pt21 (9A)

Mr J.V. Storey, 1 Gibbon Street, AMBERLEY QLD 4305

Dear Sir.

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 17th March 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was either a meteorite or space debris entering the earth's atmosphere.

Presently there are 2902 man made objects in space and debris periodically burns up on re-entry into the earth's atmosphere. The time for space debris or meteorites to burn up is extremely short and would correspond with the length of time of your sighting. The apparent green colour is a common astronomical phenomenon which is attributable to atmospheric density variations, or when an object is sighted low on the horizon through a polluted atmosphere.

We trust this determination satisfactorily explains the phenomenon that you saw, and we thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

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580/1/1 P.2.(98)

3 APR73

DEPAIR (DAE.)

HOAMB

82 NC INTELO YOUR BONG 5/9/AIR

REPORTS OF UNUSUAL AFRICK SICHTINGS

Endowed for your records is a copy of a letter from this Department to Mind of Storey in reply to his report of an immercal acrost righting

Endosume: Copy of letter to Mr. J. V Story

M Chiller M. CRETTENFICRE 12.2 2408

A273 Feb MEMO For use within the RAAF of Write or print clearly	SQ W 5/9/AIR	116 (g)
		BEFERENCES
FROM THO AMB	DATE 20 MARCH 73	HOSC 3/6/ATR(27)
DEPAIR	DAFI - IR	HROC 5/15/A1R(40)
	JAFF - TX	dated 1 Dec 72
UFO REPORT		
1. FORWARDED IS ONE	COPY OF A UP	TO REPORT
COMPLETED BY HRS J. V. STO		
2. ATTREMED TO THE REPO	RT 15 82 WING	S EVALUATION
AND A MAP SHOWING AREA OF	OBSERVATION.	
ENCLOSURE: 1. UFO REA	PORT BY J.V. STE	Rey AMBERICY
		No. of the last of
		THE REAL PROPERTY.
The state of the s		
	and the property of	THE REAL PROPERTY.
SIGNATURE Likey J. Syan L. EGAN	RANK APPOINTME FIG. BLA A/NIO	NT PHONE EXT 2023

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AURIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer JOANE VALERIE STOREY
2.	Address of observer 1 GIBSON STREET AMBERLEY QLD 4305
	Phone
3.	Occupation of observer MACHINIST
	Date and time of start of observation. 17 AVCH1973. at .2.15.AM.
4.	
	How certain is the date? DEFUATE
	How accurate is the time of start FAIRLY CLOSE AT AN ACCURATE
5.	Duration of observation LESS THAN 1 SECOND
	How accurate is your estimate?
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. ALGURETY

	How familiar is observer with this locality? . PARTLIAR
-	
7.	Weather conditions at time of observationCLEAR
8.	Describe our officer of the standard of the standard warm
	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation NOTE

9.	Where was object first observed:
	(a) Relative to your surroundings. NV NAV DIRECTION. 315° (MAG) -285° (+ or - 5°) FROM AIR PHOTOS OF AND MARRIED QUARTERS PROTABOTOR VALUE.
	(b) angle of elevationAPPWOX 50
	(c) compass angle bearingAS.ABOVE
	(d) how accurate are these estimates. ACCURATE ie (+ or - 5°)
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? MIGNETING OF GREEN LIGHT
	AND SPEED OF TRAVEL
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	(a) how many were there?. ONE
	(b) in what formation were they?

- 2 -

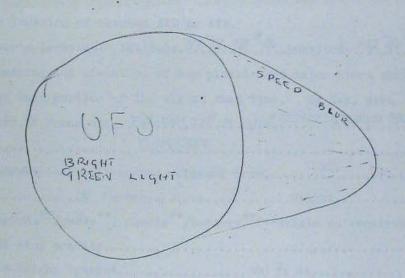
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? CRITA
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common
	light source at a stated distance, e.g. ordinary street light
	at 100 yards) TRAFFIC LIGHT
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach:
	(a) relative to Venus or MoonLARGER THAN VENUS
	(b) relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20
	inches from the eyes)2" in DIAMETER
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach
	and how were these values assessed?

16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?NO
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and
	intensity NO SOWND
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or
	height, if an estimate can be justified)?.50/10 CHAMGE
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed,
- 10	-if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with
	the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. ACD. MIGTS.
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases. NONE
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. NONE

23.	Where was object last observed:
	(a) relative to your surroundings. ON BARRING OF 285° MAG. HEADING SUSH
	(b) angle of elevation. 5 APPROX
	(c) compass angle bearing. ON BEARING OF 285° MAG.
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance?
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as
	fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations,
W. O. W.	residual magnetism or radioactivity etc)NO

· RESTRICTED

State any training which enables observer to be reasonably 26. certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity How many witness to the sighting? NONE 27. Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?.... 28. What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to 29. explaining your observation?......NQ IPFA..... What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?.... 30. NEVER SEED ANYTHING LING IT BEFORE Please sketch the light/object with all details. If 31. appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed.



Date . 19th March 1973.

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the
	reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type#I(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft,000ft
	SpeedK
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 27.38 12 5. Longitude 152 41 30 E
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that
	were in that portion of the sky at that time. By day, give
	location of Venus only, FULL MOON 290° AT 25/30° ELEVATION RECULUS 290° AT
	5° ELEVATION
36.	A meteorological balloon was released from
	atZ Colour
	Radio-sonde **/radar **: Candle **/battery ** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of°C at
	. (ONLY ONE PEASUREMENT, TAKEN-PFE DAY LAT 0900 HOURS LOOAL) rs from
	•••••station.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, reckets, research balloons, commets,
1-	meteorites etc. relevant to the sightim PAGEOS 1 COULD BE VISIED AFTER MAX ELE
1	AT THIS TIME, AZIMUTH OF PAGEOS 1 WAS 253° AND ELEV OF 27° HEADING 182° RESTRICTED

- 5 -

1		- 7
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar	
	trace if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights	
	were operating	
40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/cannot* be	
	determined.	
41.	The object reported handlay was /may have been (delete as	
	required) SOME SORT OF REFLECTION OR REFRACTION CAUSED BY THE FULL MOON	
	WHICH WAS VERY CLOSE TO THE REFORTED POSITION OF THE U.F.O.	
	THE STAR, REGULUS, MAY HAVE BEEN A CONTRIBUTING FACTOR CAUSING THE SIGHTING THE U.F.O., BUT THIS SEEMS IMPROBABLE.	G OF
		-
	HO 82 WING (Unit) Ludgay Age (Mar	
****	(Mait)(Mait)(Plan	ic]

20 11 HARCH, 1973 (Date) Flg Off (Rorte)



11 DEC 72 SIGHTING # 7 DONCASTER MESMESK TYLER

580 1.1. (88)

DEPAR (DAFI)

HOSC

CINTENLO

17 APR 73 5/6/1/AIR (38) DATED 23 MAR 73

Reports of unusual ARIAL SIGHTIMES.

Endosed for your records is a copy of a letter from this Department to MFP.

There, in answer to report of an unusual alread righting.

ENCOSURE: Copy of letter to Mr K. Types

MUNUL MICRETTON FLC DES 12-2 24-08

S80/1/1/8A)

1 S APR 1973

Mr K. Tyler 21 Harcourt Street DONCASTER VIC 3108

Dear Sir,

With reference to the report of an unusual aerial sighting on 10th December, 1972, submitted by yourself and your wife, we regret that positive determination of the cause has not been possible. In the opinion of the investigating team however, the most probable cause was the sun reflecting from two small aircraft operating from a nearby airfield.

The time-lag between the date of the sighting and submission of the report has precluded information relating to civil aircraft being obtained. Quite a number of privately owned small aircraft, however, are known to operate out of Lilydale airfield, and two of these aircraft flying in formation, is thought to be the cause of the sighting. The movement of the lights could be attributed to the aircraft changing positions and the apparent speed combined with the disappearance of one of these lights was probably due to the change in its reflective angle.

Normally, logical explanations are available for unusual aerial sightings including; military and civil aircraft movements, meteorological phenomena, meteorites and space debris entering the earth's atmosphere and unusual astronomical observations.

In this particular instance from your description, the position of Lilydale airfield and the activities of light aircraft from that field are deemed to be the most logical explanation at this stage.

We thank you for your report and interest in this matter.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

yplap!
DAt!



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

KOTAL AGGINATE

TELEPHONE: 69 0550

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS:

IN REPLY QUOTE 5/6/1/Air(38)

Department of Air (DAFI)

HEADQUARTERS SUPPORT COMMAND
RAAF
VICTORIA BARRACKS
MELBOURNE SCI VIC 3004

23 MAR 1973

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

1. Attached is a report by Mr and Mrs K. Tyler of Doncaster VIC, concerning the sighting of an unusual bright light in December 1972.

2. The report was received at this Headquarters on 16th March 1973 and C Int O's comments appear on Page 5.

(R.R. RODDY)
Squadron Leader
For Air Officer Commanding

Enclosure: 1. Report by J. and K.Tyler



Accessed 10 mmgs

RESTRICTED

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer . JENNIFER A KEITH TYLER Age . 42 441 respectively
2.	Address of observer. 21 MARCOURT STREET.
	DONEASTER. VILTERIA 3108 Phone. 848-3355 602011
3.	Occupation of observer Jennifer (wife & mother). Ket (Derector - Town & Country Broad)
4.	Date and time of start of observation December 1972 - 4-0 cm
	How certain is the date?Quite CERTAIN Checked by electric clock which could vary How accurate is the time of start? 4-0 pm. (Daylogh Savoy a operation)
	How accurate is the time of start? 4-0 pm. (Daylight Source in operation)
5.	Duration of observation
	How accurate is your estimate? checked clock.
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. CHAPATIO AT
	21 HARCOURT ST., DONCASTER . 3108 F Tobrance
	How familiar is observer with this locality? familian
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation . FINE- HOT- CLOUDLESS SKY
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
9.	Where was object first observed? :
	a. Relative to your surroundings. East of Doncoster in direction
	of Donvale- Ringwood- Graydon
	b. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing
	d. hew accurate are these estimates?
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? Two hoppened to be
	looking at the Sky
11.	If there was more than one light/object :
	a. how many were there?. Two. b. in what formation were they? HORIZONIAL O (Sac skatch)
	The state of the s
12.	What was the colour of the light or object? BRIGHT WHITE

- POSTRECTED

13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100
	yards). LIKE A VERY BRIGHT STAK
14-	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?:
	a. relative to Venus or 'oon
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and
	how were these values assessed?
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
	NONE HEARD
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified)?
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if
	an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the
	movement of familiar objects at stated distances floory slower than projecting brown aeroplanes . But when I saw one bisappear - the speed was tremendous - FAR FASTER THAN ANY TET FIGHTER
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres. SEE SKETCH
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
23.	Wherevas object last observed:
	a. relative to your surroundings. Repured - Croyden area
	b. angle of elevation
	o. compass angle bearing
24.	What was themanner of its disappearance?
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc)No
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity

27.	How many witness to the sighting?FIVE

PESTRICPE

28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?					
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining					
	your observation? None No ofter brodues					
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation? Sty ho clouds - no visible accoplanes - only the sum. The two objects					
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, in an sketch position and/or novement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed.					
0	0 0 0 0 0					
	STATIONARY					
@ <						
	RETH MOVED					
	the state of the s					
3						
	BOTH MOVED					
	N 4					
0						
3	O S THIS EAST					
	STATIONARY MOUSE					
0						
6 -	one we lost sight of the speed in easterly direction					
Si	gnature J. 1 - Lyler Date. 21' 12. 1972					



On Sunday, 11th December, between 3.55 pm + 4 my historial was standing on the patro of our house at 21 Harcourt St., Dancaster. He called to me to look at these lights is the clear cloudless sky. As it was a hot, very length day at took me about 60 seconds to follow when he was pointing a ten I saw the two briefant lights. looking out continued from our property - in a horizontal position. I then checked the time I called two I my children - both teanogers I a friend of my daughters. The also saw them.

The movements of the lights are described over the page.

There was no noise that we could hear

for several days afterwards, at the same time, I dooked for these lights again but did not see anything.

J. Tylu

Department of the second

and Course

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time :
	A/c type(1)
	HeadingT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	SpeedK
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UPO position at the time : INFORMATION IS HELD COUNT FOR A MOUTH BEFORE DEING DESTRUCTED, SO NO INFO ADMINANCE.
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingTT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location : Latitude
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that
	were in that portion of the sky at that time. By day, give
	location of Temus only VENUS 766° 042° VIS NAG3 AT 1600 FAST,
36.	A meteorological balloon was released from
	at0500Z. Colour
	Radio-sonde **/radar **: Candle **/battery ** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile 2006 170/10 3000 210/10 2000 220/26 7000 260/22
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	
	#600 ft, measured at Oocl 2 hrs from
	TULLA station. Would be E-Wiener Small During The
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets,
12,000	meteorites etc. relevant to the sighting
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace

PERTURNE

if available,	and ascertain	which of the	aircraft lights	were
operating		N/A		

- 40. The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting cas*/cannot* be determined.
- 41. The object reported probably was*/may have been* (delete as required)

Suvertigation of the belated seport has been difficult because of the elepsed time between sighting and reporting. Although a temperature inversion was seconded in the surriving (See para 31) met authorities say that it is unlikely the inversion would survive the afternoon's higher temperatures. The cause of this sighting therefore is unknown, but there are similarities to the sighting reported in Beruvord Asaa by other of other bostello on the December.

 24 FEB 78
SIGHTING # 6

LEONGATHA M. P.S. SANGES
VIC.

2 3 MAR 1973

580/1/1 Pt 21 (7A)

Mr R.J. Sanders Duncans Road LEONGATHA SOUTH VIC 3953

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on the 24th February 1973, it has been determined that the most probable cause was a sighting of either the star CAPELLA, or the planet SATURN.

During the time of sighting, Capella was located on a bearing of 345°T at an elevation of 010° and a magnitude of \$\beta\$, and Saturn was on a bearing of 330°T, elevation 032° and magnitude \$\beta\$. The apparent red and green colour change is a common astronomical phenomenon which is attributable to atmospheric density variations and is often observed when an object is sighted low on the horizon through a polluted atmosphere.

We trust that this determination satisfactorily explains the phenomenon that you saw, and we thank you for your interest.

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

Jahran 13

DEPAIR (DAFI) HOSC

CINTELD

580/1/18-21(78) 28 MAR 73

Your 5/6/1/AIR (37) of 20 MAR 73

REPORTS OF UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTINGS

letter from SEPAIR to MRS R. J. Sanders in reply to her report of an unusual aerial sighting

M. GINELLE M. CIRETTON FLORE IR-S 2+26





ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

STO-1-1 183-13

TELEPHONE: 69 0550

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS:

IN REPLY QUOTE 5/6/1/Air(37)

Department of Air (DAFI)

HEADQUARTERS SUPPORT COMMAND RAAF VICTORIA BARRACKS MELBOURNE SCI VIC 3004

20 MAR 1973

UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTINGS

The accompanying report of an unusual aerial sighting by Mr R.J. Sanders of Leongatha VIC has been examined by C Int O at this Headquarters. Comments as to a probable explanation of the object sighted are contained on Page 5, "Unit Evaluation", and the report is forwarded for information.

(R.R. RODDY)
Squadron Leader
For Air Officer Commanding

Enclosure: 1. Report by Mr R.J. Sanders, Duncan's Rd Leongatha



Received 16 MARTS &

RECTRICTED

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer 1966 And Admidus age 65
2.	Address of observer. Leve and Roll Leing atha Juit 3957
	Phone Invested 253
3.	Occupation of observer. Xame.
4.	Date and time of start of observation
	How certain is the date?
	How accurate is the time of start?
5.	Duration of observation
	How accurate is your estimate?
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	······································
9.	Where was object first observed? : /
	a. Relative to your surroundings
	b. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing
10.	d. hew accurate are these estimates? What first attracted observer's attention?
10.	mas first attracted boserver's attention
11.	If there was more than one light/object :
	a. how many were there?
	b. in what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object?

RESURT COPRO

GE TALLES Lomewhere around 9 30 hm on the evening 5 degrees above the Strybecki Range which is some 12 or 15 miles distant from our home The light seemed to be too near to be a star & too prominent to be a plane light as it was clearly not an our side of the Streglickies life watching for a few minutes of decider that it was retained at affect to be barically guist a light it seemed to plow red & green every few seconds (not meant to might work through which the public looked just like an orderary shangled star. The binoculars however left to doubt about the ren & green colours which were coming in regularly although hof instantaneously. The red & green light & light & the plane high & then faded, the complete cycle taking a few secondo only when I called three other people to have a look at the light the remark was at once made that "if is changing colour." We watched it for half an how on more & then notice a that it was "going the down" being shiftly to the borending as it moved away to right to the total from all fine of right to the total from out of our view begand the range about a mile South of the foing where the Bound bruck road joing the Swelvel- Longueta road Reference to a road may seems to confirm that our link of night to the stationary "light" would go through the town of Joek on the Stationary "light" would Love on the month ago from the same horition of home & about the same time in the training on helps a bit later, I watched a remilar light for below 20 him I was stationary & as the direction of the gungtion of the Bars & South telepolar traglongs which was better watching it took as bearing northerly the it disappearing on a limit of could have taken it the home when the 2 with righting was leaded 7. Helier Hor. 5/3/73.

13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100
	yards)
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?:
	a. relative to Venus or Moon
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and
	how were these values assessed?
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	estimate can be justified)?
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if
	an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the
	movement of familiar objects at stated distances
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
23.	Wherewas object last observed:
	a. relative to your surroundings
	b. angle of elevation
	c. compass angle bearing
24.	What was themanner of its disappearance?
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc)
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity

27.	How many witness to the sighting?

28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining
	your observation?
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed.

Signature..... Date.....

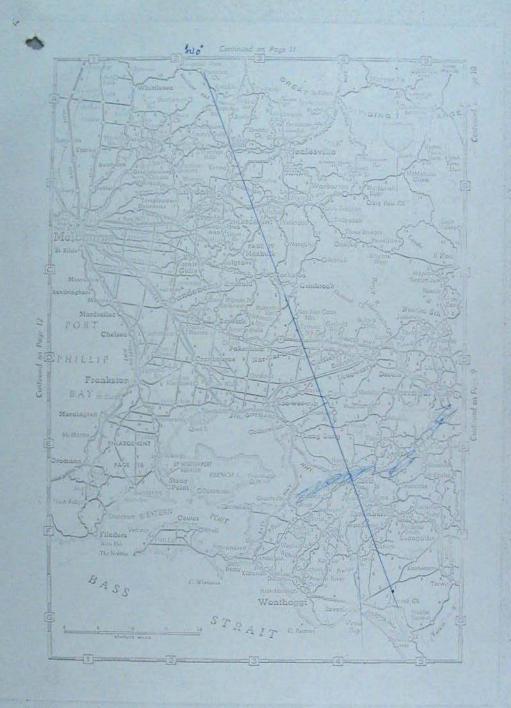
HUSTPISTED

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time :
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingTT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UPO position at the time :
	A/c type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location : Latitude38:375Longitude/45446
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that
	were in that portion of the sky at that time. By day, give
	location of Temus only #1 2200 ESST SAUGH 328 032 WS MAG 0
36.	A meteorological balloon was released from
	atz. Colourgm
	Radio-sonde **/radar **: Candle **/battery ** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of°C at
	****** from
	***** ********************************
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets,
	meteorites etc. relevant to the sighting
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace

RESTRICTED

if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were
operating
40. The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/cannot* be determined.
41. The object reported probably wen*/may have been* (delete as required)
CHELLA
Because of the duration of this observation, aircraft.
met balloons, satellitis, rockets, comet and meteorites have
been disregarded as possible causes of his sighting a
bearing from oler Sander's home through he town of
Lock would make his line of observation 355. William
a few degrees of this line at the quoted time were
both bapella and Saturn - with bapella being the
probable cause. The suspicion that the object probably
was an astronomical object so drengthened by obs
Sanders own words " we native it was going down "
The apparent rea and green colour changes can
probably be attributed to atmospheric reviation,
more particularly when it is considered that the
Observer sinkly by about 1
Observers sighted the object low down on the
herijon, twough a fairly polluted atmosphere.
Lithere may be a follow up to this report. I
Lithere may be a follow up to this report. I received a call from a person in the Wonthaggi area who saw something within the past few
area who saw something within the past few
week' which could the in with his nighting?
000
20 MOR73 (Date) SEN LOR (Rank)



10 MAR 78 SIGHTING # 5 NEW SIEWAL MIS I COPAS DERAIL (DAFI)

HOWLM

Fio

Q3 MAR 73 YOUR 5/2/AIR(18) OF 15 MAR 73

580 11 1. 21 (68)

REPORTS OF UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHT, NOS

from this Department to Mis 1. Copas in reply to her report of an unusual aerial sighting

H. lucker

M. CRETTON FROM IRD DAGS

580/1/1 Pt21 (6D) Mrs I. Copas, 1 Birrong Place, CHARLESTOWN NSW 2290 Dear Mrs Copas, With reference to your letter dated 11th April, we are pleased to report that a check of civil aviation records show that a Gantas aircraft arrived at Sydney from Honolulu on 7th April at 0630 hrs. This indicates that your observation on that morning would have been of that aircraft. Thank you again for your interest. Yours faithfully, (G.J. ODGERS) Director of Public Relations

650 in 2. 1 Berring Place 580/1/1 Pr 21 (GA) Charlestours. 11-4-73. Director of Public Relations Depr. au, Dear Mª Odgers. From in receifer of your letter dated 27-3-43 and appreciate very much, the time you have seprent or my report. Jagree, your conclusions that it would seem to be OF 151 arriving from Jahite, seems an accurate assumption and I thought I should write to pay my son of again saw what we agreed was a similar object on 7-4-13 at 0608 hrs. (38 minutes lates than our sighting on 10-3-73). The effect was the same - "cloud of vapour" last no trail across the sky.

I do not know the time schedule for Vantas A/C dut thought I should write and tell you because if this second "flight" Não approx 38 minutes later arriving as Sydney, then your department would have conclusive proof about all this. Hanking you for your setter.



580/1/1 Pt 21 (6A) Mrs I. Copas 1 Birrong Place CHARLESTOWN NSW 2290 Dear Mrs Copas, With reference to your report on an unusual aerial sighting on the 10th March 1973, it has been determined that the cause was a QANTAS aircraft (QF 151) from Tahiti en route to Sydney. Normally, logical explanations are available for reported sightings, and investigation of your report covered RAAF and Civil aircraft movements, planet/star positions, meteorological phenomena and space vehicle movement. From these theories, only two were applicable. These were the position of the planet Venus (azimuth 095, elevation 10°, magnitude -3) and the position of the QANTAS aircraft. From the subsequent telephone conversation between Sqn Ldr Egle and yourself the probability of Venus being the cause was discarded. From your description, the "shiny metallic silver" object corresponds to the aircraft, and the "cloud of vapour" behind the object was a condensation trail caused by the exhaust gases of the jet engines meeting atmospheric conditions suitable to produce this phenomena. At the time of sighting, QF 151 was flying at approximately 38,000 feet altitude on a track of 237 M and about 95 nautical miles from your position. We trust that this explanation is satisfactory, and thank you for your interest. gg odger, (G.J. ODGERS) Director of Public Relations



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

TELEPHONE: Newcastle 65 1221

SEPT OF AIR 6

Headquarters RAAF Base WILLIAMTOWN NSW 2314

15th March 1973

IN REPLY QUOTE 5/2/Air(18)

DAFI

The Secretary Department of Air Russeld Offices CANBERRA ACT 2600

For Information:

Headquarters Operational Command

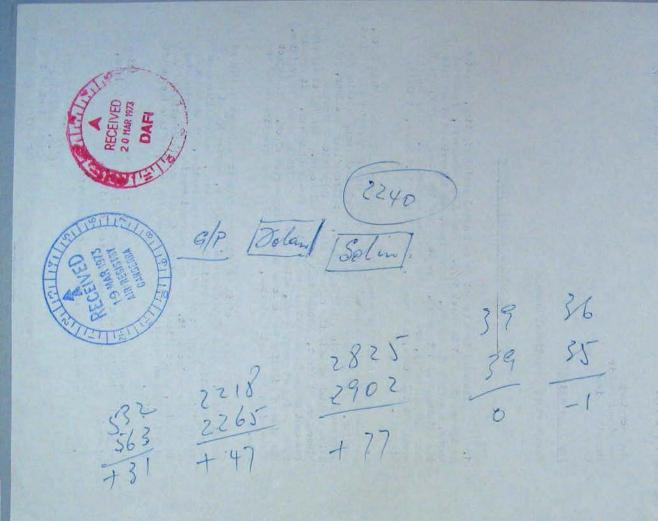
REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

- 1. Attached is a report on an unusual aerial sighting, reported on the morning of 10th March 1973. One of the observers, Mrs Isabel Copas, a very level headed, mature woman, was interviewed at her home on the afternoon of 12th March. Mrs Copas and the other observer, her 15 year old son Barry, are both keen amateur astronomers. They had an excellent telescope, a Tasco 6T, fitted with a 12.5 lense, at their disposal.
- 2. The sighting was made at approximately 0530 hours on 10th March, the household having been woken by the earth tremor approximately 20 minutes earlier. Mrs Copas and her son were on their back porch watching the dawn break, and noticed a bright light, metallic silver in colour, just below a patch of brightly coloured cloud. They watched through binoculars at first, then brought out the telescope. The object appeared crescent shaped (see sketch) and emitted a stream of vapour. It appeared to be moving at great speed, althouth there was little change in position. The time of sighting was checked on the lounge room clock. The object was visible for about 6 minutes, and finally faded from view as the sun rose.
- There were no civil or military aircraft active at the time of the sighting. Venus should have been visible, bearing 95 at an angular elevation of 75 approximately. However, when questioned on the position of V nus at the time of the observation, Mrs Copas had been unable to locate it. No temperature inversion was recorded over the period, no satellites were visible in the general direction of the sighting, and no meteorological phenomena were reported to coincide with the sighting.
- 4. Because of the proximity of Venus to the approximate position of the sighting it is most likely that the sighting was in fact Venus, distorted by some extreme meteorological condition.

5. Forwarded for your further investigation.

(A.F. BLACKBURN) Flight Lieutenant for Officer T/Commanding

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REPORT ON UNUSUAL AR

Part I - Report b

(As a preliminary to completing this for the sighting in his or her own manner, u of this form.)

MASTER BA

- 1. Address of observer.... BIRA 2.
- Occupation of observer... HOM 3. 4.
 - Date and time of start of obse How certain is the date?.
- How accurate is the time Duration of observation......... 5.

How accurate is your estimate

Observer's location at time of

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AERIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

57 177527	MASTER BARRY COPAS 15
1.	Name of observer. M.R.S. ISABEC COPAS
2.	Address of observer I BIRKONG PLACE CHARLES TOWN
	433904 Phone 433099
3.	Occupation of observer. HOME DUTIES 0.530 HAS
4.	Date and time of start of observation. 10. MAR. 73
	How certain is the date? QUITE
	How accurate is the time of start? . CHECKED WITH CLOCK
5.	Duration of observation
	How accurate is your estimate? . R EASONABLY. ACCURATE
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. ABOVE ADDRESS

	How familiar is observer with this locality?!! YEAR 5
	RESIDENCE IN CHARLESTOWN
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. CLEAR. EXCEPT FOR
	VERY LIGHT COASTAL CLOUD
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation. TASCO 67
	TELESCOPE WITH A S LENSE
9.	Where was object first observed:
	a. Relative to your surroundings DUE EAST
	a. Relative to your surroundings. DVE EAST b. Angle of elevation. 800 10 c. Compass angle bearing. 900 d. How accurate are these estimates? REASON ABLY ACCUATE
	b. Angle of elevation80 10
	c. Compass angle bearing90
	d. How accurate are these estimates? REASON ABLY ACCURTE
10.	What first attracted observer's attention? . WATCHING . CLOUD
	COLOURS AT SUNRISE
11.	If there was more than one least/object:
	a. How many were there?
10	b. In what formation were they?
12.	"hat was the colour of the light or object? . SHINLY SIEVER COLOUR
13.	What was the brightness? (Compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg, ordinary street light at 100 yards)
14.	STREET CIGHT AT 100 YAKES
	What was the apparent size at nearest approach:
	or tenus or moon
	at arm's length (about 20 inches
15.	from the eyes) . IN. CY. LONG PIECE OF LEAD INCLUDING VANOUR
	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how were these values assessed?REMAINEDIN. SAME. RESALVE
	POSITION, AS FOR 9. ABOVE
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious? . CLOUD OF VAPOUR FROM OBJECT
	D in

to /17. Describe

17-	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if
	an estimate can be justified)?
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if an
	estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the move-
	ment of familiar objects at stated distances. COULD NOT ESTIMATE
	BUT GAVE IMPRESSION OF VERY RAPID MOVEMENT
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen
	APPAR GNTLY THICK, BILLOWING BEHIND
23.	Where was the object last observed:
	a. Relative to your surroundings. LEMAINED IN SAME POSITION
	where was the object last observed: a. Relative to your surroundings. REMAINED IN SAME POSITION b. Angle of elevation. 8° c. Compass angle bearing. 9° moved sonth
	c. Compass angle bearing
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance? . FANCY FROM VIEW
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as fragments,
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or radioactivity etc)
	ratioactivity esc,
26.	State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain
	of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity. Both
	WITHERE'S KEEN AMATEUR ASTRONOMERS
27.	How many witnesses to the sighting?
28.	Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?
	<i>No.</i>
29.	What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining
	your observation?
30.	What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?
31.	Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate,
	sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your
	surroundings. Use back of form,

- CERESES

[MORE OR LESS TO SCALE]

Signature..... Date...... Date.....

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-3-

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32+	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	HeadingTT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C typeN.C(1) QF/57 (2) PANAM (3)
	Heading
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	ATD/ATA* hrs SY 0605 hrs SY 0620 hrs
	*Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 32° 59' Longitude 151° 40'
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that were
	in that portion of the sky at the time. By day, give location of
	Venus only. VENUS - BEHRING 95° ANGULAR CLEVATION
	28 AVEROX 010
36	A meteorological balloon was released from
	atZZolourWeightgm
	Radio-sonde**/radar**; Candle**/battery** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of .N.4°C at
	Z hrs from
	statiog.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, comets,
	meteorites etc relevant to the sighting. NONE RECEVANT.
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace if
	available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were operating
	MA

10.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/camet* be determined.
11.	The object reported probably was*/may have been* (delete as required).
	. VENUS DISTORTED BY SOME METEOROLOGICAL CONDITION
	HEULM A FRIAMBORN IN
******	HEWLM(Unit)A. F. BLACUBURN(Name)
	!5. MARCH 1913(Date) FET LT
	Date)(Ront)

14 JAN 73 SIGHTING #+ SURFERS PARADISE Mª I.C. AWEMP

21 MAR 1973

580/1/1 Pt 21 (5A)

Mrs I.G. Alemp 10 The Esplanade SURFERS PARADISE QLD 4217

Dear Madam,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on the 14th January 1973, we regret that positive determination of the cause has not been possible, although in the opinion of the investigating team, the most probable cause was a privately operated helicopter.

Your report coincided with another report submitted from Coolangatta, and from these descriptions, an itinerant helicopter, which was not under surveillance by the Department of Civil Aviation, is the most logical explanation.

On the evening in question, the airport control personnel at Coolangatta ceased operations at 8.30 PM, and therefore no activity after that time is recorded. Additionally, aircraft may legally operate in the Gold Coast area below 3,000 feet altitude without being under the control of Brisbane Air Traffic Control Centre. The low altitude at which the "aircraft" was sighted would be due to the adverse weather conditions prevalent at the time, and the light source was probably from the helicopter's searchlight.

We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

G-9-01gen

Japapa Dah Dah Dah Dah

5801.1. P. 2. (58) 22 MAR 73

DEPAIR (DAFI)

HOAMB

82 WC INTELO

Reports of Unusum Aerian Sicientides

Enclosed, for your records, is a copy of a letter in heply to a report of an unusual aerial righting which was initially mustigated by your.

ENCROSURE: Copy of a letter to Mrs 1. C. Alemp of Mufors Paradise.

M breden M. CRETTON FIG. DE 18-2 2+08



580-1-1

ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

TELEPHONE: Ipswich 803911 Ext 2503

Headquarters RAAF Base AMBERLEY QLD 4305

IN REPLY QUOTE (111)

15th March 1973

Department of Air (DAFI)

For Information:

Headquarters Operational Command (Attn: CIO)

AMPLIFICATION OF UFO REPORT

82W/5/9/Air (105) dated 8th March 1973. Reference: A.

Telecom D/DAFT I-R and Flying Officer Egan 14th March 1973. B.

Further investigation reveals that the only known aircraft operating in the area, according to DCA records, was a DC-9 which departed COOLANGATTA at 2019K, bound for SYDNEY.

2. There is no record of helicapters operating in the area at the time of the sightings. DCA BRISTANE state that it would be most unlikely that wanthorized encount would be operating in the area, particularly considering the adverse seather conditions. Violent storms were present in the area.

3. Auture investigations will contain more detail than reference a to this letter.

Paul T. Davison

(P.T. DAVISON) Flying Officer for Officer Commanding

Refus also to sighting # 3.

DEPARE (DAZI)

HOAMB

BON HERO HOUR SKALAR (105)

LEPORTS CE LINUSMAN AFRING SIGNEINGS

Endosed for your records is a copy
of a letter to MI-R. Nicol in reply
to his upont of an invisual arend

sylving

MUNUL M. GRENTON FIL OFF 12-2 DUON

580/1/ (4A)

16 APR 1973

Mr R. Nicol 176 Wyong Street KILLARNEY VALE NSW 2262

Dear Sir,

With reference to your report of two unusual sightings on 14th and 15th January 1973, we regret that positive determination of the causes of the sightings have not been possible. The most probable causes, however, were:

- a privately owned helicopter operating below controlled airspace, and
- b. unusual light reflections.

Your report coincided with another report submitted from Surfers Paradise, and from these descriptions an itinerant helicopter, which was not under surveillance by the Department of Civil Aviation, is the most logival explanation.

On the evening in question, the airport control personnel at Coolangatta ceased operations at 8.30 pm and no activity, therefore, was recorded after that time. Additionally, aircraft may legally operate in the Gold Coast area below 3,000 feet altitude without being under the control of Brisbane Air Traffic Control Centre.

In the opinion of the investigating team the most probable explanation for the second sighting was moonlight being reflected from pools of water lying adjacent to the road. The varying distances of the pools of water from the roadside would account for the staggered effect of the lights.

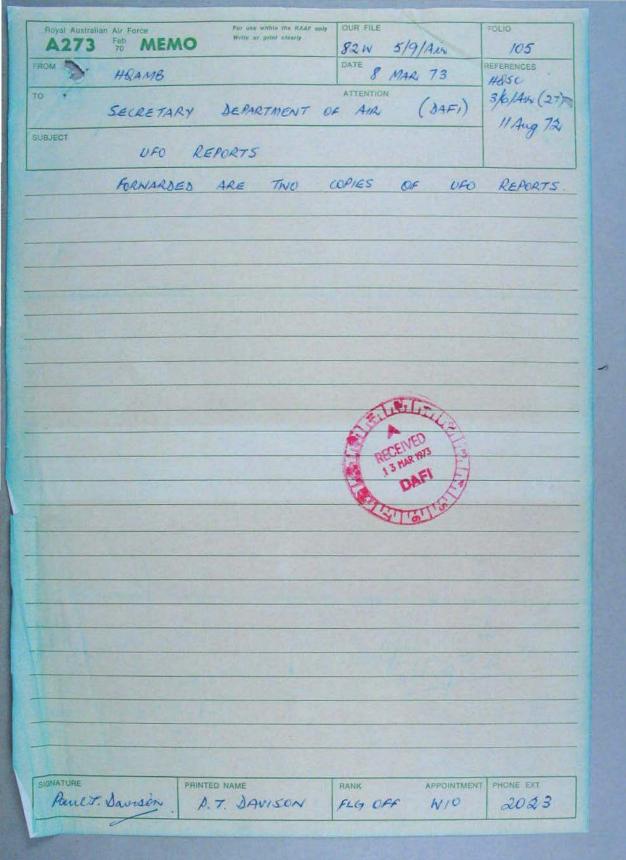
We trust that this explanation is satisfactory and thank you for your interest.

=Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

epland Dan 13a/m13



REPORT OF UNIVERSE ADDIAG SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer. His. I. G. ALEMP Age adult
2.	Address of observer. 1.Q. The Esplanade
	Surfus Phone 3,90.0.33
3.	Occupation of observer, Hours: wife
4:	Date and time of start of observation. 14.1.7.3
	How certain is the date?
	How accurate is the time of start between 8-45.4.9-15.Pm
5.	Duration of observation. 4. minus.
	Now accurate is your estimate? Riasonable
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. Balcony
	on b.th. floor
	How familiar is observer with this locality? . Hous level.
	here for 2.2. years
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. Stormy
	condidions but dry at time.
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observation
	······································
9.	Where was object first observed:
	(a) Relative to your surroundings. Furnt heard
	(b) ande of elevation
	(c) compass angle bearing
10.	What first attracted observer's attention?
	······································
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	(a) how many were there? l. light
	(b) in what formation were they?

12.	What was the colour of the light or object?
13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common
	light source at a stated distance, e.g. ordinary street light
	at 100 yards) less Alora Street light
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach:
	(a) relative to Venus or Moon
	(b) relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20
	inches from the eyes)
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach
	and how were these values assessed?

16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious?
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and
	intensity
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or
	height, if an estimate con be justified)? 250 ft. high.
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed,
	if an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with
	the movement of familiar objects at stated distances. about.
R	and speed as light awaift in up & down motion
20.	Give duration of any stationary phasesMIL
21.	Describe any deviations or manoeuvres
22.	Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen. N/4

23.	Where was object last observed:
	(a) relative to your surroundings havelling in
	(b) angle of elevation martherly direction
	(c) compass angle bearing
24.	What was the manner of its disappearance?
25.	Do you know of any associated physical evidence (such as
	fragments, photographs, scorching, ground indentations,
	residual magnetiam or radioactivity etc)

BESTEICWE

State any training which enables observer to be reasonably 26. certain of his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocity.... N.I.... How many witness to the sighting? ... N.I.L. from . my fourt. 27. Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area? 28. What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to 29. explaining your observation? . Might flying Helicopher .. What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation?.... 30. Please skotch the light/object with all details. If 31. appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed.

Ray \

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-4-

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the
	reported UFO position at the time:
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type
	HeadingTTTT
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft,000ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrshrs.
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 28.00.30 S. Longitude 15.325.40 E
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that
	were in that portion of the sky at that time. By day, give
	location of Venus only

36.	A meteorological balloon was released from. N. direction: at
	Radio-sonde **/rader **: Candle **/battery ** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of°C at

NO.	·······station.
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, commets,
	meteorites etc. relevant to the sighting

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- 5 -

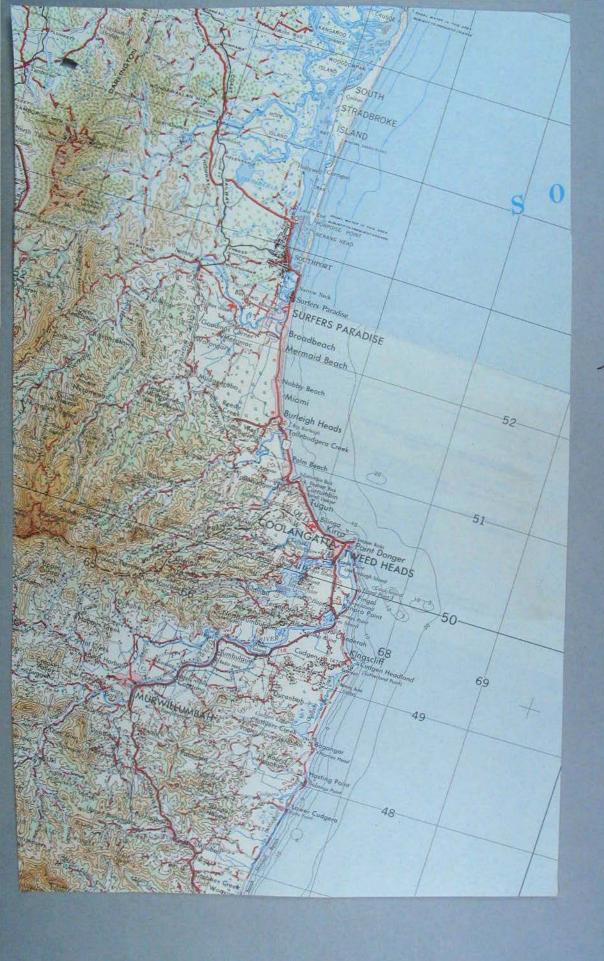
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar
	trace if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights
	were operating
	NL ARCRAFT
40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting on */connot* be
	determined.
41.	The object reported probably was */may have been* (delete as
	required)
-	

There had been a storm with heavy rain early in the evening

.... 82 W (Unit)... A. T. JAVISON (None)

8 MAR 73 (Date). FLG OFF (Frank)

3	
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar
22.	trace if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights
	were operating
	NIL AIRCRAFT
40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can /cannot be
40.	
	determined.
41.	The object reported probably was */may have been * (delete as
	required)
	NotA.
	the heavy rain
Par	a Amberly re more info
1000	1. A folia o-Ma
the	of Amberly re more info. ks required from boolangatha,
1	ingra, a light se operators,
10an	ingla, 4 right of 4
lip	ceially Selicophers.
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	AV/50N(Maine)
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14 SAN 73 SICHTING # 3 COCLANGATTA R NICOL

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AFRIAL SIGHTING



Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own marmer, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer. Robert Nicol Age 33
2.	Address of observer 176 Wyong Dd Killarney Vale 2262 NSW Gosford Phone 34107
3-	Occupation of observer Cashier
4.	Date and time of start of observation TAN 14-73. 930 9 40
	How certain is the date? DEFINITE
	How accurate is the time of start? Within Minutes
5.	Duration of observation. 20 - 25 Minutes
	How accurate is your estimate? CERTIN. TO WITHIN MINUTES
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting. IT DANGER.
	How familiar is observer with this locality?
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. W. W.M.d. OVEY CAST
	Skys, Very Calm
8.	Describe env aids/equipment used in the observation
9.	Where was object first observed:
	a. Relative to your surroundings. WESTEY M OVER
	b. Angle of elevation. (CAR) 0-10° RIGHT
	c. Compass angle bearingNOT. KNOWN
	d. How accurate are these estimates? QUITE CECTIN
10.	What Sirst attracted observer's attention?
11.	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. How many were there? N.O
	b. In what formation were shey? N.O.
2.	What was the colour of the light or object? White Men Red,
3.	What was the brightness? (Compare with full moon or common light
	White lont AS Dright as a Search Light at 100 wards)
4.	that was the apparent are at hearest approach. ICMT CAT APPX
	a. Relative to Venus or Moon No Chicat Visable Killy Tights
	b. Relative dimensions in incles at arm's length (about 20 inches from the eyes). NOT. NOWN
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and how
	were these values assessed?SEE CPOPT.
6.	The state of the s
	Was any method of propulsion (bvious)

Signature. Moof.

Dat FEB-11-1973

RESTRICTED

- 4 -

Part 2 - Unit Dyaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the
	reported UFO position at the time:
	A/c typeV.1 \(\tau_{\text{(1)}} \)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft,000ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrshrs
33	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time:
	A/C type
	ReadingTT
	Reight
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location: Latitude 28.10 S Longitude 15.3.33 E.
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that
	were in that portion of the sky at that time. By day, give
	location of Venus only

36.	A meteorological balloon was released from N/A
	A meteorological balloon was released from. N.A. direction at Z Colour
	Radio-sonde **/radar **: Candle **/battery ** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile
	Maximum height tracked
	Was it known to have burst?
37.	The first significant temperature inversion was of
	*****. Z hrs from
38.	Any remarks on satellites, rockets, research balloons, commets,
	meteorites etc. relevant to the sighting

RESTRICTED

- 5 -

39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar
	trace if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights
	were operating
40.	The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/eaunot* be
	determined.
41.	The object reported probably was */may have been* (delete as
	required)

When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar
trace if available, and ascertain which of the aircraft lights
were operating
The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting can*/eennot* be
determined.
The object reported probably was */may have been * (delete as
required)

NoTA

kong Atio se more info er possible belieghter sperations not instified to Eagle Farm.

14 MAR) 8

A

50N (Mane)

7 (Rank)

a party at "Padific Village "Greenmount, where I consumed one can of been, at about 8.50 pm a blackant accurred, + From Observations it coward the

Onfire add Goast.

After some twenty minutes the chick Iwas with suggested we walk up to the bijer beam light house, her gill prient also came so the three or us walked to the lighthouse. Upon arrival we watched the beam + walk ad alound towards Rainbow Lay, we had gone some firity yards. I we were leaving on a wire tence looking nown on the old baths. I then glanged over my left shoulder and chserved a light which appeared to be situated over accounted a light which appeared to be situated over accounted a light which appeared to be situated over accounted foot above the ground. It was a large white light and resembled a search light peing in a stat brany position scan by From was to teat, it was pointing directly tast, at us. I stoped, it then raded out quickley. I then drew the chicks attension to it, a tew seconds passed by and a red light began to flash in a position to stat little to the right this light was very bright but nothink like the contain intensity of

the white light. It sould in this stationary bosition for about three minuess. The light then began to make in a North Easterly Directon out over king beach, it began to opin attitude and speed as it pregressed its speed decame quite fast, faster than a commercial stet Aeroplahe having travelled some distance, It souled down and made movements stimilar to a yotch Tacking, last then right + reported this all movements were of the same distance. The light then changed course and headed towards Surpers Pavadise, as it neared surpers its altitude and speed decreased, a further change of course was observed + the 18th Moved down the coast (southward). Althrude + speed still dereasing, at about amumbin attitude would have been to more than treetop lavel, it maintained the above pattern, till at a posuit only some miles from King itself the obsect made a very slow landing on the beach, Stayed an this position as we maintained our discruation tele a rew more minutes. We then left Pt Langer and walked

through fifthan Bay and up to the top of the hill at Brenmount, the light was still visable in the same position of still thashing we then lost vision of the light as we moved down the hill, as a breakwater at the North end of the beach blacks all vision of Kirra

told no one, the three of us then stood on the balcany, a plane then passed overhead, going North, it was then decided to report the matter to the police, we let the "Village" and walked days to the beach to stell the could see anythink bronwen (ane of the chicas) hoticed a red light high in the sky over surreis it was very dim the watched it rade away as in heading North to Brisbane. We then proceeded to colongate Police Station, we told the officer of our sighting, he immediately rang Coolangate a Cirport, who confirmed that there were no helicopter based there or in the Vicinity, he was also told that the

was the only Flight movement so Few that hight. The policeman told us he would go to king + investigate as Soon as a car town a child before at the time. We left things in his hands + told him we would feturn (tather) before

On our return some two hours later he told us that as there had been so many aimes committed during the blackout he had not had an apportunity to investigate, but assured us that he would do somethink when time permitted.

returned to the guesthouse, and at around \$ 3 Am left to drive home.

on the trip home another strange set of lights was observed, therewas only the guy I was on holidays with and myself in the ear, he had driven as Fer as Murwill-umbah and bookne tired, I took over driving travelling down the Highway I noticed tright lights in the distance, as we heared we

could see they were painly large, the highway straightened and as WE drew parallel we could see set back about two hundred yards of the Food a group or lights , some eight to ten set at different levels all pointing skyward, tach individual light would have been in size at least two or three car lengths, nothing could be seen around these Tights, and there was only a few trees at the roadstate hendering our vision, as I was driving couldn't give my full attension to these lights, but as we passed by a hundred upinds or so we stopped and had a purther look, a noticable thing was that for the largeness of these lights No beam was given oce, still we could not make out anything around these lights, myself feeling uneasy at the time decided to proceed on the road our position at this time was some time to ten miles North of Ralina THE Names and address's of all Witnesses, can be supplied it required.

Currently Surges Foundise King beach. large white light Red 19ht Ruban bay. A langer! lights Seen NEar Balina all stationary on the ground Much light being given of but not in all point-ing directly up. The track of the state of the s them and lights

15 FEB 73 SIGHTING # 2 EAST KEW ELAINE GEORGE 580/1/1 Pt21 (3A)

Mrs B.L. George, 23 Bennett Pde, EAST KEW VIC 3102

Dear Mrs George,

With reference to your report of an unusual aerial sighting on 15th February 1973, investigations have not been conclusive in determining the cause, but a theory considered by the investigating team to be a logical explanation is that the sighting was of an illuminated balloon, released for tracking purposes by an unknown person.

During the time of sighting, the wind profile as recorded by the Meteorological Bureau was:

surface	150° at 6 knots
2000 ft	160° at 8 knots
5000 ft	140° at 12 knots
7000 ft	140° at 10 knots (backing of wind
10000 ft	250° at 12 knots (through north
12000 ft	240° at 8 knots

and when related to the described track of the object sighted, conforms closely to the theoretical movement of a balloon if released from an area south east of your position.

Normally, logical explanations such as aircraft movements, meteorological measurements devices, satellites, planet/ star positions or space debris entry to atmosphere, are available in answer to reports of unusual aerial sightings.

We regret that the theoretical explanation has not to date been substantiated but if further information becomes available to us in future, the investigation will re-open.

Thanking your for your report.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

April 13

DEPAR (DATE)

DEPAR (DATE)

HOSC

CINTERNO YOUR 5/6/1/APR (33)

KERRYS OF UNUSUM AFRIM SIGNATINGS

Enclosed is a capy of letter from this

Department to Mrs Elame George in reply

be her report of an unusual arrival

sighting.

Endosure: Copy of letter to Mrs Elame Creorge.

MUMBLE M. GRETTON FIG OFF 1R-2 2+08



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

TELEPHONE: 69 0550

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS:

IN REPLY QUOTE 5/6/1/Air(33)

DAFI Department of Air (DAFI)

HEADQUARTERS SUPPORT COMMAND VICTORIA BARRACKS MELBOURNE SCI VIC 3004

- 5 MAR 1971

SIGHTING OF UNUSUAL AERIAL OBJECT

Enclosed is a copy of a UFO report forwarded by Mrs E.L.George of 23 Bennett Parade East Kew.

Squadron Leader For Air Officer Commanding

Anclosure: 1. UFO Sighting report

REPORT ON UNUSUAL AFRIAL SIGHTING

Part I - Report by Observer

(As a preliminary to completing this form, the observer is invited to describe the sighting in his or her own manner, using either separate sheets or the back of this form.)

1.	Name of observer .Elaine L. George
2.	Address of observer. 23 Bennett Parade, East Kew. 3102.
	Phone85.5574
3.	Occupation of observer Home Duties
4.	Date and time of start of observation. 15th. February 173 10 10.05 p.m.
	How certain is the date?Quite certain
	How accurate is the time of start? Within a few minutes
5.	Duration of observation10 - 15 wiputes
	How accurate is your estimate?411.5. Yigvers. Agraq. nqt. less. than 10 mins.
6.	Observer's location at time of sighting At. top .and .af . Belford Court, E. Kew,
	by the Old Outer Circuit Railway.
	We drive our friend to her home How familiar is observer with this locality? at least once a week.
7.	Weather conditions at time of observation. The night was still, little or no wind, and the sky starry and clear.
8.	Describe any aids/equipment used in the observationNo.4ids
9.	Where was object first observed? :
	a. Relative to your surroundings. First seen as it came from direction of Victoria Park, and through trees.
	b. angle of elevation. $60^{\circ} - 70^{\circ}$
	c. compass angle bearing
	d. hew accurate are these estimates?Near as we can assess
10.	What first attracted observer's attention?
	I saw the light through the front windscreen and the trees in street.
11-	If there was more than one light/object:
	a. how many were there?. Only one object - round, reddish light in centre with more amber coloured lights around circumference.
	b. in what formation were they?
12.	What was the colour of the light or object?. Somewhat the colour of the sodium street lights, but with glow of red in centre. This is one point where there is a difference of opinion. All 4 ladies saw historian the red colour, but my husband says colour was amber to orange.

13.	What was the brightness? (compare with full moon or common light
	source at a stated distance, eg ordinary street light at 100
	yards)Slightly greater intensity than sodium street light
14.	What was the apparent size at nearest approach?:
	a. relative to Venus or Moon. Too low to compare with Venus or Moon.
	b. relative dimensions in inches at arm's length (about 20 inches
	from the eyes). Difficult to assess - perhaps 10".
15.	What were the bearing and elevation angles at nearest approach and
	how were these values assessed? . It . ressed alreat directly over us. Assessed by visual observation only.
16.	Was any method of propulsion obvious? None At All
17.	Describe any sound heard, including changes in pitch and intensity No sound at all; this was strange as the object was practically over us at one stage, and appeared not to be very high in the sky.
18.	What was the maximum and minimum angle of elevation (or height, if an
	Height when over us could have been as low as estimate can be justified)?
19.	What was the maximum and minimum angular velocity (or speed, if
	an estimate can be justified)? If necessary, compare with the
	movement of familiar objects at stated distances It moved slowly, appeared almost to hover above us. I suppose a helicopter could move as slowly,
	later it moved faster.
20.	Give duration of any stationary phases
21.	It seemed to hover for 1-2 mins. Give duration of any stationary phases when it turned in what I judge to be the Preston area. Describe any deviations or manoguves. Travelled slowly out in vicinity of freston, gaining attitude gradually, reached a point where it hovered, then
22.	turned back towards city and then looked like a star, but more orange. Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen No exhaust, but while
23.	Describe any deviations or manogures. Travelled slowly out in vicinity of Preston, gaining altitude gradually, reached a point where it hovered, then turned back towards city and then looked like a star, but more orange. Describe any trail of exhaust, vapour or light seen We exhaust, but while overhead there was a sort of aura above the object - my husband thought he Where was object last observed:
	a. relative to your surroundings. Approx. over Footscray, high in the sky.
	b. angle of elevation High in sky, about size of a star, but more orange in west thus - in west the star one stage with two large stars
-	CBSECT X CTAR.
24.	home.
25.	belong the form of the property of
	photographs, scorching, ground indentations, residual magnetism or
	radioactivity etc)None
26.	. State any training which enables observer to be reasonably certain of
	his/her ability to estimate angles and angular velocityNone

27	. How many witness to the sighting? 5 - 4 women, 1 man.

RESTRICTED

- Do you know of witnesses to similar sightings in the area?... No..... 28.
- What natural phenomenon (or phenomena) would be nearest to explaining 29. First we thought it was a helicopter, then a balloon with your observation it gendals and lights around its circumference.
- What are your main reasons for excluding this explanation? A helicopter would have made its normal engine noise, and there was no noise. It travelled too fast for a balloon, especially as it was a still night, also craft seemed to be well directed and under control. 30.

Please sketch the light/object with all details. If appropriate, sketch position and/or movement of object in relation to your surroundings. Use back of form, if needed. PRESTON

I cannot sketch, hence this further explanation. When object was first seen through the branches of trees it looked like a plane coming in to land with all its lights on. We immediately realised itwasn't a plane so got out of the car to observe. This took no more than a minute, by which time the craft was almost overhead, then we saw it was all aglow, but with lights around circumference. I remarked at the time that it looked like a brightly illuminated clock. It had this appearance for quite a time. It moved slowly N and slightly W, gaining altitude, and when

above Preston (as we judged) it appeared to hesitate for a couple of minutes, and then moved

slowly S and slightly W, still gaining altitude and now appeared as a large star, but more orange in colour. When we got into the car to go home it appeared high in the sky and apparently above Footscray. I have contacted all observers, and they are in general agreement with what I have stated, except for the one matter of colour, as above stated, but there is no doubt that it gave an impression of being very bright and orange to gold in colour, even when at a distance and high in the

sky it had an orange glow.

Elaine L. leuras

PARK

braft - first position

RESTRICTED

-4-

Part 2 - Unit Evaluation

32.	The following military aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time :
	A/C type(1)(2)(3)
	Heading
	Height,000 ft,000 ft,000 ft
	Speed
	ATD/ATA*hrshrshrs
33.	The following civil aircraft were in the vicinity of the reported
	UFO position at the time :
	A/C type. LIGHT. MRCRAT(1)(2)(3)
	Heading TORNED RIGHT T
	Height HOG. S. FOR PT. OR MOYODO ft,000 ft,000 ft
	SpeedK
	ATD/APE* 2200 TULLAhrshrshrs
	* Give location of nearest ATD or ATA.
34.	Observer's Location : Latitude37485Longitude./4502E.
35.	Give bearing and elevation of any planets and major stars that
	were in that portion of the sky at that time. By day, give
	location of Venus only PROCYON MAG O CZONZ CSZ'GL AT 2200.
36.	A meteorological balloon was released from
	at/200Z. Colour Aut
	Radio-sonde**/radar**: Candle**/battery** (**delete as required)
	General wind profile MAS MASS 556 6KTS LAVERTON UPPER MINAS 2000 160/68, 3000 150/10 5000 140/12 TK 140/10 10K 250/12 12K 240/8
	Maximum height trackedZ
	Was it known to have burst?
37-	The first significant temperature inversion was of
	2 3000 ft, measured at 1000 Z hrs from MELB/TULLA
-0.00	**** *********************************
38.	on distilled, lockers, restaich ballons, comess,
	meteorites etc. relevant to the sighting
39.	When an aircraft is a possible identification, include radar trace

RESTRICTED

if available,	and ascertain which of the aircraft lights were
operating	

- 40. The cause (or likely cause) of the sighting ess*/cannot* be determined.
- 41. The object reported probably was*/may have been* (delete as required)

The light afe out of Thus at 2200 can be discounted, as its heading was almost the exact reciprocal of the object reported by also G. The next afe movement was not until 2130 when a DC3 left ESSENDEN for LAUNCESTON. The met balloon released from Lavorton is also not regarded as a likely cause, as it was released one hour before this sighting. I spoke to allow G. who seemed very genuine and alert and she expressed the belief that she would have necogniged an aircraft and could actinquish between find wing a/c and helicopters. The general profile of surface and upper winds would have carried the Lewerton balloon inland toward backus allarsh. Even if the sighting could be attributed to an acrist not accounted for by controllers at Theo, the auration of This sighting (10-15 princites) rules out were slow airesoft. I am wondering if pranksters are responsible for some of the objects seen over Mollowne is by sending aloft illuminated balloons

Hosc	(Unit)	(Name)
INAR73		

KIMBA B. L. HUNTSA

HOESE (DAFI)

FIO

2 MAY 73 Your 6/13/AR (H) OF 1ST MARCH 1978

580/1/1 P-21 (20)

Reports or Union to ARRAL SIGHT, ACS

Enclosed for your records is a copy
of a letter from less Department to Constable
P.H. Summerton in supery to a report of
our unusual airol sighting made to him
by Mr B. L. Humt.

ENcrosure. Copy of a letter to Constable PH Summert

M CHILLE MI CHETTON FIGORE IR 2 3008

Constable P.M. Summerton,
C/- Police Station,
KIMBA SA 5641

Dear Sir,

With reference to the report of an unusual aerial sighting witnessed by Mr Hunt, and subsequent correspondence, we regret that the investigating team has been unable to conclusively determine the cause.

A possible theoretical cause is a sighting of a phenomenon known as IGNIS FATUUS - methane gas released from decaying vegetation and spontaneously ignited - but this theory is impossible to substantiate.

We thank you for your interest and concern in this particular sighting and request that the witnesses, whose addresses are unknown to us, be advised of our investigations from your office.

For information, of the 653 unusual aerial sightings reported to the RAAF to date, approximately 93% have been logically explained, 6% have had insufficient detail provided to enable determination of the causes, and 1% are unexplainable.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

THIS PAGE IS REPRODUCED FROM A BADLY FADED OR ILLEGIBLE SOURCE.
SCANNING THIS ITEM AT A HIGHER RESOLUTION WILL NOT IMPROVE ITS LEGIBILTY.

15 04 73

COGGERS

LOW OF Public Relations,

CARBURA

18 980/1/1 (2a)

I spologise for the delev in answering your letter dated 15/5/73. I have seen on Annual Leave, interstate, and returned home on 10/4/75.

The 'Polygonum Tanks' have been in ruins for many years. Their is only one such tank remaining. It is on it's side and partly filled with earth.

The remains of this tank are about 5' high, by 6' in with. It is constructed of concrete (unpainted) and alvanized iron (unpainted).

This last rement of the tanks in question is about 60 yards from the readway. It is resting against a syall tree and is evergrown with bushes. The tank is about 40 yards west from the point where the U.F.O. was sighted.

The area in which the sighting occurred is in a fairly heavily vegetated district, consisting of syell trees, sheeaks, blue-bush and saltbush. The witnesses are quite certain, however, that the U.F.O appeared in a clearing, about 30 yards diameter, adjoining the roadway. The point is located near a hollow, on the southern side of a slight rise in the termain.

Immediately adjacent to the point in question, between the edge of the bitumen and the fence, there is a rough 'warking' area which could be used by travellers. There is an old limplace situated at this point, about the six and old limplace situated at this point, about the parts from where the U.F.C was sighted. Then I returned to the location on the mint of the six ting, I have a close examination of this area. It was obvious that no close examination of this area. It was obvious that no vehicles had used the 'run off' parking area for several weeks. The old fineplace also, had not been used for auth some time. In the opinion of S.C.T.C. THISTING and myself, there was not the slightest possibility that the cla tank, or a parked vehicle, could have been mistaken for a U.F.C.

Incidentally, since the initial report, I have received two other 'independent' reports of a similar nature, in the same place, at the same time as MUNT'S sinting, a local farmer, apper only traveling in front of MUNT states that he saw an extremely bright orange-resolution, shout 10 feet high and 5 feet in diameter, he did not see the figure of a men as oscribed by MUNT. I also not see that a truck-driver, a lan about of Coduma, saw the same UNC as described by MUNT. This person was travelling behind EUNT. All three sightings a parently occurred within a period of about 15 minutes. All witnessess are reliable.

12/4/73

P.A. SINGERFOR

13MAR73

580/1/1 (24)

Constable P.H. Summerton, C/- Police Station, KIMBA, S.A. 5641

Dear Sir,

Your report of an unusual sighting made by Brian Leatham Hunt at 9.50 pm on Sunday 4th February 1973, has been forwarded to this Department for investigation.

From the information supplied we are unable to determine a cause and would, therefore, be grateful of your assistance in supplying further details of the area in which the sighting was made.

We note from a road map that at a point on the Eyre Highway about 35 miles from Kimba, there are some tanks known as the Polygonum Tanks. Would you please supply the following information relating to these tanks:

- a. height;
- b. width;
- c. colour;
- i. construction;
- e. position relative to the road; and
- f. whether they have been defaced in any way.

Details of any other unusual features on the side of the highway and a brief description of the terrain in the vicinity of the sighting will also be of assistance in our investigation.

Yours faithfully,

(G.J. ODGERS)

Director of Public Relations

J. Hali



ROYAL AUSTRALIAN AIR FORCE

Headquarters RAAF Base EDINBURGH SA 5111

1st March 1973

6/13/Air(4)

Department of Air

For Information:

Headquarters Operational Command

UNUSUAL SIGHTING - EYRE PENINSULA

- Attached is a report received from Whyalla Police Station per Police Headquarters, South Australia.
- In view of the nature of the sighting and the remoteness of the locality, this Headquarters feels that further investigation would prove fruitless.
- Forwarded for information.

(B.G. KING)

Flight Lieutenant for Officer Commanding

A. Letter from Police HQ
B. Letter from OIC Whyalla Police and attachment

C. Kimba location map



POLICE HEADQUARTERS ADELAIDE SOUTH AUSTRALIA





The Officer-in-Charge, U.F.O., U.F.O., Royal Australian Air Force, Head nuarters, a.s. a.s. Base, CDINBUIGH.

Dear Sir,

Attached for your information is a report from Constable P.H. Summerton of the Kimba Police Station relative to an alleged unidentified flying object sighting on 4 February 1973 at near Kimba.

NO THE HEILY DIRECT LY Com for into HOERN REFLY TO HUMON BY BUENT REPLY FOR SPECIAL INSTRUCTIONS

fours faithfully,

E.L. Calder Assistant Commissioner (Operations)

Enc:

SUBJECT:

WHYALLA

U.F.O. Sighting.

1. At about 9.50pm on Sunday 4/2/73, Brian Leatham HDNT born 30/10/54 was driving his motor vehicle in a westerly direction along the Eyre High ay, towards the

- 2. About 34 miles from Kimba, he states that he a strange light on the western side of the Eyre High reabout 1 chain from the edge of the roadway.
- 3. The attached sketch was drawn by HUNT at about 9.30am on 5/2/73. He describes the light as being about ten feet high, 5' in diameter and red-orange in color In the middle of this shaft of light he states that a clearly saw the figure of a man, dressed in a shift suit, similar in axppearance to the states that modern day astronauts. He further states that was covered by a helmet and mask, and the rigue to be suspended two to three feet from the ground.
- 4. HUNT was accompanied by a female passent of the vehicle. This girl, Sharyn Anne FINCKLER, born 19/11/30 of Kimba, states that she was dozing at the till she she says that she saw an orange light as they passed area. It was not until HUNT spoke, that she loves but and states that she saw the light through the area of the car. She did not see a figure of a run by this time the light was partly obscured by trees.
- 5. HUNT is quite well known to me. He is a responsity type of person and is absolutely convinced that he saw the described light. He reported the matter to Kimba Police at about 10.45pm on 4/2/73. S.C.I.G. Humphrys and I returned to the scene with HUNT at about 11.30pm. A searche of the area was made but no further evidence substantiating the sighting was found.
- 6. HUMT states that he had slept for 9 hours, from midnight Saturday til 9.00am on Sunday 4/2/73. He states that he had not consumed any alcohol during the day. On seeing the light he became extremely frightened and old not stop to investigate the matter.

7. Phis report submitted in accordance with C.M.A.S.

KINBA 5/2/73 P.H. SUMMERTON Const 1751

RED & ORANGE FLAME MASK OVER HEAD & FACE 10 FT HIGH MAN 6 FT HIGH WHITE SPACE SUIT 2-3 FT OF GROUND P SFT

SOUTH AUSTRALIA



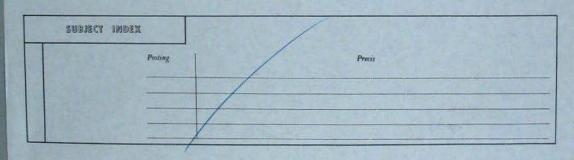
Keep You Miles Ahead!

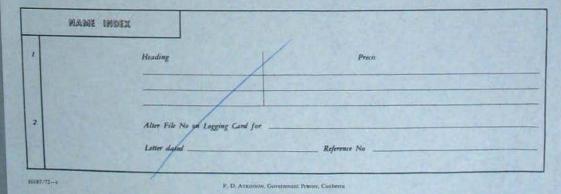


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3	Registration Number 580-1-1 PT 21 (NEW PT) Mark to DNF1
5	Cancel File No vide this File and inform Movements Section of cancellation and new File No
6	Close File No
7	Cross Reference this File with File(s) PTS 1- 20





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SUBJECT

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